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If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this circular or as to the action to be taken, you should consult a licensed securities dealer, bank manager, solicitor, professional accountant or other professional adviser.

If you have sold or transferred all your shares in DATANG INTERNATIONAL POWER GENERATION CO., LTD., you should at once hand this circular to the purchaser or transferee or to the bank, licensed securities dealer or other agent through whom the sale or transfer was effected for transmission to the purchaser or transferee.

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(a sino-foreign joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China)

(Stock Code: 00991)

# PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION AND ABOLISHMENT OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE AND

# PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE GENERAL MEETINGS AND THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

A letter from the Board of Datang International Power Generation Co., Ltd. is set out on pages 3 to 6 of this circular.

The Company will convene the 2024 AGM, the 2025 first A share class meeting and the 2025 first H share class meeting at 1616 Conference Room of the Company, No. 9 Guangningbo Street, Xicheng District, Beijing, the PRC on 27 June 2025 (Friday) at 9:30 a.m. in sequence. The Notices of the 2024 AGM, the 2025 first A share class meeting and the 2025 first H share class meeting, as well as the relevant proxy forms have been published by the Company on the same date as the date of this circular.

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#### **DEFINITIONS**

In this circular, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the following meanings:

"AGM"

the 2024 annual general meeting of the Company to be held at 1616 Conference Room of the Company, No. 9 Guangningbo Street, Xicheng District, Beijing, the PRC on 27 June 2025 (Friday) at 9:30 a.m. to consider and approve, amongst others, the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association and abolishment of the Supervisory Committee, and proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedure for the General Meetings and the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Directors

"Articles of Association"

the articles of association of the Company

"A Share Class Meeting"

the 2025 first A share class meeting of the Company to be held at 1616 Conference Room of the Company, No. 9 Guangningbo Street, Xicheng District, Beijing, the PRC on 27 June 2025 (Friday), immediately following the conclusion of the AGM, to consider and approve, amongst others, the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association and abolishment of the Supervisory Committee, and proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedure for the General Meetings and the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Directors

"Board"

the board of Directors of the Company

"Company"

Datang International Power Generation Co., Ltd., a sino-foreign joint stock limited company incorporated in the PRC on 13 December 1994, whose H Shares are listed on the Stock Exchange and the London Stock Exchange and whose A Shares are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange

"Director(s)"

the director(s) of the Company

### **DEFINITIONS**

	DEFINITIONS
"H Share Class Meeting"	the 2025 first H share class meeting of the Company to be held at 1616 Conference Room of the Company, No. 9 Guangningbo Street, Xicheng District, Beijing, the PRC on 27 June 2025 (Friday), immediately following the conclusion of the A Share Class Meeting, to consider and approve, amongst others, the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association and abolishment of the Supervisory Committee, and proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedure for the General Meetings and the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Directors
"Notice of the AGM"	the Notice of the AGM issued by the Company to the Shareholders on 30 May 2025
"PRC"	the People's Republic of China
"Rules of Procedure for the Board of Directors"	the rules of procedure for the board of directors of the Company
"Rules of Procedure for the General Meetings"	the rules of procedure for the shareholders' general meetings of the Company
"Shareholder(s)"	the shareholder(s) of the Company

"Stock Exchange"



# 大唐国际发电股份有限公司

DATANG INTERNATIONAL POWER GENERATION CO., LTD.

(a sino-foreign joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China)

(Stock Code: 00991)

Executive Director:
Mr. Li Kai (Chairman)

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Jiang Jianhua

Mr. Tian Dan

Mr. Ma Jixian

Ms. Zhu Mei

Mr. Wang Wennan

Mr. Wang Jianfeng

Mr. Zhao Xianguo

Mr. Jin Shengxiang

Mr. Sun Yongxing

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Niu Dongxiao

Mr. Zong Wenlong

Mr. Zhao Yi

Mr. Zhu Dahong

Mr. You Yong

Office address:

No. 9 Guangningbo Street

Xicheng District

Beijing, 100033

the PRC

Principal place of business

in Hong Kong:

40/F, Dah Sing Financial Centre

24 Queen's Road East

Wan Chai Hong Kong

30 May 2025

To the Shareholders

Dear Sir or Madam,

# PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION AND ABOLISHMENT OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE AND

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE GENERAL MEETINGS AND THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### INTRODUCTION

References are made to (i) the Company's Notices of the 2024 AGM, the 2025 first A share class meeting and the 2025 first H share class meeting dated 30 May 2025, which set out the time and venue of the AGM, the A Share Class Meeting and the H Share Class Meeting, and contain the resolutions to be put forward at the AGM, the A Share Class Meeting and the H Share Class Meeting for Shareholders' consideration and approval; and (ii) the announcement of the Company dated 30 May 2025 in relation to the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association and abolishment of the Supervisory Committee, and proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedure for the General Meetings and the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Directors.

The purpose of this circular is to provide you with, among other things, detailed information regarding the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association and abolishment of the Supervisory Committee, and proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedure for the General Meetings and the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Directors.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION AND ABOLISHMENT OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE, AND PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE GENERAL MEETINGS AND THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

On 17 February 2023, the State Council (the "State Council") of the People's Republic of China and the China Securities Regulatory Commission issued the Decision of the State Council to Repeal Certain Administrative Regulations and Documents (《國務院關於廢止部分行政法規和文件的決定》) and the Trial Administrative Measures of Overseas Securities Offering and Listing by Domestic Companies (《境內企業境外發行證券和上市管理試行辦法》) respectively, with effect from 31 March 2023. Accordingly, the Special Regulations of the State Council on the Overseas Offering and Listing of Shares by Joint Stock Limited Companies (《國務院關於股份有限公司境外募集股份及上市的特別規定》) issued by the State Council on 4 August 1994 and the Mandatory Provisions for the Articles of Association of Companies to be Listed Overseas (Zheng Wei Fa [1994] No. 21)(《到境外上市公司章程必備條款》(證委發[1994]21號文件)) issued by the State Council Securities Commission and the State Commission for Restructuring the Economic Systems on 27 August 1994 were repealed. Pursuant to the new regulations aforesaid, the Stock Exchange has made consequential amendments to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange, with effect from 1 August 2023.

In light of the aforementioned amendments to the regulations and in accordance with the provisions of relevant laws, regulations and normative documents, such as the Company Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國公司法》) effective from 1 July 2024, the "Guidelines for Articles of Association of Listed Companies (Revised in March 2025) 《(上市 公司章程指引(2025年3月修訂)》), the Rules for Shareholders' General Meetings of Listed Companies (Revised in March 2025) (《上市公司股東會規則(2025年3月修訂)》) and the Rules Governing the Listing of Stocks on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (Revised in April 2025) (《上海證券交易所股票上市規則(2025年4月修訂)》) as well as regulatory requirements, while taking into account the Company's actual circumstances, the Company proposes to make certain amendments to the Articles of Association, the Rules of Procedure for the General Meetings and the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Directors. Subject to obtaining shareholders' approval for the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association, the Company will abolish the Supervisory Committee, with its relevant functions and powers to be exercised by the Audit Committee (審核委員會) of the Board (which will be renamed as the "Audit Committee (審計委員會)" upon completion of the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association). Accordingly, the Rules of Procedure for the Supervisory Committee of the Company and other regulations related to the Supervisory Committee shall be repealed.

The proposed amendments to the Articles of Association and abolishment of the Supervisory Committee, and proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedure for the General Meetings and the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Directors shall only become effective upon approval by the Shareholders by way of a special resolution at the AGM, the A Share Class Meeting and the H Share Class Meeting, respectively.

For details of the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association, the Rules of Procedure for the General Meetings and the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Directors, please refer to Appendix I, Appendix II and Appendix III to this circular, respectively.

The proposed amendments to the Articles of Association will not undermine the protection of the Shareholders and will not have material impact on measures relating to shareholder protection. In particular, as A Shares and H Shares are regarded as the same class of ordinary shares according to the PRC law and holders of A Shares and H shares shall be no longer regarded as different classes of shareholders, the substantive rights attached to the two types of shares (including voting rights, dividends and asset distribution in case of liquidation) shall be identical. Therefore, the removal of the requirement related to class meeting from the Articles of Association will not undermine the protection of the Shareholders. In addition, given that there are sufficient dispute resolution channels (such as court proceedings in Mainland China and Hong Kong) to enable the Shareholders to exercise their rights under the Articles of Association, the removal of the arbitration provision from the Articles of Association and the abolition of arbitration as the sole means of dispute resolution will not affect the protection of the Shareholders.

In summary, the Board is of the view that the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association, the Rules of Procedure for the General Meetings and the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Directors are in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole.

#### AGM, A SHARE CLASS MEETING AND H SHARE CLASS MEETING

The Notices of the AGM, A Share Class Meeting and H Share Class Meeting are published by the Company on the same date as the date of this circular. Proxy forms for use at the AGM and H Share Class Meeting are enclosed with the relevant notices. To be valid, the holders of H shares shall deliver the proxy form, and if such proxy form is signed by a person on behalf of the appointer pursuant to a power of attorney or other authority, a notarised copy of that power of attorney or other authority, to the Company's H-share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong, in not less than 24 hours before the time scheduled for holding the AGM and H Share Class Meeting.

#### RECOMMENDATION

The Directors consider that each of the proposed resolutions set out in the Notices of the AGM, A Share Class Meeting and H Share Class Meeting is in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. Accordingly, the Directors recommend the Shareholders to vote in favour of such proposed resolutions.

By order of the Board of

Datang International Power Generation Co., Ltd.

Sun Yanwen

Joint Company Secretary

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
1	Article 1: To protect the legal rights	Article 1: To protect the legal rights
	interests of the Company, its	interests of the Company, its
	shareholders and creditors and to regulate	shareholders, its employees, and
	its constitution and activities, these	creditors and to regulate its constitution
	Articles of Association are drawn up in	and activities, these Articles of
	accordance with the "Company Law of	Association are drawn up in accordance
	the People's Republic of China" (the	with the "Company Law of the People's
	"Company Law"), "Securities Law of the	Republic of China" (the "Company
	People's Republic of China" (the	Law"), "Securities Law of the People's
	"Securities Law") and other relevant	Republic of China" (the "Securities
	regulations.	Law") and other relevant laws,
		regulations, and regulatory documents.
2	<b>Article 2:</b> The Company is a joint stock	Article 2: The Company is a joint stock
	limited company established in	limited company established in
	accordance with the "Company Law of	accordance with the "Company Law-of
	the People's Republic of China" (the	the People's Republic of China" (the
	"Company Law") and the "Special	"Company Law") and the "Special
	Provisions of the State Council	Provisions of the State Council
	Concerning the Floatation and Listing	Concerning the Floatation and Listing
	Abroad of Stock by Joint Stock Limited"	Abroad of Stock by Joint Stock Limited"
	(the "Special Provisions") and other	(the "Special Provisions") and other
	relevant laws and administrative	relevant laws and administrative
	regulations of the State.	regulations of the State.
	The Company was approved by the	The Company was approved by the
	Commission for Restructuring Economic	Commission for Restructuring Economic
	System of the People's Republic of China	System of the People's Republic of China
	(with the approval letter of Ti Gai Sheng	(with the approval letter of Ti Gai Sheng
	(1994) No. 106) to be incorporate by way	(1994) No. 106) to be incorporate by way
	of promotion on 10 September 1994. The	of promotion on 10 September 1994. The
	Company was registered with the State	Company was registered with the State
	Administration for Industry and	Administration for Industry and
	Commerce and obtained the business	Commerce and obtained the business
	license on 13 December 1994. The	license on 13 December 1994. The
	number of the Company's unified social	number of the Company's unified social
	credit code is 91110000100017336T.	credit code is 91110000100017336T.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	The promoters of the Company are:	The promoters of the Company are:
	North China Power Group ("Group	North China Power Group ("Group
	Company"), Beijing International Power	Company"), Beijing International Power
	Development Company ("Beijing	Development Company ("Beijing
	Investment Company") and ("Hebei	Investment Company") and ("Hebei
	Construction Investment Company	Construction Investment Company
	("Hebei Investment Company").	("Hebei Investment Company").
3	Article 5: The Chairman will hold the	Article 5: The Chairman will be the
	office of the legal representative of the	director representing the Company in
	Company.	the performance of its affairs and will
	1	hold the office of the legal representative
		of the Company. Resignation of the
		Chairman shall be deemed as a
		simultaneous resignation from the
		position of legal representative. In the
		event that the legal representative
		resigns, the Company shall determine a
		new legal representative within thirty
		days from the date of such resignation.
		and a such a suc
		Civil acts carried out by the legal
		representative in the name of the
		Company shall have legal
		consequences borne by the Company.
		consequences some sy the company.
		Any restriction on the powers of the
		legal representative imposed by these
		Articles of Association or by the
		shareholders' general meeting shall not
		be enforceable against any bona fide
		counterparty.
		counterparty.
		If the legal representative causes
		damage to others in the course of
		performing duties, the Company shall
		bear civil liability. Upon assuming such
		liability, the Company may seek
		compensation from the legal
		representative at fault in accordance
		with the law or the provisions of these
		Articles of Association.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
4	Article 7: The Articles of Association of the Company takes effect from the date of approval by the company approval authority.  Upon its effective date, the Articles of Association become a legally binding document which regulates the constitution and activities of the	Article 7: The Articles of Association of the Company takes effect from the date of on which approval by the company approval authority the special resolution is passed at the shareholders' general meeting of the Company.  Upon its effective date, the Articles of Association becomes a legally binding.
	Company, the rights and obligations between the Company and its shareholders, and the rights and obligations among its shareholders.	Association become a legally binding document which regulates the constitution and activities of the Company, the rights and obligations between the Company and its shareholders, and the rights and obligations among its shareholders.
5	Article 8: The Articles of Association are binding upon the Company and its shareholders, directors, supervisors, manager and other senior management. Any of the aforesaid persons may bring a claim concerning the affairs of the Company in accordance of these Articles.	Article 8: The Articles of Association are legally binding upon the Company and its shareholders, directors, supervisors, manager and other senior management. Any of the aforesaid persons may bring a claim concerning the affairs of the Company in accordance of these Articles.
	In accordance with the Articles of Association, shareholders may bring actions against the Company and vice versa, and shareholders may bring actions against each other or against the directors, supervisors, manager and other senior management of the Company.	In accordance with the Articles of Association, shareholders may bring actions against the Company and vice versa, and shareholders may bring actions against each other or against the directors, supervisors, manager and other senior management of the Company.
	The "actions" in the preceding paragraph include court proceedings and arbitration proceedings.	Pursuant to these Articles of Association, a shareholder may bring actions against another shareholder; a shareholder may bring actions against the directors or senior management of the Company; a shareholder may bring actions against the Company; and the Company may bring actions against its shareholders, directors or senior management.
		The "actions" in the preceding paragraph include court proceedings and arbitration proceedings.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
6	Article 9: The total assets of the	Article 9: The total assets of the
	Company are divided into equal shares.	Company are divided into equal shares.
	Shareholders shall be liable towards the	Shareholders shall be liable towards the
	Company to the extent of the shares they	Company to the extent of the shares they
	respectively subscribed. The Company	respectively subscribed. The Company
	shall be liable for its debts to the extent	shall be liable for its debts to the extent
	of all of its assets.	of all of its assetsproperty.
	The Company may invest in other limited	The Company may invest in other limited
	liability companies or joint stock limited	liability companies or joint stock limited
	companies. The Company shall be liable	companies. The Company shall be liable
	towards the companies which it invests in	towards the companies which it invests in
	to the extent of its respective amount of	to the extent of its respective amount of
	investment.	investment. Where the laws prohibit the
		Company from becoming as a capital
		contributor that assumes joint and
		several liability for the debts of the
		companies in which it invests, such
		provisions shall prevail.
7	Article 13: The Company will have	Article 13: The Company will have
	ordinary shares at all times. Subject to	ordinary shares—at all times. Subject to
	the approval by the company approval	the approval by the company approval
	authority authorized by the State	authority authorized bylaws,
	Council, the Company may have other	administrative regulations, and the
	classes of shares depending on its needs.	relevant provisions of the securities
		regulatory authority of the State
		Council and other regulatory
		authorities, the Company may have
		issue other classes of shares depending
		on its needs.
8	Article 14: The issue of shares of the	Article 14: The issue of shares of the
	Company shall be transparent, equal and	Company shall be transparent, equal and
	fair. Every share of the same class shall	fair. Every share of the same class shall
	have the same rights.	have the same rights. Shares of the same
		class issued in the same offering shall
		be issued on identical terms and at the
		same price per share; each subscriber
		shall pay the same amount per share
		for the shares subscribed.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
9	Article 16: Subject to the approval by the	Article 16: Subject to the approval by the
	securities regulatory authority of the	securities regulatory authority of the
	State Council, the Company may issue	State Council, tThe Company may issue
	shares to both domestic and overseas	shares to both domestic and overseas
	investors.	investors in accordance with laws, but
		shall register or file such issuance with
	Overseas investors specified in the	the securities regulatory authority of
	preceding paragraph shall refer to	the State Council or the authority
	investors from foreign counties, Hong	authorised by the State Council in
	Kong, Macau or Taiwan who subscribe issued shares of the Company; while	accordance with the regulations.
	domestic investors shall refer to investors	Overseas investors specified in the
	subscribing the issued shares of the	preceding paragraph shall refer to
	Company, who are from the PRC	investors from foreign counties, Hong
	(excluding those from Hong Kong,	Kong, Macau or Taiwan who subscribe
	Macau or Taiwan).	issued shares of the Company; while
	,	domestic investors shall refer to investors
		subscribing the issued shares of the
		Company, who are from the PRC
		(excluding those from Hong Kong,
		Macau or Taiwan).
10	Article 17: Shares which are issued by	Article 17: Shares which are issued by
	the Company to domestic investors and	the Company to domestic investors and
	subscribed in Renminbi shall be called as	subscribed in Renminbi shall be called as
	the Domestic-Invested Shares. Shares	the Domestic-Invested Shares. Shares
	which are issued by the Company to	which are issued by the Company to
	overseas investors and subscribed in	overseas investors and subscribed in
	foreign currency(ies) shall be called as	foreign currency(ies) or RMB shall be
	the Foreign-Invested Shares. The	called as the Foreign-Invested Shares.
	Foreign-Invested Shares which are listed	The Foreign-Invested Shares which are
	overseas shall be called as the Overseas-	listed overseas shall be called as the
	Listed Foreign-Invested Shares.	Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested
	-	Shares.
		Unless otherwise provided by
		applicable laws, regulations and/or the
		listing rules of the place(s) where the
		Company's shares are listed, Domestic-
		Invested Shares and Foreign-Invested
		Shares shall not be deemed to be
		different classes of shares.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
11	Article 19:	Article 19:
	In accordance with the authorisation of the shareholders' general meeting, the board of directors shall, within the scope of authorization, amend the aforesaid number of shares accordingly upon the decision as to the number of the Domestic-Invested Shares and the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares to be separately or simultaneously placed or issued by the Company and after being approved by the company approval authority authorised by the State Council.	In accordance with the authorisation of the shareholders' general meeting, the board of directors shall, within the scope of authorization, amend the aforesaid number of shares accordingly upon the decision as to the number of the Domestic-Invested Shares and the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares to be separately or simultaneously placed or issued by the Company and after being registered or filed with the being approved by the company approval authority securities regulatory authority of the State Council or departments authorised by the State Council.
12	Article 20: Upon the plan for the issue of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares and the Domestic-Invested Shares by the Company being approved by the securities regulatory authority of the State Council, the board of directors of the Company may implement relevant arrangement for the respective issue thereof.  The Company may implement its proposal to issue the Overseas-Listed Foreign- Invested Shares and the	Delete Articles 20 and 21.
	Domestic-Invested Shares respectively pursuant to the preceding paragraph within 15 months from the date of approval by the securities regulatory authority of the State Council.	
	Article 21: Where the Company respectively issues the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares and the Domestic-Invested Shares within the total amount of shares fixed by its plan for the issue of shares, the Company shall issue the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares and Domestic-Invested Shares in full in one issue respectively. Under special circumstances where it is not possible for the Company to issue such shares in full in one issue respectively, subject to the approval by the securities regulatory authority of the State Council, such Overseas-Listed Foreign Invested Shares and Domestic-Invested shares may be issued respectively for subscription in several issues.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
13	Article 23: The Company may, depending on the needs of its operation and development and in accordance with relevant provisions contained in the Articles of the Company, increase its capital, and shall conduct relevant formalities in accordance with the procedures specified by the relevant laws and administrative regulations of the State.  The Company may increase its capital in any of the following manners:	Article 21: The Company may, depending on the needs of its operation and development and in accordance with relevant provisions contained in the Articles of the Companythe provisions under the laws and regulations, adopt any of the following manners to increase its capital, and shall conduct relevant formalities in accordance with the procedures specified by the relevant laws and administrative regulations of the State. by way of resolution at the shareholders' general meeting:
	1. issuing new shares for subscription to non-specified investors;	The Company may increase its capital in any of the following manners:
	2. issuing rights to existing shareholders to subscribe for new shares;	1. issuing new shares for subscription to non-specified investors issuing shares to non-specified subscribers;
	<ul><li>3. issuing bonus shares to existing shareholders;</li><li>4. converting its common reserve fund to share capital;</li></ul>	2. issuing rights to existing shareholders to subscribe for new shares issuing shares to specific subscribers;
	5. converting its registered external debts to share capital;	3. issuing bonus shares to existing shareholders;
	6. other manners permitted under laws, administrative regulations and approved by China Securities Regulatory Commission.	<ul><li>4. converting its common reserve fund to share capital;</li><li>5. converting its registered external debts to share capital;</li></ul>
		6. other manners permitted under laws, administrative regulations and approved stipulated by China Securities Regulatory Commission (hereinafter referred to as the CSRC).
		When the Company issues new shares to increase its registered capital, shareholders shall not have preemptive subscription rights, unless otherwise provided in these Articles of Association or determined by resolution of the shareholders' general meeting that shareholders shall be entitled to such pre-emptive subscription rights.
		When increasing its registered capital, the Company shall, in accordance with the law, file for registration of change with the company registration authority.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
14	Article 24: Unless it is otherwise provided in laws and administrative regulations, shares of the Company may be freely transferred without any lien.	Article 22: Unless it is otherwise provided in laws and administrative regulations, shares of the Company may be freely transferred without any lien. The shares of the Company shall be transferred in accordance with the law.
15	Article 25: The Company shall not accept any pledge with its own shares as the subject.	Article 23: The Company shall not accept any pledge with its own shares as the subject of a pledge.
16	Article 26: Directors, supervisors and senior management of the Company shall report to the Company their shareholding in the Company and any change thereof. The number of shares which a director, supervisor or senior management may transfer every year during his term of office shall not exceed 25% of the total number of the Company's shares he holds; and the shares of the Company he holds are not transferable within one year commencing from the date on which the shares of the Company are listed and traded on a securities exchange. The aforesaid persons shall not transfer their shares in the Company within half year after they leave office.	Article 24: Shares issued by the Company prior to its public offering shall not be transferred within one year from the date on which the Company's shares are listed and traded on a stock exchange. Where laws, administrative regulations or the securities regulatory authority of the State Council provide otherwise in respect of the transfer of the Company's shares held by the shareholders or actual controller of the Company, such provisions shall prevail.  Directors, supervisors and senior management of the Company shall report to the Company their shareholding in the Company and any change thereof. The number of shares which a director, supervisor or senior management may transfer every year during his term of office as determined at the time of taking office shall not exceed 25% of the total number of the Company's shares of the Same class he holds; and the shares of the Company are listed and traded on a securities exchange. The aforesaid persons shall not transfer their shares in the Company within half year after they leave office.  Where shares are pledged during the period of restriction on transfer as stipulated by laws or administrative regulations, the pledgee shall not exercise the pledge right during such period of restriction on transfer.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
17	Article 27: Where the Company's shares held by the directors, supervisors, senior management and any shareholder holding no less than 5% of the total shares of the Company are sold by such persons within six months after its buying-in by the same or purchased within six months after its sale by such persons, the yield thereupon shall belong to the Company and the board of directors shall forfeit all such yield. Where a securities company as the underwriter purchases all the unsold shares and therefore exceeds the 5% possession limit, it is exempt from the six-months' restriction when it resells the shares.  Where the board of directors fails to comply with the provisions of the preceding paragraph, shareholders have the right to request the board of directors to enforce such provisions within 30 days. Where the board of directors fails to enforce such provisions within the aforesaid time limit, shareholders shall be entitled to initiate legal proceedings in their own names in the people's court in the interests of the Company.  Where the board of directors fails to comply with the first paragraph of this Article, the responsible directors shall bear joint and several liabilities.	Article 25: Where the Company's shares or other equity-based securities held by the directors,—supervisors, senior management and any shareholder holding no less than 5% of the total shares of the Company are sold by such persons within six months after its buying-in by the same or purchased within six months after its sale by such persons, the yield thereupon shall belong to the Company and the board of directors shall forfeit all such yield.—Where, except where a securities company as the underwriter purchases all the unsold shares and therefore exceeds the 5% possession limit, it is exempt from the six-months' restriction when it resells the sharesor in other circumstances as prescribed by the CSRC.  The shares or other equity-based securities held by the directors, senior management or natural person shareholders referred to in the preceding paragraph shall include such shares or other equity-based securities as held by their spouses, parents, and children, as well as those held through accounts in the names of others.  Where the board of directors fails to comply with the provisions of the preceding first paragraph, shareholders have the right to request the board of directors to enforce such provisions within 30 days. Where the board of directors fails to enforce such provisions within the aforesaid time limit, shareholders shall be entitled to directly initiate legal proceedings in their own names in the people's court in the interests of the Company.  Where the board of directors fails to comply with the first paragraph of this Article, the responsible directors shall bear joint and several liabilities.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
18	Article 28: Subject to relevant laws and administrative regulations of the State, the Company may reduce its registered capital in accordance with its Articles of Association.	Article 26: Subject to relevant laws and administrative regulations of the State, the Company may reduce its registered capital in accordance with its Articles of Association. Any reduction of the Company's registered capital shall be carried out in accordance with the Company Law, other relevant regulations, and the procedures stipulated in these Articles of Association.
19	Article 29: The Company must produce its balance sheet and assets list in the event of reduction of its registered capital.	Article 27: The Company must produce its balance sheet and assets list in the event of reduction of its registered capital.
	The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days upon the date of adoption of the resolution on reducing of its registered capital, and make relevant announcement for at least three times within 30 days in any one of the nationwide economic or securities related newspapers. Creditors of the Company shall, within 30 days after their respective receipt of such notice or within 45 days upon the date of the first announcement in the event of their failure to receive such notice, be entitled to require the Company to discharge its debts or provide relevant securities for the discharge of such debts.  Registered capital of the Company after reduction shall not be less than the minimum amount required by laws.	The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days upon the date of adoption of the resolution on reducing of its registered capital at the shareholders' general meeting, and make relevant announcement for at least three times within 30 days in any one of the nationwide economic or securities related newspapers or on the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System. Creditors of the Company shall, within 30 days after their respective receipt of such notice or within 45 days upon the date of the first announcement in the event of their failure to receive such notice, be entitled to require the Company to discharge its debts or provide relevant securities for the discharge of such debts.  The Company shall reduce contributed amounts or shares according to shareholding ratios of shareholders when reducing its registered capital, except as otherwise prescribed by laws or these Articles of Association.
		Registered capital of the Company after reduction shall not be less than the minimum amount required by laws.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
20		Article 28: Where the Company continues to incur losses after making up for losses in accordance with item (1) of paragraph 6 of Article 163 of these Articles of Association, it may reduce its registered capital to cover such losses. In the case of reduction in its registered capital to cover losses, the Company shall not make any distribution to shareholders, nor shall it exempt shareholders from their obligation to pay capital contributions or share monies.
		The provisions of paragraph 2 of Article 27 of these Articles of Association shall not apply to a reduction of registered capital pursuant to the preceding paragraph, except that the Company shall make an announcement in any national economic or securities newspaper or on the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System within thirty days from the date on which the resolution to reduce registered capital is passed at the shareholders' general meeting.
		Where the Company reduces its registered capital in accordance with the preceding two paragraphs, it shall not distribute profits until the aggregate amount of the statutory reserve and discretionary reserve reaches 50% of the Company's registered capital.
		Article 29: Where the registered capital is reduced in violation of the Company Law or other relevant regulations, shareholders shall return any funds they have received, and any reduction or exemption of capital contributions by shareholders shall be restored to the original state; if losses are incurred by the Company, the shareholders and the responsible directors or senior management shall bear liability for compensation.
		Article 30: The Company shall, when reducing its registered capital, apply for registration of change with the company registration authority in accordance with the law.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
21	Article 30: In accordance with	Article 31: In accordance with
	procedures specified by the Articles of	procedures specified by the Articles of
	Association and subject to the approvals	Association and subject to the approvals
	of relevant governing authorities of the	of relevant governing authorities of the
	State, shares of the Company may be	State, shares of the Company may be
	repurchased under the following	repurchased under the following
	circumstances:	circumstances: The Company shall not
		acquire its own shares, except under
	1. cancellation of shares for the purpose of reducing the Company's capital;	any of the following circumstances:
		1. cancellation of shares for the purpose
	2. merging with other companies holding shares of the Company;	of reducing the Company's registered capital;
	3. using the shares for the purpose of employee stock ownership plans or as equity incentive;	2. merging with other companies holding shares of the Company;
	equity incentive,	3. using the shares for the purpose of
	4. where a shareholder raises objection to the resolution of the shareholders'	employee stock ownership plans or as equity incentive;
	general meeting concerning the merger or division of the Company and demands the Company to purchase his shares;	4. where a shareholder raises objection to the resolution of the shareholders' general meeting concerning the merger or
	5. using the shares for conversion of corporate bonds which are convertible into shares issued by the Company;	division of the Company and demands the Company to purchase his shares;
	6. where it is necessary to safeguard the value of the Company and the rights and interests of its shareholders;	5. using the shares for conversion of corporate bonds which are convertible into shares issued by the Company;
	7. other circumstances as permitted under laws and administrative regulations.	6. where it is necessary to safeguard the value of the Company and the rights and interests of its shareholders;
		7. other circumstances as permitted under laws and administrative regulations.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	Repurchase of shares of the Company under the circumstance set forth in item 1 or 2 of the preceding paragraph shall be resolved by the shareholders' general meeting. Repurchase of shares of the	The circumstance referred to in item 6 of the preceding paragraph shall meet one of the following conditions:  (1) The closing price of the Company's
	Company under the circumstance set forth in item 3, 5 or 6 of the preceding paragraph shall be resolved at the shareholders' general meeting or as	shares is lower than the most recent net asset value per share;  (2) The cumulative decrease in the
	authorized by the shareholders' general meeting, may be resolved by the board meeting with over two-thirds of directors present.	closing price of the Company's shares reaches 20% over twenty consecutive trading days;  (3) The closing price of the Company's
	Where the securities regulatory body or stock exchange in the place where the shares of the Company are listed has any other provisions in respect of the	(3) The closing price of the Company's shares is lower than 50% of the highest closing price of the shares in the past year;
	repurchase of shares, such provisions shall prevail.	(4) Other conditions prescribed by the CSRC.
		Repurchase of shares of the Company under the circumstance set forth in item 1 or 2 of the preceding first paragraph shall be resolved by the shareholders' general meeting. Repurchase of shares of the Company under the circumstance set forth in item 3, 5 or 6 of the preceding first paragraph shall be resolved at the shareholders' general meeting or as authorized by the shareholders' general meeting, may be resolved by the board meeting with over two-thirds of directors present.
		The Company may acquire its own shares through public centralized trading or other means permitted by laws, administrative regulations and as approved by the CSRC. However, if the acquisition of the shares of the Company is made under the circumstances specified in items 3, 5 or 6 of the first paragraph, the Company shall conduct public centralized trading.
		Where the securities regulatory body or stock exchange in the place where the shares of the Company are listed has any other provisions in respect of the repurchase of shares, such provisions shall prevail.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
22	Article 31: The Company may, subject to	Delete Articles 31 and 32.
	the approval from the relevant governing	
	authorities of the State, repurchase its	
	own shares through any of the following	
	methods:	
	1. a general offer to all shareholders to	
	repurchase their shares in the same ratio;	
	2. public trading on a securities	
	exchange;	
	3. an off-market contract outside the	
	securities exchange(s);	
	4. other means approved by China	
	Securities Regulatory Commission.	
	Article 32: Where the Company	
	repurchases its own shares through off-	
	market contracts outside the securities	
	exchange(s), it shall seek prior approval	
	granted by its shareholders' general	
	meeting in accordance with the Articles	
	of Association. The Company may	
	terminate or vary a contract so entered	
	into by the Company or waive its rights	
	thereunder with prior approval granted	
	by its shareholders' general meeting in	
	the same manner as above.	
	The off-market contract as referred to in	
	the preceding paragraph includes, but	
	without limitation, an agreement to	
	become obliged to repurchase and to	
	acquire the right to repurchase shares.	
	The Company shall not assign the	
	contracts for repurchasing its own shares	
	or any of its rights thereunder.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
23	Article 33: After the Company has repurchased its own shares in accordance with laws, it shall, within the time required by relevant laws and administrative regulations, transfer or cancel that portion of shares. If registration is required, the Company shall apply for a change in its registered capital at the original company	Article 32: After the Company has repurchased its own shares in accordance with laws, it shall, within the time required by relevant laws and administrative regulations, transfer or eancel that portion of shares. If registration is required, the Company shall apply for a change in its registered eapital at the original company
	registration authority.  The Company's registered capital shall be reduced by the total amount of par value of the shares cancelled.	registration authority.  The Company's registered capital shall be reduced by the total amount of par value of the shares cancelled.
	For the shares repurchased by the Company in accordance with the first paragraph of the Article 30, where is in line with the circumstance set forth in item 1, the shares shall be cancelled within ten days after the date of repurchase; where is in line with the circumstance set forth in item 2 or 4, the shares shall be transferred or cancelled within six months; where is in line with the circumstance set forth in item 3, 5 or 6, the aggregated number of shares of the Company held by itself shall be not more than 10% of the total issued shares of the Company and shall be transferred or cancelled within three years.	For the shares repurchased by the Company in accordance with the first paragraph of the Article 3031, where is in line with the circumstance set forth in item 1, the shares shall be cancelled within ten days after the date of repurchase; where is in line with the circumstance set forth in item 2 or 4, the shares shall be transferred or cancelled within six months; where is in line with the circumstance set forth in item 3, 5 or 6, the aggregated number of shares of the Company held by itself shall be not more than 10% of the total issued shares of the Company and shall be transferred or cancelled within three years.
	Where the securities regulatory body or stock exchange in the place where the shares of the Company are listed has any other provisions in respect of the repurchase of shares, such provisions shall prevail.	Where the securities regulatory body or stock exchange in the place where the shares of the Company are listed has any other provisions in respect of the repurchase of shares, such provisions shall prevail.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
24	Article 34: Unless the Company is in the course of liquidation, it must comply with the following provisions in relation to the repurchase of its own issued and outstanding shares:	Delete Article 34.
	1. where the Company repurchases its shares at par value, payment shall be made out of the book surplus distributable profits of the Company and out of the proceeds from any issue of new shares made for the purpose of the repurchase;	
	2. where the Company repurchases its shares at a premium to the par value, payment up to their par value may be made out of the book surplus distributable profits of the Company and the proceeds from any issue of new shares made for the purpose of the repurchase. Payment of the portion in excess of the par value shall be effected as follows:	
	(1) if the shares being repurchased were issued at par value, payment shall be made out of the book surplus distributable profits of the Company;	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	(2) if the shares being repurchased were	
	issued at a premium to the par value,	
	payment shall be made out of the book	
	surplus distributable profits of the	
	Company and the proceeds from the issue	
	of new shares made for the purpose of the	
	repurchase, provided however that the	
	amount paid out of such proceeds shall	
	neither exceed the aggregate of the	
	premiums received by the Company on	
	the issue of the shares repurchased nor	
	the current amount of the capital reserve	
	fund account of the Company (including	
	the premiums on the new issues) at the	
	time of the repurchase;	
	3. Payment by the Company in	
	consideration for the following purposes	
	shall be made out of the Company's	
	distributable profits:	
	(1) the acquisition of rights to repurchase	
	shares;	
	(2) the variation of any contract to	
	repurchase shares;	
	(3) the release of any obligations under a	
	contract to repurchase shares;	
	4. after the Company's registered capital	
	has been reduced by the aggregate par	
	value of the cancelled shares in	
	accordance with relevant regulations, the	
	amount deducted from the distributable	
	profits for paying up the par value	
	portion of the repurchased shares shall be	
	transferred to the Company's capital	
	reserve fund account.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
25	Article 35: The Company or its subsidiaries shall not, at any time, provide any form of financial assistance to a person who acquires or proposes to acquire shares in the Company. This includes any person who directly or indirectly incurs obligations as a result of acquiring shares in the Company.	Article 33: The Company or its subsidiaries shall not, at any time, provide any form of financial assistance to a person who acquires or proposes to acquire shares in the Company. This includes any person who directly or indirectly incurs obligations as a result of acquiring shares in the Company.
	The Company or its subsidiaries shall not, at any time, provide any form of financial assistance to the aforesaid obligors for the purposes of reducing or discharging the aforesaid obligations assumed by such obligors.	The Company or its subsidiaries shall not, at any time, provide any form of financial assistance to the aforesaid obligors for the purposes of reducing or discharging the aforesaid obligations assumed by such obligors.
	This Article shall not apply to the circumstances specified in Article 37 of this Chapter.	This Article shall not apply to the eircumstances specified in Article 37 of this Chapter.
		Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries (including its affiliated enterprises) shall provide financial assistance in any form, including by way of gift, advance, guarantee, or loan, for others to acquire shares in the Company or its parent company, except for the implementation of an employee share scheme by the Company.
		For the benefit of the Company, and subject to a resolution of the shareholders' general meeting or a resolution of the board of directors made pursuant to an authorisation granted by the shareholders' general meeting, the Company may provide financial assistance for others to acquire shares in the Company or its parent company. However, the aggregate amount of such financial assistance shall not exceed 10% of the total issued share capital of the Company, and the resolution of the board of directors shall be passed by not less than two-thirds of all directors.  Any director or senior management who is responsible for a breach of the
		provisions of the foregoing two paragraphs which causes losses to the Company shall be liable for compensation.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
No. 26	Before amendments  Article 36: "Financial Assistance" referred to in this Chapter includes (but without limitation to) the following:  1. assistance given by way of gift;  2. assistance given by way of security (including the provision of any undertaking or property to secure the performance of obligations by the obligor) or indemnity (other than an indemnity resulting from the Company's own default) or by way of release or waiver of rights;  3. assistance given by way of a loan; or by way of entering into a contract under which the Company needs to perform its obligations ahead of the other contracting parties; changing the contractual parties of such loan or contract, or assigning the rights under such loan or contract;  4. assistance given by the Company in any other manner when the Company is insolvent or has no net assets or where its net assets would thereby be reduced to a material extent.  "Incurring obligations" includes incurring an obligation by entering into a contract or arrangement (whether or not	After amendments Delete Articles 36 and 37.
	incurring an obligation by entering into a	
	with any other person), or by changing one's financial condition by any other means.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	Article 37: The following activities shall not be deemed to be those prohibited by Article 35 of this Chapter:	
	1. the financial assistance is given by the Company in good faith in the interests of the Company, and the major purpose of giving such financial assistance is not for the acquisition of shares in the Company, or the giving of such financial assistance is incidental to some broader objective of the Company;	
	2. the lawful distribution of the Company's assets by way of dividends;	
	3. the distribution of dividends in the form of shares;	
	4. the reduction of the registered capital, the repurchase of shares or the reorganisation of the share holding structure of the Company effected in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association;	
	5. the provision of loans within its business scope for its normal business activities (provided however, that the net assets of the Company shall not thereby be reduced or that, if the assets are thereby reduced, such financial assistance is made out of the distributable profits of the Company);	
	6. contributions made by the Company to the employee share schemes (provided however, that the net assets of the Company shall not thereby be reduced or that, if the assets are thereby reduced, such financial assistance is made out of the distributable profits of the Company).	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
27	Article 38: The Company's share certificates shall be in registered form.  Matters that shall be specified in the Company's share certificates shall include those needed to be specified as required by the Company Law and the securities exchange(s) where the Company's shares are listed.	Article 34: The Company's issued share certificates shall be in registered formshares. Shares may be issued in paper form or in such other form as prescribed by the securities regulatory authority under the State Council. Where shares are issued in paper form, the share certificate shall specify the following principal particulars:
		1. the name of the Company;
		2. the date of incorporation of the Company or the date of issue of the shares;
		3. the class of shares, their par value and the number of shares represented; in the case of shares without par value, the number of shares represented by the certificate;
		4. the serial number of the share certificate;
		5. the signature of the legal representative and the seal of the Company.
		6. other Mmatters that shall be specified in the Company's share certificates shall include those needed to be specified as required by the Company Law and the securities exchange(s) where the Company's shares are listed.
28	Article 39: Share certificates shall be signed by the Chairman of the Company. Where the signatures of other senior management of the Company are required by the securities exchange(s) where the Company's shares are listed, the share certificates shall also be signed by such other relevant senior management. The share certificates of the Company shall take effect immediately upon the Company's seal being affixed or printed thereon. The affixture of the Company's seal shall be authorized by the board of directors. The signatures of the Chairman or other relevant senior management appearing on the share certificates may also be printed.	Delete Article 39.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
29	Article 40: The Company shall maintain	Article 35: The Company shall
	the register of shareholders and register	establish a register of shareholders
	the following particulars:	based on the records provided by the
		securities registration institution. The
	1. the name, address (domicile),	register of shareholders shall
	occupation or nature of each shareholder;	constitute conclusive evidence of the shareholders' ownership of the
	2. the class and number of shares held by each shareholder;	Company's shares. The Company shall maintain the register of shareholders and registers the following particulars:
	3. the amount paid or payable for the	
	shares held by each shareholder;	1. the name, address (or domicile), occupation or nature of each shareholder;
	4. the serial number of the shares held by	
	each shareholder;	2. the class and number of shares held subscribed by each shareholder;
	5. the date on which each person obtains	
	the share(s) and the date on which each person is registered as a shareholder;	3. the amount paid or payable for the shares held by each shareholder;
	6. the date on which any person ceased to be a shareholder.	4.3. the serial number of the shares certificates held by each shareholder in the case of share certificates issued in
	Unless there is evidence to the contrary, the register of shareholders shall be	paper form;
	sufficient evidence proving each shareholder's shareholdings in the Company.	54. the date on which each person shareholder obtains the share(s) and the date on which each person is registered as a shareholder;
		6. the date on which any person ceased to be a shareholder.
		Unless there is evidence to the contrary, the register of shareholders shall be sufficient evidence proving each shareholder's shareholdings in the Company.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
30	Article 41: The Company may, in accordance with the understanding or agreements between the securities regulatory authority of the State Council and the overseas securities regulatory organizations, maintain the register of shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares overseas and appoint overseas agent(s) to manage such register of shareholders. The original register of shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares listed in Hong Kong shall be maintained in Hong Kong.	Delete Articles 41, 42 and 43.
	Duplicate of the register of shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares shall be maintained at the domicile of the Company. The appointed overseas agent(s) shall ensure the consistency between the original and the duplicate of such register of shareholders.	
	If there is any inconsistency between the original and the duplicate of the register of shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares, the original shall prevail.	
	<b>Article 42:</b> The Company shall maintain a complete set of register of shareholders.	
	A set of register of shareholders shall include the followings:	
	1. the register of shareholders maintained at the Company's domicile (other than those as described in items 2 and 3 of this Article);	
	2. the register of shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares maintained at the place where the overseas securities exchange(s) on which such shares are listed are located;	
	3. the register of shareholders maintained at such other place as the board of directors may consider necessary for the purpose of the listing of the Company's shares. Each part of the register of shareholders shall not overlap one another. No transfer of the shares registered in any part of a register of shareholder shall, during the existence of that registration, be registered in any other part of the register of shareholders.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	Article 43: All fully paid Overseas-	
	Listed Foreign-Invested Shares listed in	
	Hong Kong and London may be	
	transferred freely in accordance with	
	these Articles. However, the board of	
	directors may refuse to recognise any	
	instrument of transfer without stating any	
	reasons unless the following conditions	
	are satisfied:	
	1. the instrument of transfer only	
	involves the Overseas-Listed Foreign-	
	Invested Shares listed in Hong Kong and	
	London;	
	2. the stamp duty (if any) required for the	
	instrument of transfer has been paid in	
	full;	
	3. the relevant share certificates and	
	evidence reasonably required by the	
	board of directors showing that the	
	transferor has the right to transfer such	
	shares shall be provided;	
	4. if the shares are to be transferred to	
	joint holders, the number of such joint	
	holders shall not exceed four;	
	5. the Company does not have any lien on	
	the relevant shares.	
	Revision or correction of each part of the	
	register of shareholders shall be made in	
	accordance with the laws of the place	
	where that part of the register of	
	shareholders is maintained.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	None of the shares of the Company may	
	be transferred to juveniles, persons who	
	are mentally incompetent, or persons	
	who are not legally eligible.	
	If all or any part of the shares are listed in	
	a jurisdiction or traded in relevant	
	securities exchange(s) of a jurisdiction,	
	the board of directors may, charge fees in	
	respect of the registration of a transfer	
	relating to or affecting the title to any	
	shares, or fees in respect of the	
	registration of any will, administration of	
	estate, power of attorney, death or	
	marriage certificate, letter of	
	authorization, notice or other document	
	relating to or affecting the title to any	
	shares, provided however, that such fees	
	shall not exceed the corresponding	
	maximum amount prescribed or	
	permitted from time to time by any	
	relevant securities exchange(s) or	
	regulatory authorities in that jurisdiction.	
31	Article 46: Any person who objects to	Delete Articles 46, 47, 48 and 49.
	the register of shareholders and requests	
	to have his name entered in or removed	
	from the register of shareholders may	
	apply to a court of competent jurisdiction	
	for the correction of the register of	
	shareholders.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	Article 47: If any shareholder whose	
	name is registered in the register of	
	shareholders or any person who requests	
	to have his name registered in the register	
	of shareholders has lost his share	
	certificates (the "Original Certificates"),	
	he may apply to the Company for issuing	
	new share certificates in respect of such	
	shares (the "Relevant Shares"). A	
	shareholder of the Domestic-Invested	
	Shares who has lost his share certificates	
	may apply for the issue of new share	
	certificates in accordance with the	
	Company Law. A shareholder of the	
	Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares who has lost his share certificates may	
	apply for the issue of new share	
	certificates in accordance with laws,	
	securities exchange rules and other	
	relevant regulations of the place where	
	the original register of shareholders in	
	relation to such Overseas-Listed Foreign-	
	Invested Shares is maintained. The issue	
	of new share certificates where a	
	shareholder of the Overseas-Listed	
	Foreign-Invested Shares has lost his	
	share certificate and apply for the issue	
	of new ones shall fulfil the following	
	requirements:	
	1. the applicant shall submit an	
	application in standard form prescribed	
	by the Company together with a notarial	
	certificate or statutory declaration. The	
	notarial certificate or statutory	
	declaration shall include the reason for	
	submitting the application, the	
	circumstances under which the share	
	certificates are lost and relevant	
	supporting evidence, and a declaration	
	that no other person may register as a	
	shareholder in respect of the Relevant	
	Shares.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	2. prior to the determination of the	
	Company to issue new share certificates,	
	no declaration made by any person other	
	than the applicant has been received by	
	the Company for registration as a	
	shareholder of the Relevant Shares.	
	3. if the Company determines to issue	
	new share certificates to the applicant, it	
	shall make an announcement on its issue	
	of new certificates in the newspaper	
	designated by the board of directors. The	
	period for such announcement shall be 90	
	days and such announcement shall be	
	published at least once in every 30 days.	
	4. prior to publishing the announcement	
	on the issue of new share certificates, the	
	Company shall submit a copy of such	
	announcement to the securities	
	exchange(s) where its shares are listed	
	and which is in the place where the	
	register of shareholders of such shares is	
	maintained. The announcement may be	
	published upon the reply of such	
	securities exchange(s) confirming that	
	the said announcement has been	
	exhibited in such securities exchange(s).	
	The term for exhibiting such	
	announcement in such securities	
	exchange shall be 90 days. If the	
	application for issuing new certificates	
	has not been approved by the shareholder	
	of the Relevant Shares as registered in	
	the register of shareholders, the Company	
	shall deliver by mail to that shareholder a	
	copy of the announcement to be	
	published.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	5. upon the expiry of the 90-day period	
	for the publication and exhibition of the	
	announcement as specified in items 3 and	
	4 above, if no objection has been	
	received by the Company from any	
	person against the issue of new share	
	certificates, new share certificates shall	
	be issued to the applicant based on his	
	application.	
	6. where the Company issues new share	
	certificates pursuant to this Article, it	
	shall forthwith cancel the Original	
	Certificates and make such entry in the	
	register of shareholders in order to record	
	such cancellation and issue.	
	7. all costs relating to the cancellation of	
	the Original Certificates and the issue of	
	new share certificates by the Company	
	shall be borne by the applicant. The	
	Company shall be entitled to refuse to	
	take any action until the applicant can	
	provide reasonable securities.	
	Article 48: After the Company issues	
	new share certificates as replacement in	
	accordance with the Articles of the	
	Company, the names of the bona fide	
	purchasers who obtain the aforesaid new	
	share certificates or the shareholders who	
	are subsequently registered as the owners	
	of such shares (if they are bona fide	
	purchasers) shall not be deleted from the	
	register of shareholders.	
	Article 49: The Company shall assume	
	no obligation to compensate those who	
	suffer losses due to the Company's	
	cancellation of the Original Certificates	
	or the issue of new share certificates as	
	replacement, unless such persons are able	
	to prove fraud on the part of the	
	Company.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
32	Article 50: A shareholder of the Company is a person who lawfully holds shares of the Company and has its/his name registered in the register of shareholders.	Article 38: A shareholder of the Company is a person who lawfully holds shares of the Company and has its/his name registered in the register of shareholders.
	A shareholder shall enjoy rights and assume obligations in accordance with the class and number of shares he holds. Shareholders holding the same class of shares shall enjoy the same rights and assume the same obligations.	A shareholder shall enjoy rights and assume obligations in accordance with the class and number of shares he holds. Shareholders holding the same class of shares shall enjoy the same rights and assume the same obligations.
33	Article 51: Each shareholder of the ordinary shares of the Company shall enjoy the following rights:  1. the rights to receive share dividends and other distributions in proportion to the number of shares held;	Article 39: Each shareholder of the ordinary shares of the Company shall enjoy the following rights:  1. the rights to receive share dividends and other distributions in proportion to the number of shares held;
	2. the rights to require, convene, preside over, attend or appoint proxy(ies) in accordance with laws to attend shareholders' general meetings and exercising relevant voting power;  3. the rights to supervise and manage the business operation of the Company and to make suggestions or inquiries;	2. the rights to require the holding of, convene, preside over, attend or appoint proxy(ies) in accordance with laws to attend shareholders' general meetings, speak at such shareholders' general meeting, and exercising relevant voting power (except where individual shareholders are required to abstain from voting on specific matters under the listing rules of the place(s) where the Company's shares are listed);
		3. the rights to supervise and manage the business operation of the Company and to make suggestions or inquiries;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	4. the rights to transfer, give by way of gift or pledge shares held in accordance with relevant laws, administrative regulations and provisions in these Articles;	4. the rights to transfer, give by way of gift or pledge shares held in accordance with relevant laws, administrative regulations and provisions in these Articles;
	<ul> <li>5. the rights to receive any relevant information in accordance with the Articles of the Company, including:</li> <li>(1) the right to have a copy of these Articles after payment of costs;</li> <li>(2) the rights to review and copy at research to charges;</li> </ul>	5. Inspect and make copies of these Articles of Association, the register of shareholders, minutes of shareholders' general meetings, resolutions of the board of directors, and financial and accounting reports. Shareholders who meet the prescribed conditions may also inspect the Company's accounting books and accounting you shows.
	reasonable charges:  ① any register of any class of shareholders;	the rights to receive any relevant information in accordance with the
	② the personal particulars of each of the Company's directors, supervisors, manager and other senior management as follows:	Articles of the Company, including:  (1) the right to have a copy of these Articles after payment of costs;
	a. his present and former name(s) and alias(es);	(2) the rights to review and copy at reasonable charges:
	b. his principal address (domicile);	① any register of any class of shareholders;
	<ul><li>c. his nationality;</li><li>d. his full-time and all other part-time occupations and titles;</li></ul>	② the personal particulars of each of the Company's directors, supervisors, manager and other senior management as follows:
	e. his identification document and its serial number.	a. his present and former name(s) and alias(es);
		b. his principal address (domicile);
		e. his nationality;
		d. his full-time and all other part-time occupations and titles;
		e. his identification document and its serial number.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	3 status of the Company's share capital;	3 status of the Company's share capital;
	@ reports showing the number and par	@ reports showing the number and par
	value of shares repurchased by the	value of shares repurchased by the
	Company since the end of the previous	Company since the end of the previous
	financial year, the aggregate amount paid by the Company for the shares	financial year, the aggregate amount paid by the Company for the shares
	repurchased and the maximum and	repurchased and the maximum and
	minimum price paid, in respect of each	minimum price paid, in respect of each
	class of shares repurchased;	class of shares repurchased;
	⑤ minutes of shareholders' general	(5) minutes of shareholders' general
	meetings.	meetings.
	(3) the right to review:	(3) the right to review:
	① counterfoil of the Company's	① counterfoil of the Company's
	debentures;	debentures;
	2 resolutions of the meetings of the	@ resolutions of the meetings of the
	board of directors;	board of directors;
	3 resolutions of the meetings of the	3 resolutions of the meetings of the
	board of supervisors;	board of supervisors;
	financial and accounting reports.	@ financial and accounting reports.
	6. the right to participate in the	6. the right to participate in the
	distribution of the remaining assets of the	distribution of the remaining assets of the
	Company according to the number of shares held upon the termination or	Company according to the number of
	liquidation of the Company;	shares held upon the termination or liquidation of the Company;
	7. for the shareholder who raises an	7. for the shareholder who raises an
	objection to the resolutions of the	objection to the resolutions of the
	shareholders' general meeting regarding	shareholders' general meeting regarding
	the merger or division of the Company, the right to require the Company to	the merger or division of the Company, the right to require the Company to
	purchase his shares;	purchase his shares;
	8. other rights granted by laws,	8. other rights granted by laws,
	administrative regulations and these	administrative regulations and these
	Articles.	Articles.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
34	Article 52: Where a shareholder requests	Article 40: Shareholders who request
	to review the aforesaid relevant	to inspect or make photocopies of the
	information or asks for relevant	Company's relevant materials shall
	documents, he shall provide the	comply with the provisions of the
	Company with documents showing the	Company Law, the Securities Law and
	class and number of shares he holds. The	other laws and administrative
	Company shall provide such information	regulations. Where a shareholder
	as requested by the shareholder after his	requests to review the aforesaid relevant
	identification has been verified.	information or asks for relevant
		documents, he shall provide the
		Company with documents showing the
		class and number of shares he holds. The
		Company shall provide such information
		as requested by the shareholder after his
		identification has been verified.
35	Article 53: Where the resolutions of a	<b>Article 41:</b> Where the resolutions of a
	shareholders' general meeting or a	shareholders' general meeting or a
	meeting of the board of directors violate	meeting of the board of directors violate
	laws or administrative regulations,	laws or administrative regulations,
	shareholders are entitled to make a	shareholders are entitled to make a
	petition to the people's court to nullify	petition to the people's court to nullify
	such resolutions.	such resolutions.
	Where the convening or voting	Where the convening or voting
	procedures of a shareholders' general	procedures of a shareholders' general
	meeting or a meeting of the board of	meeting or a meeting of the board of
	directors violates laws, administrative	directors violates laws, administrative
	regulations or these Articles, or the	regulations or these Articles, or the
	resolutions of such meeting violate these	resolutions of such meeting violate these
	Articles, shareholders are entitled to	Articles, shareholders are entitled to
	make a petition to the people's court to	make a petition to the people's court to
	revoke the resolutions adopted in such	revoke the resolutions adopted in such
	meeting within 60 days from the date	meeting within 60 days from the date
	when such resolutions are adopted.	when such resolutions are adopted.
		However, this will not apply where
		there are only minor defects in the
		procedures for convening or the voting
		methods of the shareholders' general
		meeting or the board of directors that
		do not have a substantive impact on the
		resolution.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		If the board of directors, shareholders
		or other relevant parties dispute the
		validity of a resolution at the
		shareholders' general meeting, they
		shall promptly initiate legal
		proceedings with the People's Court.
		Prior to the issuance of a judgment or
		ruling by the People's Court to revoke
		such resolution or otherwise, the
		relevant parties shall implement the
		resolution of the shareholders' general
		meeting. The Company, its directors
		and senior management shall
		practically perform their duties to
		ensure the normal operation of the
		Company.
		Where the People's Court makes a
		judgment or ruling on the relevant
		matter, the Company shall, in
		accordance with the law,
		administrative regulations, and the
		requirements of the CSRC and the
		stock exchange, fulfil its information
		disclosure obligations, fully explain the
		impact, and actively cooperate in
		enforcement after such judgment or
		ruling becomes effective. If correction
		of prior matters is involved, the
		Company should promptly address
		them and discharge the corresponding
		information disclosure obligations.

No. **Before amendments** 36 Article 54: Where the Company incurs losses as a result of a director or senior management having violated anv provision of laws. administrative regulations or the Articles of Association in the course of performing their duties with the Company, shareholders alone or in aggregate holding no less than 1% of the Company's shares for no less than 180 consecutive days shall be entitled to request in writing the supervisors to initiate proceedings in a people's court. Where the Company incurs losses as a result of the supervisors having violated any provision of laws, administrative regulations or these Articles in the course of performing its duties with the Company, the above shareholders may request in writing the board of directors to initiate proceedings in a people's court.

> If the board of supervisors or the board of directors refuses to initiate proceedings upon receipt of the written request of the shareholders set forth in the preceding paragraph, or fails to initiate such proceedings within 30 days from the date on which such request is received, or in case of emergency where failure to initiate such proceedings will immediately result in irreparable damages to the Company's interests, shareholders described in the preceding paragraph shall have the right to initiate proceedings in a people's court in their own names in the interests of the Company.

Article 42: Where the Company incurs losses as a result of a director or senior management other than a member of the audit committee having violated any laws. provision of administrative regulations or the Articles of Association in the course of performing their duties with the Company, shareholders alone or in aggregate holding no less than 1% of the Company's shares for no less than 180 consecutive days shall be entitled to request in writing the supervisors audit committee to initiate proceedings in a people's court. Where the Company incurs losses as a result of the supervisors audit committee having violated any provision oflaws. administrative regulations or these Articles in the course of performing its duties with the Company, the above shareholders may request in writing the board of directors to initiate proceedings in a people's

After amendments

If board of supervisorsaudit committee or the board of directors refuses to initiate proceedings upon receipt of the written request of the shareholders set forth in the preceding paragraph, or fails to initiate such proceedings within 30 days from the date on which such request is received, or in case of emergency where failure to initiate such proceedings will immediately result in irreparable damages to the Company's interests, shareholders described in the preceding paragraph shall have the right to initiate proceedings in a people's court in their own names in the interests of the Company.

court.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
No.	Shareholders described in the first paragraph of this Article may also initiate proceedings in a people's court in accordance with the preceding two paragraphs of this Article in the event that the legal interests of the Company is infringed upon by a third party and that the Company suffers from losses accordingly.	Shareholders described in the first paragraph of this Article may also initiate proceedings in a people's court in accordance with the preceding two paragraphs of this Article in the event that the legal interests of the Company is infringed upon by a third party and that the Company suffers from losses accordingly.
		Where any director, member of the audit committee (if any), or senior management of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, in the course of performing their duties, violates laws, administrative regulations or the provisions of these Articles of Association and causes losses to the Company, or where any third party infringes upon the lawful rights and interests of the wholly-owned subsidiary and causes losses, a shareholder or shareholders who individually or jointly hold 1% or more of the Company's shares for 180 consecutive days or more may, in accordance with the first three paragraphs of Article 189 of the Company Law (2023 Revision), submit a written request to the audit committee (if any) or the board of directors (or director(s)) of the wholly-owned subsidiary to initiate proceedings before the People's Court, or initiate proceedings directly in their own name before the People's Court.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
37	Article 56: Each shareholder of the ordinary shares of the Company shall undertake the following obligations:	Article 44: Each shareholder of the ordinary shares of the Company shall undertake the following obligations:
	1. to comply with laws, administrative regulations and these Articles;	1. to comply with laws, administrative regulations and these Articles;
	2. to pay for subscription of shares according to the number of shares subscribed and the manner of subscription;	2. to pay for subscription of shares according to the number of shares subscribed and the manner of subscription;
	3. unless laws or administrative regulations provide otherwise, not to withdraw its/his investment laws and administrative regulations;	3. unless laws or administrative regulations provide otherwise, not to withdraw its/his investment laws and administrative regulationsshare capitals;
	4. not to abuse the its/his rights as a shareholder to infringe the interests of the Company or other shareholders and not to abuse the independent position of the Company as a legal person or the limited liability status of the shareholders to infringe the interests of creditors of the Company. Where a shareholder's abuse of rights as a shareholder has caused damages to the Company or other shareholders, he/it shall be liable for compensation in accordance with laws. Where a shareholder abuses the independent position of the Company as a legal person, or the limited liability status of shareholders for the evasion of its debts and such acts have caused serious damages to interests of the Company's creditors, he/it shall bear joint and several liabilities in respect of the debts of the Company.	4. not to abuse the its/his rights as a shareholder to infringe the interests of the Company or other shareholders and not to abuse the independent position of the Company as a legal person or the limited liability status of the shareholders to infringe the interests of creditors of the Company. Where a shareholder's abuse of rights as a shareholder has caused damages to the Company or other shareholders, he/it shall be liable for compensation in accordance with laws. Where a shareholder abuses the independent position of the Company as a legal person, or the limited liability status of shareholders for the evasion of its debts and such acts have caused serious damages to interests of the Company's creditors, he/it shall bear joint and several liabilities in respect of the debts of the Company.
	5. other obligations imposed by relevant laws, administrative regulations, and these Articles.	5. other obligations imposed by relevant laws, administrative regulations, and these Articles.
	Other than the terms and conditions agreed upon by a shareholder at the time when the shares are subscribed, such shareholder shall not be obliged to make any additional capital contributions.	Other than the terms and conditions agreed upon by a shareholder at the time when the shares are subscribed, such shareholder shall not be obliged to make any additional capital contributions.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
39	Article 58: The controlling shareholders	Article 45: The controlling shareholder
	and the actual controllers of the	and the actual controller of the
	Company shall not abuse their connected	Company shall exercise their rights
	relationship to impair the Company's	and perform their obligations in
	interests. They shall be liable for	accordance with the provisions under
	compensation in the event of their breach	the law, administrative regulations, the
	of the provisions in this Article which has	regulations of the CSRC and the rules
	caused damages to the Company.	of the stock exchange, and shall
		safeguard the interests of the
	The controlling shareholders and the	Company.
	actual controllers of the Company shall	
	assume obligations of good faith to the	The controlling shareholders and the
	Company and its public shareholders.	actual controllers of the Company shall
	The controlling shareholders shall	not abuse their connected relationship to
	strictly exercise the rights of investors	impair the Company's interests. They
	and shall not impair the legal rights of the	shall be liable for compensation in the
	Company and its public shareholders by	event of their breach of the provisions in
	such means as profit distribution, capital	this Article which has caused damages to
	reorganisation, external investment,	the Company.
	misappropriation of funds, guarantee for	
	a loan or others, or by abusing its	The controlling shareholders and the
	controlling position.	actual controllers of the Company shall
		assume obligations of good faith to the
		Company and its public shareholders.
		The controlling shareholders shall
		strictly exercise the rights of investors
		and shall not impair the legal rights of the
		Company and its public shareholders by
		such means as profit distribution, capital
		reorganisation, external investment,
		misappropriation of funds, guarantee for
		a loan or others, or by abusing its
		controlling position.
40	Article 59: If shareholders holding no	Delete this article.
	less than 5% of the voting shares of the	
	Company pledge their shares, they shall	
	submit a report in writing to the	
	Company upon the date of occurrence of	
	such pledge.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
41 –		Article 46: The controlling shareholder
		and the actual controller of the
		Company shall comply with the
		following provisions:
		1. Exercise shareholder rights in
		accordance with the law, without
		abusing control rights or exploiting
		related-party relationships to harm the
		lawful rights and interests of the
		Company or other shareholders;
		2. Strictly perform any public
		statements and undertakings made,
		without unauthorized alteration or
		waiver;
		3. Fulfil information disclosure
		obligations in strict accordance with
		relevant regulations, actively
		cooperate with the Company in its
		information disclosure, and promptly
		inform the Company of any material events that have occurred or are
		expected to occur;
		4. Shall not occupy corporate funds in
		any manner;
		5. Shall not compel, instruct, or require
		the Company or its relevant personnel
		to provide guarantees in violation of
		laws or regulations.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		6. Shall not exploit any undisclosed
		material information of the Company
		to seek benefits, shall not disclose any
		undisclosed material information
		relating to the Company in any
		manner, and shall not engage in insider
		trading, short-swing trading, market
		manipulation or any other unlawful or
		non-compliant conduct;
		7. Shall not harm the lawful rights and
		interests of the Company and other
		shareholders through any unfair
		related party transactions, profit
		distributions, asset restructurings,
		external investments or any other
		means;
		8. Shall ensure the integrity of the
		Company's assets, independence of its
		personnel, finance, organisation and
		business, and shall not interfere with
		the Company's independence in any
		manner;
		9. Comply with other provisions under
		the laws, administrative regulations,
		the regulations of the CSRC, the
		business rules of the stock exchange,
		and these Articles of Association.
		Where the controlling showshalder or
		Where the controlling shareholder or actual controller of the Company does
		not serve as a director but actually
		transacts the business of the Company,
		the provisions of these Articles of
		Association concerning the fiduciary
		duties and duties of diligence of
		directors shall apply.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		Where the controlling shareholder or
		actual controller instructs any director
		or senior management to engage in acts
		that are detrimental to the interests of
		the Company or its shareholders, they
		shall bear joint and several liability
		with such director or senior
		management.
		Article 47: Where the controlling
		shareholder or actual controller
		pledges the shares of the Company
		held or effectively controlled by them,
		they shall ensure the stability of the
		Company's control and business
		operations.
		Article 48: Where the controlling
		shareholder or actual controller
		transfers the shares of the Company
		held by them, they shall comply with
		the restrictive provisions on share
		transfers as stipulated by laws,
		administrative regulations, the CSRC
		and the stock exchange, as well as any
		undertakings made by them in relation
42	Anticle (0). The chambeldons'	to the restriction on share transfers.
42	Article 60: The shareholders' general	Article 49: The shareholders' general
	meeting is the organ of authority of the Company, and shall exercise its functions	meeting, which is comprised of all shareholders, is the organ of authority of
	and powers in accordance with laws.	the Company, and shall exercise its
	and powers in accordance with laws.	functions and powers in accordance with
		laws.
		iuws.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
43	<b>Article 61:</b> The shareholders' general meeting shall exercise the following functions and powers:	Article 50: The shareholders' general meeting shall exercise the following functions and powers:
	1. to determine the business policies and investment plans of the Company;	to determine the business policies and investment plans of the Company;
	2. to elect and replace directors who are not representatives of employees, and to decide on matters concerning the remuneration of directors;	21. to elect and replace directors who are not representatives of employees, and to decide on matters concerning the remuneration of directors;
	3. to elect and replace supervisors who are representatives of the shareholders, and to determine matters concerning the remuneration of supervisors;	3. to elect and replace supervisors who are representatives of the shareholders, and to determine matters concerning the remuneration of supervisors;
	4. to consider and to approve reports of the board of directors;	4.2. to consider and to approve reports of the board of directors;
	5. to consider and to approve reports of the board of supervisors;	5. to consider and to approve reports of the board of supervisors;
	6. to consider and to approve the annual financial budgets and final accounts of the Company;	6. to consider and to approve the annual financial budgets and final accounts of the Company;
	7. to consider and to approve the Company's plan for profit distribution and the plan for making up losses;	73. to consider and to approve the Company's plan for profit distribution and the plan for making up losses;
	8. to resolve on the increase or reduction of the registered capital of the Company;	84. to resolve on the increase or reduction of the registered capital of the Company;
	9. to resolve on the merge, division, dissolution and liquidation of the Company or the change of the nature of incorporation of the Company;	9. to resolve on the merge, division, dissolution and liquidation of the Company or the change of the nature of incorporation of the Company;
	10. to resolve on the issue of debentures by the Company;	10.5. to resolve on the issue of debentures by the Company;
	11. to resolve on the appointment, removal or non-renewal of the term of office of the audit firm;	6. To pass resolutions on the merger, division, spin-off, dissolution and liquidation of the Company, or the
	12. to amend these Articles;	change of the form of the Company;
		7. To amend these Articles of Association;
		118. to resolve on the appointment, and removal or non-renewal of the term of office of the audit firm that undertakes the audit engagement;
		12. to amend these Articles;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	13. to consider and to approve relevant transactions in accordance with the regulations of the securities exchange(s) where the shares of the Company are listed;	9. To consider and approve the guarantee matters as specified in Article 51 of these Articles of Association;
	14. to consider and to approve the provision of guarantee as specified in Article 62;	10. To consider matters involving the purchase or disposal of major assets by the Company within one year that exceed 30% of the latest audited total assets of the Company;
	<ul><li>15. to consider and to approve the change of the use of proceeds;</li><li>16. to consider and to approve the share incentive plan;</li></ul>	13. to consider and to approve relevant transactions in accordance with the regulations of the securities exchange(s) where the shares of the Company are
	17. to consider proposals submitted by the shareholders holding no less than 3% of the voting shares of the Company;	listed;  14. to consider and to approve the provision of guarantee as specified in Article 62;
	18. to resolve on any other matters required by laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company to be resolved by the shareholders' general meeting.	1511. to consider and to approve the change of the use of proceeds;  1612. to consider and to approve the share incentive plan and employee share scheme;
		1713. to consider and to approve proposals submitted by a shareholder or the-shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 3%-1% of the voting shares of the Company;
		14. To consider and approve transaction matters required to be reviewed and approved pursuant to the rules of the stock exchange where the Company's shares are listed;
		1815. to resolve on any other matters required by laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company to be resolved by the shareholders' general meeting.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		The shareholders' general meeting may
		authorise the board of directors to
		resolve on the issuance of corporate
		bonds.
		Subject to a resolution of the
		shareholders' general meeting or a
		resolution of the board of directors
		authorised by these Articles of
		Association or the shareholders'
		general meeting, the Company may
		issue shares or corporate bonds
		convertible into shares, provided that
		such issuance shall comply with the
		laws, administrative regulations, the
		regulations of the CSRC and the rules
		of the stock exchange.
		Except for the powers that may be
		expressly authorised by the
		shareholders' general meeting as set
		out above, or unless otherwise
		provided by laws, administrative
		regulations, and the regulations of the
		CSRC or the rules of the stock
		exchange, the remaining powers of the
		shareholders' general meeting shall not
		be exercised by the board of directors
		or any other institution or individual
		by way of authorisation.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
44	Article 62: The following external	Article 51: The following external
	guarantees to be provided by the	guarantees to be provided by the
	Company shall be considered and	Company shall be considered and
	approved by the shareholders' general	approved by the shareholders' general
	meeting:	meeting after being considered and
		approved by the board of directors:
	1. any single guarantee with an amount	
	exceeding 10% of the latest audited net	1. any single guarantee with an amount
	assets value of the Company;	exceeding 10% of the latest audited net
		assets value of the Company;
	2. any guarantee, according to the	
	principle that the amount of guarantee	2. any guarantee, according to the
	shall be accumulated in the consecutive	principle that the amount of guarantee
	12 months, with an amount exceeding	shall be accumulated in the consecutive
	50% of the latest audited net assets value	12 months, with an amount exceeding
	of the Company and the absolute amount	50% of the latest audited net assets value
	of which has exceeded RMB50,000,000;	of the Company and the absolute amount
		of which has exceeded RMB50,000,000;
	3. any guarantee to be provided after the	
	total amount of external guarantee	3.2. any guarantee to be provided after
	provided by the Company and its	the total amount of external guarantee
	controlling subsidiaries has reached or	provided by the Company and its
	exceeded 50% of the latest audited net	controlling subsidiaries has reached or
	assets value;	exceeded 50% of the latest audited net
	4	assets value;
	4. any guarantee to be provided after the	4.2
	total amount of external guarantee	4.3. any guarantee to be provided after
	provided by the Company has reached or	the total amount of external guarantee
	exceeded 30% of the latest audited total	provided by the Company and its
	assets value;	controlling subsidiaries has reached or
		exceeded 30% of the latest audited total
		assets value;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	5. any guarantee to be provided in favour	4. guarantees which, calculated based
	of any entity which is subject to a gearing	on the amount provided to others on a
	ratio of over 70%;	cumulative basis over a period of 12
		consecutive months, exceed 30% of the
	6. any guarantee to be provided to	latest audited total assets of the
	shareholders, the actual controllers or	Company;
	their connected parties.	
		5. any guarantee to be provided in favour
		of any entity which is subject to a gearing
		ratio of over 70%;
		6. any guarantee to be provided to
		shareholders, the actual controllers or
		their connected parties.
		7. other guarantees as required by the
		stock exchange where the Company's
		shares are listed or as stipulated in
		these Articles of Association.
45	<b>Article 63:</b> Without the prior approval of	Article 52: Except where the Company
	the shareholders' general meeting, the	is in a state of crisis or other
	Company shall not enter into a contract	exceptional circumstances, Without the
	with a person other than a director,	<del>prior</del> approval of at the shareholders'
	supervisor, manager or other senior	general meeting by way of special
	management whereby the management of	resolution, the Company shall not enter
	all or a material part of the business of	into a contract with a person other than a
	the Company is delegated to such person.	director, supervisor, manager or other
		senior management whereby the
		management of all or a material part of
		the business of the Company is delegated
		to such person.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
46	Article 64: Shareholders' general	Article 53: Shareholders' general
	meetings are divided into annual	meetings are divided into annual
	shareholders' general meetings and	shareholders' general meetings and
	extraordinary shareholders' general	extraordinary shareholders' general
	meetings. Shareholders' general meetings shall be convened by the board of	meetings. Shareholders' general meetings shall be convened by the board of
	directors. Annual shareholders' general	directors. An annual general meeting
	meetings shall be held once every year	shall be held once every year within six
	within six months after the end of the	months after the end of the previous
	previous financial year.	financial year.
	The board of directors shall convene an	The board of directors shall convene an
	extraordinary shareholders' general	extraordinary shareholders' general
	meeting within 2 months of the	meeting within 2 months of the
	occurrence of any of the following	occurrence of any of the following
	circumstances:	circumstances:
	1. when the number of directors is less	1. when the number of directors is less
	than the number of directors required by	than the number of directors required by
	the Company Law or less than two-thirds of the number of directors required by the	the Company Law or less than two-thirds of the number of directors required by the
	Articles of Association of the Company;	Articles of Association of the Company;
	2. when the uncovered losses of the	2. when the uncovered losses of the
	Company amount to one third of its total share capital;	Company amount to one third of its total share capital;
	Share capital,	Share capital,
	3. when the shareholders holding no less	3. when a shareholder orthe
	than 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding voting shares request in	shareholders <b>individually or jointly</b> holding no less than 10% of the
	writing to convene an extraordinary	holding no less than 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding voting
	shareholders' general meeting;	shares request in writing to convene an
	2	extraordinary shareholders' general
	4. when the board of directors considers	meeting;
	necessary or upon the request of the	
	board of supervisors.	4. when the board of directors considers
		necessary or upon the request of the board of supervisors.;
		course of supervisors,
		5. when proposed by the audit committee;
		6. other circumstances as stipulated
		by laws, administrative regulations,
		departmental rules or these Articles of
		Association.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
47	Article 65: The place to convene a shareholders' general meeting shall be the domicile of the Company or other venue expressly specified in the notice of such shareholders' general meeting.	Article 54: The place to convene a shareholders' general meeting shall be the domicile of the Company or other venue expressly specified in the notice of such shareholders' general meeting.
	Venue shall be arranged for the shareholders' general meetings to be convened in the form of on-site meetings and online voting.	Venue shall be arranged for the shareholders' general meetings to be convened in the form of on-site meetings, and may also be convened concurrently by means of electronic communication. The Company also will provide online voting to facilitate shareholders' participation in the shareholders' general meeting. After the notice of the shareholders' general meeting has been issued, the venue of the on-site meeting shall not be changed without a legitimate reason. If a change is necessary, the convener shall make an announcement at least two working days before the date of the on-site meeting and provide an explanation for such change.
48	Article 67: The independent directors have the right to propose to the board of directors to convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting. With regard to such proposal, the board of directors shall, within 10 days after its receipt of such proposal and in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and these Articles, provide a written reply concerning whether or not it agrees to convene such extraordinary shareholders' general meeting.  Where the board of directors agrees to convene the extraordinary shareholders' general meeting, it will issue a notice to convene such meeting within 5 days after the resolution has been adopted by the board of directors and no revision to the original proposal in the notice is allowed. Where the board of directors disagrees to convene the extraordinary shareholders' general meeting, it will provide the reasons and make relevant announcement.	Article 56: The board of directors shall convene the shareholders' general meeting within the prescribed time period.  Subject to the consent of more than one half of all independent directors, The the independent directors have the right to propose to the board of directors to convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting. With regard to such proposal, the board of directors shall, within 10 days after its receipt of such proposal and in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and these Articles, provide a written reply concerning whether or not it agrees to convene such extraordinary shareholders' general meeting. Where the board of directors agrees to convene the extraordinary shareholders' general meeting, it will issue a notice to convene such meeting within 5 days after the resolution has been adopted by the board of directors and no revision to the original proposal in the notice is allowed. Where the board of directors disagrees to convene the extraordinary shareholders' general meeting, it will provide the reasons and make relevant announcement.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
49	Article 68: The board of supervisors has	Article 57: The board of
	the right to propose in writing to the	supervisorsaudit committee has the right
	board of directors to convene an	to propose in writing to the board of
	extraordinary shareholders' general	directors to convene an extraordinary
	meeting. With regard such proposal, the	shareholders' general meeting. With
	board of directors shall, within 10 days	regard such proposal, the board of
	after its receipt of such proposal and in	directors shall, within 10 days after its
	accordance with laws, administrative	receipt of such proposal and in
	regulations and these Articles, provide a	accordance with laws, administrative
	written reply concerning whether or not it	regulations and these Articles, provide a
	agrees to convene such extraordinary	written reply concerning whether or not it
	shareholders' general meeting.	agrees to convene such extraordinary
		shareholders' general meeting.
	Where the board of directors agrees to	
	convene the extraordinary shareholders'	Where the board of directors agrees to
	general meeting, it will issue a notice to	convene the extraordinary shareholders'
	convene such meeting within 5 days after	general meeting, it will issue a notice to
	the resolution has been adopted by the	convene such meeting within 5 days after
	board of directors and any revision to the	the resolution has been adopted by the
	original proposal in the notice shall be	board of directors and any revision to the
	approved by the board of supervisors.	original proposal in the notice shall be
		approved by the <del>board of</del>
	Where the board of directors disagrees to	supervisorsaudit committee.
	convene the extraordinary shareholders'	
	meeting or fails to reply within 10 days	Where the board of directors disagrees to
	after its receipt of such proposal, it shall	convene the extraordinary shareholders'
	be deemed to be unable or fail to fulfil its	meeting or fails to reply in writing
	obligation to convene the aforesaid	within 10 days after its receipt of such
	meeting, and the board of supervisors	proposal, it shall be deemed to be unable
	may thereby independently convene and	or fail to fulfil its obligation to convene
	preside over the extraordinary	the aforesaid meeting, and the board of
	shareholders' general meeting.	supervisorsaudit committee may thereby
		independently convene and preside over
		the extraordinary shareholders' general

meeting.

#### No. **Before amendments** After amendments 50 Article 69: Shareholders requisitioning Article 58: Shareholders requisitioning an extraordinary shareholders' general an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting shall abide by the following meeting shall abide by the following procedures: procedures: 1. Shareholders individually or jointly 1. Shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 10% of the holding no less than 10% of the Company's shares shall have the right to Company's shares shall have the right to make a request to the board of directors make a request to the board of directors in writing to convene an extraordinary in writing to convene an extraordinary general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting. The board of directors general meeting. The board of directors shall. accordance with shall. accordance with laws. laws. administrative regulations and these administrative regulations and these Articles, give a written response on Articles, give a written response on whether or not it agrees to convene an whether or not it agrees to convene an extraordinary general meeting or a class extraordinary general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting within 10 shareholders' general meeting within 10 days after receipt of the request. days after receipt of the request. 2. If the board of directors agrees to 2. If the board of directors agrees to general convene an extraordinary convene an extraordinary general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting, it shall issue a notice of meeting, it shall issue a notice of convening an extraordinary general convening an extraordinary general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting within 5 days after the resolution meeting-within 5 days after the resolution of the board of directors is made. If there of the board of directors is made. If there is any change to the original request in is any change to the original request in the notice, approval of the shareholder(s) the notice, approval of the shareholder(s) proposing the request shall be sought. proposing the request shall be sought. 3. If the board of directors does not agree 3. If the board of directors does not agree to convene an extraordinary general to convene an extraordinary general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting, or fails to give a response meeting, or fails to give a response within 10 days after receipt of the within 10 days after receipt of the request, the shareholders individually or request, the shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 10% of the jointly holding no less than 10% of the Company's shares shall have the right to Company's shares shall have the right to propose to the board of supervisors in propose to the board of supervisorsaudit writing to convene an extraordinary committee in writing to convene an general meeting or a class shareholders' extraordinary general meeting or a class

shareholders' general meeting.

general meeting.

#### No. Before amendments After amendments 4. If the board of supervisors agrees to 4. If the audit committeeboard of supervisors agrees to convene an extraordinary general convene meeting or a class shareholders' general extraordinary general meeting or a class meeting, it shall issue a notice of shareholders' general meeting, it shall convening an extraordinary general issue a notice of convening meeting or a class shareholders' general extraordinary general meeting or a class meeting within 5 days after receipt of the shareholders' general meeting within 5 request. If there is any change to the days after receipt of the request. If there original request in the notice, approval of is any change to the original request in the shareholder(s) proposing the request the notice, approval of the shareholder(s) shall be sought. proposing the request shall be sought. 5. If the board of supervisors fails to 5. If the audit committeeboard of issue notice of convening supervisors fails to issue a notice of extraordinary general meeting or a class convening an extraordinary general shareholders' general meeting by the meeting or a class shareholders' general prescribed deadline, it shall be deemed to meeting by the prescribed deadline, it have failed to convene and preside over shall be deemed to have failed to convene an extraordinary general meeting or a and preside over an extraordinary general class shareholders' general meeting, and meeting or a class shareholders' general shareholders individually or jointly meeting, and shareholders individually or holding no less than 10% of the shares of jointly holding no less than 10% of the the Company for at least 90 days in shares of the Company for at least 90 succession may himself/themselves days in succession may convene and preside over such meeting. himself/themselves convene and preside over such meeting. 6. Where the shareholders independently convene and hold a meeting due to the 6. Where the shareholders independently failure of the board of directors to hold a convene and hold a meeting due to the meeting as prescribed above, the costs failure of the board of directors to hold a that are reasonably accrued therefrom meeting as prescribed above, the costs shall be borne by the Company, and be that are reasonably accrued therefrom deducted from the payments owed by the shall be borne by the Company, and be Company to the directors who fail to deducted from the payments owed by the

Company to the directors who fail to

perform their duties.

perform their duties.

#### No. **Before amendments** After amendments 51 Article 70: Where the board Article supervisors or the shareholders decide to convene a shareholders' general meeting independently in accordance which these Articles, they shall notify the board of directors in writing and file the same in the local office of China Securities Regulatory Commission in the place of the Company's domicile and securities exchange(s). Where the shareholders decide to convene a shareholders' general meeting independently, the shareholders convening the meeting shall hold not less than 10% of the total shares in the Company before the publication of the resolutions of such shareholders' general meeting. At the time of the issue of the notice of such shareholders' general meeting and the publication of the meeting. announcement of the resolutions of such shareholders' general meeting. shareholders convening the meeting shall submit relevant documentary proof to the

office

Company's

securities exchange(s).

of

Regulatory Commission in the place of

China

domicile

Securities

the

and

59: Where the audit committeeboard of supervisors or the shareholders decide to convene shareholders' general meeting independently in accordance which these Articles, they shall notify the board of directors in writing and file the same in the local office of China Securities Regulatory Commission in the place of the Company's domicile andwith the securities exchange(s).

Where the shareholders decide convene a shareholders' general meeting independently in accordance with these Articles of Association, the shareholders convening the meeting shall hold not less than 10% of the total shares in the Company before the publication of the resolutions of such shareholders' general

At the time of the issue of the notice of such shareholders' general meeting and the publication of the announcement of the resolutions of such shareholders' general meeting, the audit committee or the convening shareholders convening the meeting shall submit relevant documentary proof to the local office of China Securities Regulatory Commission in the place of the Company's domicile and the securities exchange(s).

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
52	Article 71: With respect to the	Article 60: With respect to the
	shareholders' general meeting	shareholders' general meeting
	independently convened by the board of	independently convened by the audit
	supervisors or the shareholders, the board	committeeboard of supervisors or the
	of directors and the Secretary of the	shareholders, the board of directors and
	board of directors shall provide	the Secretary of the board of directors
	assistance. The board of directors shall	shall provide assistance. The board of
	provide the register of shareholders as at	directors shall provide the register of
	the share registration date.	shareholders as at the share registration
		date.
53	Article 72: Where a shareholders'	Article 61: Where a shareholders'
	general meeting is convened	general meeting is convened
	independently by the board of	independently by the audit
	supervisors or the shareholders,	committeeboard of supervisors or the
	necessary costs of the meeting shall be	shareholders, necessary costs of the
	borne by the Company.	meeting shall be borne by the Company.
54	Article 74: Where a shareholders'	Article 63: Where a shareholders'
	general meeting is held, the Company	general meeting is held, the Company
	shall notify all the registered	convener shall notify all-the registered
	shareholders by way of announcement of	shareholders by way of announcement of
	the matters to be considered and	the matters to be considered and
	approved at, and the date and place of the	approved at, and the date and place of the
	meeting 20 working days prior to an	meeting 20 working days prior to an
	annual general meeting, or 10 working	annual general meeting, or <del>10 working</del>
	days or 15 days (whichever is longer)	days or 15 days (whichever is longer)
	prior to an extraordinary general	prior to an extraordinary general
	meeting.	meeting. When calculating the
		commencement of the relevant period,
	Where the laws, regulations, the	the Company shall not include the date
	securities regulatory body or stock	of the meeting.
	exchange in the place where the shares of	
	the Company are listed have any other	Where the laws, regulations, the
	provisions, such provisions shall prevail.	securities regulatory body or stock
		exchange in the place where the shares of
		the Company are listed have any other
		provisions, such provisions shall prevail.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
<b>No.</b> 55	Before amendments  Article 75: Where an annual shareholders' general meeting is held, the board of directors, the board of supervisors and shareholders that, either individually or jointly, hold more than 3% of shares of the Company shall have the right to put forward new proposals in writing to the Company. Where the matters specified in such new proposals are within the scope of functions and duties of the shareholders' general meeting, the Company shall put such matters on the agenda of such meeting.  Any of the shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 3% of the shares of the Company may submit an interim proposal in writing to the convener 10 days prior to the convening of the shareholders' general meeting. The convener shall send a supplemental notice of the shareholders' general meeting to announce the content of the interim proposal within 2 days upon receipt of such proposal.	Article 64: Where an annual shareholders' general meeting is held, the board of directors, the board of supervisorsaudit committee and shareholders that, either individually or jointly, hold more than 3%1% of shares of the Company shall have the right to put forward new proposals in writing to the Company. Where the matters specified in such new proposals are within the scope of functions and duties of the shareholders' general meeting, the Company shall put such matters on the agenda of such meeting.  Any of the shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 3%1% of the shares of the Company may submit an interim proposal in writing to the convener 10 days prior to the convening of the shareholders' general meeting. The convener shall send a supplemental notice of the shareholders' general meeting to announce the content of the interim proposal within 2 days upon receipt of such proposal, and submit
	Other than the circumstances specified in the preceding paragraph, the convener shall not make any change to the existing proposals in the notice of the shareholders' general meeting or add any new proposal after the publication of the notice.	such interim proposal to the shareholders' general meeting for consideration, except where the interim proposal violates laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Association, or does not fall within the scope of authority of the shareholders' general meeting.
	Such matters which are not specified in Article 74 and the notice of the preceding paragraph and proposals which do not comply with Article 73 of these Articles shall not be resolved at the shareholders' general meeting.	Other than the circumstances specified in the preceding paragraph, the convener shall not make any change to the existing proposals in the notice of the shareholders' general meeting or add any new proposal after the publication of the notice.
		Such matters which are not specified in Article 74 and the notice of the preceding paragraphshareholders' general meeting and proposals which do not comply with Article 7362 of these Articles shall not be resolved at the

shareholders' general meeting.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
56	Article 76: An extraordinary shareholders' general meeting shall not determine matters not specified in the notice.	Delete this article.
57	Article 77: A notice of shareholders' general meeting shall:	Article 65: A notice of shareholders' general meeting shall include:
	1. be in writing;	1. be in writing;
	2. specify the place, the time and duration of the meeting;	2.1. specify—the place, the time and duration of the meeting;
	3. state the matters to be discussed at the meeting;	3.2. state submission of the matters to be discussed considered at the meeting;
	4. provide such information and explanation as are necessary for the shareholders to exercise an informed judgement on the matters to be discussed at the meeting. Such principle shall include (without limitation), where a proposal is made to merge the Company with another, to repurchase shares of the Company, to reorganise the share capital or to restructure the Company in any other way, terms of the proposed transaction must be provided in detail together with copies of the proposed agreements, if any, and the reasons for and consequences of such transactions must be properly explained;	3. a conspicuous and explanatory text that all shareholders are entitled to attend the shareholders' general meeting and may appoint a proxy in writing to attend and vote on their behalf, and that such proxy need not be a shareholder of the Company;  4. provide such information and explanation as are necessary for the shareholders to exercise an informed judgement on the matters to be discussed at the meeting. Such principle shall include (without limitation), where a proposal is made to merge the Company with another, to repurchase shares of the Company, to reorganise the share capital or to restructure the Company in any other way, terms of the proposed transaction must be provided in detail together with copies of the proposed agreements, if any, and the reasons for
		<ul> <li>and consequences of such transactions must be properly explained;</li> <li>4. The share registration date for shareholders entitled to attend the shareholders' general meeting;</li> </ul>

extent, if any, of material interests of any director, supervisor, manager or other senior management in the matters proposed and the impact of the proposed matters on such director, supervisor, manager or other senior management in his capacity as a shareholder in so far as it is different from the impact on the interests of other shareholders of the same class;	5. contain a disclosure of the nature and extent, if any, of material interests of any director, supervisor, manager or other senior management in the matters proposed and the impact of the proposed matters on such director, supervisor, manager or other senior management in his capacity as a shareholder in so far as it is different from the impact on the interests of other shareholders of the same class;  5. The name and telephone number of
	the permanent contact person for meeting affairs;
a shareholder entitled to attend and vote on the meeting is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote on his behalf and that such proxy(ies) need not	<ul> <li>6. contain the text of any special resolution proposed to be adopted at the meeting;</li> <li>6. The voting time and voting procedures for online and other voting</li> </ul>
8. contain the share registration date for the purpose of ascertaining the entitlement of the shareholders to attend the shareholders' general meeting;  9. contain the name and telephone number of the main contact person for such meeting;  10. specify the time and place when the proxy forms for such meeting are served.  The requirements under this Article are applicable to the notices of shareholders' general meetings convened independently by the board of supervisors or the shareholders in accordance with these Articles.	7. contain conspicuously a statement that a shareholder entitled to attend and vote on the meeting is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote on his behalf and that such proxy(ies) need not also be a shareholder/shareholders;  8. contain the share registration date for the purpose of ascertaining the entitlement of the shareholders to attend the shareholders' general meeting;  9. contain the name and telephone number of the main contact person for such meeting;  10. specify the time and place when the proxy forms for such meeting are served.  The requirements under this Article are applicable to the notices of shareholders' general meetings convened independently by the board of supervisorsaudit committee or the shareholders in accordance with these Articles.  The interval between the share registration date and the date of the meeting shall not exceed seven working

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
58	Article 78: Where elections of directors and/or supervisors are scheduled to be discussed at a shareholders' general meeting, the notice of such shareholders' general meeting shall contain details of the director candidates and supervisor candidates, including at least the following information:	Article 66: Where elections of directors and/or supervisors are scheduled to be discussed at a shareholders' general meeting, the notice of such shareholders' general meeting shall contain details of the director candidates and supervisor eandidates, including at least the following information:
	1. such personal information as education background, working experience and part-time job experience and etc.;	1. such personal information as education background, working experience and part-time job experience and etc.;
	2. whether he has connected relationship with the Company or its controlling shareholders or actual controllers;	2. whether he has connected relationship with the Company or its controlling shareholders or actual controllers;
	3. number of shares he holds in the Company;	3. number of shares he holds in the Company;
	4. whether any punishment has been imposed on him by China Securities Regulatory Commission, other relevant authorities or securities exchange(s).	4. whether any punishment has been imposed on him by China Securities Regulatory Commission, other relevant authorities or securities exchange(s).
	The cumulative voting system shall be implemented for the election of directors and non-employee supervisors at the shareholders' general meeting, that is, when more than two directors or non-employee supervisors are elected at the shareholders' general meeting, the number of votes rights entitled for each share held by the shareholders who participate in the voting shall be equal to the number of directors or non-employee supervisors to be elected, and the voting rights possessed by the shareholders may be exercised uniformly. Details of the implementation of the cumulative voting system shall refer to "the Procedural Rules for the General Meeting of Datang International Power Generation Co., Ltd.".	The cumulative voting system shall be implemented for the election of directors and non-employee supervisors at the shareholders' general meeting, that is, when more than two directors—or non-employee supervisors are elected at the shareholders' general meeting, the number of votes rights entitled for each share held by the shareholders who participate in the voting shall be equal to the number of directors or non-employee supervisors—to be elected, and the voting rights possessed by the shareholders may be exercised uniformly. Details of the implementation of the cumulative voting system shall refer to "the Procedural Rules for the General Meeting of Datang International Power Generation Co., Ltd.". Except where the cumulative voting system is adopted for the election of directors, each director
		election of directors, each director candidate shall be proposed by way of

a separate resolution.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
9	Article 80: Notices of the shareholders'	Article 68: Notices of the shareholders
	general meetings shall be served on the	general meetings shall be served on the
	shareholders (whether or not they are	shareholders (whether or not they are
	entitled to vote at the meetings) by hand	entitled to vote at the meetings) by way
	or prepaid mail at their addresses	of public announcement or in th
	registered in the register of shareholders.  Notices of shareholders' general meetings to shareholders of the	manner prescribed in Chapter 19 of these Articles of Association by hand of prepaid mail at their addresses registere
	Domestic-Invested Shares may be served by way of public announcements.	in the register of shareholders. Notices of shareholders' general meetings t
	Public announcements of notices of the	shareholders of the Domestic-Investe Shares may be served by way of public
	shareholder's general meetings specified in the preceding paragraph shall be published in one or more newspapers	announcements. Where a notice is given by way of public announcement, is shall be deemed to have been received
	designated by the securities regulatory	by all relevant parties upon it
	authority of the State Council. Upon the publication of such announcements, all	publication. In particular:
	shareholders of the Domestic-Invested	For shareholders of Domestic-Investe
	Shares shall be deemed to have received	Shares, notices of shareholders
	notices of relevant shareholders' general	general meetings are served by way of
	meetings.	public announcements Public
	meetings.	announcements of notices of th
		shareholder's general meetings specifie
		in the preceding paragraph shall b published in one or more newspaper
		designated by the securities regulator authority of the State Councilon th
		website of a recognized stock exchang
		or other media. Upon the publication of
		such announcements, all shareholders of
		the Domestic-Invested Shares shall b
		deemed to have received notices of relevant shareholders' general meetings
		For shareholders of Foreign-Investe
		Shares, subject to compliance with the laws, regulations and the listing rule
		of the place where the Company shares are listed, the notice of th
		shareholders' general meeting may be given by other means, such a
		publication on the Company's websit and on websites recognized by the
		regulatory authorities of the place

listing.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
60	Article 83: Any shareholder entitled to	Article 71: A shareholder may either
	attend and vote at a shareholders' general	attend the shareholders' general
	meeting shall have the right to appoint	meeting in person or appoint a proxy
	one or more persons (who may not be	or proxies to attend and vote at such
	shareholders) to act as his proxy(ies) to	meeting on his/her behalf.
	attend and vote at the meeting on his	
	behalf. The proxy(ies) so appointed by	Any shareholder entitled to attend and
	the shareholder may, pursuant to the	vote at a shareholders' general meeting
	instructions of such shareholder, exercise	shall have the right to appoint one or
	the following rights:	more persons (who may not be
		shareholders) to act as his proxy(ies) to
	1. the shareholder's right to speak at the	attend and vote at the meeting on his
	meeting;	behalf. The proxy(ies) so appointed by
		the shareholder may, pursuant to the
	2. the right to demand, whether on his	instructions of such shareholder, exercise
	own or together with others, a poll;	the following rights:
	3. the right to exercise voting rights on a show of hands or on a poll, provided however, that where more than one proxy	1. the shareholder's right to speak at the meeting;
	is appointed, the proxies may only	2. the right to demand, whether on his
	exercise such voting rights on a poll.	own or together with others, a poll;
		3. the right to exercise voting rights on a
		show of hands or on a poll, provided
		however, that where more than one proxy
		is appointed, the proxies may only
		exercise such voting rights on a poll.

### COMPARISON TABLE OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF DATANG INTERNATIONAL POWER GENERATION CO., LTD.

#### No. **Before amendments** 61 Article 84: Where the natural person shareholder attends in person shareholders' general meeting, he shall present his identification card or other valid document of identification and the stock account card; where the natural person shareholders appoints proxy(ies) to attend the shareholders' general meeting, the proxy(ies) shall present his/their valid document(s) identification and the proxy form(s).

The legal person shareholder shall appoint its legal representative or a proxy(ies) appointed by such legal representative to attend a shareholders' general meeting. Where the legal representative attends the shareholders' general meeting, he shall present his identification card and valid documentary evidence of his identity as the legal representative; where a proxy(ies) is/are authorized to attend the shareholders' general meeting, such proxy(ies) shall present his/their identification card(s) and the written proxy form(s) duly issued by the legal representative of the legal person shareholder.

#### After amendments

Article 72: Where the natural person individual shareholder attends in person the shareholders' general meeting, he shall present his identification card or other valid document of identification and the stock account card; where the natural person shareholders appoints proxy(ies) appointed to attend the shareholders' general meeting, the proxy(ies) shall present his/their valid document(s) of identification and the proxy form(s).

The legal person shareholder shall appoint its legal representative or a proxy(ies) appointed by such legal representative-legal person shareholder **by itself** to attend a shareholders' general meeting. Where the legal representative attends the shareholders' general meeting, he shall present his identification card and valid documentary evidence of his identity as the legal representative; where a proxy(ies) is/are authorized to attend the shareholders' general meeting, such proxy(ies) shall present his/their identification card(s) and the written proxy form(s) duly issued by the legal representative of the legal person shareholder or legal person shareholder by itself.

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<b>No.</b> 62	Before amendments  Article 85: A proxy form issued by a	After amendments  Article 73: A proxy form issued by a
02	shareholder where such shareholder	shareholder where such shareholder
	appoints a proxy to attend the	appoints a proxy to attend the
	shareholders' general meeting on his/its	shareholders' general meeting on his/its
	behalf shall contain the following	behalf shall contain the following
	information:	information:
	momuni	momutom
	1. name of the proxy;	1. The name of the appointing
	r J	shareholder, and the class and number
	2. whether the proxy is authorized to	of shares held in the Company;
	vote;	
	,	2. name of the proxy;
	3. instruction of casting approval for,	
	opposition or abstention vote against	2. whether the proxy is authorized to
	each proposed resolution at the	vote;
	shareholders' general meeting;	
		3. shareholders' specific instructions,
	4. the date of issuance and validity term	including instructions of casting
	of the proxy form;	approval for, opposition or abstention
		vote against each proposed resolution at
	5. signature of such shareholder or	the shareholders' general meeting;
	signature of a person who is authorized in	
	writing by such shareholder, if the	4. the date of issuance and validity term
	shareholder appointing the proxy is a	of the proxy form;
	legal person, such proxy form shall have	
	the company seal of such shareholder	5. if the appointing shareholder is an
	affixed, and the signature of the legal	individual shareholder, the proxy form
	representative of such shareholder or that	shall be signed by the individual
	of the person duly authorized by the legal	shareholder in person; if the
	representative.	appointing shareholder is a legal
		person shareholder, the proxy form
		shall bear the company seal of such legal person entity; signature of such
		shareholder or signature of a person who is authorized in writing by such
		shareholder, if the legal person
		shareholder appointing the proxy is a
		legal person, such proxy form shall have
		the company seal of such legal person
		shareholder affixed, and the signature of
		the legal representative of such legal
		person shareholder-or that of the person
		duly authorized by the legal
		in in legal

representative.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
65	Article 90: The register of attendance of a shareholders' general meeting shall be prepared by the Company. Such register shall record information such as each attendant's name (or name of unit), Identification Card number, address of domicile, the number of voting shares held or authorized, name of the appointing shareholder (or name of unit), etc.	Article 78: The register of attendance of a shareholders' general meeting shall be prepared by the Company. Such register shall record information such as each attendant's name (or name of unit), Identification Card number, address of domicile, the number of voting shares held or authorized, name of the appointing shareholder (or name of unit), etc.
66	Article 92: Where a shareholders' general meeting is held, directors, supervisors, Secretary of the board of directors, manager and other senior management of the Company shall attend the meeting as and when necessary.	Article 80: Where a shareholders' general meeting is held, directors, supervisors, Secretary of the board of directors, manager and other senior management of the Company shall attend the meeting as and when necessary. Where the shareholders' general meeting requires directors or senior management to attend the meeting, such directors or senior management shall be present and shall respond to shareholders' enquiries. The Company's directors, supervisors and senior management shall attend a shareholders' general meeting as and when necessary, and provide explanations and clarifications in respect of the enquiries and suggestions raised by the shareholders at such shareholders' general meeting.
67	Article 93: The Company shall formulate the rules of procedure for the shareholders' general meetings which shall provide detailed procedures for convening of and voting at the shareholders' general meetings, including notification, registration, consideration of and approval for the proposals, voting, vote counting, announcement of voting results, resolutions adopted at the meetings, meeting minutes, signing of such minutes and relevant announcements, as well as the principle of authorization by the shareholders' general meeting to the board of directors which shall be clear and specific. Such rules of procedures for the shareholders' general meetings shall be prepared by the board of directors and approved by shareholders at the shareholders' general meeting.	Article 81: The Company shall formulate the rules of procedure for the shareholders' general meetings which shall provide detailed procedures for holding of, convening of and voting at the shareholders' general meetings, including notification, registration, consideration of and approval for the proposals, voting, vote counting, announcement of voting results, resolutions adopted at the meetings, meeting minutes, signing of such minutes and relevant announcements, as well as the principle of authorization by the shareholders' general meeting to the board of directors which shall be clear and specific. Such rules of procedures for the shareholders' general meetings shall be prepared by the board of directors and approved by shareholders at the shareholders' general meeting.

Article 94: The board of directors and the board of supervisors shall report to the shareholders' general meeting of their work in previous year in every annual shareholders' general meeting.  Independent directors shall also give a report on the performance of his or her duties.  Article 82: The board of directors the board of supervisors shall report to the shareholders' general meeting of their work in previous year in every a shareholders' general meeting.  Independent directors shall also give a report on the performance of his duties.	ort to
the shareholders' general meeting of their work in previous year in every annual shareholders' general meeting.  Independent directors shall also give a report on the performance of his or her the shareholders' general meeting of their the shareholders' general meeting of work in previous year in every a shareholders' general meeting of their the shareholders' general meeting of work in previous year in every a shareholders' general meeting of their the shareholders' general meeting of their work in previous year in every a shareholders' general meeting of their work in previous year in every a shareholders' general meeting of their work in previous year in every a shareholders' general meeting of their work in previous year in every a shareholders' general meeting of their work in previous year in every a shareholders' general meeting of their work in previous year in every a shareholders' general meeting of their work in previous year in every a shareholders' general meeting.	
work in previous year in every annual shareholders' general meeting. Independent directors shall also give a report on the performance of his or her report on the performance of his	f their
shareholders' general meeting. Independent directors shall also give a report on the performance of his or her report on the performance of his	1 111011
Independent directors shall also give a report on the performance of his or her report on the performance of his	ınnual
report on the performance of his or her report on the performance of his	eeting.
	give a
duties. duties.	or her
69 Article 95: The Company's directors, Delete this article.	
supervisors and senior management shall	
attend a shareholders' general meeting as	
and when necessary, and provide	
explanations and clarifications in respect	
of the enquiries and suggestions raised by	
the shareholders at such shareholders'	
general meeting.	
70 Article 97: The Secretary of the board of Article 84: The Secretary of the board of	ard of
directors shall be responsible to take directors shall be responsible to	take
minutes of a shareholders' general minutes of a shareholders' g	eneral
meeting, and shall record the following meeting, and shall record the foll	owing
items: items:	
1. time, venue, agenda, name of 1. time, venue, agenda, nam	e of
convener; convener;	
2. names of the presiding person of the 2. names of the presiding person	
shareholders' general meeting and the shareholders' general meeting an	d the
	senior
management attending such meeting; management attending such meeting	ıg;
	1
3. number of the shareholders and 3. number of the shareholders	
proxies attending such meeting, the total proxies attending such meeting, the	
number of voting shares held by such number of voting shares held by	
shareholders and represented by such shareholders and represented by	
proxies, and the proportion of such proxies, and the proportion of	
voting shares to the total number of voting shares to the voting shares to the total number of voting shares to the voting sh	er of
shares of the Company; shares of the Company;	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	4. deliberation process, main points of the speech delivered and the voting result of each proposal discussed at the meeting;	4. deliberation process, main points of the speech delivered and the voting result of each proposal discussed at the meeting;
	5. the enquiries, opinion or suggestions raised by shareholders and corresponding responses or explanations given by directors, supervisors and senior management;	5. the enquiries, opinion or suggestions raised by shareholders and corresponding responses or explanations—given by directors, supervisors and senior management;
	6. name of the legal adviser, vote counter and scrutineer;	6. name of the legal adviser, vote counter and scrutineer;
	7. other information that shall be recorded in the minutes in accordance with these Articles.	7. other information that shall be recorded in the minutes in accordance with these Articles.
71	Article 98: The convener of a shareholders' general meeting shall ensure the truthfulness, accuracy and completeness of the minutes of such shareholders' general meeting. Such minutes shall be signed by the convener of the shareholders' general meeting or its representative, the presiding person of the meeting, the Secretary of the board of directors, and the directors, supervisors and senior management attending the meeting. The minutes shall be kept together with the register of attendance, proxy forms and other valid record on voting via internet or other means, and shall be kept for at least 10 years.	Article 85: The convener of a shareholders' general meeting shall ensure the truthfulness, accuracy and completeness of the minutes of such shareholders' general meeting. Such minutes shall be signed by the eonvener of the shareholders' general meeting or its representative, the presiding person of the meetingdirectors attending or observing the meeting, the Secretary of the board of directors, the convener of the meeting or its representative, the presiding person of the meeting, and the directors, supervisors and senior management attending the meeting. The minutes shall be kept together with the register of attendance, proxy forms and other valid record on voting via internet or other means, and shall be kept for at least 10 years.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
72	Article 100: Resolutions of a	Article 87: Resolutions of a
	shareholders' general meeting are	shareholders' general meeting are
	divided into ordinary resolutions or	divided into ordinary resolutions or
	special resolutions.	special resolutions.
	An ordinary resolution of a shareholders'	An ordinary resolution of a shareholders'
	general meeting shall be adopted by	general meeting shall be adopted by
	affirmative votes of no less than one half	affirmative votes of no lessmore than one
	of the votes being held by the	half of the votes being held by the
	shareholders who attend the meeting	shareholders who attend the meeting
	(including proxies).	(including proxiesthe shareholders
		appointing proxies to attend the
	A special resolution of a shareholders'	shareholders' general meeting).
	general meeting shall be adopted by	
	affirmative votes of no less than two-	A special resolution of a shareholders'
	thirds of the votes being held by the	general meeting shall be adopted by affirmative votes of no less than two-
	shareholders who attend the meeting (including proxies).	
	(including proxies).	thirds of the votes being held by the shareholders who attend the meeting
		(including the shareholders appointing
		proxies to attend the shareholders'
		general meetingproxies).
73	Article 101: A shareholder (including	Article 88: A shareholder (including the
	proxies) shall exercise the voting rights	shareholders appointing proxies to
	at a shareholders' meeting on the basis of	attend the shareholders' general
	the voting shares he holds. Each share	meetingproxies) shall exercise the voting
	shall carry one vote except for the	rights at a shareholders' meeting on the
	election of directors and supervisors that	basis of the voting shares he holds. Each
	shall adopt the cumulative voting system	share shall carry one vote except for the
	as prescribed by Article 78 of these	election of directors and supervisors that
	Articles. When major matters affecting	shall adopt the cumulative voting system
	the interests of small and medium	as prescribed by Article 78–66 of these
	investors are considered at the	Articles.
	shareholders' general meeting, votes	
	shall be counted separately for small and	When major matters affecting the
	medium investors. The results of separate	interests of small and medium investors
	counting of votes shall be publicly	are considered at the shareholders'
	disclosed in a timely manner.	general meeting, votes shall be counted
		separately for small and medium
		investors. The results of separate
		counting of votes shall be publicly
		disclosed in a timely manner.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	The Company's shares held by itself shall not be entitled to exercise voting rights and shall not be calculated in the total voting shares held by the shareholders present at the shareholders' general meeting.	The Company's shares held by itself shall not be entitled to exercise voting rights and shall not be calculated in the total voting shares held by the shareholders present at the shareholders' general meeting.
		Where a shareholder acquires voting shares of the Company in violation of the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 63 of the Securities Law, the portion of shares exceeding the prescribed percentage shall not carry voting rights within thirty-six months from the date of acquisition, and shall not be counted in the total number of voting shares present at the shareholders' general meeting.
		The board of directors, independent directors, shareholders holding 1% or more of the voting shares, or investor protection institutions established in accordance with laws, administrative regulations or the provisions of the CSRC may publicly solicit proxies for shareholders' voting rights. In soliciting such voting rights, the solicitors shall fully disclose to the solicited shareholders the specific
		voting intentions and other relevant information. It is prohibited to solicit shareholders' voting rights by means of consideration or disguised forms of consideration. Except as otherwise required by law, the Company shall not impose any minimum shareholding requirement for proxy solicitation.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
74	Article 103: The Company shall provide convenience by various means and manners for the shareholders to attend the shareholders' general meetings, including providing modern information technology such as online voting platform, provided however, that the Company shall ensure the legality and validity of such shareholders' general meetings.	Delete this article.
75	Article 104: Unless a poll is demanded by the following persons (before or after any voting by show of hands), voting at a shareholders' general meeting shall be conducted by show of hands:	Article 90: Unless a poll is demanded by the following persons (before or after any voting by show of hands), voting at a shareholders' general meeting shall be conducted by show of hands:
	<ol> <li>chairman of the meeting;</li> <li>at least two shareholders entitled to vote or their proxies;</li> <li>one or more shareholders (including proxies) individually or jointly holding 10% or more of the voting shares held by all shareholders present at the meeting.</li> <li>Unless voting by poll is proposed, the chairman of the meeting shall declare whether a proposal has been adopted according to the results of voting by show of hands, and record the same in the minutes of the meeting as conclusive evidence. There is no need to prove the number or proportion of the votes for or against a given resolution adopted at such meeting.</li> <li>The demand for voting by poll may be withdrawn by the person who makes such demand.</li> </ol>	1. chairman of the meeting;  2. at least two shareholders entitled to vote or their proxies;  3. one or more shareholders (including proxies) individually or jointly holding 10% or more of the voting shares held by all shareholders present at the meeting.  Unless voting by poll is proposed, the chairman of the meeting shall declare whether a proposal has been adopted according to the results of voting by show of hands, and record the same in the minutes of the meeting as conclusive evidence. There is no need to prove the number or proportion of the votes for or against a given resolution adopted at such meeting.  The demand for voting by poll may be withdrawn by the person who makes such demand.  The shareholders' general meeting shall adopt voting by registered ballot.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
76	Article 105: A poll demanded on such matters as the election of the chairman or the adjournment of the meeting, shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other matters shall be taken at such time as the chairman may decide, and the meeting may proceed to discuss other matters, while the results of such voting by poll shall still be deemed to be resolutions adopted at that meeting.	Article 91: A poll demanded on such matters as the election of the chairman or the adjournment of the meeting, shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other matters shall be taken at such time as the chairman may decide, and the meeting may proceed to discuss other matters, while the results of such voting by poll shall still be deemed to be resolutions adopted at that meeting.
		Before voting on a proposal at the shareholders' general meeting, two shareholder representatives shall be elected to take part in counting and scrutinising votes. Where the matter under consideration involves a related party relationship with a shareholder, such shareholder and its proxy shall not take part in counting or scrutinising votes.
		When votes are cast on proposals at the shareholders' general meeting, an attorney and shareholder representatives shall be jointly responsible for counting and scrutinizing votes, and the voting results shall be announced on the spot. The voting results shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.
		Shareholders or their proxies who vote via online or other means shall have the right to verify their voting results through the corresponding voting system.
77	Article 106: A shareholders' general meeting shall take vote on all proposals one by one. Where different proposals are raised for the same matters, such proposals shall be voted in accordance with the time sequence of the proposals' submission. The shareholders' general meeting shall not postpone the voting or leave the resolution not voted unless such particular causes as force majeure events have resulted in the suspension of the meeting or the failure to adopt resolutions.	Article 92: Except where the cumulative voting system is adopted, Aa shareholders' general meeting shall take vote on all proposals one by one. Where different proposals are raised for the same matters, such proposals shall be voted in accordance with the time sequence of the proposals' submission. The shareholders' general meeting shall not postpone the voting or leave the resolution not voted unless such particular causes as force majeure events have resulted in the suspension of the meeting or the failure to adopt resolutions.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
78	Article 109: The time of the conclusion	Article 95: The time of the conclusion of
	of an on-site shareholders' general	an on-site shareholders' general meeting
	meeting shall not be earlier than that is	shall not be earlier than that is held
	held through internet or otherwise. The	through internet or otherwise. The
	presiding person of the shareholders'	presiding person of the shareholders'
	general meeting shall announce the	general meeting shall announce the
	voting and its result of each resolution	voting and its result of each resolution
	and whether each resolution has been	and whether each resolution has been
	adopted according to such results.	adopted according to such results.
	Prior to the voting results is proclaimed,	Prior to the voting results is proclaimed,
	the Company, vote counter, scrutineer,	the Company, vote counter, scrutineer,
	major shareholders, internet service	major shareholders, internet service
	provider, are other relevant parties, who	provider, are other relevant parties, who
	are involved in the voting at the scene,	are involved in the voting at the scene,
	via internet, or otherwise shall bear	via internet, or otherwise shall bear
	confidential obligations to the voting and	confidential obligations to the voting and
	its results.	its results.
79	Article 110: The shareholders attending	Article 96: The shareholders attending a
	a shareholders' general meeting shall	shareholders' general meeting shall
	deliver any of the following opinion	deliver any of the following opinion
	about the proposals submitted for voting:	about the proposals submitted for voting:
	consent, objection or abstention.	consent, objection or abstention-, except
		for declarations made in accordance
	Where there are ballots on which the	with the intentions of the actual
	words are not filled in, are wrongly filled	holders, where the securities
	in or are not recognizable or the ballots	registration and clearing institution,
	that are not cast, relevant voters shall be	acting as the nominee holder of shares
	regarded as having given up their voting	under the stock connect mechanism
	rights and the voting results of their	between the Mainland China and the
	shares shall be regarded as "abstention".	Hong Kong stock markets.
		Where there are ballots on which the
		words are not filled in, are wrongly filled
		in or are not recognizable or the ballots
		that are not cast, relevant voters shall be
		regarded as having given up their voting
		rights and the voting results of their
		shares shall be regarded as "abstention".

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
80	Article 111: On a poll taken at a	Delete this article.
	shareholders' general meeting, a	
	shareholder (including proxy(ies))	
	entitled to two or more votes need not	
	cast all his votes for or against in the	
	same way.	
81	Article 112: When the number of votes	Delete this article.
	for and against a resolution are equal,	
	whether the vote is taken by show of	
	hands or on a poll, the chairman of the	
	meeting shall be entitled to cast an	
	additional vote.	
82	Article 113: Where any shareholder is,	Article 97: Where any shareholder is,
	under the Company Law or the Listing	under the Company Law or the Listing
	Rules, required to abstain from voting on	Rulesthe listing rules of the place
	any particular resolution or restricted to	where the shares are listed, required to
	vote only for or only against any	abstain from voting on any particular
	particular resolution, any vote cast by or	resolution or restricted to vote only for or
	on behalf of such shareholder (including	only against any particular resolution,
	his proxy(ies)) in contravention of such	any vote cast by or on behalf of such
	requirement or restriction shall not be	shareholder (including shareholders
	counted in the total number of voting	appointing proxies to attend the
	shares held by the shareholders (or,	shareholders' general meeting his
	proxies) attending such shareholders'	proxy(ies)) in contravention of such
	general meeting.	requirement or restriction shall not be
		counted in the total number of voting
		shares held by the shareholders
		(including shareholders appointing
		proxies to attend the shareholders'
		general meeting) attending such
		shareholders' general meeting.
83	Article 117: Where a shareholders'	Article 101: Where a shareholders'
	general meeting adopts the resolutions	general meeting adopts the resolutions
	concerning the election of directors or	concerning the election of directors—or
	supervisors, the commencement dates of	supervisors, the commencement dates of
	their term of office shall be determined in	their term of office shall be determined in
	accordance with the resolutions of the	accordance with the resolutions of the
	shareholders' general meeting.	shareholders' general meeting.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
84	Article 119: The following matters shall	Article 119103: The following matters
	be approved by ordinary resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting:	shall be approved by ordinary resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting:
	1. the work reports of the board of directors and the board of supervisors;	1. the work reports of the board of directors and the board of supervisors;
	2. the plans prepared by the board of directors for profit distribution and making up losses;	2. the plans prepared by the board of directors for profit distribution and making up losses;
	3. the appointment and removal of members of the board of directors and the board of supervisors, their remuneration and the methods of payment thereof;	3. the appointment and removal of members of the board of directors—and the board of supervisors, their remuneration and the methods of payment thereof;
	4. the Company's annual report;	4. the Company's annual report;5. other matters other than those required by
	5. other matters other than those required by laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of the Company to be approved by special resolutions.	laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of the Company to be approved by special resolutions.
85	Article 120: The following matters shall be approved by special resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting:	Article 104: The following matters shall be approved by special resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting:
	1. the increase or reduction of the Company's share capital and the issuance of any class of shares, warrants or other similar securities;	1. the increase or reduction of the Company's share capital—and the issuance of any class of shares, warrants or other similar securities;
	2. the issuance of bonds by the Company;	2. the issuance of bonds by the Company or to authorize the Board to resolve on
	3. the merger, division, dissolution or liquidation of the Company;	the issuance of corporate bonds;
	4. any amendment to these Articles;	3. the merger, division, <b>spin-off</b> , dissolution or liquidation of the Company;
	5. any acquisition or disposal of assets after the amount of the buying or selling of material assets by the Company for the	4. any amendment to these Articles;
	last 12 months has reached or exceeded 30% of the latest audited total assets;	5. any acquisition or disposal of assets after the amount of the buying or selling of material assets by the Company for the last 12 months has reached or exceeded 30% of the latest audited total assets;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	6. any external guarantee to be provided	6. in accordance with the principle of
	after the total amount of external	cumulative calculation based on the
	guarantee provided by the Company has	guaranteed amount within any
	reached or exceeded 30% of the latest	continuous 12-month period, any
	audited total assets;	external guarantee to be provided
		afterfor the total amount of external
	7. share incentive plan;	guarantee provided by the Company has
		reached or exceeded 30% of the latest
	8. adjustment to the profit distribution	audited total assets;
	policy of the Company;	
		7. share incentive plan;
	9. all other matters stipulated by laws,	
	administrative regulations or these	8. adjustment to the profit distribution
	Articles, and other matters decided in	policy of the Company;
	ordinary resolutions adopted by the	
	shareholders' general meeting as having	9. all other matters stipulated by laws,
	significant impact on the Company and	administrative regulations or these
	requiring adoption by special resolutions.	Articles, and other matters decided in
		ordinary resolutions adopted by the
	Unless it is otherwise provided in this	shareholders' general meeting as having
	Article or these Articles of Association,	significant impact on the Company and
	matters considered by the shareholders'	requiring adoption by special resolutions.
	general meeting shall be approved by	
	ordinary resolutions.	Unless it is otherwise provided in this
		Article or these Articles of Association,
		other matters considered by the
		shareholders' general meeting shall be
		approved by ordinary resolutions.

## COMPARISON TABLE OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF DATANG INTERNATIONAL POWER GENERATION CO., LTD.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
86	Article 121: The shareholders' general	Article 105: The shareholders' general
	meetings shall be presided over by the	meetings shall be presided over by the
	Chairman. Where the Chairman is unable	Chairman. Where the Chairman is unable
	or fails to perform his duty, the	or fails to perform his duty, the
	shareholders' general meetings shall be	shareholders' general meetings shall be
	presided over by a director jointly elected	presided over by a director jointly elected
	by no less than one half of the members	by no lessmore than one half of the
	of the board of directors.	members of the board of directors.
	Where the board of directors is unable or	Where the board of directors is unable or
	fails to perform its duty in convening a	fails to perform its duty in convening a
	shareholders' general meeting, the board	shareholders' general meeting, the board
	of supervisors shall timely convene and	of supervisors shall timely convene and
	preside over such meeting. Where the	preside over such meeting. Where the
	board of supervisors fails to convene and	board of supervisors fails to convene and
	preside over such meeting, shareholders	preside over such meeting, shareholders
	who, individually or jointly, holding no	who, individually or jointly, holding no
	less than 10% of the Company's total	less than 10% of the Company's total
	shares for no less than 90 consecutive	shares for no less than 90 consecutive
	days may independently convene and	days may independently convene and
	preside over the shareholders' general	preside over the shareholders' general
	meeting.	meeting.
	A shareholders' general meeting	A shareholders' general meeting
	independently convened by the board of	independently convened by the audit
	supervisors shall be presided over by the	committeeboard of supervisors shall be
	chairman of the board of supervisors.	presided over by the <del>chairman</del> convener
	Where the chairman of the board of	of the audit committeeboard of
	supervisors is unable or fails to perform	supervisors. Where the chairman of the
	his duty, the shareholders' general	board of supervisors convener of the
	meeting shall be presided over by the	audit committee is unable or fails to
	vice chairman hereof; where the vice	perform his duty, the shareholders'
	chairman is unable or fails to perform his	general meeting shall be presided over by
	duty, the meeting shall be presided over	the vice chairman hereof; where the vice
	by a supervisor jointly elected by no less	chairman is unable or fails to perform his
	than one half of the members of the board	duty, the meeting shall be presided over
	of supervisors.	by a supervisor a member of the audit
		committee jointly elected by no
		lessmore than one half of the members of
		the audit committeeboard of

supervisors.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	A shareholders' general meeting independently convened by the shareholders shall be presided over by the representative elected by the conveners.	A shareholders' general meeting independently convened by the shareholders shall be presided over by <b>the conveners or</b> the representative elected by the conveners.
	Where the presiding person violates the rules of procedures in the course of the shareholders' general meeting so that the meeting is unable to continue, another presiding person may, subject to the approval of more than one half of the shareholders with voting rights, be elected by the shareholders' general meeting to continue the meeting.	Where the presiding person violates the rules of procedures in the course of the shareholders' general meeting so that the meeting is unable to continue, another presiding person may, subject to the approval of more than one half of the attending shareholders with voting rights, be elected by the shareholders' general meeting to continue the meeting.
87	Article 122: At a shareholders' general meeting, the presiding person of the meeting shall decide whether a resolution is adopted. His decision shall be final and shall be announced at the meeting and recorded in the minutes of meeting.	Delete this article.
88	Article 123: In the event that the votes are counted at a shareholders' general meeting, the counting results shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.	Delete Articles 123 and 124.
	The minutes of the meeting together with the register of attendance and the proxy forms for proxies attending the meeting shall be kept at the domicile of the Company.	
	Article 124: Photocopies of the minutes of the shareholders' general meetings shall be available for shareholders' review during business hours of the Company without charge. If a shareholder demands from the Company photocopies of such minutes, the Company shall send such photocopies to him within seven days after its receipt of reasonable charges.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
89	Chapter 9 Class Shareholders' General Meeting	Delete Chapter 9 Class Shareholders' General Meeting, i.e. deletion of Articles 125 to 132.
	Article 125: Shareholders holding different classes of shares shall be class shareholders.	Articles 123 to 132.
	Class shareholders shall enjoy rights and assume obligations pursuant to the provisions of laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of the Company.	
	Article 132: In addition to shareholders of shares of other classes, shareholders of the Domestic- Invested Shares and shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares are deemed to be shareholders of different classes.  The special procedures for voting by class shareholders shall not apply to any of the following circumstances:  1. where the Company issues, upon approval by a special resolution at a shareholders' general meeting, the Domestic-Invested Shares and the Overseas- Listed Foreign-Invested Shares once in every 12 months, either separately or concurrently, and the respective numbers of the Domestic-Invested Shares and the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares proposed to be issued do not exceed 20% of the	
	respective numbers of the issued and outstanding Domestic- Invested Shares and Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares;	
	2. where the Company's plan to issue the Domestic-Invested Shares and the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares at the time of incorporation is completed within 15 months from the date of approval by the securities regulatory authority of the State Council.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
90	Before amendments	Article 106: Where the Company is required to convene a class shareholders' meeting in respect of any significant matter pursuant to the requirements of the securities regulatory authority of the place where the Company's shares are listed, the procedures for convening, voting and other relevant matters at such class shareholders' general meeting shall be conducted with reference to the relevant provisions of this chapter governing the shareholders' general meeting.
91	Article 133: The Company shall have a board of directors which is accountable to the shareholders' general meeting. Directors are natural persons.	Article 107: The Company shall have a board of directors which is accountable to the shareholders' general meeting.  Directors are natural persons.
	The board of directors is composed of 15 members, including a Chairman. The members of the board of directors, the number of independent directors and the composition of the board of directors and independent directors shall be in accordance with laws, administrative regulations, rules and regulatory documents.	The board of directors is composed of 15 members, including a-one Chairman. The members of the board of directors, the number of independent directors and the composition of the board of directors and independent directors shall be in accordance with laws, administrative regulations, rules and regulatory documents.
	Directors may concurrently hold the office of the manager or other senior management, provided however, that the aggregate number of directors concurrently holding the office of the manager or other senior management and directors acted by representatives of employees shall not be more than one half of the total number of directors.	Directors may concurrently hold the office of the manager or other senior management, provided however, that the aggregate number of directors concurrently holding the office of the manager or other senior management and directors acted by representatives of employees shall not be more than one half of the total number of directors.
	A director is not required to hold any shares in the Company.	A director is not required to hold any shares in the Company.

### COMPARISON TABLE OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF DATANG INTERNATIONAL POWER GENERATION CO., LTD.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
92	Article 134: The directors shall be	Article 108: The directors shall be
	elected by the shareholders' general	elected and replaced by the
	meeting. The term of office of a director	shareholders' general meeting and may
	shall not be more than three years. Upon	be removed by the shareholders'
	expiry, the term of office of a director is	general meeting before the expiry of
	renewable upon re-election.	their term of office. The term of office
		of a director shall not be more than three
	Except for the election of a director	years. Upon expiry, the term of office of
	whose term of office has expired or of a	a director is renewable upon re-election.
	director who is nominated by the board of	However, the consecutive term of an
	directors, the intention to nominate	independent director shall not exceed
	candidates for directorships and written	six years.
	notices from such candidates expressing	
	their acceptance of such nomination shall	Director candidates may be nominated
	be submitted to the Company at least	by the board of directors, the
	seven days prior to the date of the	nomination committee, the Supervisory
	shareholders' general meeting.	Committee, or shareholders who
		individually or jointly hold 1% or
	The Chairman of the board of directors	more of the Company's issued shares.
	shall be elected or removed by more than	However, independent director
	one half of all directors. The term of	candidates shall be nominated by the
	office of the Chairman shall be three	board of directors or by a shareholder
	years, which is renewable upon re-	or shareholders who individually or
	election.	jointly hold 1% or more of the
		Company's issued shares. The written
	Subject to the provisions of relevant laws	notice of intent to nominate a director
	and administrative regulations, the	candidate and the written
	shareholders' general meeting may by	confirmation by such candidate of
	way of an ordinary resolution remove a	willingness to accept the nomination,
	director whose term of office has not	as well as the basic information of the
	expired (provided however, that claims	candidate, shall be delivered to the
	which may arise on the basis of any	Company within a reasonable period
	contract shall not be affected).	prior to the convening of the
		shareholders' general meeting so as to
	The term of office of a director shall	enable the Company to dispatch or
	commence from his accession till the	make available such notice and
	expiry of the term of the current session	information to shareholders not less
	of the board of directors. Where election	than 10 trading days prior to the
	of directors fails to be timely conducted	convening of the shareholders' general
	upon expiry of the term of office of the	meeting.
	former directors, the former directors	
	shall, prior to the accession of the newly	Investor protection institutions
	elected directors, perform their duties as	lawfully established may publicly
	directors in accordance with laws,	request shareholders to authorise them
	administrative regulations, regulations of	to exercise the right to nominate
	regulatory authorities and provisions of	independent directors on their behalf.

these Articles of Association.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		A nominator shall not nominate any person who has an interest relationship with the nominator or any closely connected person whose circumstances may otherwise affect their ability to perform duties independently as an independent director candidate.
		Except for the election of a director whose term of office has expired or of a director who is nominated by the board of directors, the intention to nominate candidates for directorships and written notices from such candidates expressing their acceptance of such nomination shall be submitted to the Company at least seven days prior to the date of the shareholders' general meeting.
		The Chairman of the board of directors shall be elected or removed by more than one half of all directors. The term of office of the Chairman shall be three years, which is renewable upon reelection.
		Subject to the provisions of relevant laws and administrative regulations, the shareholders' general meeting may by way of an ordinary resolution remove a director whose term of office has not expired (provided however, that claims which may arise on the basis of any contract shall not be affected).
		The term of office of a director shall commence from his accession till the expiry of the term of the current session of the board of directors. Where election of directors fails to be timely conducted upon expiry of the term of office of the former directors, the former directors shall, prior to the accession of the newly elected directors, perform their duties as directors in accordance with laws, administrative regulations, regulations of regulatory authorities and provisions of these Articles of Association.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
93 –	Before amendments	Article 109: Independent directors shall meticulously perform their duties in accordance with the provisions under laws, administrative regulations, the CSRC, the stock exchange, and these Articles of Association. They shall play an active role in decision-making, oversight and checks and balances, and professional advisory functions within the board of directors, safeguard the overall interests of the Company, and protect the lawful rights
		Article 110: Independent directors must maintain their independence. The following persons shall not serve as independent directors:  1. Persons employed by the Company or its subsidiaries, and their spouses, parents, children, or principal social connections;
		2. Natural person shareholders who directly or indirectly hold 1% or more of the Company's issued shares or who are among the top ten shareholders of the Company, and their spouses, parents, or children;
		3. Persons employed by shareholders who directly or indirectly hold 5% or more of the Company's issued shares, or who are among the top five shareholders of the Company, and their spouses, parents, or children;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		4. Persons employed by subsidiaries of the controlling shareholder or actual controller of the Company, and their spouses, parents, or children;
		5. Persons who have significant business transactions with the Company, its controlling shareholder or actual controller or their respective subsidiaries, or who are employed by entities or their controlling shareholders or actual controllers that have significant business dealings with the Company.
		6. Persons who provide financial, legal, consultancy, sponsorship or other services to the Company, its controlling shareholder, actual controller or their respective subsidiaries, including but not limited to all project team members, reviewers at all levels, signatories of relevant reports, partners, directors, senior management, and major principals of the intermediaries providing services;
		7. Persons who have fallen under any of the circumstances listed in items 1 to 6 within the past twelve months;
		8. Other persons who are not independent as prescribed under laws, administrative regulations, the regulations of the CSRC, the business rules of the stock exchange, or the provisions of these Articles of Association.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		For the purposes of items 1 to 6 above, the subsidiaries of the controlling shareholder or actual controller of the Company shall not include enterprises that are controlled by the same stateowned asset supervision and administration authority as the Company and which do not constitute a relationship of the Company in accordance with the relevant regulations.
		Independent directors shall conduct an annual self-assessment of their independence and submit the self-assessment results to the board of directors. The board of directors shall annually assess the independence of each incumbent independent director and issue a special opinion, which shall be disclosed concurrently with the annual report.
		Article 111: A person serving as an independent director of the Company shall meet the following criteria:
		1. Possess the qualifications required to serve as a director of a listed company in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and other relevant provisions;
		2. Satisfy the independence requirements set out in these Articles of Association;
		3. Possess basic knowledge of the operation of listed companies and be familiar with relevant laws, regulations and rules;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		4. Have no less than five years of work experience in law, accounting, and economics necessary for the performance of the duties of an independent director;
		5. Possess good personal integrity and have no material adverse record of dishonesty or other misconduct;
		6. Meet other conditions as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, the regulations of the CSRC, the business rules of the stock exchange, and the provisions of these Articles of Association.
94		Article 112: The following procedures shall be fulfilled prior to the election of an independent director:
		1. The nominator of an independent director candidate shall obtain the consent of the nominee prior to the nomination, and shall fully understand the nominee's occupation, educational background, professional title, detailed work experience, all part-time positions, and whether the nominee has any material adverse record of dishonesty or other misconduct. The nominator shall provide an opinion on whether the nominee satisfies the independence requirements and other qualifications for serving as an independent director. The candidate shall make a public statement confirming that they meet the independence requirements and other qualifications for serving as an independent director. The candidate shall submit a written undertaking to the Company, whereby agreeing to accept the nomination, undertaking that the information publicly disclosed about the candidate is true, accurate
		and complete, and pledging to faithfully perform the duties of a director upon election.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		2. Where the nomination of an independent director candidate occurs prior to the convening of a meeting of the Company, and if required under applicable laws, regulations and/or relevant listing rules, the written materials concerning the nominee as set out in item 1 of this Article shall be announced together with the board resolution in accordance with such provisions.
		3. Where a shareholder or shareholders who individually or jointly hold 1% or more of the total issued shares of the Company submit an interim proposal to elect an independent director, the written notice of intent to nominate the director candidate, the nominee's written confirmation of willingness to accept the nomination, as well as the written materials and undertakings concerning the nominee as set out in item 1 of this Article, shall be delivered to the Company within a reasonable time before the convening of the shareholders' general meeting so as to enable the Company to issue or make available such notice and information to shareholders not less than 10 trading days prior to the shareholders' general meeting.
		4. Prior to the convening of the shareholders' general meeting at which an independent director is to be elected, and if required under applicable laws, regulations and/or relevant listing rules, the Company shall submit all relevant materials of the nominees to the stock exchange where the Company's shares are listed in accordance with such provisions. If the board of directors of the Company has any objection to the information concerning the nominees, it shall concurrently submit its written opinion to the board of directors. Any nominee to whom the stock exchange raises objections shall not be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for election.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
95		Article 113: As members of the board
		of directors, independent directors owe
		fiduciary duties and duties of diligence
		to the Company and all shareholders,
		and shall prudently perform the
		following responsibilities:
		1. Participate in the decision-making of
		the board of directors and express
		clear opinions on matters under
		discussion;
		2. Supervise potential material
		conflicts of interest between the
		Company and its controlling
		shareholder, actual controller,
		directors, or senior management, and
		safeguard the lawful rights and
		interests of minority shareholders;
		3. Provide professional and objective
		advice on the Company's operations
		and development, and promote the
		improvement in the decision-making
		quality of the board of directors;
		4. Perform other duties as stipulated
		by laws, administrative regulations,
		the regulations of the CSRC, and the
		provisions of these Articles of
		Association.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		Article 114: Independent directors shall exercise the following special powers:
		1. Independently engage intermediaries to conduct audits, consultancy or verification on specific matters of the Company;
		2. Propose to the board of directors the convening of an extraordinary general meeting;
		3. Propose the convening of a board meeting;
		4. Lawfully solicit shareholders' rights from shareholders in an open manner;
		5. Express independent opinions on matters that may harm the interests of the Company or its minority shareholders;
		6. Exercise other powers as prescribed by laws, administrative regulations, securities regulatory authorities, and these Articles of Association.
		Where an independent director exercises any of the powers listed in items 1 to 3 of the preceding paragraph, such exercise shall be subject to the consent of more than half of all independent directors.
		Where an independent director exercises the powers set out in the preceding paragraph, the Company shall make timely disclosures. If such powers cannot be exercised as intended, the Company shall disclose the specific circumstances and reasons.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		Article 115: The following matters
		shall be submitted to the board of
		directors for consideration only after
		being approved by more than half of
		all independent directors of the
		Company:
		1. Related party transactions that are
		required to be disclosed;
		2. Proposals for the amendment to or
		waiver of undertakings made by the
		Company or related parties;
		3. Decisions and measures adopted by
		the board of directors in respect of the
		acquisition of the Company in case
		that such acquisition takes place;
		4. Other matters as stipulated by laws,
		administrative regulations, the CSRC,
		and these Articles of Association.
		Article 116: The Company shall
		establish a special meeting mechanism
		attended by independent directors. For
		matters such as related party
		transactions to be considered by the
		board of directors, prior approval shall
		be obtained from the special meeting of
		independent directors.
		The Company shall convene special
		meetings of independent directors on a
		regular or ad hoc basis. The matters set
		out in items 1 to 3 of the first
		paragraph of Article 114 and those
		listed in Article 115 of these Articles of
		Association shall be considered by the
		special meeting of independent
		directors.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		The special meeting of independent directors may study and discuss other matters concerning the Company as necessary.
		The special meeting of independent directors shall be convened and presided over by an independent director jointly elected by more than half of all independent directors. Where the convener fails or is unable to perform such duties, two or more independent directors may convene the meeting themselves and elect one among them to preside.
		Minutes shall be prepared for special meetings of independent directors in accordance with the prescribed procedures, and the opinions of the independent directors shall be recorded in the minutes. Independent directors shall sign the minutes for confirmation.
		The Company shall provide facility and support for the convening of special meetings of independent directors.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
96	Article 135: The directors shall comply with laws, administrative regulations and these Articles and the following duties of diligence to the Company;  1. exercising cautiously, seriously and diligently the rights granted by the Company so as to ensure that the Company's business acts are in line with laws, administrative regulations and various requirements of economic policies of the State and its business activities are within the scope of business prescribed in the business license;	Delete this article.
	<ol> <li>treating all shareholders fairly;</li> <li>timely having knowledge of the business operation and management of the Company;</li> <li>reporting regularly to the Company and signing written confirmation opinion and ensuring the truthfulness, accuracy and completeness of the information disclosed by the Company;</li> </ol>	
	5. providing faithfully relevant information and materials to the board of supervisors and not impeding the board of supervisors or supervisors to exercise its/their functions or powers;  6. exercising other duties of diligence prescribed by laws, administrative regulations, regulations of regulatory authorities and these Articles.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
97	Article 136: Where a director fails to	Article 117: Where a director fails to
	attend a meeting of the board of directors	attend a meeting of the board of directors
	in person and fails to appoint other	in person and fails to appoint other
	directors to attend on his behalf for two	directors to attend on his behalf for two
	consecutive times, or an independent	consecutive times, or an independent
	director fails to attend the meetings of the	director fails to attend the meetings of the
	board of directors in person for three	board of directors in person for three
	consecutive times, such director or	<del>consecutive times,</del> such director—or
	independent director shall be deemed	independent director shall be deemed
	incapable to perform his duties and the	incapable to perform his duties and the
	board of directors shall propose the	board of directors shall propose the
	shareholders' general meeting to remove	shareholders' general meeting to remove
	such director or independent director.	such director—or independent director.
		Where an independent director fails to
		attend two consecutive meetings of the
		board of directors in person and does
		not appoint another independent
		director to attend on their behalf, the
		board of directors shall, within thirty
		days from the date such fact occurs,
		propose to convene a shareholders'
		general meeting the removal of such
		independent director.
98	Article 137: A director may resign before	Article 118: A director may resign before
	the expiration of his term of office. The	the expiration of his term of office. The
	resigning director may submit his	resigning director may submit his
	resignation report in written form to the	resignation report in written form to the
	board of directors which shall disclose	board of directors, in which case, an
	the relevant information within two days.	independent director may provide an
		explanation regarding any matters
		related to their resignation or any
		issues which they consider necessary to
		bring to the attention of the
		Company's shareholders and creditors.
		The resignation shall take effect on the
		date the Company receives the
		resignation letter, which and the
		Company shall disclose the relevant
		information within two trading days.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	Where the total number of directors is	Where the total number of directors is
	less than the minimum number required	less than the minimum number required
	by laws due to the resignation of	by laws due to the resignation of
	directors, the former directors shall, prior	directors, the former directors shall, prior
	to the accession of the newly elected	to the accession of the newly elected
	directors, perform their duties as	directors, perform their duties as
	directors in accordance with relevant	directors in accordance with relevant
	laws, administrative regulations,	laws, administrative regulations,
	regulations of regulatory authorities and	regulations of regulatory authorities and
	these Articles.	these Articles.
	Except for the circumstances prescribed	Where the resignation of an
	in the preceding paragraph, the	independent director results in the
	resignation of a director shall become	proportion of independent directors on
	effective upon the said resignation report	the board of directors or its special
	is served on the board of directors.	committees falling below the statutory
		minimum quorum, or where there is no
		accounting professional among the
		independent directors, the resigning
		independent director shall continue to
		perform his/her duties until a new
		independent director is appointed. The
		Company shall complete the by-
		election within sixty days from the date
		on which the resignation is tendered.
		Except for the circumstances prescribed
		in the preceding paragraph, the
		resignation of a director shall become
		effective upon the said resignation report
		is served on the board of directors.
99	Article 139: The independent directors	Deleted this article.
	shall perform their duties in accordance	
	with laws, administrative regulations and	
	relevant provisions of regulations of	
	regulatory authorities.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
100	-	Article 119: The shareholders' general
		meeting may resolve to remove a
		director, and such removal shall take
		effect on the date the resolution is
		passed.
		Where a director is removed before the
		expiry of their term of office without
		due cause, the director may request the
101	A 4°-1- 140 EV 1 1 1 C 1' 4 1 11	Company to provide compensation.
101	Article 140: The board of directors shall	Article 121: The board of directors shall
	be accountable to the shareholders'	be accountable to the shareholders' general meeting, and exercise the
	general meeting, and exercise the following functions and powers:	general meeting, and exercise the following functions and powers:
	following functions and powers.	following functions and powers.
	1. to convene shareholders' general	1. to convene shareholders' general
	meetings and report its work to the	meetings and report its work to the
	shareholders' general meeting;	shareholders' general meeting;
	2	2
	2. to implement resolutions of the	2. to implement resolutions of the
	shareholders' general meeting;	shareholders' general meeting;
	3. to decide on the Company's business	3. to decide on the Company's business
	plans and investment plans;	plans and investment plans;
	4 4- f	A to formulate decide on the Community
	4. to formulate the Company's plans for annual financial budgets and final	4. to formulate decide on the Company's
	annual financial budgets and final accounts;	plans for annual financial budgets and final accounts;
	accounts,	imar accounts,
	5. to formulate the Company's plans for	5. to formulate the Company's plans for
	profit distribution and making up losses;	profit distribution and making up losses;
	,	, ,
	6. to formulate proposals for the increase	6. to formulate proposals for the increase
	or reduction of the Company's registered	or reduction of the Company's registered
	capital, the issuance of the Company's	capital, the issuance of the Company's
	bonds or other securities, and the listing	bonds or other securities, and the listing
	project;	project;
	7. to prepare plans for major acquisition,	7. to prepare plans for major acquisition,
	repurchase of the Company's shares,	repurchase of the Company's shares,
	merger, division or dissolution of the	merger, division or dissolution of the
	Company, or the change of the	Company, or the change of the
	Company's nature of incorporation;	Company's nature of incorporation;

8. without prejudice to the requirements   8. Within	the scope of authorisation
under Article 62 of these Articles, granted by	the shareholders' general
considering and approving the external meeting, to	decide on matters such as
guarantees to be provided the Company; external in	nvestment, acquisition or
disposal	of assets, asset pledges,
9. to consider and approve the relevant external gu	uarantees, entrusted wealth
transactions in accordance with rules of managemen	nt, related party
	s, and external donations of
	any (where any authorised
	equired to be resolved by the
	rs' general meeting under
	rules of the place where the
	s shares are listed, it shall be
	to the shareholders' general
	for consideration after
	y the board of directors);
nominations to appoint or remove the	
	ejudice to the requirements
	cle 62 of these Articles,
	and approving the external
	to be provided the Company;
and bonus;	
	der and approve the relevant
	s in accordance with rules of
	et securities exchange(s) on
which the C	Company's shares are listed;
109. to deci	de on the Company's internal
managemen	
1110. to	appoint or remove the
Company's	general manager and
Secretary of	f the board of directors and
other seni	ior management, and to
	n their remuneration,
	t and bonus; and pursuant to
	I manager's nominations, to
	remove the deputy general
	financial officer, general
	nief compliance officer) or
	management of the Company
	eide on their remuneration,
punishment	and bonus;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	12. to formulate the Company's basic management system;	1211. to formulate the Company's basic management system;
	13. to prepare plans for amending these Articles;	1312. to prepare plans for amending these Articles;
	14. to handle matters in relation to the disclosure of the Company's information;	1413. to handle matters in relation to the disclosure of the Company's information;
	15. to propose to the shareholders' general meeting as to the appointment or change of the Company's audit firm;	1514. to propose to the shareholders' general meeting as to the appointment or change removal of the Company's audit firm engaging in the audit of the
	16. to consider the work reports of the manager and to examine his work;	Company;
	17. to decide on the salary structure and the welfare and bonus plan of the Company;	1615. to consider the work reports of the general manager and to examine his work;
	18. to decide on the establishment of special committees and the appointment and removal of the relevant members of	17. to decide on the salary structure and the welfare and bonus plan of the Company;
	such committees;	16. To consider and approve relevant transactions in accordance with the
	19. to decide on other important affairs and administrative matters which are not	rules of the stock exchange where the Company's shares are listed;
	required by these Articles to be decided by the shareholders' general meeting;  20. to exercise other functions and powers granted by the shareholders' general meeting and these Articles.	1817. to decide on the establishment of special committees and the appointment and removal of the relevant members of such committees;
	general meeting and these ratheres.	1918. to decide on other important affairs and administrative matters which are not required by these Articles to be decided by the shareholders' general meeting;
		2019. to exercise other functions and powers granted by the shareholders' general meeting and these Articles.

### COMPARISON TABLE OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF DATANG INTERNATIONAL POWER GENERATION CO., LTD.

#### No. **Before amendments** After amendments The board of directors of the Company The board of directors of the Company shall establish the audit committee, shall establish the audit committee, strategic development and risk control strategic development and risk control committee, nomination committee and committee, nomination committee and remuneration and appraisal committee. remuneration and appraisal committee. special committees shall The special committees shall be responsible to the board of directors, and responsible to the board of directors, and perform their duties in accordance with perform their duties in accordance with these Articles and the authorization of the these Articles and the authorization of the board of directors, and their proposals board of directors, and their proposals shall be submitted to the board of shall be submitted to the board of directors for consideration and decision. directors for consideration and decision. All member of the special committees All member of the special committees shall be directors, among which, the shall be directors, among which, the majority of the members of the audit majority of the members of the audit committee, the nomination committee committee, the nomination committee and the remuneration and appraisal and the remuneration and appraisal committee shall be independent directors committee shall be independent directors who also convene the meeting of such who also convene the meeting of such committees. The convener of the audit committees. The convener of the audit committee shall be an accounting committee shall be an accounting professional. The board of directors is professional. The board of directors is responsible for formulating working responsible for formulating working rules and standardizing the operation of rules and standardizing the operation of the special committees. the special committees. Resolutions relating to the above, save Resolutions relating to the above, save for items 6, 7, 8 and 13 above which for items 6, 7, 8 and 13 above which require to be approved through voting by require to be approved through voting by no less than two-thirds of all directors, no less than two-thirds of all directors, shall be approved through voting by no shall be approved through voting by no less than one half of all directors. less than one half of all directors. The opinions of the Party Committee Matters set out in items 6, 7 and 12 shall be heard before the board of above to be considered by the board of directors decides on material issues of directors, must be approved by more than two-thirds of all directors. the Company. Matters under item 8 above to be considered by the board of directors Where the matters to be considered by the board of directors involve legal that involve transactions relating to issues, the general counsel shall be the "provision of guarantees", must be present at the meeting and provide legal approved by more than two-thirds of advice. the directors present at the board meeting, in addition to obtaining approval from more than half of all directors. Remaining matters to be considered by the board of directors, must be approved by more than half of all directors. Where the securities regulatory body or stock exchange in the place where the shares of the Company are listed imposes more stringent requirements on the approval thresholds for such matters to be considered by the board of directors,

such requirements shall prevail.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		The opinions of the Party Committee shall be heard before the board of directors decides on material issues of the Company.
		Where the matters to be considered by the board of directors involve legal issues, the general counsel (chief compliance officer) shall be present at the meeting and provide legal advice.
102	Article 144: The board of directors shall not, without the approval of the shareholders' general meeting, dispose or agree to dispose of any fixed assets of the Company where the aggregate of (i) the estimated value of the proposed disposition of fixed assets; and (ii) where any fixed assets of the Company have been disposed in the period of four months immediately preceding the proposed disposition, the aggregate amount of value of such disposal, exceeds 33% of the value of the Company's fixed assets as shown in the last balance sheet placed before the shareholders' general meeting.	Delete this article.
	For the purposes of this Article, disposition of fixed assets shall include a transfer of interests in assets, but shall not include the use of fixed assets as guarantee. The validity of a transaction for the disposition of fixed assets by the Company shall not be affected by a breach of the first paragraph of this Article.	
103	Article 143: The board of directors shall determine the scope of authority for external investment, acquisition and sale of assets, mortgage of assets, external guarantee, wealth management through entrustment and connected transactions, and establish strict examination and decision-making procedures. Major investment projects shall be reviewed and examined by relevant experts and professionals, and be subject to the approval of the shareholders' general meeting.	Article 124: The board of directors shall determine the scope of authority for external investment, acquisition and sale of assets, mortgage of assets, external guarantee, wealth management through entrustment—and, connected transactions, external donations and etc., and establish strict examination and decision—making procedures. Major investment projects shall be reviewed and examined by relevant experts and professionals, and be subject to the approval of the shareholders' general meeting.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
No. 104	Before amendments  Article 144: The board of directors shall not, without the approval of the shareholders' general meeting, dispose or agree to dispose of any fixed assets of the Company where the aggregate of (i) the estimated value of the proposed disposition of fixed assets; and (ii) where any fixed assets of the Company have been disposed in the period of four months immediately preceding the proposed disposition, the aggregate amount of value of such disposal,	After amendments  Delete this article.
	exceeds 33% of the value of the Company's fixed assets as shown in the last balance sheet placed before the shareholders' general meeting.  For the purposes of this Article, disposition of fixed assets shall include a transfer of interests in assets, but shall	
	not include the use of fixed assets as guarantee.  The validity of a transaction for the disposition of fixed assets by the Company shall not be affected by a breach of the first paragraph of this Article 144.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
105	Article 145: The Chairman shall exercise the following functions and powers:	Article 125: The Chairman shall exercise the following functions and powers:
	1. to preside over shareholders' general meetings and to convene and preside over meetings of the board of directors;	1. to preside over shareholders' general meetings and to convene and preside over meetings of the board of directors;
	2. to monitor on the implementation of resolutions of the board of directors;	2. to <b>supervise and</b> monitor on the implementation of resolutions of the board of directors;
	3. to execute securities issued by the Company;	3. to execute securities issued by the Company;
	4. to exercise other functions and powers granted by the board of directors.	43. to exercise other functions and powers granted by the board of directors.
106	Article 146: Where the Chairman of the Company is unable or fails to perform his duties, a director elected jointly by no less than one half of directors shall perform the duties hereof.	Article 126: Where the Chairman of the Company is unable or fails to perform his duties, a director elected jointly by no lessmore than one half of directors shall perform the duties hereof.
107	Article 147: Meetings of the board of directors shall be held at least twice per annum. Meetings of the board of directors shall be convened by the Chairman who shall notify all the directors and supervisors 10 days before the date of such meetings. Shareholders representing no less than one tenth of the voting shares or no less than one third of all directors, or the board of the supervisors may propose to convene an extraordinary meeting of the board of directors. In the case of emergency, such extraordinary meeting of the board of directors may be convened on the basis of a proposal from no less than four directors or the manager of the Company. The Chairman shall, within 10 days after his receipt of the proposal, convene and preside over such meeting.	Article 127: Regular Mmeetings of the board of directors shall be held at least twice-four times per annum. Meetings of the board of directors shall be convened by the Chairman-who shall notify all the directors and supervisors 10 days before the date of such meetings. Shareholders representing no less than one tenth of the voting shares or no less than one third of all directors, or the board of the supervisors may propose to convene an extraordinary meeting of the board of directors. In the case of emergency, such extraordinary meeting of the board of directors may be convened on the basis of a proposal from no less than four directors or the manager of the Company. The Chairman shall, within 10 days after his receipt of the proposal, convene and preside over such meeting. In case of any of the following circumstances, shareholders representing more than one-tenth of the voting rights, more than one-third of the directors, or the audit committee may propose the convening of an extraordinary meeting of the board of directors. The Chairman shall convene and preside over the extraordinary meeting of the board of directors within ten days.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
108	Article 148: The notification method and	Article 128: The notification method and
	notice period for meetings of the board of directors and extraordinary meetings of	notice period for meetings of the board of directors and extraordinary meetings of
	the board of directors shall satisfy the	the board of directors shall satisfy the
	following requirements:	following requirements:
	1. if the time and location of a regular meeting of the board of directors have been determined by the board of directors in advance, no notice for such meeting shall be required;	1. if the time and location of a regular meeting of the board of directors have been determined by the board of directors in advance, no notice for such meeting shall be required;
	2. if the time and location of a regular meeting of the board of directors have not been determined by the board of	2. if the time and location of a regular meeting of the board of directors have not been determined by the board of
	directors in advance, the Chairman shall notify all directors and supervisors of the time and location of such meeting via	directors in advance, the Chairman Company shall notify all directors—and supervisors of the time and location of
	teletype, telegraph, facsimile, courier, registered mail or by hand no less than 10	such meeting via teletype, telegraph, facsimile, courier, registered mail or by
	days (but no more than 30 days) prior to such meeting;	hand no less than 10 days (but no more than 30 days) prior to such meeting of the
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	time and location thereof no less than 14
	3. the notice which shall include the	days prior to the convening of the
	agenda of the meeting of the board of directors and matters to be discussed,	regular meeting of the board of directors, or no less than 10 days prior
	shall be in Chinese and may attach an	to the convening of an extraordinary
	English version (if necessary);	meeting of the board of directors, by
		means such as personal delivery,
		facsimile, post, or email; in case of an emergency requiring the prompt
		convening of an extraordinary meeting
		of the board of directors, the meeting
		notice may be given at any time by
		telephone or other verbal means, and the convener shall provide an
		explanation at the meeting;
		3. the notice which shall include the agenda of the meeting of the board of directors and matters to be discussed, shall be in Chinese and may attach an English version (if necessary);

	Before amendments	After amendments
	4. if a director has attended a meeting of	4. if a director has attended a meeting of
	the board of directors and does not make	the board of directors and does not make
	any objection before or upon his	any objection before or upon his
	attendance at the meeting in respect of	attendance at the meeting in respect of
	his failure to receive the notice of the	his failure to receive the notice of the
	meeting, a notice of meeting shall be	meeting, a notice of meeting shall be
	deemed to have been issued to such	deemed to have been issued to such
	director;	director;
	5. regular meetings of the board of	5. regular meetings of the board of
	directors and extraordinary meetings of	directors and extraordinary meetings of
	the board of directors may be held	the board of directors may be held
	through telephone conferences or other	through telephone conferences or other
	similar communication facilities. When a	similar communication facilities. When a
	meeting is held through the aforesaid	meeting is held through the aforesaid
	facilities, all directors attending such	facilities, all directors attending such
	meeting shall be deemed to be attending	meeting shall be deemed to be attending
	the meeting in person so long as all the	the meeting in person so long as all the
	directors attending the meeting are able	directors attending the meeting are able
	to hear others' speeches clearly, and	to hear others' speeches clearly, and
	communicate and exchange views with	communicate and exchange views with
	each other.	each other.
109	Article 150: A meeting of the board of	Article 130: A meeting of the board of
	directors shall be held only when no less	directors shall be held only when no
	than one half of all directors attend the	lessmore than one half of all directors
	meeting.	attend the meeting. Each director shall
		have one vote. Resolutions of the board
	Each director shall have one vote.	of directors shall be adopted by no
	Resolutions of the board of directors	lessmore than one half of all directors.
	shall be adopted by no less than one half of all directors. Where the number of	but matters requiring the approval of not less than two-thirds of all directors
	votes cast for and against a resolution are equal, the Chairman shall have the right	under special provisions of these Articles of Association shall be handled
	to cast an additional vote.	in accordance with those special
	to cast an additional vote.	provisions. Where the number of votes
		east for and against a resolution are
		equal, the Chairman shall have the right
		to cast an additional vote.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
No. 110	Before amendments  Article 151: Where directors have connected relationship with the enterprises involved in matters considered at a meeting of the board of directors, such directors shall neither vote on such matters nor act as agents for other directors to exercise their voting power. Such meeting of the board of directors may be held when not less than one half of the non-connected directors are present and such resolutions tabled on the meeting of the board of directors require the approval of not less than one half of the non-connected directors. Where less than three non-connected directors attend such meeting, the said matters shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for consideration.	Article 131: Where directors have connected relationship with the enterprises or individuals involved in matters considered at a meeting of the board of directors, such directors shall timely submit a written report to the board of directors. Such directors having related party relationship shall neither vote on such matters nor act as agents for other directors to exercise their voting power. Such meeting of the board of directors may be held when not less than one half of the non-connected directors are present and such resolutions tabled on the meeting of the board of directors require the approval of not less than one half of the non- connected directors. Where less than three non-connected directors attend such meeting, the said matters shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for consideration.
111	Article 152: A director shall attend meetings of the board of directors in person. If a director is unable to attend a board meeting, he may appoint another director by a written power of attorney to attend the meeting on his behalf. Such power of attorney shall specify the scope of authorization.  The director who is appointed to attend a meeting of the board of directors on behalf of anther director shall exercise his rights as a director within his scope of authorization. If a director fails to attend a meeting of the board of directors and does not appoint anther person to attend on his behalf, such director is deemed to have given up his rights to vote at that meeting.	Article 132: A director shall attend meetings of the board of directors in person. If a director is unable to attend a board meeting, he may appoint another director by a written power of attorney to attend the meeting on his behalf. Such power of attorney shall specify the name of the proxy, authorized matters, the scope of authorization and the validity period, which shall also be affixed by the signature of the appointer or the seal.  The director who is appointed to attend a meeting of the board of directors on behalf of anther director shall exercise his rights as a director within his scope of authorization. If a director fails to attend a meeting of the board of directors and does not appoint anther person to attend on his behalf, such director is deemed to have given up his rights to vote at that meeting.

### No. **Before amendments** 112 Article 153: 1. The board of directors shall take minutes on matters discussed and decisions made at its meetings. Directors attending the meetings of the board of directors and the recorder shall sign the minutes. Minutes of each meeting of the board of directors shall be provided to all directors for their review as soon as possible. Directors shall be responsible for resolutions of the board of directors. Where a resolution of the board of directors violates any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of the Company and causes any serious loss to the Company, the directors who participated in adopting such resolution shall compensate the Company. Where a director is proven to have raised an objection to such resolution and his objection is recorded in the minutes, such director may be exempted from such liability. liability. 2. Written resolutions of the board of directors may be adopted as substitute for convening meetings of the board of directors, provided however, that drafts of such written resolutions shall be served on each director by hand, mail, telegram or facsimile. Where such resolutions have been distributed to, signed and approved by all directors of the board, and the signed copies have been delivered to the Company Secretary in any of the aforesaid manner, such resolutions will become resolutions of the board of directors and relevant meetings of the board of directors are not required to be convened.

After amendments Article 133: 1. The board of directors shall take minutes on matters discussed and decisions made at its meetings. Directors attending the meetings of the board of directors, the Secretary of the **board of directors** and the recorder shall sign the minutes. Minutes of each meeting of the board of directors shall be provided to all directors for their review as soon as possible. Directors shall be responsible for resolutions of the board of directors. Where a resolution of the board of directors violates any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of the Company and causes any serious loss to the Company, the directors who participated in adopting such resolution shall compensate the Company. Where a director is proven to have raised an objection to such resolution and his objection is recorded in the minutes, such director may be exempted from such

Minutes of the meetings of the board of directors shall be kept as part of the Company's archives for a period of not less than ten years.

2. Written resolutions of the board of directors may be adopted as substitute for convening meetings of the board of directors, provided however, that drafts of such written resolutions shall be served on each director by hand, mail, telegram or facsimile facsimile, mail, or e-mail. Where the number of directors who have signed in agreement has reached the statutory quorum required under laws, administrative regulations and these Articles of Association for making a decision on the relevant matter, and such signed resolutions have been submitted to the Secretary of the board of directors in the manner described abovesuch resolutions have been distributed to, signed and approved by all directors of the board, and the signed copies have been delivered to the Company Secretary in any of the aforesaid manner, such resolutions will become resolutions of the board of directors and relevant meetings of the board of directors are not required to be convened, unless otherwise provided by applicable laws, regulations and/or relevant listing rules.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		3. Minutes of meetings of the board of
		directors shall include the following contents:
		(1) The date, venue and name of the convener of the meeting;
		(2) The names of attending directors and the names of directors (proxies) attending on behalf of others;
		(3) The agenda of the meeting;
		(4) The key points of the directors' speeches;
		(5) The voting method and results for each resolution (the voting results of which shall specify the number of votes in favour, against, and abstentions).
113 –		Article 134: The board of directors of the Company shall establish an audit committee, which shall exercise the powers and functions of the board of supervisors as prescribed under the Company Law.
		Article 135: The audit committee shall consist of five members, all of whom shall be directors who do not hold any senior management position in the Company. Among them, three shall be independent directors, and the convener shall be an independent director with accounting expertise.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		Article 136: The audit committee shall
		be responsible for reviewing the
		Company's financial information and
		its disclosure, supervising and
		assessing internal and external audit
		work and internal control. The
		following matters shall be submitted to
		the board of directors for
		consideration only after being
		approved by more than one half of all
		members of the audit committee:
		1. Disclosure of financial information
		in financial accounting reports and
		periodic reports, and reports on the
		evaluation of internal control;
		2. Appointment or dismissal of the
		accounting firm responsible for
		auditing the Company;
		3. Appointment or dismissal of the
		chief financial officer of the Company;
		4. Changes in accounting policies or
		accounting estimates, or the correction
		of major accounting errors for reasons
		other than changes in accounting
		standards;
		5. Other matters as stipulated by laws,
		administrative regulations, the
		regulations of the CSRC, the rules of
		the stock exchange, and the provisions
		of these Articles of Association.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		Article 137: The audit committee shall
		convene at least one meeting each
		quarter. An extraordinary meeting
		may be convened upon the proposal of
		two or more members or if deemed
		necessary by the convener. Meetings of
		the audit committee shall be held only
		if more than two-thirds of its members
		are present.
		Resolutions of the audit committee shall be passed by more than one half
		of the members of the audit committee.
		Each member of the audit committee shall have one vote when voting on resolutions.
		Resolutions of the audit committee shall be recorded in minutes in
		accordance with the prescribed
		procedures, and all members of the
		audit committee attending the meeting
		shall sign the minutes.
		The procedural rules for the audit
		committee shall be formulated by the
		board of directors.
		Article 138: In addition to the audit
		committee, the board of directors of
		the Company shall establish a strategy,
		development and risk control
		committee, a nomination committee,
		and a remuneration and appraisal
		committee. These special committees
		shall perform their duties in
		accordance with these Articles of
		Association and the authorisation of
		the board of directors. Proposals made
		by the special committees shall be
		submitted to the board of directors for
		consideration and decision.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		All members of the special committees
		shall be directors. More than half of
		the members of the nomination
		committee and the remuneration and
		appraisal committee shall be
		independent directors, and the
		convener shall be an independent
		director. However, where otherwise
		stipulated by relevant authorities
		under the State Council with respect to
		the convener of a special committee,
		such provisions shall prevail.
		The board of directors shall be
		responsible for formulating the
		working rules or procedures of the
		special committees to regulate
		operations of the special committees.
		Article 139: The nomination committee
		shall be responsible for formulating
		the selection criteria and procedures
		for directors and senior management,
		and for identifying and reviewing
		candidates for directors and senior
		management and their qualifications.
		It shall make recommendations to the
		board of directors on the following
		matters:
		1. Nomination or removal of directors;
		2. Appointment or dismissal of senior
		management;
		3. Other matters as stipulated by laws,
		administrative regulations, the
		regulations of the CSRC, the rules of
		the stock exchange, and the provisions
		of these Articles of Association.

or fully adopt the the nomination of record the committhe specific reason them in the board rappropriate discloss.  Article 140: The appraisal committen responsible for performance assess directors and seconducting their formulating and remuneration mechanisms, procedures, paymarrangements, and policies and plans senior managements.	remuneration and ittee shall be formulating the sment criteria for nior management, evaluations, and reviewing the determination
the nomination of record the commit the specific reason them in the board of appropriate discloss.  Article 140: The appraisal commit responsible for performance assess directors and seconducting their formulating and remuneration mechanisms, procedures, paymarrangements, and policies and plans senior managements recommendations.	ommittee, it shall tee's opinions and is for not adopting esolution, and make ure.  remuneration and ittee shall be formulating the sment criteria for nior management, evaluations, and reviewing the determination
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the specific reason them in the board rappropriate discloss.  Article 140: The appraisal commensor responsible for performance assess directors and seconducting their formulating and remuneration mechanisms, procedures, paymental arrangements, and policies and plans senior managements.	remuneration and ittee shall be formulating the sment criteria for nior management, evaluations, and reviewing the determination
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Article 140: The appraisal common responsible for performance assess directors and seconducting their formulating and remuneration mechanisms, procedures, paymarrangements, and policies and plans senior managements.	remuneration and ittee shall be formulating the sment criteria for nior management, evaluations, and reviewing the determination
Article 140: The appraisal comm responsible for performance assess directors and se conducting their formulating and remuneration mechanisms, procedures, paym arrangements, and policies and plans senior managements recommendations	remuneration and ittee shall be formulating the sment criteria for nior management, evaluations, and reviewing the determination
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remuneration mechanisms, procedures, paym arrangements, and policies and plans senior management recommendations	determination
mechanisms, procedures, paym arrangements, and policies and plans senior management recommendations	
procedures, paym arrangements, and policies and plans senior management recommendations	decision-making
arrangements, and policies and plans senior managements recommendations	_
policies and plans senior management recommendations	ent and clawback
senior management recommendations	other remuneration
recommendations	for directors and
	nt. It shall make
directors on the fo	to the board of
	llowing matters:
1 The remunerati	on of directors and
senior managemen	
Semoi managemen	••
2. The formulation	of or amendment to
equity incentive	schemes, employee
share schemes, and	the achievement of
conditions for the g	rant and exercise of
rights by incentive	
2 The envengemen	ts made by directors
	management for
	in connection with
the proposed spin-	
the proposed spin-	or or our sidiality
4. Other matters as	stipulated by laws,
administrative	regulations, the
	CSRC, the rules of
	•
of these Articles of	, and the provisions

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		Where the board of directors does not adopt or fully adopt the recommendations of the remuneration and appraisal committee, it shall record the committee's opinions and the specific reasons for not adopting them in the board resolution, and make appropriate disclosure.
		The Company shall, in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and the requirements of relevant state authorities, formulate a remuneration management system for directors and senior management to safeguard the lawful rights and interests of employees and shareholders.
114	Article 155: The office of the Secretary of the board of directors shall be held by one or two natural person(s) with necessary professional knowledge and experience. Secretary of the board of directors shall be appointed or removed by the board of directors. The major duties of the Secretary of the board of directors are:	Article 142: The office of the Secretary of the board of directors shall be held by one or two natural person(s) with necessary professional knowledge and experience. Secretary of the board of directors shall be appointed or removed by the board of directors. The major duties of the Secretary of the board of directors are:
	<ol> <li>to ensure that the Company maintains complete organizational documents and records;</li> <li>to ensure that the Company, in accordance with laws, prepares and submits reports and documents required by the competent authority;</li> <li>to ensure that the Company's register of shareholders is properly prepared and that those who are entitled to obtain relevant records and documents of the Company are able to timely obtain such records and documents.</li> </ol>	1. to oversee corporate information disclosure affairs, coordinate work of corporate information disclosure, organize and formulate the establishment of the Company's information disclosure management system, and supervise the Company and related obligors of information disclosure to comply with relevant regulations of information disclosure;  2. to manage investor relations, coordinate communication of information between the Company and securities regulatory authorities, investors, de facto controllers, intermediaries, media, etc.;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		3. to arrange and organize board meetings and shareholders' general meetings, attend shareholders' general meeting, board meeting and meeting related to senior management officers, and be responsible for work of board meeting minutes, and signing them;
		4. to be responsible for work of confidentiality regarding the Company's information disclosures, promptly reporting and disclosing to the stock exchange, in cases of leak of significant undisclosed information;
		5. to monitor media reports and take the initiative to verify the truth, and urge for timely responses from related entities (including the Company) to inquiries from the stock exchange;
		6. to organise training for directors and senior management officers of the Company regarding provisions of relevant laws, regulations, and rules of the stock exchange, assisting the aforementioned personnel in understanding their respective responsibilities in information disclosure;
		7. to supervise directors and senior management officers complying with laws, regulations, rules of the stock exchange and the Articles of Association, and earnest fulfillment of their commitment; and shall remind the Company, directors and senior management officers, and promptly and honestly report to the stock exchange upon knowing their resolutions made violate or potentially

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		8. to manage changes of the Company's
		stocks and its derivative products;
		9. to perform other duties required by laws, administrative regulations,
		Articles of Association and the
		securities regulatory authorities or the
		stock exchange(s) where the shares of
		the Company are listed.
		1. to ensure that the Company maintains complete organizational documents and records;
		2. to ensure that the Company, in
		accordance with laws, prepares and
		submits reports and documents required
		by the competent authority;
		3. to ensure that the Company's register
		of shareholders is properly prepared and
		that those who are entitled to obtain
		relevant records and documents of the
		Company are able to timely obtain such
115	A.4.1. 459 TH	records and documents.
115	Article 158: The manager of the	Article 145: The general manager of the
	Company is accountable to the board of directors and shall exercise the following	Company is accountable to the board of directors and shall exercise the following
	functions and powers:	functions and powers:
	1. to take charge of the production,	1. to take charge of the production,
	operation and management of the	operation and management of the
	Company and to arrange the	Company and to arrange the
	implementation of the resolutions of the board of directors, and report to the board	implementation of the resolutions of the
	of directors;	board of directors, and report to the board of directors;
	2. to arrange the implementation of the	2. to arrange the implementation of the
	Company's annual business plans and	Company's annual business plans and
	investment plans;	investment plans;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	3. to prepare the plan for setting up the Company's internal management organisation;	3. to prepare the plan for setting up the Company's internal management organisation;
	4. to prepare the Company's basic management system;	4. to prepare the Company's basic management system;
	5. to formulate the basic rules and regulations of the Company;	5. to formulate the basicspecific rules and regulations of the Company;
	<ul> <li>6. to propose the appointment or removal of the Company's deputy manager, financial officer and general counsel;</li> <li>7. to appoint or remove management staff other than those who should be appointed.</li> </ul>	6. to propose the appointment or removal of the Company's deputy <b>general</b> manager, financial officer and general counsel (chief compliance officer) to the board of directors;
	other than those who should be appointed or removed by the board of directors;	7. to <b>determine the</b> appointment or removale management staff other than
	8. without prejudice to the provisions of Article 140, to exercise investment, borrowing and lending powers in respect	those who should be appointed or removed by the board of directors;
	of fixed assets of the Company representing no more than 1% of the share capital and to decide on the disposal of fixed assets representing no more than 1% of the share capital;	8. without prejudice to the provisions of Article 140121, to exercise investment, borrowing and lending powers in respect of fixed assets of the Company representing no more than 1% of the share capital and to decide on the
	9. other functions and powers granted by the board of directors and the Company's Articles.	disposal of fixed assets representing no more than 1% of the share capital;
		9. other functions and powers granted by the board of directors and the Company's Articles.
116	Article 161: When exercising his functions and powers, the Company's manager shall faithfully perform his obligations of diligences owed to the Company in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company.	Delete this article.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
117	Article 162: The working rules for	Article 148: The working rules for
	manager shall include the followings:	general manager shall include the
		followings:
	1. conditions and procedures for	
	convening a manager meeting, and	1. conditions and procedures for
	persons attending such manager meeting;	convening a general manager meeting,
		and persons attending such manager
	2. responsibilities and division of work of	meeting;
	the manager and other senior	
	management;	2. responsibilities and division of work of
		the general manager and other senior
	3. scope of authority regarding the use of	management;
	Company's funds and assets, and the	
	signing of material contracts, and system	3. scope of authority regarding the use of
	on reporting to the board of directors and	Company's funds and assets, and the
	the board of supervisors;	signing of material contracts, and system
		on reporting to the board of directors-and
	4. other matters deemed necessary by the	the board of supervisors;
	board of directors.	
		4. other matters deemed necessary by the
		board of directors.
118	Chapter 13 The Board Of Supervisors	Delete all contents of Chapter 13 The
		Board Of Supervisors.
	From Article 165 to Article 179.	
119	Chapter 14 Qualifications And	Chapter 12 Qualifications And
	Obligations Of Directors, Supervisors,	Obligations Of Directors, Supervisors,
	Manager and other Senior Management	Manager and other Senior Management
	Of The Company	Of The Company

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
120	Article 180: The following persons shall not hold the office of directors, supervisors, manager or other senior management of the Company:	Article 151: The following persons shall not hold the office of directors, supervisors, manager or other and senior management of the Company:
	1. persons without civil capacity or with restricted civil capacity;	1. persons without civil capacity or with restricted civil capacity;
	2. persons who have committed the offences of corruption, bribery, trespass of property, misappropriation of property or damaging the social economic order, and have been penalised due to the above offences, where less than five years have elapsed since the date of the completion of execution of the penalty, or persons who have committed crimes and have been deprived of their political rights due to such crimes, where less than five years have elapsed since the date of the completion of the execution of such penalty;	2. persons who have committed the offences of corruption, bribery, trespass of property, misappropriation of property or damaging the social economic order, and have been penalised due to the above offences, where less than five years have elapsed since the date of the completion of execution of the penalty, or persons who have committed crimes and have been deprived of their political rights due to such crimes, where less than five years have elapsed since the date of the completion of the execution of such penaltyand who is sentenced to
		probation, where less than two years
	3. persons who were former directors, factory chief or manager of a company or enterprise which has been liquidated and	has elapsed since the expiration of the probation period;
	become bankrupt and who were personally liable for the bankruptcy and liquidation of such company or enterprise, where less than three years have elapsed since the date of the completion of the bankruptcy and liquidation of such company or enterprise;	3. persons who were former directors, factory chief or manager of a company or enterprise which has been liquidated and become bankrupt and who were personally liable for the bankruptcy and liquidation of such company or enterprise, where less than three years have elapsed since the date of the completion of the bankruptcy and liquidation of such company or enterprise;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	4. a person who was the legal representative of a company or enterprise whose business licence has been revoked due to a violation of laws and who was personally liable, where less than three years have elapsed since the date of the revocation of the business licence of such company or enterprise;  5. persons who have failed to repay a	4. a person who was the legal representative of a company or enterprise whose business licence has been revoked due to a violation of laws and who was personally liable, where less than three years have elapsed since the date of the revocation of the business licence or order of closure of such company or enterprise;
	relatively large amount of debt due;  6. persons who have committed criminal offences and are still under investigations by judicial authorities;	5. persons who have failed to repay a relatively large amount of debt due and are listed as a person subject to execution for breach of trust by the people's court;
	<ul> <li>7. persons who, according to laws and administrative regulations, are not allowed to hold the office of officers of enterprises;</li> <li>8. persons who are not natural persons;</li> <li>9. persons who have been punished by China Securities Regulatory Commission with prohibition from securities market the term of which has not expired;</li> </ul>	6. persons who are subject to the CSRC's punishment which prohibits him/her from entering into the securities market for a period which has not yet expired persons who have committed criminal offences and are still under—investigations—by—judicial authorities;  7. persons who are publicly recognized by the stock exchange as unsuitable to serve as directors, supervisors, or senior management officers of a listed company, with an unexpired term persons—who, according to laws and administrative—regulations, are not allowed to hold the office of officers of enterprises;
		8. other circumstances stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or the securities regulatory authorities or the stock exchange(s) where the shares of the Company are listed. persons who are not natural persons;  9. persons who have been punished by
		China Securities Regulatory Commission with prohibition from securities market the term of which has not expired;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	10. persons who have been convicted by	10. persons who have been convicted by
	relevant regulatory authorities of	relevant regulatory authorities of
	offences of violating relevant securities	offences of violating relevant securities
	regulations and of involving in fraudulent	regulations and of involving in fraudulent
	acts or dishonest acts, where less than	acts or dishonest acts, where less than
	five years have lapsed since the date of	five years have lapsed since the date of
	conviction;	eonviction;
	11 11 11 66 41 41	
	11. persons holding any office other than	11. persons holding any office other than
	that of directors or supervisors in the	that of directors or supervisors in the
	Company's controlling shareholders shall	Company's controlling shareholders shall
	not concurrently act as senior	not concurrently act as senior
	management of the Company.	management of the Company. The senior
	The election appointment or an account	management of the Company only receives remuneration from the
	The election, appointment or engagement	
	of directors, supervisors, manager or	Company, and shall not be paid by the
	other senior management in	controlling shareholders.
	contravention of this Article shall be	The election appointment or engagement
	void. Directors, supervisors, manager or	The election, appointment or engagement
	other senior management involved in any	of directors <del>, supervisors, manager or other or appointment of senior</del>
	of the circumstances specified this  Article during the term of their office	other or appointment of senior management in contravention of this
	shall be removed by the Company.	Article shall be void. Directors,
	shan be removed by the Company.	supervisors, manager or other and senior
		management involved in any of the
		circumstances specified this Article
		during the term of their office shall be
		removed by the Company, and cease
		from performing their duties.
121	Article 181: The validity of the conducts	Delete Article 181 to Article 183.
	of directors, manager or other senior	
	management acting on behalf of the	
	Company with respect to bona fide third	
	parties shall not be affected due to any	
	violation of regulations in respect of the	
	employment, election or qualification of	
	such directors, manager or other senior	
	management.	

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Article 182: In addition to the	
obligations imposed by relevant laws,	
administrative regulations or the listing	
rules of the securities exchange(s) on	
which the Company's shares are listed,	
directors, supervisors, manager and other	
senior management of the Company,	
when exercising their functions and	
powers granted by the Company, shall	
-	
obligations:	
1. not to cause the Company to conduct	
specified in its business license;	
be in the best interest of the Company;	
2 44 1 3 3	
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Company,	
4 not to denrive the shareholders of their	
_	
_	
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accordance with the Articles of	
Association of the Company.	
1 3	
Article 183: Each director, supervisor,	
manager and other senior management of	
the Company owes a duty in exercising	
his powers and performing his duties, to	
exercise the care, diligence and skill that	
a reasonably prudent person would	
exercise under similar circumstances.	
	administrative regulations or the listing rules of the securities exchange(s) on which the Company's shares are listed, directors, supervisors, manager and other senior management of the Company, when exercising their functions and powers granted by the Company, shall owe to the shareholders the following obligations:  1. not to cause the Company to conduct business beyond the business scope specified in its business license;  2. to act honestly in what they consider to be in the best interest of the Company;  3. not to deprive in any way the Company of its assets, including (but not limited to) opportunities beneficial to the Company;  4. not to deprive the shareholders of their personal rights and interests, including (but not limited to) the rights to distributions and to vote, except in a reorganization submitted to and approved by the shareholders' general meeting in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company.  Article 183: Each director, supervisor, manager and other senior management of the Company owes a duty in exercising his powers and performing his duties, to exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
122	Article 184: Each director, supervisor,	Article 152: Each director, supervisor,
	manager and other senior management of	manager and other and senior
	the Company shall follow fiduciary	management of the Company shall have
	principles in performing their duties, and	a duty of loyalty to the Company, and
	shall not place themselves in a position	take measures to avoid conflicts
	where their interests and their obligations	between their own interests and the
	may be in conflict. Such principles shall	interests of the Company, and shall not
	include (but not limited to) the following:	use their powers to pursue improper
		interests.follow fiduciary principles in
	1. to act honestly in what he considers to	performing their duties, and shall not
	be in the best interest of the Company;	place themselves in a position where
	1 2	their interests and their obligations may
	2. to exercise his powers within the scope	be in conflict.
	specified and not to act ultra vires;	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Such principles shall include (but not
	3. to exercise in person the discretion	limited to) the following:Under the
	vested in him and not to act under the	above principles, the directors and
	direction of others and, unless and to the	senior management of the Company
	extent permitted by laws or	shall comply with the laws,
	administrative regulations or with the	administrative regulations and these
	informed consent of the shareholders'	Articles of Association, and be
	general meeting, not to delegate to	accountable to the Company including
	another person his power to exercise any	but not limited to the following
	discretion;	fiduciary duties:
	discretion,	inductary duties.
	4. to treat shareholders of the same class	1. to act honestly in what he considers to
	equally and to treat shareholders of	be in the best interest of the Company;
	different classes fairly;	be in the best interest of the company,
	different classes fairly,	2 to avaraise his navvers within the seems
	5 in	2. to exercise his powers within the scope
	5. except in accordance with these	specified and not to act ultra vires;
	Articles or with the informed consent of	
	shareholders in shareholders' general	3. to exercise in person the discretion
	meetings, not to enter into any contract,	vested in him and not to act under the
	transaction or arrangement with the	direction of others and, unless and to the
	Company;	extent permitted by laws or
		administrative regulations or with the
	6. not, without the informed consent of	informed consent of the shareholders'
	shareholders in the shareholders' general	general meeting, not to delegate to
	meetings, to use the Company's assets in	another person his power to exercise any
	any way for his own benefits;	discretion;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	7. not to use his position to accept bribes	4. to treat shareholders of the same class
	or other illegal income and not to	equally and to treat shareholders of
	expropriate in any manner the	different classes fairly;
	Company's assets, including but not	
	limited to opportunities beneficial to the	5. except in accordance with these
	Company;	Articles or with the informed consent of
		shareholders in shareholders' general
	8. not, without the informed consent of	meetings, not to enter into any contract,
	shareholders in the shareholders' general	transaction or arrangement with the
	meeting, to accept commissions in	Company;
	connection with the Company's	
	transactions;	6. not, without the informed consent of
		shareholders in the shareholders' general
	9. to comply with these Articles,	meetings, to use the Company's assets in
	faithfully perform his duties and protect	any way for his own benefits;
	the interests of the Company, and not to	
	use his position and powers in the	7. not to use his position to accept bribes
	Company for personal benefits;	or other illegal income and not to
		expropriate in any manner the
	10. not, without the informed consent of	Company's assets, including but not
	shareholders in the shareholder's general	limited to opportunities beneficial to the
	meetings, to complete in any way with	Company;
	the Company;	
		8. not, without the informed consent of
	11. not to misappropriate the Company's	shareholders in the shareholders' general
	funds or lend the Company's funds to	meeting, to accept commissions in
	others; not to open accounts in his own or	connection with the Company's
	other's name for the deposit of the	transactions;
	Company's assets and not to use the	
	Company's assets as security for the	9. to comply with these Articles,
	debts of the shareholders of the Company	faithfully perform his duties and protect
	or other individuals;	the interests of the Company, and not to
		use his position and powers in the
		Company for personal benefits;
		10. not, without the informed consent of
		shareholders in the shareholder's general
		meetings, to complete in any way with
1		the Company;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	12. not, without the informed consent of	11. not to misappropriate the Company's
	shareholders in the shareholders' general	funds or lend the Company's funds to
	meetings, to disclose confidential	others; not to open accounts in his own or
	information in relation to the Company	other's name for the deposit of the
	obtained while in office and not to use	Company's assets and not to use the
	such information other than in	Company's assets as security for the
	furtherance of the interests of the	debts of the shareholders of the Company
	Company, save and except that the disclosure of such information to a court	or other individuals;
	or other governmental authorities is	12. not, without the informed consent of
	permitted if:	shareholders in the shareholders' general
	permitted ii.	meetings, to disclose confidential
	(1) such disclosure is required by laws;	information in relation to the Company
		obtained while in office and not to use
	(2) such disclosure is required by public	such information other than in
	interests;	furtherance of the interests of the
		Company, save and except that the
	(3) such disclosure is required by the	disclosure of such information to a court
	personal interests of such director,	or other governmental authorities is
	supervisor, manager or other senior	permitted if:
	management. Any gain obtained by any	(1) such disclosure is required by large.
	director, supervisor, manager or other senior management due to his breach of	(1) such disclosure is required by laws;
	this Article shall belong to the Company.	(2) such disclosure is required by public
	this rifficie shall belong to the company.	interests;
		,
		(3) such disclosure is required by the
		personal interests of such director,
		supervisor, manager or other senior
		management. Any gain obtained by any
		director, supervisor, manager or other
		senior management due to his breach of
		this Article shall belong to the Company.
		1. not to misappropriate the properties
		of the Company and not to
		misappropriate the money of the
		Company;
		2. not to deposit any assets or money of
		the Company in any accounts under
		their names or in the names of other
		persons;
		3. not to abuse their rights to bribe or
		accept other illegal income;
		accept outer megar meonic,

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		4. not to enter into contracts or
		transactions, directly or indirectly,
		with the Company without reporting to
		the board of directors or the
		shareholders' general meeting and
		being approved by a resolution of the
		board of directors or the shareholders'
		general meeting in accordance with
		these Articles of Association. The
		above provisions under this item shall
		be applicable to the close family
		members of the directors and senior
		management, the enterprises directly
		or indirectly controlled by the
		directors, senior management or their
		close family members, and the related
		persons who have other related
		relationships with the directors and
		senior management when they enter
		into contracts or conduct transactions
		with the Company;
		5. not to use their position to obtain
		business opportunities which should be
		available to the Company for
		themselves or others, except when
		reported to the board of directors or
		the shareholders' general meeting and
		approved by a resolution of the
		shareholders' general meeting, or when
		the Company, according to laws,
		administrative regulations or the
		provisions of these Articles of
		Association, cannot utilise such
		business opportunities;
		business opportunities,

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		6. not to run his/her own or others'
		business which is similar to the
		Company's business without reporting
		to the board of directors or the
		shareholders' general meeting and
		being approved by a resolution of the
		shareholders' general meeting;
		gg,
		7. not to accept commissions from
		transactions with the Company for
		their own benefits;
		their own benefits,
		8. not to disclose the secrets of the
		Company without consent;
		company without consent,
		9. not to use their affiliated
		relationship to harm the interests of
		the Company;
		the company,
		10. not to lend funds of the Company to
		any other person or use the property of
		the Company to provide guarantee for
		any other person without the consent
		of the shareholders' general meeting or
		the board of directors in contravention
		of the provisions of these Articles of
		Association;
		Association,
		11. to be bound by other duties of
		· ·
		fiduciary stipulated by the laws, administrative regulations,
		departmental rules and these Articles
		of Association.
		Any gain obtained by any director
		Any gain obtained by any director,
		supervisor, manager or other and senior
		management due to his breach of this
		Article shall belong to the Company;
		they shall be liable for compensation if
		any loss is caused to the Company.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
123	_	Article 153: The directors and senior
		management shall comply with the
		laws, administrative regulations and
		these Articles of Association, shall
		diligently perform their obligations to
		the Company, and shall fulfill their
		obligations with reasonable care
		generally due to managers in the best
		interests of the Company.
		Under the above principles, the
		directors shall be accountable to the
		Company including but not limited to
		the following duties of diligence:
		1. to exercise prudently,
		conscientiously and diligently the
		rights granted by the Company to
		ensure that the Company's commercial
		activities are in compliance with the
		laws, administrative regulations and the requirements of economic policies
		of China and that its commercial
		activities are within the scope
		stipulated in the business license;
		supulated in the business needse,
		2. to treat all shareholders fairly;
		3. to understand the operation and
		management of the Company in a
		timely manner;
		4 to approve magular remarks of the
		4. to approve regular reports of the
		Company in written form and to
		ensure the integrity, accuracy and completeness of the information
		disclosed by the Company;
		uisclosed by the Company;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		<ul><li>5. to provide the relevant information and materials required by the audit committee and shall not obstruct the exercise of its functions and powers of the audit committee;</li><li>6. to perform other obligations of</li></ul>
		diligence stipulated by the laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and these Articles of Association.
124	Article 185: Where any director, supervisor, manager or other senior management of the Company who violates any laws, administrative regulations, regulations of regulatory authorities or these Articles in the course of performing his duties and causes losses to the Company, such director, supervisor, manager or other senior management shall be held liable for	Article 154: Where the directors and senior management of the Company cause damage to others in the course of performing their duties, the Company shall be held liable for compensation; where the directors and senior management acts with intent or gross negligence, they shall also be held liable for compensation.
	compensation.	Where any director, supervisor, manager or other and senior management of the Company who violates any laws, administrative regulations, regulations of regulatory authorities or these Articles in the course of performing his duties and causes losses to the Company, such director, supervisor, manager or other senior management shall be held liable for compensation.
		Where the directors and senior management violate the laws and administrative regulations or the provisions of these Articles of Association, which causes damage to the interests of shareholders, the shareholders may initiate legal action in the people's court.
		Senior management of the Company shall faithfully perform their duties and safeguard the maximum interests of the Company and all shareholders. Senior management of the Company shall be held liable for compensation in accordance with the law for any damage caused to the interests of the Company and public shareholders as a
		result of their failure to faithfully perform their duties or breach of their integrity obligations.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
125	Article 186: A director, supervisor,	Delete Article 186 to Article 198.
	manager or other senior management	
	shall not direct any of the following	
	persons or institutions ("Connected	
	Person") to do what such director,	
	supervisor, manager or other senior	
	management is not permitted to do:	
	Article 198: In contracts for emoluments	
	entered into by the Company and its	
	directors and supervisors, provisions	
	shall be made for the right of a director or	
	supervisor, in a take-over of the	
	Company and subject to the prior	
	approval of the shareholders' general	
	meeting, to receive compensation or	
	other payment for loss of office or for his	
	retirement from office. The	
	abovementioned take-over of the	
	Company means any of the following:	
	1. an offer made by any person to all	
	shareholders;	
	2. an offer made by any person for the	
	purpose of making the offeror become a	
	controlling shareholder.	
	6 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Any sum received by a director or	
	supervisor in contravention of the	
	provisions of this Article shall belong to	
	those persons who have sold their shares	
	as a result of the offer made as specified	
	above, and the expenses incurred in	
	distributing that sum pro rata amongst	
	those person shall be borne by such	
	director and supervisor and shall not be	
	deducted from the sum distributed.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
126		Article 155: The Company has established a system for managing the departure of directors and senior management, and has specified safeguards for the recovery of liability and compensation for unfulfilled public undertakings and other outstanding matters. When the resignation of directors and senior management takes effect or when their term of office expires, they shall complete all handover procedures to the board of directors. Their fiduciary duties towards the Company and the shareholders shall not expire after the end of their term of office and will be still effective within three years after the resignation of directors and senior management takes effect or their term of office expires. The responsibilities of directors and senior management in the performance of their duties during their term of office shall not be relieved or terminated by reason of their departure from office.
127	Article 199: The Company shall establish the Party Committee consisting of a secretary and several other members. Eligible members of the Party Committee may be considered and appointed as members of the Board, the board of Supervisors and the management through legal procedures. Eligible members in the Board, the board of Supervisors and the management who are members of the Communist Party of China may be considered and appointed as members of the Party Committee in accordance with relevant requirements and procedures. Meanwhile, the discipline inspection committee shall be established as required.	Article 156: The Company shall establish the Party Committee consisting of a secretary and several other members. Eligible members of the Party Committee may be considered and appointed as members of the Board, the board of Supervisors and the management through legal procedures. Eligible members in the Board, the board of Supervisors and the management who are members of the Communist Party of China may be considered and appointed as members of the Party Committee in accordance with relevant requirements and procedures. Meanwhile, the discipline inspection committee shall be established as required.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
128	Chapter 16 Financial And Accounting	Chapter 14 Financial And Accounting
	System And Distribution Of Profit	System, And Distribution Of Profit And Audit
130	Article 202: The Company shall prepare its financial report at the end of each financial year. Such financial report shall be examined and verified in accordance with laws.  Article 203: In accordance with the	Article 159: The Company shall prepare its financial and accounting report at the end of each financial year. Such financial report shall be examined and verified in accordance with laws, which shall be audited by an accounting firm in accordance with laws.  Article 160: In accordance with the
	requirements of the securities regulatory authority of the State Council and the securities exchange(s) on which the Company's shares are listed, the Company shall submit to such authority and securities exchange(s) the annual, semiannual and quarterly financial and accounting reports.  The aforesaid financial and accounting reports shall be prepared in accordance with relevant laws, administrative regulations and regulations of regulatory authorities.	requirements of the securities regulatory authority of the State Council and the securities exchange(s) on which the Company's shares are listed, the Company shall submit to such authority and securities exchange(s) the annual, semiannual and quarterly financial and accounting reports. The Company shall submit and disclose its annual report to the local offices of the CSRC and the relevant stock exchange(s) within four months after the end of each fiscal year, its interim report to the local offices of the CSRC and the relevant stock exchange(s) within two months after the end of the first six months of each fiscal year. Quarterly financial accounting reports shall be submitted to the local offices of the CSRC and stock exchanges within one month after the end of the first three months and the first nine months of each financial year.  The aforesaid financial and accounting annual reports and interim report shall be prepared in accordance with relevant laws, administrative regulations, and regulations of regulatory authorities provisions of the CSRC and the stock exchange where the shares of the Company are listed.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
131	Article 204: The board of directors of the	Delete Article 204, Article 205, Article
	Company shall place before the	207 and Article 208.
	shareholders at every annual	
	shareholders' general meeting such	
	financial report to be prepared by the	
	Company as required by laws,	
	administrative regulations, regulations	
	issued by local governments or governing	
	authorities.	
	Article 208: The Company shall publish	
	its financial reports twice in each	
	financial year, that is, publishing its	
	interim financial report within 60 days	
	after the end of the first six months of a	
	financial year and publishing its annual	
	financial report within 120 days after the	
	end of a financial year.	
132	Article 209: The Company may not have	Article 162: The Company may not have
	any accounting book other than that	any accounting book other than that
	required by law. The assets of the	required by law. The assets of the
	Company shall not be deposited in any	Company shall not be deposited in any
133	account under any individual's name. <b>Article 210:</b> 1. The profits of the	account under any individual's name.  Article 163: When distributing the
133	Company after paying relevant taxes	after-tax profits of the current year,
	shall be applied in the following order:	the Company shall take actions in
	shari be applied in the following order.	accordance with the following
	(1) making up of losses;	requirements:
	(2) allocation to statutory common	1. The profits of the Company after
	reserve fund;	paying relevant taxes shall be applied in
		the following order:
	(3) allocation to discretionary common	
	reserve fund;	(1) making up of losses;
	(4) payment of dividends in respect of the	(2) allocation to statutory common
	ordinary shares.	reserve fund;
	ordinary shares.	Tosof vo Tunu,
		(3) allocation to discretionary common
		reserve fund;
		(4) payment of dividends in respect of the
		ordinary shares.
		Ordinary snares.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	The detailed distribution proportions in respect of items 3 to 4 above for any particular year shall be formulated by the board of directors in accordance with the operational conditions and development requirements of the Company and shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for approval.	The detailed distribution proportions in respect of items 3 to 4 above for any particular year shall be formulated by the board of directors in accordance with the operational conditions and development requirements of the Company and shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for approval.
	2. No dividend shall be distributed before the Company has made up its losses and has made allocation to the statutory common reserve fund. No dividend, unless the same is not paid by the Company when due and payable, shall bear interest as against the Company.	2. No dividend shall be distributed before the Company has made up its losses and has made allocation to the statutory common reserve fund. No dividend, unless the same is not paid by the Company when due and payable, shall bear interest as against the Company.
	3. The Company shall allocate 10% of its after-tax profits to the statutory common reserve fund; provided however, that no allocation is required if the statutory common reserve fund has reached 50% of the registered capital of the Company.  4. The discretionary common reserve fund shall be allocated separately out of the profits of the Company in accordance with the resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting.  5. The capital common reserve fund includes the following:  (1) the amount of share premium resulting from the issue of shares at a premium;  (2) other income required by the authority in charge of finance of the State Council to be appropriated to the capital common reserve fund.	32. When distributing the after-tax profits of the current year, The Company shall allocate 10% of its after-tax profits to the statutory common reserve fund of the Company; provided however, that no allocation is required if the accumulated statutory common reserve fund of the Company has reached exceeded 50% of the registered capital of the Company.  43. After having allocated the after-tax profits of the Company to the statutory common reserve fund, the Company may, subject to approval of shareholders at a general meeting, further allocate funds to the discretionary common reserve fund. The discretionary common reserve fund shall be allocated separately out of the profits of the Company in accordance with the resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting.  4. The remaining profits shall, after making up for losses in the previous years and allocating funds to the common reserve funds, be distributed to shareholders on a pro rata basis in accordance with the number of shares held by the shareholders.  If the shareholders' general meeting distributes profits to shareholders in violation of the Company Law, the shareholders shall return the profits distributed in violation of the regulations to the Company; if losses are caused to the Company, the shareholders and responsible directors and senior management shall be held liable for compensation.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	6. The common reserve fund of the	5. The capital common reserve fund
	Company includes the statutory common	includes the following:
	reserve fund, discretionary common	
	reserve fund and the capital common	(1) the amount of share premium
	reserve fund. The common reserve fund	resulting from the issue of shares at a
	may be used for the following purposes:	premium;
	(1) to make up losses, provided however,	(2) the proceeds from the issuance of
	that the capital common reserve fund	no-par shares are not credited to the
	should not be used to make up loss;	registered capital;
	(2) to expand the Company's production	(23) other <b>items</b> income-required by the
	and operations; and	authority in charge of finance of the State
	_	Council to be appropriated to the capital
	(3) for the conversion into share capital.	common reserve fund.
	The Company may, upon approval by a	
	resolution of the shareholders' general	6. The common reserve fund of the
	meeting, convert its common reserve	Company includes the statutory common
	fund into share capital and issue bonus	reserve fund, discretionary common
	shares to existing shareholders in	reserve fund and the capital common
	proportion to their original shareholdings or increase the nominal value of each	reserve fund. The common reserve fund
	share. When converting the Company's	may be used for the following purposes:
	statutory common reserve fund into	(1) when it is used to make up losses,
	capital, the amount of such common	provided however, that the capital
	reserve fund remaining unconverted must	common reserve fund should not be used
	not be less than 25% of the registered	to make up loss the discretionary
	capital.	common reserve fund and statutory
		common reserve fund shall be firstly
	7. Subject to the restrictions imposed by	used. If losses still cannot be made up,
	the above provisions, annual dividends	the capital common reserve fund can
	shall be paid in proportion to the	be used according to the relevant
	shareholding of each shareholder within	provisions; where the Company's
	six months after the end of each financial	statutory common reserve fund is
	year. The annual dividends shall be	insufficient to make up for the losses
	approved by the shareholders' general	incurred in previous years, the profits
	meeting, provided however, that the	for the current year shall first be used
	amount of dividends payable shall not	to make up the said losses before any
	exceed the amount recommended by the	allocation is made to the statutory
	board of directors.	common reserve fund in accordance with these Articles of Association.
		(2) to expand the Company's production and operations;—and

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	Where the shareholders' general meeting	(3) for the conversion into share capital.
	violates the preceding paragraph to	The Company may, upon approval by a
	distribute profit to the shareholders prior	resolution of the shareholders' general
	to the make up of losses and allocation to	meeting, convert its common reserve
	statutory common reserve fund,	fund into share capital and issue bonus
	shareholders shall refund the profit	shares to existing shareholders in
	hereof to the Company.	proportion to their original shareholdings
		or increase the nominal value of each
	The Company's shares held by itself are	share. When converting the Company's
	not entitled to the distribution of profits.	statutory common reserve fund into
		capital, the amount of such common
		reserve fund remaining unconverted must
		not be less than 25% of the registered
		capital before the conversion.
		7. Subject to the restrictions imposed by
		the above provisions, annual dividends
		shall be paid in proportion to the
		shareholding of each shareholder within
		six months after the end of each financial
		year. The annual dividends shall be
		approved by the shareholders' general
		meeting, provided however, that the
		amount of dividends payable shall not
		exceed the amount recommended by the
		board of directors.
		Where the shareholders' general meeting
		violates the preceding paragraph to
		distribute profit to the shareholders prior
		to the make up of losses and allocation to
		statutory common reserve fund,
		shareholders shall refund the profit
		hereof to the Company.
		The Company's shares held by itself are
		not entitled to the distribution of profits.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
134	Article 211: The dividends distribution	Article 164: The dividends distribution
	policy of the Company shall include the	policy of the Company shall include the
	following:	following:
	1. The Company's dividends distribution policy shall maintain continuity and stability. On the basis that such dividends distribution policy shall pay great attention to the reasonable investment return of the shareholders and also take into account the long term interests of the Company, the overall interests of all shareholders, the Company's reasonable demand of funds and the sustainable development of the Company, the Company shall implement an active method to distribute its dividends (i.e. distribution by way of cash shall be the priority way for profit distribution). The Company may distribute dividends by	1. The Company's dividends distribution policy shall maintain continuity and stability. On the basis that such dividends distribution policy shall pay great attention to the reasonable investment return of the shareholders and also take into account the long term interests of the Company, the overall interests of all shareholders, the Company's reasonable demand of funds and the sustainable development of the Company, the Company shall implement an active method to distribute its dividends (i.e. distribution by way of cash shall be the priority way for profit distribution). The Company may distribute dividends by
	way of cash or shares (or by both ways).  (1) dividends and other distributions in respect of the ordinary shares shall be declared and denominated in Renminbi.	way of cash or shares (or by both ways).  (1) dividends and other distributions in respect of the ordinary shares shall be declared and denominated in Renminbi.
	(2) dividends and other cash distributions in respect of the Domestic- Invested Shares shall be paid in Renminbi.	(2) dividends and other cash distributions in respect of the Domestic- Invested Shares shall be paid in Renminbi.
	(3) dividends and other cash distributions in respect of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares listed in Hong Kong and London shall be paid in Hong Kong dollars in accordance with relevant PRC foreign exchange regulations. The exchange rate shall be calculated on the basis of the average closing exchange price of Hong Kong dollars against Renminbi issued by the People's Bank of China in each business day of the week immediately preceding the date when such dividends are declared.	(3) dividends and other cash distributions in respect of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares listed in Hong Kong and London shall be paid in Hong Kong dollars in accordance with relevant PRC foreign exchange regulations. The exchange rate shall be calculated on the basis of the average central parity rate of the Hong Kong dollar against the Renminbi average closing exchange price of Hong Kong dollars against Renminbi issued by the People's Bank of China over the five working days in each business day of the week immediately preceding the date when such dividends are declared.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	2. The board of directors may distribute interim dividends or bonus unless the	2. The board of directors may distribute interim dividends or bonus unless the
	shareholders' general meeting decides otherwise.	shareholders' general meeting decides otherwise.
	3. Where the Company distributes dividends to its shareholders, it shall withhold taxes levied upon such dividends in accordance PRC tax laws.	3. Where the Company distributes dividends to its shareholders, it shall withhold taxes levied upon such dividends in accordance PRC tax laws.
	4. Where the Company distributes dividends by way of shares, it shall obtain approvals from approval authorities of the State.	4. Where the Company distributes dividends by way of shares, it shall obtain approvals from approval authorities of the State.
	5. The Company shall disclose information relating to profit appropriation in accordance with the state's laws, rules and regulations.	5. The Company shall disclose information relating to profit appropriation in accordance with the state's laws, rules and regulations.
	The dividend distribution policy of the Company shall be consistent and stable.	The dividend distribution policy of the Company shall be consistent and stable.
135	Article 212: 1. In the event that the Company has generated profits; the accumulative undistributed profit is a positive figure; and the cash flow of the Company is sufficient for the normal operation and sustainable development of the Company, the Company shall distribute its dividends by way of cash. The amount of profit to be distributed by way of cash in a year in principle shall be 50% of the net profit of the parent company realised in such year in accordance with PRC accounting standards.	Article 165: 1. In the event that the Company has generated profits in the parent company and the consolidated statement and;—the accumulative undistributed profit is a positive figure in the statement of the parent company; and the cash flow of the Company is sufficient for the normal operation and sustainable development of the Company, the Company shall distribute its dividends by way of cash. The amount of profit to be distributed by way of cash in a year in principle-shall be 50% of the net profit of the parent company realised in such year in accordance with PRC accounting standards shall not be less than 50% of the distributable profit attributable to ordinary shareholders realised in such year in the consolidated statement.

#### No. **Before amendments** After amendments 2. The board of directors shall 2. The board of directors shall comprehensively take account of the comprehensively take account of the features of the industry where features of the industry where Company operates, its stage of Company operates, its stage development, its own business model, development, its own business model, and profitability and the factors such as and profitability and the factors such as whether there is significant capital whether there is significant capital expenditure arrangement expenditure arrangement distinguishing the following situations distinguishing the following situations and form different cash dividend and form different cash dividend distribution policies in accordance with distribution policies in accordance with the procedures stipulated in the Articles the procedures stipulated in the Articles of Association: of Association: (1) If the Company is in a mature stage of (1) If the Company is in a mature stage of development and without significant development and without significant expenditure, capital expenditure, the minimum capital the minimum percentage of cash dividend in this profit percentage of cash dividend in this profit distribution shall be 80%; distribution shall be 80%; (2) If the Company is in a mature stage of (2) If the Company is in a mature stage of development and with significant capital development and with significant capital expenditure, the minimum percentage of expenditure, the minimum percentage of cash dividend in this profit distribution cash dividend in this profit distribution shall be 40%; shall be 40%; (3) If the Company is in a growing stage (3) If the Company is in a growing stage of development and with significant of development and with significant minimum minimum capital expenditure, the capital expenditure, the percentage of cash dividend in this profit percentage of cash dividend in this profit distribution shall be 20%. distribution shall be 20%. The board of directors of the Company The board of directors of the Company shall determine the Company's stage of shall determine the Company's stage of development for the purpose of cash development for the purpose of cash dividend distribution with reference to dividend distribution with reference to the actual situation. If the stage of the the actual situation. If the stage of the Company cannot be easily distinguished Company cannot be easily distinguished but is with significant but is with significant capital capital expenditure, cash dividend shall be expenditure, cash dividend shall be

distributed according to the requirement

mentioned above.

distributed according to the requirement

mentioned above.

## No. **Before amendments** After amendments 3. In the event that the Company is well operated and the board of directors of the Company considers that the price of Company's shares does not match the size of the share capital of the Company and that distributing dividends by way of shares is to the interests of all shareholders of the Company as a whole. the Company may propose a plan for the distribution of dividends by way of shares, provided that the requirements for the distribution of cash dividends have been fulfilled. been fulfilled. 4. The profit distribution plan of the Company shall be drafted by the management and submitted to the board of directors and board of supervisors of the Company for consideration and approval. The board of directors shall fully discuss the rationality of the profit produce distribution plan, specific resolutions in this regard, and submit to the shareholders' general meeting for consideration and approval. for involved in distribution

- 3. In the event that the Company is well operated and the board of directors of the Company considers that the price of Company's shares does not match the size of the share capital of the Company and that distributing dividends by way of shares is to the interests of all shareholders of the Company as a whole. the Company may propose a plan for the distribution of dividends by way of shares, provided that the requirements for the distribution of cash dividends have
- 4. The profit distribution plan of the Company shall be drafted by the management and submitted to the audit committee and the board of directors and board of supervisors of the Company for consideration and approval. The board of directors shall fully discuss the rationality of the profit distribution plan, produce specific resolutions in this regard, and submit to the shareholders' general meeting for consideration and approval and study and identify with caution the timing, conditions and minimum proportion, the conditions for adjustment and the requirements decision-making procedures implementing of dividends. cash Independent directors shall have the right to express their independent opinions if they are in view that the specific cash distribution proposal may prejudice the interests of the Company or minority shareholders. If the board of directors does not accept or fully accept the opinions of independent directors, the board of directors shall disclose such opinions of independent directors and specific reasons for not accepting such opinions in announcement of the resolutions of the board of directors.

#### No. **Before amendments** 5. In special circumstances where the Company will not distribute its cash dividends, the board of directors shall prepare particular explanations in respect of the reason explaining why the Company will not distribute cash dividends, the specific purposes for the reserved profits and the estimated income generated from investment and other matters. After being opined on by the independent directors, such explanations shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for consideration and approval, and shall be disclosed to the media designated by the Company. 6. In the event that the Company makes changes or adjustments to the cash dividend policy and/or profit distribution policy determined in the Articles of Association pursuant to macroeconomic changes, condition of internal production and operation of the and Company, investment plans and long-term development needs or relevant laws, administrative regulations and relevant requirements of the listing of shares, the board of directors shall fully consider the stock opinions of minority shareholders, pay attention to the protection of the interests of investors, and shall have specific discussions in this regard and shall fully discuss the reasons for such adjustment and produce a written discussion report.

The discussion report, after being

considered by the independent directors,

shall be submitted to the shareholders'

general meeting for approval by way of

special resolutions.

### After amendments

- 5. In special circumstances where the Company will not distribute its cash dividends, the board of directors shall prepare particular explanations in respect of the reason explaining why the Company will not distribute cash dividends, the specific purposes for the reserved profits and the estimated income generated from investment and other matters. After being opined on by the independent directors, such explanations shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for consideration and approval, and shall be disclosed to the media designated by the Company.
- 6. In the event that the Company makes changes or adjustments to the cash dividend policy and/or profit distribution policy determined in the Articles of Association pursuant to macroeconomic changes, condition of internal production operation of the Company, investment plans and long-term development needs or relevant laws, administrative regulations and relevant requirements of the listing rules of the exchanges which on Company's shares are listedlisting of shares, the board of directors shall fully consider the opinions of minority shareholders, pay attention to the protection of the interests of investors, and shall have specific discussions in this regard and shall fully discuss the reasons for such adjustment and produce a written discussion report. The discussion report, after being considered by the independent directors, Company shall carry out corresponding decisionmaking procedures upon detailed justification, and submit the same shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for approval by way of special resolutions.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	7. In the event that resolutions in respect	7. In the event that resolutions in respect
	of the profit distribution plan have been	of the profit distribution plan have been
	adopted at a shareholders' general	adopted at a shareholders' general
	meeting, the board of directors shall	meeting or the board of directors
	complete the distribution of dividends by	formulates a specific plan based on the
	way of cash (or shares) within 2 months	conditions and upper limits for interim
	after such shareholders' general meeting.	dividends approved at the annual
		general meeting for the following year,
	8. The company shall establish	the board of directors shall complete the
	communications with the minority	distribution of dividends by way of cash
	shareholders by multiple channels, so	(or shares) within 2 months after such the
	that such minority shareholders will have	above shareholders' general meeting or
	opportunities to provide their opinion in	the establishment of a specific plan.
	respect of the profit distribution policy	
	and the adjustment to the profit	8. Before a specific cash dividend
	distribution policy to the Company.	proposal is considered at a general
		meeting, Tthe company shall establish
		communications with shareholders, in
		particular the minority shareholders by
		multiple channels, take the opinions and
		demands of minority shareholders into
		full consideration and respond timely
		to the concerns of minority
		shareholders so that such minority
		shareholders will have opportunities to
		provide their opinion in respect of the
		profit distribution policy and the
		adjustment to the profit distribution
		policy to the Company.

Before amendments	After amendments
Article 213: The Company shall appoint on behalf of shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares their receiving agents. Such receiving agents shall receive on behalf of such shareholders dividends or other monies payable paid by the Company in respect of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares.	Article 166: The Company shall appoint on behalf of shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares their receiving agents. Such receiving agents shall receive on behalf of such shareholders dividends or other monies payable paid by the Company in respect of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares.
The receiving agents appointed by the Company shall comply with relevant regulations of securities exchange(s) or laws of place(s) where the shares of the Company are listed. The receiving agent appointed by the Company on behalf of shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares listed in Hong Kong shall be a company registered as a trust company under the Trustee Ordinance of Hong Kong.	The receiving agents appointed by the Company shall comply with relevant regulations of securities exchange(s) or laws of place(s) where the shares of the Company are listed. The receiving agent appointed by the Company on behalf of shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares listed in Hong Kong shall be a company registered as a trust company under the Trustee Ordinance of Hong Kong.
	Article 167: The Company shall implement an internal audit system, which shall clearly define the leadership structure, responsibilities and authorities, staffing arrangements, funding support, application of audit results, and accountability mechanisms for internal audit work.
	The Company's internal audit system shall be implemented upon approval by the board of directors and be disclosed to the public.
	Article 168: The internal audit organization of the Company shall supervise and inspect the Company's business activities, risk management, internal controls and financial information. The internal audit organization shall maintain its independence and be staffed with full-time audit personnel, provided that it shall not be placed under the leadership of the finance department or share office premises with the
	Article 213: The Company shall appoint on behalf of shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares their receiving agents. Such receiving agents shall receive on behalf of such shareholders dividends or other monies payable paid by the Company in respect of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares.  The receiving agents appointed by the Company shall comply with relevant regulations of securities exchange(s) or laws of place(s) where the shares of the Company are listed. The receiving agent appointed by the Company on behalf of shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares listed in Hong Kong shall be a company registered as a trust company under the Trustee

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		Article 169: The internal audit
		organization shall be accountable to
		the board of directors.
		During the process of supervision and
		inspection of the Company's business
		activities, risk management, internal
		controls and financial information, the
		internal audit organization shall be
		subject to the supervision and
		guidance of the audit committee.
		Where any material issue or clue is
		identified, the internal audit
		organization shall report directly to
		the audit committee immediately.
		Article 170: The internal audit
		organization shall be responsible for
		the specific organization and
		implementation of the Company's
		internal control evaluation. The
		Company shall issue an annual
		internal control evaluation report
		based on the evaluation report and
		relevant materials prepared by the
		internal audit organization and
		reviewed by the audit committee.
		Article 171: The internal audit
		organization shall actively cooperate
		with and provide necessary support
		and assistance to the audit committee
		in its communication with external
		audit institutions, including audit
		firms and national audit authorities.
		Article 172: The audit committee shall
		participate in the performance
		appraisal of the person-in-charge of
		internal audit.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
138	Article 214: The Company shall appoint	Article 173: The Company shall appoint
	an independent audit firm which is	an <del>independent</del> audit firm which
	qualified under relevant regulations of	complies with the Securities Law to
	the State to audit the Company's annual	perform services such as auditing of
	financial reports, and to examine and	financial statements and issuing of
	verify other financial reports of the	audit report, verification of net assets
	Company.	and other related consultancy services
		is qualified under relevant regulations of
	The Company's first audit firm may be	the State to audit the Company's annual
	appointed by the founding meeting	financial reports, and to examine and
	before the first annual shareholders'	verify other financial reports of the
	general meeting. The term of office of	Company.
	such first audit firm shall expire at the	
	conclusion of the first annual	The Company's first audit firm may be
	shareholders' general meeting.	appointed by the founding meeting
		before the first annual shareholders'
	Where the founding meeting does not	general meeting. The term of office of
	exercise the functions and powers	such first audit firm shall expire at the
	stipulated in the preceding paragraph, the	conclusion of the first annual
	board of directors shall exercise such	shareholders' general meeting.
	functions and powers.	
		Where the founding meeting does not
		exercise the functions and powers
		stipulated in the preceding paragraph, the
		board of directors shall exercise such
		functions and powers.
139	Article 215: The audit firm appointed by	Article 174: The term of audit firm
	the Company shall hold the office from	appointed by the Company shall-hold the
	the conclusion of an annual shareholders'	office from the conclusion of an annual
	general meeting of the Company until the	shareholders' general meeting of the
	conclusion of the next annual	Company until the conclusion of the next
	shareholders' general meeting.	annual shareholders' general meeting be
		one year, and can be renewed.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
140	Article 217: If the position of the audit	Delete Article 217 and Article 218.
	firm falls vacant, the board of directors	
	may, before a shareholders' general	
	meeting, appoint an audit firm to fill the	
	vacancy. However if, during the period of	
	such vacancy, the Company has other	
	appointed audit firms in place, such audit	
	firms may continue handling matters.	
	Article 218: The shareholders' general	
	meeting may by ordinary resolutions	
	remove an audit firm before the expiry of	
	its term of service, notwithstanding the	
	stipulations in the contract between the	
	Company and the audit firm, but without	
	prejudice to the audit firm's right to	
	claim against the Company, if any, for	
	damages in respect of such removal.	
141	Article 219: The remuneration of an	Article 175: The audit fee remuneration
	audit firm or the manner in which such	of an audit firm or the manner in which
	remuneration is determined shall be	such remuneration is determined shall be
	decided by the shareholders' general	decided by the shareholders' general
	meeting. The remuneration of an audit	meeting. The remuneration of an audit
	firm appointed by the board of directors	firm appointed by the board of directors
	shall be decided by the board.	shall be decided by the board.
142	Article 221: The appointment, removal	Article 177: The appointment, removal
	or non-renewal of the term of office of an	or non-renewal of the term of office of an
	audit firm by the Company shall be	audit firm by the Company shall be
	determined by the shareholders' general	submitted to the board of directors for
	meeting and reported to the securities	review only upon approval of more
	regulatory authorities of the State	than half of all members of the audit
	Council for record.	committee under the board of
		directors, and shall ultimately be
		determined by the shareholders' general
		meeting and reported to the securities
		regulatory authorities of the State
		Council for record. The board of
		directors shall not appoint an audit
		firm before a resolution is passed at the
		shareholders' general meeting.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		The Company shall disclose
		information on the length of service of
		the audit firm, the engagement partner
		for the audit and signing certified
		public accountants, audit fees and
		other information in its annual report.
		The Company shall annually disclose
		the evaluation report on the
		performance of duties by the audit
		firm and the report of the audit
		committee on the performance of its
		duties for supervising audit firm in
		accordance with relevant
		requirements. In the event of a change
		of audit firm, the Company shall
		disclose details of the former audit
		firm, the audit opinion for the previous
		year, the reasons for the change of
		audit firm, and the communication
		between the Company and the former
		audit firm. The Company shall submit
		a relevant explanatory statement as
		required by the institution responsible
		for performing the duties of capital
		contributor.
		Where the Company changes its audit
		firm, the selection and appointment
		shall be completed before the end of
		the fourth quarter of the year under
		audit.

## COMPARISON TABLE OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF DATANG INTERNATIONAL POWER GENERATION CO., LTD.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
1.00	The shareholders' general meetings shall comply with the following requirements when proposing to adopt a resolution to appoint an audit firm not currently serving the Company to fill any vacancy of auditors, or renew the term of office of an audit firm appointed by the board to fill the vacancy, or remove an audit firm before the expiry of its term of office:	The shareholders' general meetings shall comply with the following requirements when proposing to adopt a resolution to appoint an audit firm not currently serving the Company to fill any vacancy of auditors, or renew the term of office of an audit firm appointed by the board to fill the vacancy, or remove an audit firm before the expiry of its term of office:
	1. the proposal in relation to the appointment or removal shall be sent prior to the issue of notice of the shareholders' general meeting to the audit firm to be appointed, the audit firm which will leave office or the audit firm which has left office during relevant financial year.	1. the proposal in relation to the appointment or removal shall be sent prior to the issue of notice of the shareholders' general meeting to the audit firm to be appointed, the audit firm which will leave office or the audit firm which has left office during relevant financial year.
	"Leaving office" includes removal, registration and retirement.	"Leaving office" includes removal, registration and retirement.
	2. in the event that the audit firm leaving office makes a statement in writing and requests the Company to inform the shareholders of such statement, the Company shall take the following actions unless the Company receives the statement too late:	2. in the event that the audit firm leaving office makes a statement in writing and requests the Company to inform the shareholders of such statement, the Company shall take the following actions unless the Company receives the statement too late:
	(1) indicating in the notice issued for the adoption of the resolutions that the audit firm about to leave office has made a statement;	(1) indicating in the notice issued for the adoption of the resolutions that the audit firm about to leave office has made a statement;
	(2) providing a copy of such statement as an appendix to the notice to the shareholders in the manner stipulated in these Articles.	(2) providing a copy of such statement as an appendix to the notice to the shareholders in the manner stipulated in these Articles.
	3. in the event that the statement of the audit firm has not been provided in accordance with the provisions in item 2 above, the audit firm concerned may request such statement to be read at the shareholders' general meeting, and make further complain.	3. in the event that the statement of the audit firm has not been provided in accordance with the provisions in item 2 above, the audit firm concerned may request such statement to be read at the shareholders' general meeting, and make further complain.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	4. the audit firm leaving office shall be	4. the audit firm leaving office shall be
	entitled to attend the following meetings:	entitled to attend the following meetings:
	(1) the shareholders' general meeting at	(1) the shareholders' general meeting at
	which its term of office would otherwise have expired;	which its term of office would otherwise have expired;
	(2) the shareholders' general meeting at which the vacancy caused by its removal is proposed to be filled;	(2) the shareholders' general meeting at which the vacancy caused by its removal is proposed to be filled;
	(3) the shareholders' general meeting convened as a result of its voluntary resignation;	(3) the shareholders' general meeting convened as a result of its voluntary resignation;
	The audit firm leaving office shall be entitled to obtain all notices and other information relating to the aforesaid meetings, and be entitled to present its views at the aforementioned meetings on matters in relation to its previous engagement as the audit firm of the Company.	The audit firm leaving office shall be entitled to obtain all notices and other information relating to the aforesaid meetings, and be entitled to present its views at the aforementioned meetings on matters in relation to its previous engagement as the audit firm of the Company.
143	Article 222: Prior to the removal or the non-renewal of the term of office of the audit firm, an prior notice of such removal or non-renewal of the term of office shall be given by the Company to the audit firm and such firm shall have the right to attend and to present its views at the shareholders' general meeting.	Article 178: Prior to the removal or the non-renewal of the term of office of the audit firm, an prior notice of such removal or non-renewal of the term of office shall be given by the Company in 10 days in advance to the audit firm; where the shareholders' general meeting of the Company votes on the
	Where the audit firm resigns, it shall make clear to the shareholders' general meeting whether there is any impropriety on the part of the Company.	dismissal of the audit firm, the audit firm shall be allowed to express its opinions and such firm shall have the right to attend and to present its views at the shareholders' general meeting. Where the audit firm resigns, it shall make clear to the shareholders' general meeting whether there is any impropriety on the

### COMPARISON TABLE OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF DATANG INTERNATIONAL POWER GENERATION CO., LTD.

### No. Before amendments The audit firm may resign by depositing at the Company's legal address a written resignation notice which shall become effective on the date of such deposit or on such later date as may be stipulated in such notice. Such notice shall include the following: following: 1. a statement to the effect that there are no circumstances connected with its resignation which it considers necessary to be brought to the notice of the shareholders or creditors of the Company; or 2. a statement of any such circumstances. Where a notice specified in the preceding paragraph is received by the Company, the Company shall within 14 days upon its receipt of such notice send a copy of such notice to relevant governing authorities. If the notice contains a statement specified in item 2 of the preceding paragraph, a copy of such statement shall be placed at the Company for shareholders' review. The Company shall also send a copy of such statement to every shareholder of the Overseas-Foreign-Invested Listed Shares prepaid mail at the address registered in

Where the audit firm's notice of resignation contains a statement of any circumstance which should be brought to notice of the shareholders or creditors of the Company, it may require the board of directors to convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting for the shareholders' to consider its explanation of the circumstances connected with its resignation.

the register of shareholders.

#### After amendments

The audit firm may resign by depositing at the Company's legal address a written resignation notice which shall become effective on the date of such deposit or on such later date as may be stipulated in such notice. Such notice shall include the following:

1. a statement to the effect that there are no circumstances connected with its resignation which it considers necessary to be brought to the notice of the shareholders or creditors of the Company; or

2. a statement of any such circumstances.

Where a notice specified in the preceding paragraph is received by the Company, the Company shall within 14 days upon its receipt of such notice send a copy of such notice to relevant governing authorities. If the notice contains a statement specified in item 2 of the preceding paragraph, a copy of such statement shall be placed at the Company for shareholders' review. The Company shall also send a copy of such statement to every shareholder of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares by prepaid mail at the address registered in the register of shareholders.

Where the audit firm's notice of resignation contains a statement of any circumstance which should be brought to notice of the shareholders or creditors of the Company, it may require the board of directors to convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting for the shareholders' to consider its explanation of the circumstances connected with its resignation.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
144	Article 223: In the event of merger or	Article 179: In the event of merger or
	division of the Company, a merger or	division of the Company, a merger or
	division plan shall be prepared by the	division plan shall be prepared by the
	board of directors, and submitted to the	board of directors, and submitted to the
	original approval authority for approval	shareholders' general meeting by way
	after such plan is adopted in accordance	of resolution in accordance with the
	with the procedures specified in the	procedures specified in the Articles of
	Articles of the Company. A Shareholder	Association. However, if the payment
	who objects to such merger or division	for the merger of the companies does
	plan shall be entitled to require the	not exceed 10% of net assets of the
	Company or shareholders approving such	Company, a resolution of the
	merger or division plan to purchase his	shareholders' general meeting is not
	shares at a fair price. The resolutions in	required for the merger but shall be
	respect of the merger or division shall be	subject to a resolution of the board of
	made into a specific document and made	directors, unless it is otherwise
	available for shareholders' review.	provided in the Articles of Association.
		original approval authority for approval
	The aforesaid document shall be served	after such plan is adopted in accordance
	by mail on shareholders of the	with the procedures specified in the
	Company's Overseas-Listed Foreign-	Articles of the Company. A Shareholder
	Invested Shares.	who objects to such merger or division
		plan shall be entitled to require the
		Company or shareholders approving such
		merger or division plan to purchase his
		shares at a fair price. The resolutions in
		respect of the merger or division shall be
		made into a specific document and made
		available for shareholders' review.
		The aforesaid document shall be served
		by mail on shareholders of the
		Company's Overseas-Listed Foreign-
		Invested Shares.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
145	Article 224: The merger of the Company	Article 180: The merger of the Company
	may take the form of merger by	may take the form of merger by
	acquisition or merger by establishment.	acquisition or merger by establishment.
	In the event of the merger of the	In the event of the merger of the
	Company, the parties to the merger shall	Company, the parties to the merger shall
	enter into a merger agreement and	enter into a merger agreement and
	prepare balance sheets and assets lists.	prepare balance sheets and assets lists.
	The Company shall notify its creditors	The Company shall notify its creditors
	within 10 days commencing from the	within 10 days commencing from the
	date on which the resolutions approving	date on which the resolutions approving
	the merger are adopted and, within 30	the merger are adopted and, within 30
	days, make relevant announcement on the	days, make relevant announcement on the
	merger for at least three times in any one	merger for at least three times in any one
	of the nationwide economic or securities	of the nationwide economic or securities
	related newspapers. The creditors may,	related newspapers or the National
	within 30 days upon their respective	Enterprise Credit Information
	receipt of the notice or within 45 days	Publicity System. The creditors may,
	upon the date of the announcement in	within 30 days upon their respective
	case such notice is not received, request	receipt of the notice or within 45 days
	the Company to settle its debt or provide	upon the date of the announcement in
	relevant securities.	case such notice is not received, request
	A 54 - 11 41 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 1	the Company to settle its debt or provide
	After the merger, the surviving company	relevant securities.
	or the newly established company shall	After the margar the conviving someon
	bear the creditor's rights and debts of	After the merger, the surviving company
	each party to the merger.	or the newly established company <b>shall</b> bear the creditor's rights and debts of
		each party to the merger.
		each party to the merger.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
146	Article 225: When the Company is	Article 181: When the Company is
	divided, its assets shall be divided	divided, its assets shall be divided
	accordingly.	accordingly.
	When the Company is divided, a division	When the Company is divided, a division
	agreement shall be entered into by the	agreement shall be entered into by the
	parties to such division, and a balance	parties to such division, and a balance
	sheet and assets list shall be prepared.	sheet and assets list shall be prepared.
	The Company shall notify its creditors	The Company shall notify its creditors
	within 10 days commencing from the	within 10 days commencing from the
	date on which the resolutions approving	date on which the resolutions approving
	the division are adopted and, within 30 days, make relevant announcement on the	the division are adopted and, within 30 days, make relevant announcement on the
	division for at least three times in any	division for at least three times in any
	one of the nationwide economic and	one of the nationwide economic and
	securities related newspapers.	securities related newspapers or the
	securities related newspapers.	National Enterprise Credit
	When the Company is divided, the debts	Information Publicity System.
	owed by the Company before the division	
	shall be borne by the companies in	When the Company is divided, the debts
	existence following the division in	owed by the Company before the division
	accordance with the agreement reached.	shall be jointly and severally borne by
		the companies in existence following the
		division—in accordance with the
		agreement reached, unless otherwise
		stipulated in a written agreement
		between the Company and its creditors
		on the settlement of debts prior to the
		division.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
147	Article 227: In any one of the following	Article 183: In any one of the following
	circumstances, the Company shall be dissolved and liquidated according to	circumstances, the Company shall be dissolved and liquidated according to
	laws:	laws:
	<ol> <li>if the shareholders' general meeting resolves to dissolve the Company;</li> <li>if dissolution is necessary as a result of a merger or division of the Company;</li> </ol>	1. the business period stipulated in the Articles of Association expires or other reasons for dissolution specified by the Articles of Association occur;
	3. when the Company is declared bankrupt according to laws due to its	24. if the shareholders' general meeting resolves to dissolve the Company;
	failure to pay its debts as they fall due;	32. if dissolution is necessary as a result of a merger or division of the Company;
	4. if the Company meets serious difficulties in operation and its continuation may incur great loss to the interests of the shareholders, and such difficulties cannot be resolved by other means, the shareholders holding more than 10% of the total voting shares of the Company may petition to the people's court to dissolve the Company;	43. when the Company is declared bankrupt according to laws due to its failure to pay its debts as they fall due; if its business license is lawfully revoked or its operation is ceased or cancelled by relevant authorities in accordance with laws;
	5. if its business license is lawfully revoked or its operation is ceased or cancelled by relevant authorities in accordance with laws.	54. if the Company meets serious difficulties in operation and its continuation may incur great loss to the interests of the shareholders, and such difficulties cannot be resolved by other means, the shareholders holding more than 10% of the total voting shares of the Company may petition to the people's court to dissolve the Company;
		5. if its business license is lawfully revoked or its operation is ceased or cancelled by relevant authorities in accordance with laws.
		The Company shall, within ten days of the occurrence of the reasons for dissolution as stipulated in the preceding paragraph, disclose the reasons for dissolution on the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
148	Article 228: Where the Company is dissolved pursuant to items 1, 4 and 5 of the preceding article, it shall set up a liquidation committee within 15 days. Members of such liquidation committee shall be decided by the shareholders' general meeting through ordinary resolutions. Where the liquidation committee fails to be timely established, creditors of the Company may apply to the people's court requiring the court to appoint members of the liquidation committee so as to establish such committee to undertake liquidation.  If the Company is dissolved pursuant to item 3 of the preceding article, the people's court shall organize the shareholders, relevant authorities and relevant professionals to set up the liquidation committee to undertake liquidation in accordance laws.	Article 184: Where the Company is dissolved pursuant to items 1 and 2 of the first paragraph of the preceding Article but has not yet distributed any assets to its shareholders, it may continue to exist by way of amending the Articles of Association or by a resolution of the shareholders' general meeting, provided that such resolution is passed by more than two-thirds of the voting rights held by the shareholders attending the shareholders' general meeting.  Where the Company is dissolved pursuant to items 1, 2, 4 and 5 of the first paragraph of the preceding Article, it shall undergo liquidation. The directors shall act as the liquidation obligors and shall form a liquidation within 15 days from the date on which the grounds for dissolution arise. The liquidation committee shall consist of the directors, unless the shareholders' general meeting resolves to elect other person(s). Where the liquidation obligors fail to perform their liquidation duties in a timely manner, thereby causing loss to the Company or its creditors, they shall bear the
		Where the Company is dissolved pursuant to items 1, 4 and 5 of the preceding article, it shall set up a liquidation committee within 15 days. Members of such liquidation committee shall be decided by the shareholders' general meeting through ordinary resolutions. Where the liquidation committee fails to be timely established, ereditors of the Company may apply to the people's court requiring the court to appoint members of the liquidation committee so as to establish such committee to undertake liquidation.  If the Company is dissolved pursuant to item 3 of the preceding article, the people's court shall organize the shareholders, relevant authorities and relevant professionals to set up the liquidation in accordance laws.

Before amendments	After amendments
Article 229: Where the board of directors	Delete this article.
proposes to liquidate the Company due to	
causes other than where the Company has	
declared bankrupt, the board of directors	
shall include a statement in its notice for	
the purpose of convening a shareholders'	
general meeting to consider the	
liquidation that the board of directors has	
made full inquiry into the affairs of the	
Company, and is of the opinion that the	
Company will be able to fully discharge	
commencement of the liquidation.	
_	
be terminated.	
The liquidation committee shall act in	
1	
liquidation.	
	Article 229: Where the board of directors proposes to liquidate the Company due to causes other than where the Company has declared bankrupt, the board of directors shall include a statement in its notice for the purpose of convening a shareholders' general meeting to consider the liquidation that the board of directors has made full inquiry into the affairs of the Company, and is of the opinion that the Company will be able to fully discharge its debts within 12 months from the commencement of the liquidation.  Upon the adoption of resolutions by the shareholders' general meeting for the liquidation of the Company, all functions and powers of the board of directors shall be terminated.  The liquidation committee shall act in accordance with the instructions of the shareholders' general meeting to produce a report at least once every year to the shareholders' general meeting on the liquidation committee's receipts and payments, the business of the Company and the progress of the liquidation, and to present a final report to the shareholders' general meeting upon completion of the

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
150	Article 230: The liquidation committee	Article 185: The liquidation committee
	shall notify the creditors within 10 days	shall notify the creditors within 10 days
	upon its establishment and shall make	upon its establishment and shall make
	relevant announcement for at least three	relevant announcement for at least three
	times in any of the nationwide economic	times in any of the nationwide economic
	or securities related newspapers within	or securities related newspapers or the
	60 days upon its establishment. The	National Enterprise Credit
	creditors may, within 30 days as of their	Information Publicity System within 60
	respective receipt of such notice or,	days upon its establishment. The
	within 45 days as of the date of the	creditors may, within 30 days as of their
	announcement in the event of their	respective receipt of such notice or,
	failure to receive such notice, declare to	within 45 days as of the date of the
	the liquidation committee the debts owed	announcement in the event of their
	by the Company to them. The creditors	failure to receive such notice, declare to
	shall explain the details of the debts and	the liquidation committee the debts owed
	provide supporting documents when	by the Company to them. The creditors
	declaring the debts owed by the	shall explain the details of the debts and
	Company. The liquidation committee	provide supporting documents when
	shall register such debts.	declaring the debts owed by the
		Company. The liquidation committee
	During the period of time for the	shall register such debts.
	creditors to declare the debts owed by the	
	Company, the liquidation committee	During the period of time for the
	shall not discharge any debt owed by the	creditors to declare the debts owed by the
	Company to the creditors.	Company, the liquidation committee
		shall not discharge any debt owed by the
		Company to the creditors.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
151	Article 231: The liquidation committee	Article 186: The liquidation committee
	shall exercise the following functions and	shall exercise the following functions and
	powers in the course of liquidation:	powers in the course of liquidation:
	1. to thoroughly examine the assets of the	1. to thoroughly examine the assets of the
	Company and prepare a balance sheet	Company and prepare a balance sheet
	and an assets list;	and an assets list;
	2. to notify the creditors by notice or announcement;	2. to notify the creditors by notice or announcement;
	3. to handle and liquidate relevant outstanding business of the Company;	3. to handle and liquidate relevant outstanding business of the Company;
	4. to pay outstanding taxes and taxes arising during the liquidation process;	4. to pay outstanding taxes and taxes arising during the liquidation process;
	5. to settle creditor's rights and debts;	5. to settle creditor's rights and debts;
	6. to dispose the Company's assets	6. to dispose the Company's assets
	remaining after the Company's debts	remaining after the Company's debts
	having been paid in full;	having been paid in full;
	7. to represent the Company in any civil	7. to represent the Company in any civil
	proceedings.	proceedings.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
152	Article 232: After the liquidation	Article 187: After the liquidation
	committee has thoroughly examined the	committee has thoroughly examined the
	assets of the Company and has prepared a	assets of the Company and has prepared a
	balance sheet and an assets list, it shall	balance sheet and an assets list, it shall
	draw up a liquidation proposal and	draw up a liquidation proposal and
	submit the same to the shareholders'	submit the same to the shareholders'
	general meeting or relevant governing	general meeting or people's court
	authorities for confirmation.	relevant governing authorities for confirmation.
	The Company's assets shall be applied in	
	the following order:	The Company's assets shall be applied in
	-	the following order:
	1. liquidation costs;	
		1. liquidation costs;
	2. outstanding salaries, social security	
	insurance premium and relevant statutory	2. outstanding salaries, social security
	compensation;	insurance premium and relevant statutory
		compensation;
	3. outstanding taxes, surcharges and	
	funds payable;	3. outstanding taxes <del>, surcharges and</del>
		funds payable;
	4. bank loans, Company debentures and	
	other debts of the Company.	4. bank loans, Company debentures, and
		other debts of the Company and other
	The remaining assets of the Company	corporate debts.
	after full payment pursuant to the	
	preceding paragraph shall be distributed	The remaining assets of the Company
	to the Company's shareholders in	after full payment pursuant to the
	proportion to the their shareholdings with	preceding paragraph shall be distributed
	reference to the class of shares held.	to the Company's shareholders in
	I. 4h	proportion to the their shareholdings with
	In the course of liquidation, the Company shall not conduct business activities not	reference to the class of shares held.
	related to liquidation.	In the course of liquidation, the Comment
	related to figuration.	In the course of liquidation, the Company shall continue to exist but shall not
		conduct business activities not related to
		liquidation. The assets of the Company
		shall not be distributed to shareholders
		before the debts are settled in
		accordance with the provisions of the
		preceding paragraph.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
153	Article 233: If the Company is liquidated	Article 188: If the Company is liquidated
	due to dissolution and the liquidation	due to dissolution and the liquidation
	committee, having thoroughly examined	committee, having thoroughly examined
	the Company's assets and having	the Company's assets and having
	prepared a balance sheet and an assets	prepared a balance sheet and an assets
	list, discovers that the Company's assets	list, discovers that the Company's assets
	are insufficient to fully repay its debts, it	are insufficient to fully repay its debts, it
	shall immediately apply to the people's	shall immediately apply to the people's
	court for a declaration of bankruptcy.	court for a declaration of bankruptcy
		liquidation.
	After the people's court has declared the	
	Company bankrupt, the liquidation	After the people's court has declared
	committee shall turn over any matters in	accepted the Company application for
	respect of liquidation to the people's	bankruptcybankrupt, the liquidation
	court.	committee shall turn over any matters in
		respect of liquidation to the bankruptcy
		administrator designated by the
		people's court.
154	Article 234: Following the completion of	<b>Article 189:</b> Following the completion of
	liquidation, the liquidation committee	liquidation, the liquidation committee
	shall prepare a report on liquidation and a	shall prepare a report on liquidation, and
	statement of the receipts and payments	a statement of the receipts and payments
	during liquidation and financial books,	during liquidation and financial books,
	all of which shall be verified by the PRC	all of which shall be verified by the PRC
	certified public accountants and	certified public accountants and
	submitted to the shareholders' general	submitted the same to the shareholders'
	meeting or relevant governing authorities	general meeting or the people's
	for confirmation.	courtrelevant governing authorities for
		confirmation, and file it with the
	The liquidation committee shall, within	company registration authority to
	30 days after such confirmation is made	apply for the cancellation of the
	by the shareholders' general meeting or	company registration.
	relevant governing authorities, submit	
	the aforesaid documents to the company	The liquidation committee shall, within
	registration authority and apply for the	30 days after such confirmation is made
	cancellation of registration of the	by the shareholders' general meeting or
	Company, and make an announcement	relevant governing authorities, submit
	relating to the termination of the	the aforesaid documents to the company
	Company.	registration authority and apply for the
		cancellation of registration of the
		Company, and make an announcement
		relating to the termination of the
		Company.
		<del>Company.</del>

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
155	Article 235: Members of the liquidation	Article 190: Members of the liquidation
	committee shall perform their duties	committee shall perform their duties
	faithfully and fulfil their liquidation	faithfully and fulfil their liquidation
	obligation in accordance with laws.	obligation in accordance with laws of
		liquidation and shall be obliged to
	Members of the liquidation committee	loyalty and diligence.
	shall not abuse their powers to accept	
	bribe or other illegal income, and shall	Members of the liquidation committee
	not trespass the Company's assets.	shall not abuse their powers to accept
		bribe or other illegal income, and shall
	Where a member of the liquidation	not trespass the Company's assets.
	committee causes damages to the	
	Company intentionally or due to gross	Where a member of the liquidation
	negligence, he(she) shall bear the	committee who neglects to fulfill
	relevant compensation liabilities.	his/her liquidation duties, thus causing
		any loss to the Company, shall be held
		liable for compensation; a member of
		the liquidation committee causes
		damages to the creditors Company
		intentionally or due to gross negligence,
		he(she) shall bear the relevant
		compensation liabilities.
156	Article 236: Where the Company is	Delete this article.
	lawfully declared bankrupt, bankruptcy	
	liquidation shall be conducted in	
	accordance with relevant bankruptcy	
1.5.7	laws.	
157	_	Article 191: If the Company is declared
		bankrupt in accordance with laws,
		bankruptcy liquidation shall be carried out in accordance with the laws
		on enterprise bankruptcy.
158	Article 237: Subject to the approval of	Article 192: Subject to the approval of
150	the original approval authority, the	the original approval authority, Tthe
	Company may amend its Articles in	Company may amend its Articles in
	accordance with laws, administrative	accordance with laws, administrative
	regulations and its Articles of	regulations and its Articles of
	Association.	Association.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
159	Article 239: Where the amendments to	Article 194: Where the amendments to
	the Articles of Association are in relation	the Articles of Association are in relation
	to the provisions of the Mandatory	to the provisions of the Mandatory
	Provisions for the Articles of Association	Provisions for the Articles of Association
	of the Company to be Listed Overseas	of the Company to be Listed Overseas
	("Mandatory Provisions"), such	("Mandatory Provisions"), such
	amendments shall become effective upon	amendments shall become effective upon
	approvals by the company approval	approvals by the company approval
	authority authorized by the State Council	authority authorized by the State Council
	and the securities regulatory authority of	and the securities regulatory authority of
	the State Council. If any of such	the State Council Where any
	amendments is related to the registered	amendment made by shareholders'
	particulars of the Company, applications	general meeting to the Articles of
	shall be made for the registration of such	Association involves any matters that
	changes in accordance with laws.	need to be approved by the authorities,
		such amendment shall be submitted to
		the relevant authorities for approval. If
		any of such amendments is related to the
		registered particulars of the Company,
		applications shall be made for the
		registration of such changes in
		accordance with laws.

<b>Chapter 21 Dispute Resolution</b>	Delete this chapter.
Article 242: The Company shall comply	
with the following disputes resolution	
rules:	
Whenever any dispute or claim arises	
between shareholders of the Overseas-	
Listed Foreign-Invested Shares and the	
Company, between shareholders of the	
Overseas- Listed Foreign-Invested	
Shares and the directors, supervisors,	
manager or other senior management of	
the Company, or between shareholders of	
the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested	
Shares and those of the Domestic-	
Invested Shares, on the basis of the rights	
and obligations specified by the Articles	
of the Company, Company Law of the	
People's Republic of China or any other	
laws and administrative regulations and	
is related to the affairs of the Company,	
such dispute or claim shall be submitted	
by relevant parties to arbitration.	
Where a dispute or claim of rights	
referred to in the preceding paragraph is	
submitted to arbitration, the entire claim	
or dispute must be referred to arbitration,	
and all persons who have a cause of	
action based on the same facts giving rise	
to the dispute or claim or whose	
participation is necessary for the	
resolution of such dispute or claim, shall	
abide by the arbitration award, provided	
that such persons are either the Company	
or the Company's shareholders, directors,	
supervisors, manager or other senior	
management of the Company.	
	Whenever any dispute or claim arises between shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares and the Company, between shareholders of the Overseas- Listed Foreign-Invested Shares and the directors, supervisors, manager or other senior management of the Company, or between shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares and those of the Domestic-Invested Shares, on the basis of the rights and obligations specified by the Articles of the Company, Company Law of the People's Republic of China or any other laws and administrative regulations and is related to the affairs of the Company, such dispute or claim shall be submitted by relevant parties to arbitration.  Where a dispute or claim of rights referred to in the preceding paragraph is submitted to arbitration, the entire claim or dispute must be referred to arbitration, and all persons who have a cause of action based on the same facts giving rise to the dispute or claim or whose participation is necessary for the resolution of such dispute or claim, shall abide by the arbitration award, provided that such persons are either the Company or the Company's shareholders, directors, supervisors, manager or other senior

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	Disputes in relation to the definition of	
	shareholders or in relation to the register	
	of shareholders do not have to be	
	resolved by arbitration.	
	A claimant of the arbitration may elect	
	the arbitration to be conducted by China	
	International Economic and Trade	
	Arbitration Commission in accordance	
	with its arbitration rules, or by Hong	
	Kong International Arbitration Centre in	
	accordance with its securities arbitration	
	rules. Once a claimant of the arbitration	
	submits the dispute or claim of rights to	
	arbitration, the other party must submit to	
	the arbitral body elected by the claimant.	
	If a claimant elects arbitration to be	
	conducted by Hong Kong International	
	Arbitration Centre, any party may request	
	to conduct arbitration in Shenzhen in	
	accordance with the securities arbitration	
	rules of Hong Kong International	
	Arbitration Centre.	
	Where a dispute or claim of rights is	
	resolved by way of arbitration, the laws	
	of the People's Republic of China shall	
	apply save as otherwise provided in laws	
	and administrative regulations.	
	and administrative regulations.	
	The award of an arbitral body shall be	
	final and binding upon all parties.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
161	Article 243: Notices, corporate	Article 197: Notices, corporate
	communication and other printed	communication and other printed
	materials of the Company shall be	materials of the Company shall be
	dispatched by the following means:	dispatched by the following means:
	1. delivery in person;	1. delivery in person;
	2. delivery by post;	2. delivery by post;
	3. sent by facsimile or email;	3. made by way of announcement in accordance with Article 198 of these
	4. publication on the Company's website and/or the website designated by the	Articles of Association;
	stock exchange on which the Company's shares are listed, subject to the applicable	34. sent by facsimile or email;
	laws, administrative regulations and related requirements of the securities regulatory bodies in the place where the Company's shares are listed;	45. publication on the Company's website, and/or the website designated by the stock exchange on which the Company's shares are listed, subject to the applicable laws, administrative
	5. publication in newspapers and/or other designated media in the form of announcement;	regulations and related requirements of the securities regulatory bodies in the place where the Company's shares are listed;
	6. delivery through other means permitted by the securities regulatory bodies in where the Company's shares are listed.	5. publication in newspapers and/or other designated media in the form of announcement;
	Notwithstanding the requirements in the Articles of Association regulating the means of publication or announcement of any documents, notices and other corporate communication, the Company	, ,
	is entitled to publish its corporate communication in accordance with Article 240(4) subject to the listing rules of the stock exchanges on which the Company's shares are listed.	Notwithstanding the requirements in the Articles of Association regulating the means of publication or announcement of any documents, notices and other corporate communication, the Company is entitled to publish its corporate communication in accordance with
		Article 240(4) subject to the listing rules of the stock exchanges on which the Company's shares are listed.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	The above corporate communication	The above corporate communication
	refers to any document issued or to be	refers to any document issued or to be
	issued by the Company for the	issued by the Company for the
	information or action of holders of any of	information or action of holders of any of
	the Company's securities, including but	the Company's securities, including but
	not limited to: (1) the directors' report;	not limited to: (1) the directors' report;
	(2) an annual report together with a copy	(2) an annual report together with a copy
	of an annual financial report; (3) the	of an annual financial report; (3) the
	interim report together with a copy of an	interim report together with a copy of an
	interim financial report; (4) a notice of	interim financial report; (4) a notice of
	meeting; (5) a listing document; (6) a	meeting; (5) a listing document; (6) a
	circular; and (7) a proxy form.	eircular; and (7) a proxy form.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
162 —		Article 198: A notice given by the Company, if made by way of an announcement, shall be deemed to have been received by all persons
		Article 199: The notice of convening the shareholders' general meeting of the Company shall be issued by way of announcement.
		Article 200: Where the notice of the Company is delivered in person, the person served shall sign (or affix their seal) on the return receipt, and the date of such signature shall be deemed the date of service;
		Where the notice of the Company is delivered by post, the fifth working day from the date of delivery to the post office shall be deemed the date of service;
		Where notice of the Company is issued by way of announcement, the date of the first publication shall be deemed the date of service.
		Article 201: Accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of such notice by, any person entitled thereto shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting and any resolution passed at such meeting.
		Article 202: The Company shall regard the websites, newspapers or other information media designated or recognized by the securities regulatory body or stock exchange of the place where the shares of the Company are listed as its media for publishing corporate announcement and other

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
163	Chapter 23 Definitions	Chapter 23 Definitions Miscellaneous
164	Article 244: Unless it is otherwise provided in the Articles of Association, the following terms shall have the following meanings in the Articles of Association:	Article 203: Unless it is otherwise provided in the Articles of Association, the following terms shall have the following meanings in the Articles of Association:
	1. the "Company" means Datang International Power Generation Company Limited	1. the "Company" means Datang International Power Generation Company Limited
	2. the "Articles" or "Articles of Association" means the Articles of Association of the Company	2. the "Articles" or "Articles of Association" means the Articles of Association of the Company
	3. the "directors" means the directors of the Company	3. the "directors" means the directors of the Company
	4. the "board of directors" means the Board of Directors of the Company	4. the "board of directors" means the Board of Directors of the Company
	5. "Chairman" means the Chairman of the board of directors of the Company	5. "Chairman" means the Chairman of the board of directors of the Company
	6. the "Secretary of the board of directors" means the Company Secretary appointed by the board of directors	6. the "Secretary of the board of directors" means the Company Secretary appointed by the board of directors
	7. "senior management" means the Company's manager, vice manager, Secretary of the board of directors and financial officer	Company's manager, vice manager,
	8. "actual controller" means a person who is able to dominate the acts of the Company by means of its/his investment relations, agreement or other arrangements even though he/it is not a shareholder of the Company	78. "actual controller" means a natural person, corporate person or other organization person who is able to dominate the acts of the Company by means of its/his investment relations, agreement or other arrangements even though he/it is not a shareholder of the Company

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	9. "controlling shareholder" means a	89. "controlling shareholder" refers to
	person satisfies any of the followings:	the shareholders who hold more than
		50% of the total share capital of a
	(1) such shareholder (individually or	company; Shareholders who hold less
	together with other shareholder) is able	than 50% of the total shares but whose
	to elect no less than one half of the	voting rights are sufficient to have a
	directors of the board of directors;	material impact on the resolutions of
		the shareholders' general
	(2) such shareholder (individually or	meetingmeans a person satisfies any of
	together with other shareholder)	the followings:
	exercises or controls no less than 30%	
	voting rights of the Company;	(1) such shareholder (individually or
		together with other shareholder) is able
	(3) such shareholder (individually or	to elect no less than one half of the
	together with other shareholder) holds no	directors of the board of directors;
	less than 30% of the total issued and	
	outstanding shares of the Company;	(2) such shareholder (individually or
		together with other shareholder)
	(4) such shareholder (individually or	exercises or controls no less than 30%
	together with other shareholder) through	voting rights of the Company;
	other means has de facto control over the	
	Company.	(3) such shareholder (individually or
		together with other shareholder) holds no
	10. the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange"	less than 30% of the total issued and
	means The Stock Exchange of Hong	outstanding shares of the Company;
	Kong Limited	
		(4) such shareholder (individually or
	11. "State" or "PRC" or "China" means	together with other shareholder) through
	the People's Republic of China	other means has de facto control over the
		Company.
	12. "RMB" or "Renminbi" means the	9. the "related party relationship"
	lawful currency of the PRC	refers to relationship between a
		controlling shareholder, actual
	Reference to an "audit firm" shall have	controller, director or senior
	the same meaning as "auditors".	management member of the Company
		and the enterprise directly or
		indirectly controlled by the same, or
		any other relationship that may give
		rise to a transfer of interests of the
		Company. However, there should be no
		related party relationship between
		state-controlled enterprises solely
		because they are under the common
		control of the State

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		10. "Spin-off" refers to the act whereby
		a company separates part of its
		business or assets in the form of a
		directly or indirectly controlled
		subsidiary, and effects an initial public
		offering and listing of its shares, or
		achieves a listing by way of
		reorganization, on domestic or
		overseas securities markets
		1140. the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange"
		means The Stock Exchange of Hong
		Kong Limited
		1011 "C4-4-" "DDC" "C1:"
		12+1. "State" or "PRC" or "China"
		means the People's Republic of China
		13+2. "RMB" or "Renminbi" means the
		lawful currency of the PRC
		lawful cultency of the TRC
		14. The "foreign currency" refers to
		the lawful currency (apart from RMB)
		of other countries or regions which are
		recognized by the foreign exchange
		control authority of the State and can
		be used for paying for the share price
		to the Company.
		15. The accounting firm undertaking
		audit services of the Company refers to
		the accounting firm that conducts the
		Company's financial final account
		auditing work
		Reference to an "audit firm" shall have
		the same meaning as "auditors".

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
165	Article 246: The Articles of Association	Article 205: The Articles of Association
	shall be written in Chinese. Where the	shall be written in Chinese. Where the
	versions written in other languages are in	versions written in other languages are in
	conflict with the Chinese version, the	conflict with the Chinese version, the
	latest verified Chinese version registered	latest verified Chinese version registered
	in PRC State Administration for Industry	in PRC State Administration for Industry
	and Commerce shall prevail.	and Commerce the Administration for
		Market Regulation of the place where
		the Company is registered shall prevail.
166	Article 247: Such terms as "no less	Article 206: Such terms as "no less
	than", "within", "no more than" as	than", "within", "no more than" as
	mentioned herein shall include the	mentioned herein shall include the
	figures listed; such terms as "not more	figures listed; such terms as "not more
	than", "beyond", "less than" and "more	than", "beyond" "less than" and "more
	than" shall not include the figures listed.	than" shall not include the figures listed.
167	Article 249: The appendix as of these	Article 208: The appendix as of these
	Articles shall include the rules of	Articles shall include the rules of
	procedures of the shareholders' general	procedures of the shareholders' general
	meetings, the rules of procedures of the	meetings and, the rules of procedures of
	board of directors meeting and the rules	the board of directors meeting and the
	of procedures of the board of supervisors	rules of procedures of the board of
	meeting.	supervisors meeting.
168	_	Article 209: Matters not covered by
		these Articles of Association shall be
		implemented in accordance with the
		provisions of the laws, administrative
		regulations, regulatory rules and the
		listing rules of the place where the
		shares of the Company are listed, and
		taking into account the actual
		circumstances of the Company. In the
		event of any inconsistency between
		these Articles of Association and any
		newly promulgated and implemented
		laws, administrative regulations,
		regulatory rules or the listing rules of
		the place where the shares of the
		Company are listed, such newly
		promulgated and implemented laws,
		administrative regulations, regulatory
		rules or listing rules of the place where
		the shares of the Company are listed
		shall prevail.

## COMPARISON TABLE OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF DATANG INTERNATIONAL POWER GENERATION CO., LTD.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
169	_	All references to "shareholders' general meeting", "manager" and "deputy manager" in the Articles of Association have been changed to "shareholders' general meeting", "general manager", and "deputy
		general manager", respectively.

#### Notes:

- 1. Save as the table above, if the serial numbering of the articles is changed due to the addition, deletion or rearrangement of certain articles, the serial numbering of the articles of the Articles of Association as so amended shall be changed accordingly, including those referred to in cross references.
- 2. The proposed amendments to the Articles of Association are prepared in Chinese and the English version is therefore a translation only. In the event of any discrepancy between the English translation and the Chinese version of the Articles of Association, the Chinese version shall prevail.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
1	Rule 1 In order to protect the legal rights	Rule 1 In order to protect the legal rights
	and interests of Datang International	and interests of Datang International
	Power Generation Company Limited	Power Generation Company Limited
	(hereinafter referred to as the	(hereinafter referred to as the
	"Company") and its shareholders, to	"Company") and its shareholders, to
	define the duties and authority of the	define the duties and authority of the
	shareholders' general meeting, and to	shareholders' general meeting, and to
	ensure the orderly, efficient, smooth	ensure the orderly, efficient, smooth
	operation of the shareholders' general	operation of the shareholders' general
	meeting of the Company in exercising its	meeting of the Company in exercising its
	duties and authority in accordance with	duties and authority in accordance with
	the laws, the Rules have been formulated	the laws, the Rules have been formulated
	pursuant to the "Company Law of the	pursuant to the "Company Law of the
	People's Republic of China" (hereinafter	People's Republic of China" (hereinafter
	referred to as the "Company Law"), the	referred to as the "Company Law"), the
	"Mandatory Provisions for Articles of	"Mandatory Provisions for Articles of
	Association of Companies to be Listed	Association of Companies to be Listed
	Overseas", the "Code of Corporate	Overseas", the "Code of Corporate
	Governance of Listed Companies", the	Governance of Listed Companies", the
	"Rules for the General Meeting of Listed	"Rules for the General Meeting of Listed
	Companies" and the "Articles of	Companies" and the "Articles of
	Association of Datang International	Association of Datang International
	Power Generation Company Limited"	Power Generation Company Limited"
	(hereinafter referred to as the "Articles of	(hereinafter referred to as the "Articles of
	Association").	Association").
2	Rule 2 The Rules apply to the	Rule 2 The Rules apply to the matters
	shareholders' general meeting of the	relating to the convening, proposal,
	Company, and are binding on the	notification and holding of the
	Company, Shareholders, the relevant	shareholders' general meeting of the
	personnel who attend or present at the	Company, and are binding on the
	shareholders' general meeting.	Company, Shareholders, the relevant
		personnel who attend or present at the
		shareholders' general meeting.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
3	Rule 3 The board of directors of the	Rule 3 The board of directors of the
	Company (the "Board") shall strictly	Company (the "Board") shall strictly
	abide by the relevant regulations and the	abide by the relevant regulations and the
	Articles of Association regarding various	Articles of Association regarding various
	stipulations for convening the	stipulations for convening convene the
	shareholders' general meeting when	shareholders' general meeting when
	arranging a shareholders' general	arranging a shareholders' general
	meeting. The secretary to the Board is in	meeting. in strict accordance with the
	charge of carrying out various	laws, administrative regulations, the
	coordination and arrangements for	Articles of Association, and the
	conducting a shareholders' general	relevant provisions of the Rules,
	meeting.	ensuring that shareholders can
		exercise their rights in accordance with
		the law.
		The secretary to the Board of the
		Company shall earnestly fulfill its
		responsibilities and organize the
		shareholders' general meeting in a
		serious and timely manner. All
		directors of the Company shall
		diligently perform their duties to
		ensure the normal convening of the
		shareholders' general meeting and the lawful exercise of their functions and
		powers. The secretary to the Board is
		in charge of carrying out various
		coordination and arrangements for
		conducting a shareholders' general
		meeting.
		meeting.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
4	Rule 4 The shareholders' general	Rule 4 The shareholders' general
	meeting is the organ of authority of the	meeting is the organ of authority of the
	Company, and exercises its duties and	Company, and shall exercises its duties
	authority in accordance with the laws.	and authority <del>in accordance with the</del>
	The shareholders' general meeting shall	lawswithin the scope stipulated in the
	exercise the following functions and	Company Law and the Articles of
	powers:	<b>Association</b> . The shareholders' general
		meeting shall exercise the following
	1. to determine the business policies and	functions and powers:
	investment plans of the Company;	
		1. to determine the business policies and
	2. to elect and replace directors who are	investment plans of the Company;
	not representatives of employees, and to	
	decide on matters concerning the	2.1. to elect and replace directors who are
	remuneration of directors;	not representatives of employees, and to
		decide on matters concerning the
	3. to elect and replace supervisors who	remuneration of directors;
	are representatives of the shareholders,	
	and to determine matters concerning the	3. to elect and replace supervisors who
	remuneration of supervisors;	are representatives of the shareholders,
	1 4	and to determine matters concerning the
	4. to consider and to approve reports of	remuneration of supervisors;
	the board of directors;	12 to consider and to approve reports of
	5. to consider and to approve reports of	4.2. to consider and to approve reports of the board of directors;
	the board of supervisors;	the board of directors,
	the board of supervisors,	5. to consider and to approve reports of
	6. to consider and to approve the annual	the board of supervisors;
	financial budgets and final accounts of	the board of supervisors,
	the Company;	6. to consider and to approve the annual
	the company,	financial budgets and final accounts of
	7. to consider and to approve the	the Company;
	Company's plan for profit distribution	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	and the plan for making up losses;	7.3. to consider and to approve the
		Company's plan for profit distribution
	8. to resolve on the increase or reduction	and the plan for making up losses;
	of the registered capital of the Company;	
		8.4. to resolve on the increase or
	9. to resolve on the merge, division,	reduction of the registered capital of the
	dissolution and liquidation of the	Company;
	Company or the change of the nature of	
	incorporation of the Company;	9. to resolve on the merge, division,
		dissolution and liquidation of the
		Company or the change of the nature of
		incorporation of the Company;
<u> </u>		

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
	10. to resolve on the issue of debentures	10.5. to resolve on the issue of
	by the Company;	debentures by the Company;
	11. to resolve on the appointment, removal or non-renewal of the term of office of the audit firm;	6. to pass resolutions on the merger, division, spin-off, dissolution and liquidation of the Company, or the
	12. to amend the Articles of Association;	change of the form of the Company;
	12. to amend the Articles of Association,	7. to amend the Articles of Association;
	13. to consider and to approve relevant transactions in accordance with the regulations of the securities exchange(s) where the shares of the Company are listed;	11.8. to resolve on the appointment, and removal or non-renewal of the term of office of the audit firm that undertakes the audit engagement of the Company;
	14. to consider and to approve the	12. to amend the Articles of Association;
	provision of guarantee as specified in Rule 5 of the Rules;	9. to consider and approve the guarantee matters as specified in
	15. to consider and to approve the change of the use of proceeds;	Article 51 of the Articles of Association;
	16. to consider and to approve the share incentive plan;	10. to consider matters involving the purchase or disposal of major assets by the Company within one year that
	17. to consider proposals submitted by the shareholders holding no less than 3% of the voting shares of the Company;	exceed 30% of the latest audited total assets of the Company;
	18. to resolve on any other matters required by laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company to be resolved by the shareholders' general	13. to consider and to approve relevant transactions in accordance with the regulations of the securities exchange(s) where the shares of the Company are listed;
	meeting.	14. to consider and to approve the provision of guarantee as specified in Rule 5 of the Rules;
		15.11. to consider and to approve the change of the use of proceeds;
		16.12. to consider and to approve the share incentive plan and employee share ownership scheme;

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
		17.13. to consider proposals submitted by the—a shareholder or shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 1%3% of the voting shares of the Company;
		14. to consider and approve transaction matters required to be reviewed and approved pursuant to the rules of the stock exchange where the Company's shares are listed;
		18.15. to resolve on any other matters required by laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company to be resolved by the shareholders' general meeting.
		The shareholders' general meeting may authorise the board of directors to resolve on the issuance of corporate bonds.
		Subject to a resolution of the shareholders' general meeting or a resolution of the board of directors authorised by these Articles of Association or the shareholders' general meeting, the Company may issue shares or corporate bonds convertible into shares, provided that such issuance shall comply with the laws, administrative regulations, the regulations of the CSRC and the rules of the stock exchange.
		Except for the powers that may be expressly authorised by the shareholders' general meeting as set out above, or unless otherwise provided by laws, administrative regulations, and the regulations of the CSRC or the rules of the stock exchange, the remaining powers of the shareholders' general meeting shall not be exercised by the board of directors or any other institution or individual by way of authorisation.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
5	Rule 5 The following external guarantees to be provided by the Company shall be considered and approved by the shareholders' general meeting.  1. any guarantee to be provided after the total amount of external guarantee	Rule 5 The following external guarantees to be provided by the Company shall be considered and approved by the shareholders' general meeting after being considered and approved by the board of director.
	provided by the Company and its controlling subsidiaries has reached or exceeded 50% of the latest audited net assets value;	1. any single guarantee with an amount exceeding 10% of the latest audited net assets value of the Company;
	2. any guarantee to be provided after the total amount of external guarantee provided by the Company has reached or exceeded 30% of the latest audited total assets value;	2.1. any guarantee to be provided after the total amount of external guarantee provided by the Company and its controlling subsidiaries has reached or exceeded 50% of the latest audited net assets value;
	<ul><li>3. any guarantee to be provided in favour of any entity which is subject to a gearing ratio of over 70%;</li><li>4. any guarantee to be provided to shareholders, the actual controllers or their connected parties.</li></ul>	2. any guarantee to be provided after the total amount of external guarantee provided by the Company has reached or exceeded 30% of the latest audited total assets value;
		3. any guarantee to be provided after the total amount of external guarantee provided by the Company and its controlling subsidiaries has exceeded 30% of the latest audited total assets value;
		4. guarantees which, calculated based on the amount provided to others on a cumulative basis over a period of 12 consecutive months, exceed 30% of the latest audited total assets of the Company;
		3.5. any guarantee to be provided in favour of any entity which is subject to a gearing ratio of over 70%;
		<b>4.6.</b> any guarantee to be provided to shareholders, the actual controllers or their connected parties.
		7. other guarantees as required by the stock exchange where the Company's shares are listed or as stipulated in the Articles of Association.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
6	Rule 6 Without the prior approval of the	Rule 6 Except where the Company is in
	shareholders' general meeting, the	a state of crisis or other exceptional
	Company shall not enter into a contract	circumstances, Wwithout the prior
	with a person other than a director,	approval of at the shareholders' general
	supervisor, manager or other senior	meeting by way of special resolution,
	management whereby the management of	the Company will not enter into a
	all or a material part of the business of	contract with a person other than a
	the Company is delegated to such person.	director, supervisor, manager or other
		senior management whereby the
		management of all or a material part of
		the business of the Company is delegated
		to such person.
7	Rule 9 Shareholders' general meetings	Rule 9 Shareholders' general meetings
	are divided into annual shareholders'	are divided into annual shareholders'
	general meetings and extraordinary	<del>general meetings</del> annual general
	shareholders' general meetings.	meetings and extraordinary
	Shareholders' general meetings shall be	shareholders' general meetings.
	convened by the board of directors.	Shareholders' general meetings shall be
	Annual shareholders' general meetings	convened by the board of directors.
	shall be held once every year within six	Annual shareholders' general meetings
	months after the end of the previous	shall be held once every year within six
	financial year. An extraordinary	months after the end of the previous
	shareholders' general meetings can be	financial year. An extraordinary
	convened as required.	shareholders' general meetings can be
		convened as required.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
8	Rule 10 The board of directors shall convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting within 2 months of the occurrence of any of the following circumstances:	Rule 10 The board of directors of the Company shall convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting within 2 months from the date of the occurrence of any of the following circumstances:
	1. when the number of directors is less than the number of directors required by the Company Law or less than two-thirds of the number of directors required by the Articles of Association of the Company;	1. when the number of directors is less than the number of directors required by the Company Law or less than <b>two-thirds</b> of the number of directors required by the Articles of Association of the Company;
	2. when the uncovered losses of the Company amount to one third of its total share capital;	2. when the uncovered losses of the Company amount to <b>one third</b> of its total share capital;
	<ul> <li>3. when the shareholders holding no less than 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding voting shares request in writing to convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting;</li> <li>4. when the board of directors considers</li> </ul>	3. when a shareholder or the shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding voting shares request in writing to convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting;
	necessary or upon the request of the board of supervisors.  5. Other circumstances stipulated by the	4. when the board of directors considers necessary; or upon the request of the board of supervisors.
	laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and regulations and the Articles of Association.	5. when proposed by the audit committee;
		5.6. Other circumstances stipulated by the laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and regulations and the Articles of Association.
		If the Company is unable to convene the shareholders' general meeting within the aforesaid period, it shall report to the local office of the China Securities Regulatory Commission (hereinafter referred to as the "CSRC") and the stock exchange where the Company's shares are listed (hereinafter referred to as the "stock exchange"), stating the reasons and making a public announcement.

#### No. **Before Amendment After Amendment** Rule 11 The independent directors have Rule 11 The board of directors shall the right to propose to the board of convene the shareholders' general directors to convene an extraordinary meeting within the time period as shareholders' general meeting. With prescribed under the Articles of regard to such proposal, the board of Association. directors shall, within 10 days after its receipt of such proposal and Subject to the consent of more than one accordance with laws, administrative half of all independent directors, the regulations and the Articles The independent directors have the right Association, provide a written reply to propose to the board of directors to concerning whether or not it agrees to convene an extraordinary shareholders' such extraordinary general meeting. With regard to such shareholders' general meeting. proposal, the board of directors shall, within 10 days after its receipt of such Where the board of directors agrees to proposal and in accordance with laws, convene the extraordinary shareholders' administrative regulations and general meeting, it will issue a notice to Articles of Association, provide a written convene such meeting within 5 days after reply concerning whether or not it agrees the resolution has been adopted by the convene such extraordinary board of directors and no revision to the shareholders' general meeting. original proposal in the notice is allowed. Where the board of directors disagrees to Where the board of directors agrees to convene the extraordinary shareholders' convene the extraordinary shareholders' general meeting, it will provide the general meeting, it will issue a notice to reasons and make relevant convene such meeting within 5 days after announcement. the resolution has been adopted by the board of directors and no revision to the original proposal in the notice is allowed. Where the board of directors disagrees to convene the extraordinary shareholders' general meeting, it will provide the reasons and make relevant announcement.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
10	Rule 12 The board of supervisors has the	Rule 12 The audit committee board of
	right to propose in writing to the board of	supervisors has the right to propose in
	directors to convene an extraordinary	writing to the board of directors to
	shareholders' general meeting. With	convene an extraordinary shareholders'
	regard such proposal, the board of	general meeting. With regard such
	directors shall, within 10 days after its	proposal, the board of directors shall,
	receipt of such proposal and in	within 10 days after its receipt of such
	accordance with laws, administrative	proposal and in accordance with laws,
	regulations and the Articles of	administrative regulations and the
	Association, provide a written reply	Articles of Association, provide a written
	concerning whether or not it agrees to	reply concerning whether or not it agrees
	convene such extraordinary	to convene such extraordinary
	shareholders' general meeting.	shareholders' general meeting.
	Where the board of directors agrees to	Where the board of directors agrees to
	convene the extraordinary shareholders'	convene the extraordinary shareholders'
	general meeting, it will issue a notice to	general meeting, it will issue a notice to
	convene such meeting within 5 days after	convene such meeting within 5 days after
	the resolution has been adopted by the	the resolution has been adopted by the
	board of directors and any revision to the	board of directors and any revision to the
	original proposal in the notice shall be	original proposal in the notice shall be
	approved by the board of supervisors.	approved by the audit committee board
		of supervisors.
	Where the board of directors disagrees to	
	convene the extraordinary shareholders'	Where the board of directors disagrees to
	meeting or fails to reply within 10 days	convene the extraordinary shareholders'
	after its receipt of such proposal, it shall	meeting or fails to reply in writing
	be deemed to be unable or fail to fulfil its	within 10 days after its receipt of such
	obligation to convene the aforesaid	proposal, it shall be deemed to be unable
	meeting, and the board of supervisors	or fail to fulfil its obligation to convene
	may thereby independently convene and	the aforesaid meeting, and the audit
	preside over the extraordinary	committee board of supervisors may
	shareholders' general meeting.	thereby independently convene and
		preside over the extraordinary

shareholders' general meeting.

#### No. **Before Amendment After Amendment** 11 Rule 13 Shareholders requisitioning an Rule 13 Shareholders requisitioning an extraordinary shareholders' extraordinary shareholders' meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting shall abide by the following meeting—shall abide by the following procedures: procedures: 1. Shareholders individually or jointly 1. Shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 10% of the holding no less than 10% of the Company's shares shall have the right to Company's shares shall have the right to make a request to the board of directors make a request to the board of directors in writing to convene an extraordinary in writing to convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting. The board shareholders' general meeting. The board of directors shall, in accordance with of directors shall, in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association, give a written Articles of Association, give a written response on whether or not it agrees to response on whether or not it agrees to convene an extraordinary general convene extraordinary an meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting within 10 days after receipt of meeting within 10 days after receipt of the request. the request. 2. If the board of directors agrees to 2. If the board of directors agrees to convene an extraordinary convene extraordinary general general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting, it shall issue a notice of meeting, it shall issue a notice of convening an extraordinary general convening an extraordinary general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting within 5 days after the resolution meeting within 5 days after the resolution of the board of directors is made. If there of the board of directors is made. If there is any change to the original request in is any change to the original request in the notice, approval of the shareholder(s) the notice, approval of the shareholder(s) proposing the request shall be sought. proposing the request shall be sought. 3. If the board of directors does not agree 3. If the board of directors does not agree to convene an extraordinary general to convene an extraordinary general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting or a class shareholders' general meeting, or fails to give a response meeting, or fails to give a response within 10 days after receipt of the within 10 days after receipt of the request, the shareholders individually or request, the shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 10% of the jointly holding no less than 10% of the Company's shares shall have the right to Company's shares shall have the right to propose to the board of supervisors in propose to the board of supervisors audit writing to convene an extraordinary committee in writing to convene an general meeting or a class shareholders' extraordinary general meeting or a class

shareholders' general meeting.

general meeting.

#### No. **Before Amendment After Amendment** 4. If the board of supervisors agrees to 4. If the board of supervisors audit committee convene an extraordinary general agrees to convene meeting or a class shareholders' general extraordinary general meeting or a class meeting, it shall issue a notice of shareholders' general meeting, it shall convening an extraordinary general issue a notice of convening meeting or a class shareholders' general extraordinary general meeting or a class meeting within 5 days after receipt of the shareholders' general meeting within 5 request. If there is any change to the days after receipt of the request. If there original request in the notice, approval of is any change to the original request in the shareholder(s) proposing the request the notice, approval of the shareholder(s) shall be sought. proposing the request shall be sought. 5. If the board of supervisors fails to 5. If the board of supervisors audit issue notice of convening committee fails to issue a notice of extraordinary general meeting or a class convening an extraordinary general shareholders' general meeting by the meeting or a class shareholders' general prescribed deadline, it shall be deemed to meeting by the prescribed deadline, it have failed to convene and preside over shall be deemed to have failed to convene an extraordinary general meeting or a and preside over an extraordinary general class shareholders' general meeting, and meeting or a class shareholders' general shareholders individually or jointly meeting, and shareholders individually or holding no less than 10% of the shares of jointly holding no less than 10% of the the Company for at least 90 days in shares of the Company for at least 90 succession may himself/themselves days in succession may convene and preside over such meeting. himself/themselves convene and preside over such meeting. 6. Where the shareholders independently convene and hold a meeting due to the 6. Where the shareholders independently failure of the board of directors to hold a convene and hold a meeting due to the meeting as prescribed above, the costs failure of the board of directors to hold a that are reasonably accrued therefrom meeting as prescribed above, the costs shall be borne by the Company, and be that are reasonably accrued therefrom deducted from the payments owed by the shall be borne by the Company, and be Company to the directors who fail to deducted from the payments owed by the perform their duties. Company to the directors who fail to

perform their duties.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
12	Rule 14 In the event that the supervisory committee or shareholders decide to convene a General Meeting by themselves, they shall notify the Board in writing, and shall notify in advance the stock exchange and the representative organisation of the China Securities Regulatory Commission (the "CSRC") in the region where the Company is located for their record. For those shareholders who decide to convene a General Meeting by themselves, the shareholding of the convening shareholders shall not be less than 10% before making an announcement of the resolutions of the General Meeting. When they serve notice of General Meeting and make an announcement of the resolutions of the General Meeting, they shall submit the relevant documentary proof to the stock exchange and the representative organisation of the CSRC in the region where the Company is located.	Rule 14 In the event that the supervisory eommittee audit committee or shareholders decide to convene a General Meeting by themselves, they shall notify the Board in writing, and shall notify in advance the stock exchange and the representative organisation of the China Securities Regulatory Commission (the "CSRC") in the region where the Company is located for their record. For those shareholders who decide to convene a General Meeting by themselves, the shareholding of the convening shareholders shall not be less than 10% before making an announcement of the resolutions of the General Meeting. When they serve notice of General Meeting and make an announcement of the resolutions of the General Meeting, they shall submit the relevant documentary proof to the stock exchange—and—the—representative organisation of the CSRC in the region where the Company is located.
13	Rule 15 With respect to the shareholders' general meeting independently convened by the board of supervisors or the shareholders, the board of directors and the Secretary of the board of directors shall provide assistance. The board of directors shall provide the register of shareholders as at the share registration date.	Rule 15 With respect to the shareholders' general meeting independently convened by the audit committee board of supervisors or the shareholders, the board of directors and the Secretary of the board of directors shall provide assistance.  The board of directors shall provide the register of shareholders as at the share registration date. If the board of directors does not provide the register of shareholders, the person convening the meeting(s) may make an application to the securities registration and clearing organization to obtain the same by producing the relevant announcement of the notice of the shareholders' general meeting. The register of shareholders obtained by the person convening the meeting shall not be used for any purpose other than convening of the shareholders' general meeting.
14	Rule 16 Where a shareholders' general meeting is convened independently by the board of supervisors or the shareholders, necessary costs of the meeting shall be borne by the Company.	Rule 16 Where a shareholders' general meeting is convened independently by the audit committee board of supervisors or the shareholders, necessary costs of the meeting shall be borne by the Company.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
15	Rule 17 The shareholders' general	Rule 17 The shareholders' general
	meeting of the Company shall be	meeting of the Company shall be
	convened at the address of the Company,	convened at the address of the Company,
	or other venues specified in the notice of	or other venues specified in the notice of
	shareholders' general meeting.	shareholders' general meeting.
	The shareholders' general meeting shall	The shareholders' general meeting shall
	be convened on site. The Company shall	be held in a venue by way of live
	provide internet or other means for the	meetings or simultaneously through
	convenience of the shareholders to join	electronic communication means. For
	the shareholders' general meeting. Those	the convenience of shareholders, the
	shareholders who attend through the	Company shall provide secure, cost-
	above means shall be deemed as having	efficient and accessible online and
	attended the meeting. For shareholders	other channels for participation in
	attending the shareholders' general	shareholders' general meetings in
	meeting via the internet or other means,	accordance with the laws,
	they shall follow the relevant stipulations	administrative regulations and rules of
	of the State securities regulatory	the China Securities Regulatory
	department and the stock exchange.	Commission or the Articles of
		Association eonvened on site. The
		Company shall provide internet or other
		means for the convenience of the
		shareholders to join the shareholders'
		general meeting.
		A Those shareholders may either attend
		and vote at the shareholders' general
		meeting(s) in person, or appoint a
		proxy to attend or vote within the
		scope of delegation on his/her behalf
		who attend through the above means
		shall be deemed as having attended the
		meeting. For shareholders attending the
		shareholders' general meeting via the
		internet or other means, they shall follow
		the relevant stipulations of the State
		securities regulatory department and the
		stock exchange.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
16	Rule 18 The directors, supervisors and	Rule 18 Where the shareholders'
	senior managerial staff of the Company,	general meeting requires tThe directors,
	if necessary, shall attend the	supervisors and senior managerial staff
	shareholders' general meeting to explain	of the Company, if necessary, shall attend
	and illustrate to the shareholders' queries	the shareholders' general meeting to
	and suggestions.	explain and illustrate to the shareholders'
		queries and suggestions. to attend the
		meeting, such directors or senior
		managerial staff shall be present and
		shall respond to shareholders'
		enquiries. Such directors and senior
		managerial staff shall explain and
		illustrate to the shareholders' queries
		and suggestions, except for matters
		involving the Company's trade secrets
		that cannot be disclosed at the
		shareholders' general meeting.
17	Rule 19 The chairman of the Board shall	Rule 19 The chairman of the Board shall
	preside over the shareholders' general	preside over the shareholders' general
	meeting. If the chairman cannot or does	meeting. If the chairman cannot or does
	not perform his/her duties, the vice	not perform his/her duties, the vice
	chairman shall preside over the meeting.	chairman shall preside over the meeting.
	If the Vice Chairman cannot or does not	If the Vice Chairman cannot or does not
	perform his/her duties, a director elected	perform his/her duties, a director elected
	by more than half of the directors shall	by more than half of the directors shall
	preside over the meeting.	preside over the meeting.
	If the Board cannot or does not perform	If the Board cannot or does not perform
	its duties of convening a shareholders'	its duties of convening a shareholders'
	general meeting, the board of supervisors	general meeting, the board of supervisors
	shall convene and preside over the	shall convene and preside over the
	meeting. If the board of supervisors does	meeting. If the board of supervisors does
	not convene and preside over the	not convene and preside over the
	meeting, shareholders individually or	meeting, shareholders individually or
	collectively holding 10% or more of the	collectively holding 10% or more of the
	Company's shares for more than 90	Company's shares for more than 90
	consecutive days may convene a	consecutive days may convene a
	shareholders' general meeting by	shareholders' general meeting by
	themselves and preside over the meeting.	themselves and preside over the meeting.

#### No. **Before Amendment** If the board of supervisors convenes a shareholders' general meeting themselves, the Chairman of the board of supervisors shall preside over meeting. If the chairman of the board of supervisors cannot or does not perform his/her duties, the vice chairman of the board of supervisors shall preside over the meeting. If the vice chairman cannot or does not perform his/her duties, a supervisor jointly elected by more than half of the supervisors shall preside over the meeting. If the shareholders convene shareholders' general meeting by themselves, the convenors shall nominate a representative to preside over the meeting.

During the course of the shareholders' general meeting, if the presider of the meeting violates the Procedural Rules such that the shareholders' general meeting cannot proceed, a person shall be nominated at the shareholders' general meeting to act as the presider of the meeting and continue to convene the meeting provided that consent has been obtained from more than half of the shareholders with voting rights attending the shareholders' general meeting.

#### **After Amendment**

If the audit committee board of supervisors convenes a shareholders' general meeting by themselves, the convenor of the audit committee the Chairman of the board of supervisors shall preside over the meeting. If the convenor of the audit committee chairman of the board of supervisors cannot or does not perform his/her duties. the vice chairman of the board of supervisors shall preside over the meeting. If the vice chairman cannot or does not perform his/her duties, a supervisor a member of the audit committee jointly elected by more than half of the member of the audit **committee** supervisors shall preside over the meeting.

If the shareholders convene a shareholders' general meeting by themselves, the convenors **or a** representative nominated by them shall nominate a representative to-preside over the meeting.

During the course of the shareholders' general meeting, if the presider of the meeting violates the Procedural—Rules such that the shareholders' general meeting cannot proceed, a person shall be nominated at the shareholders' general meeting to act as the presider of the meeting and continue to convene the meeting provided that consent has been obtained from more than half of the shareholders with voting rights attending the shareholders' general meeting.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
18	Rule 20 At the annual shareholders'	Rule 20 At the annual shareholders'
	general meeting, the Board and board of	general meeting, the Board and board of
	supervisors shall report on their work of	supervisors shall report on its their work
	the previous year to the shareholders'	of the previous year to the shareholders'
	general meeting. The independent	general meeting. The Each of the
	directors shall also make their personal	independent directors shall also make
	work reports.	their his/her personal work reports.
19	Rule 21 The directors, supervisors and	The article Deleted.
	senior managerial staff shall explain and	
	respond to shareholders' queries and	
	suggestions at the shareholders' general	
	meeting, except for those issues	
	involving the Company's business	
	secrets which shall not be disclosed at the	
	shareholders' general meeting.	
20	Rule 24 When the Company convene a	Rule 23 When the Company convene a
	shareholders' general meeting, it shall	shareholders' general meeting, it shall
	engage a lawyer to provide legal opinion	engage a lawyer to provide legal opinion
	in respect of the following issues and	in respect of the following issues and
	make an announcement thereof:	make an announcement thereof:
	1. Whether or not the convening and its	1. Whether or not the convening and its
	proceedings of the meeting conform to	proceedings of the meeting conform to
	the laws, administrative regulations and	the laws, administrative regulations and
	the Articles of Association;	the <b>regulations of the</b> Articles of
	the fittletes of fissociation,	Association;
	2. Whether the qualifications of the	11333 01441011,
	personnel who attend the meeting, and	2. Whether the qualifications of the
	the qualifications of the convenor(s) are	personnel who attend the meeting, and
	lawful and valid;	the qualifications of the convenor(s) are
		lawful and valid;
	3. Whether or not the voting procedures	
	and voting result are lawful and valid;	3. Whether or not the voting procedures
		and voting result are lawful and valid;
	4. To provide legal opinion on other	
	relevant issues at the Company's request.	4. To provide legal opinion on other
		relevant issues at the Company's request.
	Depending on the situation, the Board	
	may also at the same time engage	Depending on the situation, the Board
	notaries or other personnel to attend the	may also at the same time engage
	shareholders' general meeting provided	notaries or other personnel to attend the
	that this conforms to the stipulations of	shareholders' general meeting provided
	the laws, administrative regulations and	that this conforms to the stipulations of
	relevant regulatory documents.	the laws, administrative regulations and
		relevant regulatory documents.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
21	Rule 25 Where an annual shareholders' general meeting is held, the board of directors, the board of supervisors and shareholders that, either individually or jointly, hold more than 3% of shares of the Company shall have the right to put forward new proposals in writing to the Company. Where the matters specified in such new proposals are within the scope of functions and duties of the shareholders' general meeting, the Company shall put such matters on the agenda of such meeting.	Rule 24 Where an annual shareholders' general meeting is held, the board of directors, the audit committee board of supervisors—and shareholders that, either individually or jointly, hold more than 31% of shares of the Company shall have the right to put forward new proposals in writing to the Company. Where the matters specified in such new proposals are within the scope of functions and duties of the shareholders' general meeting, the Company shall put such matters on the agenda of such meeting.
	Any of the shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 3% of the shares of the Company may submit an interim proposal in writing to the convener 10 days prior to the convening of the shareholders' general meeting. The convener shall send a supplemental notice of the shareholders' general meeting to announce the content of the interim proposal within 2 days upon receipt of such proposal.  Other than the circumstances specified in the preceding paragraph, the convener shall not make any change to the existing proposals in the notice of the shareholders' general meeting or add any new proposal after the publication of the notice.	Any of the shareholders individually or jointly holding no less than 31% of the shares of the Company may submit an interim proposal in writing to the convener 10 days prior to the convening of the shareholders' general meeting. The convener shall send a supplemental notice of the shareholders' general meeting to announce the content of the interim proposal within 2 days upon receipt of such proposal, and submit such interim proposal to the shareholders' general meeting for consideration, except where the interim proposal violates laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Association, or does not fall within the scope of authority of the shareholders' general meeting.
	Such matters which are not specified in Rule 27 and the notice of the preceding paragraph and proposals which do not comply with Rule 26 of the Rules shall not be resolved at the shareholders' general meeting.	Other than the circumstances specified in the preceding paragraph, the convener shall not make any change to the existing proposals in the notice of the shareholders' general meeting or add any new proposal after the publication of the notice.  Such matters which are not specified in Rule 27 and the notice of the preceding paragraph shareholders' general
		meeting and proposals which do not comply with Rule 25 of the Rules shall not be resolved at the shareholders' general meeting.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
22	Rule 27 Where a shareholders' general	Rule 26 Where a shareholders' general
	meeting is held, the Company shall notify	meeting is held, the Company convener
	all the registered shareholders by way of	shall notify all the registered
	announcement of the matters to be	shareholders by way of announcement of
	considered and approved at, and the date	the matters to be considered and
	and place of the meeting 20 working days	approved at, and the date and place of the
	prior to an annual general meeting, or 10	meeting—20 working—days prior to an
	working days or 15 days (whichever is	annual general meeting, or 10 working
	longer) prior to an extraordinary general	days or 15 days (whichever is longer)
	meeting.	prior to an extraordinary general
		meeting.
	Where the laws, regulations, the	
	securities regulatory body or stock	Where the laws, regulations, the
	exchange in the place where the shares of	securities regulatory body or stock
	the Company are listed have any other	exchange in the place where the shares of
	provisions, such provisions shall prevail.	the Company are listed have any other
		provisions, such provisions shall prevail.
23	Rule 28 An extraordinary shareholders'	Delete this Rule.
	general meeting shall not determine	
	matters not specified in the notice.	
24	Rule 29 A notice of shareholders' general	Rule 27 A notice of shareholders' general
	meeting shall:	meeting shall include:
	1. be in writing;	1. be in writing;
	2. specify the place, the time and	21. specify the place, the time and
	duration of the meeting;	duration of the meeting;
	-	_
	3. state the matters to be discussed at the	32. submission of state the matters and
	meeting;	proposals to be discussed considered at
		the meeting;
		3. a conspicuous and explanatory text
		that all shareholders are entitled to
		attend the shareholders' general
		meeting and may appoint a proxy in
		writing to attend and vote on their
		behalf, and that such proxy need not be
		a shareholder of the Company;
		1 0/

#### No. **Before Amendment After Amendment** 4. provide such information and 4. provide such information and explanation as are necessary for the explanation as are necessary for the shareholders to exercise an informed shareholders to exercise an informed judgement on the matters to be discussed judgement on the matters to be discussed at the meeting. Such principle shall at the meeting. Such principle shall include (without limitation), where a include (without limitation), where a proposal is made to merge the Company proposal is made to merge the Company with another, to repurchase shares of the with another, to repurchase shares of the Company, to reorganise the share capital Company, to reorganise the share capital or to restructure the Company in any or to restructure the Company in any other way, terms of the proposed other way, terms of the proposed transaction must be provided in detail transaction must be provided in detail together with copies of the proposed together with copies of the proposed agreements, if any, and the reasons for agreements, if any, and the reasons for and consequences of such transactions and consequences of such transactions must be properly explained; must be properly explained; 5. contain a disclosure of the nature and 4. the share registration date for extent, if any, of material interests of any shareholders entitled to attend the director, supervisor, manager or other shareholders' general meeting; senior management in the matters proposed and the impact of the proposed 5. The name and telephone number of matters on such director, supervisor, the permanent contact person for manager or other senior management in meeting affairs; contain a disclosure of his capacity as a shareholder in so far as the nature and extent, if any, of material it is different from the impact on the interests of any director, supervisor, interests of other shareholders of the manager or other senior management in same class; the matters proposed and the impact of the proposed matters on such director, supervisor, manager or other senior 6. contain the text of any special resolution proposed to be adopted at the management in his capacity as a meeting; shareholder in so far as it is different from the impact on the interests of other 7. contain conspicuously a statement that shareholders of the same class: a shareholder entitled to attend and vote on the meeting is entitled to appoint one the voting time and voting or more proxies to attend and vote on his procedures for online and other voting behalf and that such proxy(ies) need not methods. contain the text of any special also be a shareholder/shareholders; resolution proposed to be adopted at the

meeting;

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
	8. contain the share registration date for	7 contain conspicuously a statement that
	the purpose of ascertaining the	a shareholder entitled to attend and vote
	entitlement of the shareholders to attend	on the meeting is entitled to appoint one
	the shareholders' general meeting;	or more proxies to attend and vote on his
		behalf and that such proxy(ies) need not
	9. contain the name and telephone	also be a shareholder/shareholders;
	number of the main contact person for	
	such meeting;	8 contain the share registration date for
		the purpose of ascertaining the
	10. specify the time and place when the	entitlement of the shareholders to attend
	proxy forms for such meeting are served;	the shareholders' general meeting;
	The requirements under this Rule are	9 contain the name and telephone number
	applicable to the notices of shareholders'	of the main contact person for such
	general meetings convened	meeting;
	independently by the board of	10 ansaify the time and place when the
	supervisors or the shareholders in accordance with the Rules.	10 specify the time and place when the
	accordance with the Rules.	proxy forms for such meeting are served;
		The commencing time of voting online or through other means of any shareholders' general meeting shall not be earlier than 3:00 p.m. on the date preceding the convening of onsite shareholders' general meeting and shall not be later than 9:30 a.m. on the convening date of onsite shareholders' general meeting. Its conclusion time shall not be earlier than 3:00 p.m. on the conclusion date of onsite shareholders' general meeting.
		The requirements under this Rule are applicable to the notices of shareholders' general meetings convened independently by the board of supervisors—audit committee or the shareholders in accordance with the Rules.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
		The notice and supplementary notice
		of shareholders' general meeting shall
		fully disclose the details of all
		proposals and all necessary
		information or explanation required
		for the shareholders to make
		reasonable judgment on matters to be
		discussed. Where matters to be
		discussed require the opinion of the
		independent directors, the independent
		directors' opinions and reasons shall be
		disclosed at the same time when the
		notice of the shareholders' general
		meeting or the supplementary notice is
		issued.
		The internal between the shore
		The interval between the share
		registration date and the date of the meeting shall not exceed seven working
		days. Once the share registration date
		is confirmed, it shall not be changed.
25	Rule 30 Where elections of directors	Rule 28 Where elections of directors
	and/or supervisors are scheduled to be	and/or supervisors—are scheduled to be
	discussed at a shareholders' general	discussed at a shareholders' general
	meeting, the notice of such shareholders'	meeting, the notice of such shareholders'
	general meeting shall contain details of	general meeting shall contain details of
	the director candidates and supervisor	the director candidates, and supervisor
	candidates, including at least the	eandidates, including at least the
	following information:	following information:
	1. such personal information as education	1. such personal information as education
	background, working experience and	background, working experience and
	part-time job experience and etc.;	part-time job experience and etc.;
	2. whether he has connected relationship	2. whether he has connected relationship
	with the Company or its controlling	with the Company or its controlling
	shareholders or actual controllers;	shareholders or actual controllers;

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
	3. number of shares he holds in the	3. number of shares he holds in the
	Company;	Company;
	4. whether any punishment has been imposed on him by China Securities Regulatory Commission, other relevant authorities or securities exchange(s).	4. whether any punishment has been imposed on him by China Securities Regulatory Commission, other relevant authorities or securities exchange(s).
	The specific voting methods of implementing the cumulative voting system for electing directors or supervisors (the supervisors therein exclude the employee representative supervisors) are as follows:	The specific voting methods of implementing the cumulative voting system for electing directors—or supervisors (the directors supervisors therein exclude the employee directorsrepresentative supervisors) are as follows:
	1. When the number of directors or non-employee supervisors to be elected is above two, the cumulative voting system shall be implemented;	1. When the number of directors of non-employee supervisors to be elected is above two, the cumulative voting system shall be implemented;
	2. When the cumulative voting system is implemented, each share held by shareholders shall represent the same number of voting rights identical to the number of directors or non-employee supervisors to be elected;  3. The notice of the general meeting of	2. When the cumulative voting system is implemented, each share held by shareholders shall represent the same number of voting rights identical to the number of directors or non-employee supervisors to be elected;
	shareholders shall inform the shareholders of the cumulative voting system for the directors and the supervisors' election proposal. The convener of the meeting shall prepare ballot paper suitable for the cumulative voting system. Written instructions and explanations for the cumulative voting system, the method of filling in the ballots, and the method of counting votes	3. The notice of the general meeting of shareholders shall inform the shareholders of the cumulative voting system for the directors—and the supervisors' election proposal. The convener of the meeting shall prepare ballot paper suitable for the cumulative voting system. Written instructions and explanations for the cumulative voting system, the method of filling in the

shall be provided;

shareholders, the shareholders' votes are

valid and the difference shall be deemed

to be a waiver of the voting rights;

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
No.	4. When the general meeting of shareholders votes on election of directors and supervisors, the shareholder may vote for each director or supervisor candidate with the same voting rights as the shareholding; or cast all of their votes for one director or supervisor candidate which are the same as the number of directors or supervisors to be elected, or vote for a certain number of director or supervisor candidates respectively with the voting rights which are the same as the number of directors or supervisors to be elected;	4. When the general meeting of shareholders votes on election of directors and supervisors, the shareholder may vote for each director or supervisor candidate with the same voting rights as the shareholding; or cast all of their votes for one director or supervisor candidate which are the same as the number of directors or supervisors to be elected, or vote for a certain number of director or supervisor candidates respectively with the voting rights which are the same as the number of directors or supervisors to be elected;
	5. Shareholders who have exercised all of their votes for one or several director or supervisor candidates which are the same as the number of directors or supervisors to be elected shall no longer own the voting rights for other director and supervisor candidates;	5. Shareholders who have exercised all of their votes for one or several director or supervisor candidates which are the same as the number of directors or supervisors to be elected shall no longer own the voting rights for other director and supervisor candidates;
	6. At the end of the voting at the general meeting of shareholders, if the total number of voting rights exercised by a shareholder for certain or several director and supervisor candidates is more than the voting rights of all the shares held by the shareholders, the shareholders' votes are invalid and deemed to be a waiver of the voting rights; if the total number of voting rights exercised by a shareholder for certain or several director and supervisor candidates is less than the voting rights of all the shares held by the	6. At the end of the voting at the general meeting of shareholders, if the total number of voting rights exercised by a shareholder for certain or several director and supervisor—candidates is more than the voting rights of all the shares held by the shareholders, the shareholders' votes are invalid and deemed to be a waiver of the voting rights; if the total number of voting rights exercised by a shareholder for certain or several director and supervisor candidates is less than the voting rights of all the shares held by the

shareholders, the shareholders' votes are

valid and the difference shall be deemed

to be a waiver of the voting rights;

#### No. **Before Amendment** 7. The director or supervisor candidates who have received the agreed votes, the number of which exceeds one-half of the total number of shares with voting rights at the general meeting of shareholders (subject to the number of unaccumulated shares), shall be the elected director or supervisor candidates. If the number of candidates for directors and supervisors elected at the general meeting of shareholders exceeds the number of directors and supervisors supposed to be elected, the candidates with the majority of the votes will be elected as directors and supervisors (but if the number of votes for the elected candidates with fewer votes is equal, and the fact that the candidates are elected will give rise to the result that the number of elected candidates will exceed the number of directors and supervisors supposed to be elected, then these candidates and those who ranked behind shall be considered as not elected). If the number of the directors and supervisors elected at the general meeting of shareholders could not reach the number of the directors and supervisors supposed to be elected, a separate general meeting shall be held to elect the vacant directors and supervisors. Where a general meeting of shareholders elects directors supervisors by means of cumulative voting system, the voting of directors and supervisors shall be conducted separately, the voting of independent directors and non-independent directors shall be conducted separately.

#### **After Amendment** 7. The director or supervisor candidates who have received the agreed votes, the number of which exceeds one-half of the total number of shares with voting rights at the general meeting of shareholders (subject to the number of unaccumulated shares), shall be the elected director or supervisor candidates. If the number of candidates for directors and supervisors elected at the general meeting of shareholders exceeds the number of directors and supervisors supposed to be elected, the candidates with the majority of the votes will be elected as directors and supervisors (but if the number of votes for the elected candidates with fewer votes is equal, and the fact that the candidates are elected will give rise to the result that the number of elected candidates will exceed the number of directors and supervisors supposed to be elected, then these candidates and those who ranked behind shall be considered as not elected). If the number of the directors and supervisors elected at the general meeting of shareholders could not reach the number of the directors and supervisors supposed to be elected, a separate general meeting shall be held to elect the vacant directors-and supervisors. Where a general meeting of shareholders elects directors

supervisors by means of cumulative

voting system, the voting of directors and supervisors shall be conducted

separately, the voting of independent

directors and non-independent directors

shall be conducted separately.

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No. 26	Rule 32 Notices of the shareholders'	Rule 30 Notices of the shareholders'
20	general meetings shall be served on the	general meetings shall be served on the
	shareholders (whether or not they are	shareholders (whether or not they are
	_	
	entitled to vote at the meetings) by hand	entitled to vote at the meetings) by way
	or prepaid mail at their addresses	of public announcement or in the
	registered in the register of shareholders.	manner prescribed in Chapter 19 of
	Notices of shareholders' general	these Articles of Association.by hand or
	meetings to shareholders of the	prepaid mail at their addresses registered
	Domestic-Invested Shares may be served	in the register of shareholders. Where a
	by way of public announcements.	notice is given by way of public
		announcement, it shall be deemed to
	Public announcements of notices of the	have been received by all relevant
	shareholder's general meetings specified in the preceding paragraph shall be	parties upon its publication.
	published in one or more newspapers	Notices of shareholders' general
	designated by the securities regulatory	meetings to shareholders of the
		Domestic-Invested Shares may be served
	authority of the State Council. Upon the	
	publication of such announcements, all	by way of public announcements. Public
	shareholders of the Domestic-Invested	announcements of notices of the
	Shares shall be deemed to have received	shareholder's general meetings specified
	notices of relevant shareholders' general	in the preceding paragraph shall be
	meetings.	published in one or more newspapers
		designated by the securities regulatory
		authority of the State Councilon the
		website of a recognized stock exchange
		or other media. Upon the publication of
		such announcements, all shareholders of
		the Domestic-Invested Shares shall be
		deemed to have received notices of
		relevant shareholders' general meetings.
		For shareholders of foreign shares,
		subject to compliance with the laws,
		regulations and the listing rules of the
		place where the Company's shares are
		listed, the notice of the shareholders'
		general meeting may be given by other
		means, such as publication on the
		Company's website and on websites
		recognized by the regulatory
		1.5

authorities of the place of listing.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
27	Rule 33 All the registered shareholders	Rule 31 All the registered shareholders
	on the share registration date and their	on the share registration date and their
	proxies are entitled to attend the	proxies are entitled to attend the
	shareholders' general meetings and to	shareholders' general meetings. and The
	exercise their voting rights in accordance	Company and the convenor may not
	with relevant laws, regulations and the	refuse on any grounds. Shareholders
	Articles of Association.	attending the shareholders' general
		meetings or their proxies shall to
		exercise their voting rights in accordance
		with relevant laws, regulations and the
		Articles of Association.
28	Rule 34 Any shareholder entitled to	Delete this Rule.
	attend and vote at a shareholders' general	
	meeting shall have the right to appoint	
	one or more persons (who may not be	
	shareholders) to act as his proxy(ies) to	
	attend and vote at the meeting on his	
	behalf. The proxy(ies) so appointed by	
	the shareholder may, pursuant to the	
	instructions of such shareholder, exercise	
	the following rights:	
	1. the shareholder's right to speak at the	
	meeting;	
	2. the right to demand, whether on his	
	own or together with others, a poll;	
	3. the right to exercise voting rights on a	
	show of hands or on a poll, provided	
	however, that where more than one proxy	
	is appointed, the proxies may only	
	exercise such voting rights on a poll.	

#### No. **Before Amendment After Amendment** 29 Rule 35 Where the natural person Rule 33 Where the natural person shareholder attends in person shareholder attends in person the shareholders' general meeting, he shall shareholders' general meeting, he shall present his identification card or other present his identification card or other valid document of identification and the valid document of identification-and the stock account card; where the natural stock account card; where the natural person shareholders appoint proxy(ies) to person shareholders appoint proxy(ies) attend the shareholders' general meeting, appointed to attend the shareholders' the proxy(ies) shall present his/their general meeting, the proxy(ies) shall valid document(s) of identification and present his/their valid document(s) of the proxy form(s). identification and the proxy form(s). The legal person shareholder shall The legal person shareholder shall appoint its legal representative or a appoint its legal representative or a proxy(ies) appointed by such legal proxy(ies) appointed by such legal representative to attend a shareholders' representative or by the legal person general meeting. Where the shareholder itself to attend legal representative attends the shareholders' shareholders' general meeting. Where the general meeting, he shall present his representative attends identification card and valid evidence of shareholders' general meeting, he shall his identity as the legal representative; present his identification card and valid where a proxy(ies) is/are authorized to evidence of his identity as the legal attend the shareholders' general meeting, representative; where a proxy(ies) is/are authorized to attend the shareholders' such proxy(ies) shall present his/their identification card(s) and the written general meeting, such proxy(ies) shall proxy form(s) duly issued by the legal present his/their identification card(s) representative of the legal person and the written proxy form(s) duly issued shareholder. by the legal representative of the legal person shareholder or by legal person shareholder itself.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
30	Rule 36 A proxy form issued by a	Rule 34 A proxy form issued by a
	shareholder where such shareholder	shareholder where such shareholder
	appoints a proxy to attend the	appoints a proxy to attend the
	shareholders' general meeting on his/its	shareholders' general meeting on his/its
	behalf shall contain the following	behalf shall contain the following
	information:	information:
	1. name of the proxy;	1. name of the appointing shareholder, and the class and number of shares
	2. whether the proxy is authorized to	held in the Company;
	vote;	
		1. 2. name of the proxy;
	3. instruction of casting approval for,	
	opposition or abstention vote against	2. whether the proxy is authorized to
	each proposed resolution at the	vote;
	shareholders' general meeting;	
		3. shareholders' specific instructions,
	4. the date of issuance and validity term	including instructions of casting
	of the proxy form;	approval for, opposition or abstention
		vote against each proposed resolution at
	5. signature of such shareholder or	the shareholders' general meeting;
	signature of a person who is authorized in	
	writing by such shareholder, if the	4. the date of issuance and validity term
	shareholder appointing the proxy is a legal person, such proxy form shall have	of the proxy form;
	the company seal of such shareholder	5. if the appointing shareholder is an
	affixed, and the signature of the legal	individual shareholder, the proxy form
	representative of such shareholder or that	shall be signed by the individual
	of the person duly authorized by the legal	shareholder in person; if the
	representative.	appointing shareholder is a legal
		person shareholder, the proxy form
		shall bear the company seal of such
		legal person entity; signature of such
		shareholder or signature of a person who
		is authorized in writing by such
		shareholder, if the legal person
		shareholder appointing the proxy is a
		legal person, such proxy form shall have
		the company seal of such legal person
		shareholder affixed, and the signature of
		the legal representative of such legal
		<b>person</b> shareholder or that of the person
		duly authorized by the legal

representative.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
31	Rule 37 A shareholder of the Company, being a recognised clearing house within the definition of the Securities and Futures (Clearing Houses) Ordinance of Hong Kong may authorise such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its proxy(ies) at any meeting or class shareholders' general meeting of the Company provided however, that if more than one person is so authorized, the proxy form shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person is so authorized. A person so authorized will be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the clearing house (or its nominee) which he represents as that clearing house (or its nominee) could exercise as an individual shareholder of the Company.	Rule 35 A shareholder of the Company, being a recognised clearing house within the definition of the Securities and Futures (Clearing Houses) Ordinance of Hong Kong may authorise such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its proxy(ies) at any shareholders' general meeting or class shareholders' general meeting of the Company provided however, that if more than one person is so authorized, the proxy form shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person is so authorized. A person so authorized will be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the clearing house (or its nominee) which he represents as that clearing house (or its nominee) could exercise as an individual shareholder of the Company.
32	Rule 38 The proxy form appointing a voting proxy shall be deposited at the Company's domicile or at such other place as is specified in the notice convening the meeting not less than 24 hours prior to the time for holding the meeting at which the proxy proposes to vote or not less than 24 hours prior to the time specified for the adoption of the resolutions. If such proxy form is signed by another person authorized by the appointing shareholder, relevant power of attorney or other authorization documents authorizing the execution of the proxy form shall be notarised. The notarised power of attorney or other authorization documents shall, together with the proxy form appointing the voting proxy, be deposited at the Company's domicile or at such other place as is specified in the notice convening the meeting.  If the appointing shareholder is a legal person, its legal representative or any person authorized by its board of directors or other decision-making body shall attend the shareholders' general meeting as its representative.	Rule 36 The proxy form appointing a voting proxy shall be deposited at the Company's domicile or at such other place as is specified in the notice convening the meeting not less than 24 hours prior to the time for holding the meeting at which the proxy proposes to vote or not less than 24 hours prior to the time specified for the adoption of the resolutions. If such proxy form prescribed in Rule 34 of the Rules is signed by another person authorized by the appointing shareholder, relevant power of attorney or other authorization documents authorizing the execution of the proxy form shall be notarised. The notarised power of attorney or other authorization documents shall, together with the proxy form—appointing the voting proxy—prescribed in Rule 34 of the Rules, be deposited at the Company's domicile or at such other place as is specified in the notice convening the meeting.  If the appointing shareholder is a legal person, its legal representative or any person—authorized by its board of directors or other decision—making body shall attend the shareholders' general

meeting as its representative.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
33	Rule 41 The register of attendance of a	Rule 39 The register of attendance of a
	shareholders' general meeting shall be	shareholders' general meeting shall be
	prepared by the Company. Such register	prepared by the Company. Such register
	shall record information such as each	shall record information such as each
	attendant's name (or name of unit),	attendant's name (or name of unit),
	Identification Card number, address of	Identification Card number, address of
	domicile, the number of voting shares	domicile, the number of voting shares
	held or authorized, name of the	held or authorized, name of the
	appointing shareholder (or name of unit),	appointing shareholder (or name of unit),
	etc.	etc.
34	Rule 43 Resolutions of a shareholders'	Rule 41 Resolutions of a shareholders'
	general meeting are divided into ordinary	general meeting are divided into ordinary
	resolutions or special resolutions.	resolutions or special resolutions.
	An ordinary resolution of a shareholders'	An ordinary resolution of a shareholders'
	general meeting shall be adopted by	general meeting shall be adopted by
	affirmative votes of no less than one half	affirmative votes of no less more than
	of the votes being held by the	one half of the votes being held by the
	shareholders who attend the meeting	shareholders who attend the meeting
	(including proxies).	(including the shareholders appointing
		proxies to attend the shareholders'
	A special resolution of a shareholders'	general meeting <del>proxies</del> ).
	general meeting shall be adopted by	
	affirmative votes of no less than two-	A special resolution of a shareholders'
	thirds of the votes being held by the	general meeting shall be adopted by
	shareholders who attend the meeting	affirmative votes of no less than two-
	(including proxies).	thirds of the votes being held by the
		shareholders who attend the meeting
		(including the shareholders appointing
		proxies to attend the shareholders'
		general meeting-proxies).

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
35	Rule 44 A shareholder (including	Rule 42 A shareholder (including the
	proxies) shall exercise the voting rights	shareholders appointing proxies to
	at a shareholders' meeting on the basis of	attend the shareholders' general
	the voting shares he holds. Each share	meeting—proxies) shall exercise the
	shall carry one vote except for the	voting rights at a shareholders' meeting
	election of directors and supervisors that	on the basis of the voting shares he holds.
	shall adopt the cumulative voting system	Each share shall carry one vote except for
	as prescribed by Article 78 of the Articles	the election of directors and supervisors
	of Association. When major matters	that shall adopt the cumulative voting
	affecting the interests of small and	system as prescribed by Article 7866 of
	medium investors are considered at the	the Articles of Association.
	shareholders' general meeting, votes	
	shall be counted separately for small and	When major matters affecting the
	medium investors. The results of separate	interests of small and medium investors
	counting of votes shall be publicly	are considered at the shareholders'
	disclosed in a timely manner.	general meeting, votes shall be counted
	The Commence of the state of th	separately for small and medium investors. The results of separate
	The Company's shares held by itself shall	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	not be entitled to exercise voting rights and shall not be calculated in the total	counting of votes shall be publicly disclosed in a timely manner.
	voting shares held by the shareholders	discrosed in a timery manner.
	present at the shareholders' general	The Company's shares held by itself shall
	meeting.	not be entitled to exercise voting rights
	meeting.	and shall not be calculated in the total
		voting shares held by the shareholders
		present at the shareholders' general
		meeting.
		Where a shareholder acquires voting
		shares of the Company in violation of
		the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of
		Article 63 of the Securities Law, the
		portion of shares exceeding the
		prescribed percentage shall not carry
		voting rights within thirty-six months
		from the date of acquisition, and shall
		not be counted in the total number of
		voting shares present at the
		shareholders' general meeting.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
		The board of directors, independent
		directors, shareholders holding 1% or
		more of the voting shares, or investor
		protection institutions established in
		accordance with laws, administrative
		regulations or the provisions of the
		CSRC may publicly solicit proxies for
		shareholders' voting rights. In
		soliciting such voting rights, the
		solicitors shall fully disclose to the
		solicited shareholders the specific
		voting intentions and other relevant
		information. It is prohibited to solicit
		shareholders' voting rights by means of
		consideration or disguised forms of
		consideration. Except as otherwise
		required by law, the Company shall not
		impose any minimum shareholding
		requirement for proxy solicitation.
36	Rule 45 When connected transactions are	Rule 43 When connected transactions are
	being discussed in a shareholders'	being discussed in a shareholders'
	general meeting, the connected	general meeting, the connected
	shareholders shall not vote on such	shareholders shall not vote on such
	transactions, and their voting shares shall	transactions, and their-voting shares <b>held</b>
	not be counted in the total voting shares	by them shall not be counted in the total
	held by the shareholders present at the	voting shares held by the shareholders
	shareholders' general meeting.	present at the shareholders' general
	Announcement of resolutions adopted at	meeting. Announcement of resolutions
	such shareholders' general meeting shall	
	fully disclose the voting of the non-	meeting shall fully disclose the voting of
	connected shareholders.	the non-connected shareholders.
37	Rule 46 The Company shall provide	Delete this Rule.
	convenience by various means and	
	manners for the shareholders to attend	
	the shareholders' general meetings,	
	including providing modern information	
	technology such as online voting	
	platform, provided however, that the	
	Company shall ensure the legality and	
	validity of such shareholders' general	
	meetings.	

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
38	Rule 47 Unless a poll is demanded by the	Rule 44 Unless a poll is demanded by the
	following persons (before or after any	following persons (before or after any
	voting by show of hands), voting at a	voting by show of hands), voting at a
	shareholders' general meeting shall be	shareholders' general meeting shall be
	conducted by show of hands:	conducted by show of hands:
	1. chairman of the meeting;	1. chairman of the meeting;
	2. at least two shareholders entitled to vote or their proxies;	2. at least two shareholders entitled to vote or their proxies;
	3. one or more shareholders (including proxies) individually or jointly holding 10% or more of the voting shares held by all shareholders present at the meeting.	3. one or more shareholders (including proxies) individually or jointly holding 10% or more of the voting shares held by all shareholders present at the meeting.
	Unless voting by poll is proposed, the chairman of the meeting shall declare whether a proposal has been adopted according to the results of voting by show of hands, and record the same in the minutes of the meeting as conclusive evidence. There is no need to prove the number or proportion of the votes for or against a given resolution adopted at such meeting.	Unless voting by poll is proposed, the chairman of the meeting shall declare whether a proposal has been adopted according to the results of voting by show of hands, and record the same in the minutes of the meeting as conclusive evidence. There is no need to prove the number or proportion of the votes for or against a given resolution adopted at such meeting.
	The demand for voting by poll may be withdrawn by the person who makes such demand.	The demand for voting by poll may be withdrawn by the person who makes such demand.
		The shareholders' general meeting shall adopt voting by registered ballot.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
39	Rule 48 A poll demanded on such matters	Rule 45 A poll demanded on such matters
	as the election of the chairman or the	as the election of the chairman or the
	adjournment of the meeting, shall be	adjournment of the meeting, shall be
	taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any	taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any
	other matters shall be taken at such time	other matters shall be taken at such time
	as the chairman may decide, and the	as the chairman may decide, and the
	meeting may proceed to discuss other	meeting may proceed to discuss other
	matters, while the results of such voting	matters, while the results of such voting
	by poll shall still be deemed to be	by poll shall still be deemed to be
	resolutions adopted at that meeting.	resolutions adopted at that meeting.
		Before voting on a proposal at the shareholders' general meeting, two shareholder representatives shall be elected to take part in counting and scrutinising votes. Where the matter under consideration involves a connected relationship with a shareholder, such shareholder and its proxy shall not take part in counting or scrutinising votes.
		When votes are cast on proposals at the shareholders' general meeting, an attorney and shareholder representatives shall be jointly responsible for counting and scrutinizing votes, and the voting results shall be announced on the spot. The voting results shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.
		Shareholders or their proxies who vote via online or other means shall have the right to verify their voting results through the corresponding voting system.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
40	Rule 49 A shareholders' general meeting	Rule 46 Except where the cumulative
	shall take vote on all proposals one by	voting system is adopted, A—a
	one. Where different proposals are raised	shareholders' general meeting shall take
	for the same matters, such proposals shall	vote on all proposals one by one. Where
	be voted in accordance with the time	different proposals are raised for the
	sequence of the proposals' submission.	same matters, such proposals shall be
	The shareholders' general meeting shall	voted in accordance with the time
	not postpone the voting or leave the	sequence of the proposals' submission.
	resolution not voted unless such	The shareholders' general meeting shall
	particular causes as force majeure events	not postpone the voting or leave the
	have resulted in the suspension of the	resolution not voted unless such
	meeting or the failure to adopt	particular causes as force majeure events
	resolutions.	have resulted in the suspension of the
		meeting or the failure to adopt
		resolutions.
41	Rule 52 The time of the conclusion of an	Rule 48 The time of the conclusion of an
	on-site shareholders' general meeting	on-site shareholders' general meeting
	shall not be earlier than that is held	shall not be earlier than that is held
	through internet or otherwise. The	through internet or otherwise. The
	presiding person of the shareholders'	presiding person of the shareholders'
	general meeting shall announce the	general meeting shall announce the
	voting and its result of each resolution	voting and its result of each resolution
	and whether each resolution has been	and whether each resolution has been
	adopted according to such results.	adopted according to such results.
	Prior to the voting results is proclaimed,	Prior to the voting results is proclaimed,
	listed company, vote counter, scrutineer,	listed company, vote counter, scrutineer,
	major shareholders, internet service	major shareholders, internet service
	provider, are other relevant parties, who	provider, are other relevant parties, who
	are involved in the voting at the scene,	are involved in the voting at the scene,
	via internet, or otherwise shall bear	via internet, or otherwise shall bear
	confidential obligations to the voting and	confidential obligations to the voting and
	its results.	its results.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
42	Rule 53 The shareholders attending a	Rule 49 The shareholders attending a
	shareholders' general meeting shall	shareholders' general meeting shall
	deliver any of the following opinion	deliver any of the following opinion
	about the proposals submitted for voting:	about the proposals submitted for voting:
	consent, objection or abstention.	consent, objection or abstention-, except
		for declarations made in accordance
	Where there are ballots on which the	with the intentions of the actual
	words are not filled in, are wrongly filled	holders, where the securities
	in or are not recognizable or the ballots	registration and clearing institution,
	that are not cast, relevant voters shall be	acting as the nominee holder of shares
	regarded as having given up their voting	under the stock connect mechanism
	rights and the voting results of their	between the Mainland China and the
	shares shall be regarded as "abstention".	Hong Kong stock markets.
		Where there are ballots on which the
		words are not filled in, are wrongly filled
		in or are not recognizable or the ballots
		that are not cast, relevant voters shall be
		regarded as having given up their voting
		rights and the voting results of their
43	Rule 55 On a poll taken at a	shares shall be regarded as "abstention".  Delete this Rule.
43	Rule 55 On a poll taken at a shareholders' general meeting, a	Delete this Rule.
	shareholder (including proxy(ies))	
	entitled to two or more votes need not	
	cast all his votes for or against in the	
	same way.	
44	Rule 56 When the number of votes for	Delete this Rule.
	and against a resolution are equal,	
	whether the vote is taken by show of	
	hands or on a poll, the chairman of the	
	meeting shall be entitled to cast an	
	additional vote.	

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
45	Rule 57 Where any shareholder is, under	Rule 52 Where any shareholder is, under
	the Company Law or the Listing Rules,	the Company Law or the Listing Rules
	required to abstain from voting on any	the listing rules of the place where the
	particular resolution or restricted to vote	shares are listed, required to abstain
	only for or only against any particular	from voting on any particular resolution
	resolution, any vote cast by or on behalf	or restricted to vote only for or only
	of such shareholder (including his	against any particular resolution, any
	proxy(ies)) in contravention of such	vote cast by or on behalf of such
	requirement or restriction shall not be	shareholder (including the shareholders
	counted in the total number of voting	appointing proxies to attend the
	shares held by the shareholders (or,	shareholders' general meeting—his
	proxies) attending such shareholders'	proxy(ies)) in contravention of such
	general meeting.	requirement or restriction shall not be
		counted in the total number of voting
		shares held by the shareholders (or, the
		shareholders appointing proxies to
		attend the shareholders' general
		meetingproxies) attending such
		shareholders' general meeting.
46	Rule 60 Where a shareholders' general	Rule 55 Where a shareholders' general
	meeting adopts the resolutions	meeting adopts the resolutions
	concerning the election of directors or	concerning the election of directors—or
	supervisors, the commencement dates of	supervisors, the commencement dates of
	their term of office shall be determined in	their term of office shall be determined in
	accordance with the resolutions of the	accordance with the resolutions of the
	shareholders' general meeting.	shareholders' general meeting.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
47	Rule 61 The following matters shall be approved by ordinary resolutions of the	Rule 56 The following matters shall be approved by ordinary resolutions of the
	shareholders' general meeting:	shareholders' general meeting:
	1. the work reports of the board of	1. the work reports of the board of
	directors and the board of supervisors;	directors and the board of supervisors;
	2. the plans prepared by the board of directors for profit distribution and making up losses;	2. the plans prepared by the board of directors for profit distribution and making up losses;
	3. the appointment and removal of members of the board of directors and the board of supervisors, their remuneration and the methods of payment thereof;	3. the appointment and removal of members of the board of directors and the board of supervisors, their remuneration and the methods of payment thereof;
	4. the Company's annual financial budgets and final accounts, balance sheets, income statements and other financial statements;	4. the Company's annual financial budgets and final accounts, balance sheets, income statements and other financial statements;
	5. other matters other than those required	5. 4. other matters other than those
	by laws, administrative regulations or the	required by laws, administrative
	Articles of the Company to be approved	regulations or the Articles of the
	by special resolutions.	Company to be approved by special resolutions.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
48	Rule 62 The following matters shall be	Rule 57 The following matters shall be
	approved by special resolutions of the	approved by special resolutions of the
	shareholders' general meeting:	shareholders' general meeting:
	1. the increase or reduction of the	1. the increase or reduction of the
	Company's share capital and the issuance	Company's registered capital—share
	of any class of shares, warrants or other	eapital and the issuance of any class of
	similar securities;	shares, warrants or other similar
		securities;
	2. the issuance of bonds by the Company;	
		2. the issuance of bonds by the Company
	3. the division, merger, dissolution or	or authorization of the board of
	liquidation of the Company;	directors to make resolutions on the
		issuance of corporate bonds;
	4. any amendment to the Articles of	
	Association;	3. the division, <b>spin-off</b> , merger,
		dissolution or liquidation of the
	5. any acquisition or disposal of assets	Company;
	after the amount of the buying or selling	
	of material assets by the Company for the	4. any amendment to the Articles of
	last 12 months has reached or exceeded	Association;
	30% of the latest audited total assets;	
		5. any acquisition or disposal of assets
	6. any external guarantee to be provided	after any event that the amount of the
	after the total amount of external	buying or selling of material assets by the
	guarantee provided by the Company has	Company for the last 12 months has reached or exceeded 30% of the latest
	reached or exceeded 30% of the latest audited total assets;	
	audited total assets,	audited total assets;
	7. share incentive plan;	6. based on the principle of cumulative
	7. Share incentive plan,	calculation of the guarantee amount
	8. all other matters stipulated by laws,	for 12 consecutive months, any external
	administrative regulations or the Articles	guarantee to be provided after for the
	of Association, and other matters decided	total amount of external guarantee
	in ordinary resolutions adopted by the	provided by the Company has reached or
	shareholders' general meeting as having	exceeded 30% of the latest audited total
	significant impact on the Company and	assets;
	requiring adoption by special resolutions.	,
	grand and the second	7. share incentive plan;
		r,
		8. adjustment to the profit distribution
		policy of the Company;
		• ·

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
		8.9. all other matters stipulated by laws,
		administrative regulations or the Articles
		of Association, and other matters decided
		in ordinary resolutions adopted by the
		shareholders' general meeting as having
		significant impact on the Company and
		requiring adoption by special resolutions.
		Unless it is otherwise provided in this
		Rule or the Articles of Association,
		matters considered by the
		shareholders' general meeting shall be
		approved by ordinary resolutions.
49	Rule 63 At a shareholders' general	Rule 58 At a shareholders' general
	meeting, the presiding person of the	meeting, the presiding person of tThe
	meeting shall decide whether a resolution	meeting shall announce the voting and
	is adopted. His decision shall be final and	its result of each resolution and
	shall be announced at the meeting and	whether each resolution has been
	recorded in the minutes of meeting.	adopted according to such results, shall
		decide whether a resolution is adopted.
		His decision shall be final and shall be
		announced at the meeting and shall
		recorded the same in the minutes of
<b>70</b>	D. CALL	meeting.
50	Rule 64 In the event that the votes are	Delete this Rule.
	counted at a shareholders' general	
	meeting, the counting results shall be	
	recorded in the minutes of the meeting.	
	The minutes of the meeting together with	
	the register of attendance and the proxy	
	forms for proxies attending the meeting	
	shall be kept at the domicile of the	
	Company.	

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
51	CHAPTER 7 SPECIAL PROCEDURES FOR CLASS SHAREHOLDERS	Delete CHAPTER 7 SPECIAL PROCEDURES FOR CLASS SHAREHOLDERS, i.e. delete Rules 65 to 72.
	Rule 65 Shareholders holding different classes of shares shall be class shareholders.  Class shareholders shall enjoy rights and assume obligations pursuant to the provisions of laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of	Newly added: Rule 59: "Where the Company is required to convene a class shareholders' meeting in respect of any significant matter pursuant to the requirements of the securities regulatory authority of the place where the Company's shares are listed, the
	Association.  Rule 72 In addition to shareholders of shares of other classes, shareholders of the Domestic Invested Shares and shareholders of the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares are deemed to	procedures for convening, voting and other relevant matters at such class shareholders' general meeting shall be conducted with reference to the relevant provisions of this chapter governing the shareholders' general meeting."
	be shareholders of different classes.  The special procedures for voting by class shareholders shall not apply to any of the following circumstances:  1. where the Company issues, upon	
	approval by a special resolution at a shareholders' general meeting, the Domestic-Invested Shares and the Overseas Listed Foreign-Invested Shares once in every 12 months, either separately or concurrently, and the respective numbers of the Domestic-Invested Shares and the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares proposed to be issued do not exceed 20% of the respective numbers of the issued and outstanding Domestic Invested Shares and Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares and Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares;	
	2. where the Company's plan to issue the Domestic-Invested Shares and the Overseas-Listed Foreign-Invested Shares at the time of incorporation is completed within 15 months from the date of approval by the securities regulatory authority of the State Council.	

# APPENDIX II COMPARISON TABLE OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE GENERAL MEETINGS OF DATANG INTERNATIONAL POWER GENERATION CO., LTD.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
52	Rule 73 The Secretary of the board of	Rule 60 The Secretary of the board of
	directors shall be responsible to take	directors shall be responsible to take
	minutes of a shareholders' general	minutes of a shareholders' general
	meeting, and shall record the following	meeting, and shall record the following
	items:	items:
	1. time, venue, agenda, name of convener;	1. time, venue, agenda, name of convener;
	2. names of the presiding person of the shareholders' general meeting and the directors, supervisors and senior management attending such meeting;	2. names of the presiding person of the shareholders' general meeting and the directors, supervisors and senior management attending such meeting;
	3. number of the shareholders and proxies attending such meeting, the total number of voting shares held by such shareholders and represented by such proxies, and the proportion of such voting shares to the total number of shares of the Company;	3. number of the shareholders and proxies attending such meeting, the total number of voting shares held by such shareholders and represented by such proxies, and the proportion of such voting shares to the total number of shares of the Company;
	4. deliberation process, main points of the speech delivered and the voting result of each proposal discussed at the meeting;	4. deliberation process, main points of the speech delivered and the voting result of each proposal discussed at the meeting;
	5. the enquiries, opinion or suggestions raised by shareholders and corresponding responses or explanations given by directors, supervisors and senior management;	5. the enquiries, opinion or suggestions raised by shareholders and corresponding responses or explanations given by directors, supervisors and senior management;
	6. name of the legal adviser, vote counter and scrutineer;	6. name of the legal adviser, vote counter and scrutineer;
	7. other information that shall be recorded in the minutes in accordance with the Articles of Association.	7. other information that shall be recorded in the minutes in accordance with the Articles of Association.

## APPENDIX II COMPARISON TABLE OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE GENERAL MEETINGS OF DATANG INTERNATIONAL POWER GENERATION CO., LTD.

No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
53	Rule 74 The convener of a shareholders'	Rule 61 The convener of a shareholders'
	general meeting shall ensure the	general meeting shall ensure the
	truthfulness, accuracy and completeness	truthfulness, accuracy and completeness
	of the minutes of such shareholders'	of the minutes of such shareholders'
	general meeting.	general meeting.
	Such minutes shall be signed by the	Such-The minutes of the meetings shall
	convener of the shareholders' general	be signed by directors, the secretary of
	meeting or its representative, the	the board of directors, the convener of
	presiding person of the meeting, the	the shareholders' general meeting or its
	Secretary of the board of directors, and	representative, the presiding person of
	the directors, supervisors and senior	the meeting, the Secretary of the board of
	management attending the meeting. The	directors, and the directors, supervisors
	minutes shall be kept together with the	and senior management attending
	register of attendance, proxy forms and	present or attending the meeting, and
	other valid record on voting via internet	the truthfulness, accuracy and
	or other means, and shall be kept for at	completeness of the minutes of such
	least 10 years.	meeting shall be ensured. The minutes
		shall be kept together with the register of
		attendance, proxy forms and other valid
		record on voting via internet or other
		means, and shall be kept for at least 10
		years.
54	Rule 77 In the Rules, the term "above"	Rule 64 In the Rules, the term "above"
	includes the figure listed.	includes the figure listed. Such terms as
		"beyond", "less than" and "more than"
55		shall not include the figures listed.  In the rules, references to
33	_	,
		"shareholders' general meeting" and "manager" have been changed to
		"shareholders' general meeting" and
		"general manager", respectively.
		general manager, respectively.

#### Notes:

- 1. Save as the table above, if the serial numbering of the articles is changed due to the addition, deletion or rearrangement of certain articles, the serial numbering of the articles of these Rules of Procedure for the General Meetings as so amended shall be changed accordingly, including those referred to in cross references.
- 2. The proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedure for the General Meetings are prepared in Chinese and the English version is therefore a translation only. In the event of any discrepancy between the English translation and the Chinese version of the Rules of Procedure for the General Meetings, the Chinese version shall prevail.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
1	Rule 3 Specialised committees	Rule 3 Specialised committees
	The Board may set up specialised committees such as the Strategy Committee, the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee, etc. in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the general meeting of the Company.	The Board may set up specialised committees such as the Strategy Committee, the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee, etc. in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the general meeting of the Company.
2	Members of the specialised committees shall only be composed of directors. For the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee, the independent directors must constitute majority and serve as convenor of the such committees. There must be at least one independent director who is an accounting professional in the Audit Committee. Each specialised committee shall be accountable to the Board. The proposed resolution(s) of each specialised committee shall be submitted to the Board for review and decision. The above-mentioned committees shall formulate the relevant rules of work which shall take effect upon approval by the Board.  Rule 4 Regular meetings	Members of the specialised committees shall only be composed of directors. For the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee, the independent directors must constitute majority and serve as convenor of the such committees. There must be at least one independent director who is an accounting professional in the Audit Committee. Each specialised committee shall be accountable to the Board. The proposed resolution(s) of each specialised committee shall be submitted to the Board for review and decision. The above-mentioned committees shall formulate the relevant rules of work which shall take effect upon approval by the Board.  Rule 4 Regular meetings
2	Meetings of the Board can be regular meetings or ad hoc meetings. The Board shall convene at least one regular meeting in each of the first and second half of a year respectively.	Meetings of the Board can be regular meetings or ad hoc meetings. The Board shall convene at least four meetings and shall convene one regular meeting in each of the first and second half of a year respectively.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
3	Rule 6 Ad hoc meetings	Rule 6 Ad hoc meetings
	The Board shall convene an ad hoc meeting should any of the following circumstances takes place:	The Board shall convene an ad hoc meeting should any of the following circumstances takes place:
	1. When proposed by shareholders representing more than 1/10 of voting rights;	1. When proposed by shareholders representing more than 1/10 one-tenth of voting rights;
	2. When jointly proposed by more than 1/3 of the directors;	2. When jointly proposed by more than 1/3 one-third of the directors;
	3. When proposed by the supervisory committee;	3. When proposed by the <b>Audit Committee</b> ;
	4. When the chairman of the Board considers that a meeting is necessary;	4. When the chairman of the Board considers that a meeting is necessary;
	5. When proposed by more than 1/2 of the independent directors;	5. When proposed by more than 1/2 half of the independent directors;
	6. When proposed by the managers;	6. When proposed by the general managers;
	7. When requested by the securities regulatory authorities;	7. When requested by the securities regulatory authorities;
	8. Other circumstances as required by the Articles of Association of the Company.	8. Other circumstances as required by the Articles of Association of the Company.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
4	Rule 7 Procedures for proposing an ad	Rule 7 Procedures for proposing an ad
	hoc meeting	hoc meeting
	When a proposal is made to convene an	When a proposal is made to convene an
	ad hoc meeting of the Board in	ad hoc meeting of the Board in
	accordance with the stipulations of the	accordance with the stipulations of the
	above Rule, it must be submitted via the	above Rule, it must be submitted via the
	Board office, or a written proposal is	Board office, or a written proposal is
	signed (stamped with seal) by a proposer	signed (stamped with seal) by a proposer
	and submitted directly to the chairman of	and submitted directly to the chairman of
	the Board. The written proposal must contain the following matters:	the Board. The written proposal must contain the following matters:
	contain the following matters.	contain the following matters.
	1. The name or title of the proposer;	1. The name or title of the proposer;
	<b>1 1</b>	, ,
	2. The reasons for the proposal or the	2. The reasons for the proposal or the
	objective facts upon which it is	objective facts upon which it is
	based;	based;
	3. The proposed time or deadline,	3. The proposed time or deadline,
	venue and means of convening the	venue and means of convening the
	meeting;	meeting;
	4. Clear and concrete proposed	4. Clear and concrete proposed
	resolutions;	resolutions;
	resorations,	resolutions,
	5. The ways to contact the proposer	5. The ways to contact the proposer
	and the date of the proposal, etc.	and the date of the proposal, etc.
	The content of the proposed resolutions	The content of the proposed resolutions
	must be within the scope of authorities of	must be within the scope of authorities of
	the Board as stipulated by the Articles of	the Board as stipulated by the Articles of
	Association of the Company. Relevant	Association of the Company. Relevant
	materials on the proposed resolutions	materials on the proposed resolutions
	must be submitted at the same time.	must be submitted at the same time.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	The Board office shall forward the	The Board office shall forward the
	above-mentioned written proposal and	above-mentioned written proposal and
	relevant materials to the chairman of the	relevant materials to the chairman of the
	Board on the same day upon receipt. If	Board on the same day upon receipt. If
	the chairman of the Board is of the	the chairman of the Board is of the
	opinion that the content of the proposed	opinion that the content of the proposed
	resolutions are not clear or concrete, or	resolutions are not clear or concrete, or
	that the relevant materials are not	that the relevant materials are not
	sufficient, he/she can request the	sufficient, he/she can request the
	proposer to make amendments or provide	proposer to make amendments or provide
	supplements.	supplements.
	The chairman of the Board shall convene	The chairman of the Board shall convene
	a meeting of the board of directors and	an ad hoc meeting of the board of
	preside at the meeting within ten days	directors and preside at the meeting
	after having received the proposal or the	within ten days after having received the
	request by the securities regulatory	proposal-or the request by the securities
	authorities.	regulatory authorities.
5	Rule 9 Methods and time limits for	Rule 9 Methods and time limits for
	notice of convening a regular or ad hoc	notice of convening a regular or ad hoc
	meeting of the board of directors:	meeting of the board of directors:
	1. When the time and venue of a	1. When the time and venue of a
	regular meeting of the board of	regular meeting of the board of
	directors are determined by the	directors are determined by the
	Board in advance, no notice is	Board in advance, no notice is
	required to be served for convening	required to be served for convening
	such meeting;	such meeting;

#### No. **Before amendments** After amendments 2. If the time and location of a regular 2. If the time and location of a regular meeting of the board of directors meeting of the board of directors have not been determined by the have not been determined by the board of directors in advance, the board of directors in advance, the Chairman shall notify all directors Chairman-Company shall notify all and supervisors of the time and directors and supervisors of the location of such meeting time and location of such meeting teletype, telegraph, facsimile, via teletype, telegraph, facsimile, courier, registered mail or by hand courier, registered mail or by hand no less than 10 days (but no more no less than 10 days (but no more than 30 days) prior to such meeting than 30 days) prior to such meeting; of the time and location thereof no 3. The notice shall be issued in less than 14 days prior to the Chinese, with an English version convening of the regular meeting of the board of directors, or no including the agenda and matters to considered attached less than 10 days prior to the when necessary; convening of an ad hoc meeting of the board of directors, by means 4. When a director has attended a such personal delivery, meeting and that he/she does not facsimile, post, or email; in case of raise the opinion before or while emergency requiring attending the meeting that he/she prompt convening of an ad hoc has not received the notice of meeting of the board of directors, meeting, it shall be deemed that a the meeting notice may be given notice has been served to him/her: at any time by telephone or other verbal means, and the convener A regular or an ad hoc meeting of shall provide an explanation at the board of directors can be held by the meeting; way of a telephone conference or with the assistance or similar The notice shall be issued in 3. Chinese, with an English version communication equipment. When holding such meetings, all attending including the agenda and matters to be considered directors shall be deemed attending attached when the meeting in person as long as the necessary; attending directors can listen to the speeches of other directors clearly When a director has attended a 4. and communicating with meeting and that he/she does not another. raise the opinion before or while attending the meeting that he/she has not received the notice of meeting, it shall be deemed that a notice has been served to him/her;

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		5. A regular or an ad hoc meeting of the board of directors can be held by way of a telephone conference or with the assistance or similar communication equipment. When holding such meetings, all attending directors shall be deemed attending the meeting in person as long as the attending directors can listen to the speeches of other directors clearly and communicating with one another.
6	Rule 11 Convening of the meeting  A meeting of the board of directors shall only be held if more than half of the directors attend. If some directors refuse or delay to attend the meeting resulting in the minimum requirement for the quorum of the meeting not being satisfied, the chairman of the Board and the secretary to the Board shall report to the regulatory authorities in due course.	Rule 11 Convening of the meeting  A meeting of the board of directors shall only be held if more than half of the directors attend. If some directors refuse or delay to attend the meeting resulting in the minimum requirement for the quorum of the meeting not being satisfied, the chairman of the Board and the secretary to the Board shall report to the securities regulatory authorities in due course.
	Supervisors may attend the meeting of the board of directors; managers and the secretary to the Board who do not act as directors as well shall attend the meeting of the board of directors. The presider of the meeting may notify other relevant persons to attend the meeting of the board of directors if he/she deems necessary.	Supervisors may attend the Board meeting; General managers and the secretary to the Board who do not act as directors as well shall attend the meeting of the board of directors. The presider of the meeting may notify other relevant persons to attend the meeting of the board of directors if he/she deems necessary.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
7	Rule 14 Means for convening the	Rule 14 Means for convening the
	meeting	meeting
	The principle is that the meeting of the	The principle is that the meeting of the
	board of directors shall be convened on	board of directors shall be convened on
	site. The Board can submit written	site, and it may also be convened via
	resolutions in lieu of convening a	video conference, telephone conference
	meeting of the board of directors, but the	or other means of communication, or
	proposal of such resolutions shall be	by combining physical attendance with
	delivered to each director by any one of	such communication methods. All
	the methods including delivery by hand,	directors participating in the meeting
	post, telegram and fax. When a Board	through such means of communication
	resolution is delivered to all directors and	shall be deemed to have attended the
	has obtained the signed agreement of all directors and delivered to the Company	meeting in person.
	Secretary by the above- mentioned ways,	If a director attends a meeting via
	the resolution shall become a resolution	telephone, video, or other means of
	of the board of directors and no	communication and is unable to sign
	convening of meeting of the board of	the resolutions at the meeting in real
	directors is required.	time, he or she may cast a verbal vote,
	1	and shall complete the written signing
		procedures as soon as practicable after
		the meeting. The verbal vote of a
		director shall have the same effect as a
		written signature, provided that the
		subsequent written signature must be
		consistent with the verbal vote cast
		during the meeting.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
		The Board can submit written resolutions
		in lieu of convening a meeting of the
		board of directors, but the proposal of
		such resolutions shall be delivered to
		each director by any one of the methods
		such asineluding delivery by hand, fax,
		post, telegram and emailfax. Where the
		number of directors who have signed in
		agreement has reached the statutory
		quorum required under laws,
		regulations and the Articles of
		Association for making a decision on
		the relevant matter, and such signed
		resolutions have been submitted to the
		secretary of the board of directors in
		the manner described aboveWhen a
		Board resolution is delivered to all
		directors and has obtained the signed
		agreement of all directors and delivered
		to the Company Secretary by the above-
		mentioned ways, suchthe resolutions
		shall become a-resolutions of the board of
		directors and no convening of meeting of
		the board of directors is required, unless
		otherwise provided by applicable laws,
		regulations and/or the relevant Listing
		Rules.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
8	Rule 17 Voting at the meeting	Rule 17 Voting at the meeting
	After each proposed resolution has been thoroughly discussed, the presider shall ask the directors in attendance to proceed to voting when appropriate.	After each proposed resolution has been thoroughly discussed, the presider shall ask the directors in attendance to proceed to voting when appropriate.
	Voting at the meeting is conducted in a "one person one vote" system, carried out by registering the names of the voters and in written form.	Voting at the meeting is conducted in a "one person one vote" system, either by a show of hands or on a poll, as determined by the presider of the Board meetingearried out by registering
	The casting of vote by directors shall consist of the choices of For, Against and Abstained. The directors in attendance	the names of the voters and in written form.
	shall choose one of them; for a director not having made a choice or have chosen more than one choice at the same time, the presider of the meeting shall request the director concerned to make a choice again. If he/she refuses to make a choice again, he/she will be deemed as having abstained from voting. Those who leave the venue during the meeting and do not come back and have not made any choice will be deemed as having abstained from voting.	The casting of vote by directors shall consist of the choices of For, Against and Abstained. The directors in attendance shall choose one of them; for a director not having made a choice or have chosen more than one choice at the same time, the presider of the meeting shall request the director concerned to make a choice again. If he/she refuses to make a choice again, he/she will be deemed as having abstained from voting. Those who leave the venue during the meeting and do not come back and have not made any choice will be deemed as having abstained from voting.
		For those meetings convened on site.  by means of communication, or by a combination of both, the presider of the meeting shall announce the voting results on site; while in other cases, the presider of the meeting shall ask the secretary to the Board to notify the directors the voting results within the next working day of the stipulated voting deadline.
		For those directors who cast their votes after the presider has announced the voting results or after the stipulated deadline, their votes shall not be counted.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
9	Rule 18 Counting voting results	Delete this Rule.
	After the directors in attendance have completed the voting, the securities affairs representatives and the relevant personnel of the Board office shall collect the directors' ballot papers immediately, and hand them over to the secretary to the Board for counting purpose under the scrutiny of a supervisor or independent director.	
	For those meetings convened on site, the presider of the meeting shall announce the voting results on site; while in other cases, the presider of the meeting shall ask the secretary to the Board to notify the directors the voting results within the next working day of the stipulated voting deadline.	
	For those directors who cast their votes after the presider has announced the voting results or after the stipulated deadline, their votes shall not be counted.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
10	Rule 22 Special stipulations regarding	Delete this Rule.
	the distribution of profits	
	For those matters requiring the meeting	
	of the board of directors to pass a	
	resolution on the distribution of profits,	
	the distribution proposal to be submitted	
	to the Board for review can be notified	
	beforehand to the registered accountants,	
	who shall be asked to issue a draft audit	
	report based on the distribution proposal	
	(with all financial data other than the	
	distribution amount having been	
	confirmed). After the Board has passed a	
	resolution on the distribution, it shall ask the registered accountants to issue an	
	official audit report and them, the Board	
	shall pass resolutions on the regular	
	reports and other relevant matters based	
	on the official audit report issued by the	
	registered accountants.	
11	Rule 19 Passing of resolutions	Rule 1918 Passing of resolutions
	Except for the circumstances stipulated	Except for the circumstances stipulated
	in Article 20 of the Order, any proposed	in Article 2019 of the Order, any
	resolution considered and passed by the	proposed resolution considered and
	Board at the meeting shall be passed with	passed by the Board at the meeting shall
	more than half the total number of all	be passed with more than half the total
	Directors casting "For" votes. When the	number of all Directors casting "For"
	laws, administrative regulations and the	votes. When the laws, administrative
	Articles of Association of the Company	regulations and the Articles of
	stipulate that the Board must pass a	Association of the Company stipulate
	resolution with more Directors' consent,	that the Board must pass a resolution
	such stipulations shall be abided by.	with more Directors' consent, such
		stipulations shall be abided by.
	If there is any inconsistency in the	
	content and meanings of different	If there is any inconsistency in the
	resolutions, the most recently passed	content and meanings of different
	resolution(s) shall prevail.	resolutions, the most recently passed
		resolution(s) shall prevail.

No.	Before amendments			After amendments
12	Rul	e 26 Minutes of meeting	Rule	e 264 Minutes of meeting
	the prop	Secretary to the Board shall arrange personnel of the Board office to make per records of the meeting of the rd of directors. The minutes of ting shall include the following ils:	The Secretary to the Board shall arrange the personnel of the Board office to make proper records of the meeting of the board of directors. Minutes of the Board meeting shall be truthful, accurate, and complete. The directors attending the meeting, the secretary to the	
	1.	The session of the meeting, the time, venue and means of convening;	Boan the	rd, and the minute taker shall sign minutes, which shall be properly ntained.
	2.	The circumstances on serving the notice of meeting;		minutes of <b>the Board</b> meeting shall ade the following details:
	3.	The convenor and presider of the meeting;	1.	The session of the meeting, the time, venue and means of convening;
	4.	The situations of the directors attending in person and attending by proxy;	2.	The circumstances on serving the notice of meeting;
	5.	The proposed resolutions of the meeting for consideration, each director's key points of speech and	3.	The <b>names of</b> convenor and presider of the meeting;
		main opinion on each matter, as well as his/her casting of vote on each proposed resolution;	4.	The situations of the directors attending in person and attending by proxy;
	6.	The voting method and results of	5.	The agenda of the meeting;
		each proposed resolution (specifying the actual numbers of For, Against and Abstained votes);	<del>5</del> 6.	The proposed resolutions of the meeting for consideration, each director's key points of speech and
	7.	Other matters that in the opinion of the directors in attendance should be recorded.		main opinion on each matter, as well as his/her casting of vote on each proposed resolution;
			67.	The voting method and results of each proposed resolution (specifying the actual numbers of For, Against and Abstained votes);
			<b>78</b> .	Other matters that in the opinion of the directors in attendance should be recorded.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
13	Rule 27 Summary of the meeting and	Rule 275 ResolutionsSummary of the
	records of resolutions	meeting and records of resolutions
	In addition to the minutes of meeting, if	In addition to the minutes of meeting, if
	necessary, the secretary to the Board can	necessary, the secretary to the Board
	also arrange the personnel of the Board	shallean also arrange the personnel of the
	office to make a summary of the meeting	Board office to make a summary of the
	about the main circumstances of the	meeting about the main circumstances of
	meeting, and prepare individual records	the meeting, and prepare individual
	of resolutions passed at the meeting	records of resolutions of meeting for the
	according to the voting results.	contents of resolutions passed at the
		meeting according to the voting results.
14	Rule 28 Signing by directors	Rule 286 Signing by directors
	The directors in attendance shall affix	The directors in attendance shall affix
	their signatures for confirmation purpose	their signatures for confirmation purpose
	on the minutes of meeting and records of	on the minutes of meeting and records of
	resolutions in their own capacities as	resolutions of meeting in their own
	well as in the capacities of appointed	capacities as well as in the capacities of
	attendees by proxies. If the directors have	appointed attendees by proxies. If the
	different opinions on the minutes of	directors have different opinions on the
	meeting or records of resolutions, they	minutes of meeting or records of
	may make written explanations at the	resolutions of meeting, they may make
	time of signing. If necessary, they should	written explanations at the time of
	report to the regulatory authorities in due	signing. If necessary, they should report
	course and may also make public	to the <b>securities</b> regulatory authorities in
	statements.	due course and may also make public
		statements.
	If the directors do not sign to confirm in	
	accordance with the above stipulation,	If the directors do not sign to confirm in
	and do not make written explanations,	accordance with the above stipulation,
	nor report to the regulatory authorities,	and do not make written explanations,
	nor make public statements on their	nor report to the securities regulatory
	different opinions, they are deemed as	authorities, nor make public statements
	having fully agreed with the content of	on their different opinions, they are
	the minutes of meeting and records of	deemed as having fully agreed with the
	resolutions.	content of the minutes of meeting and
		records of resolutions of meeting.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
15 —		Rule 31—29 Duties of independent directors
		As members of the board of directors, independent directors owe fiduciary duties and duties of diligence to the Company and all shareholders, and shall prudently perform the following responsibilities:
		1. Participate in the decision-making of the board of directors and express clear opinions on matters under discussion;
		2. Supervise potential material conflicts of interest between the Company and its controlling shareholder, actual controller, directors, or senior management, and safeguard the lawful rights and interests of minority shareholders;
		3. Provide professional and objective advice on the Company's operations and development, and promote the improvement in the decision-making quality of the board of directors;
		4. Perform other duties as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, the regulations of the CSRC, and the provisions of the Articles of Association.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
16	Rule 31 Powers of independent directors	Rule 301—Powers of independent
		directors
	The appointment qualifications, selection	
	and dismissal of independent directors	The appointment qualifications, selection
	are determined in accordance with the	and dismissal of independent directors
	stipulations of the laws, administrative	are determined in accordance with the
	regulations, rules of relevant authorities	stipulations of the laws, administrative
	and the Articles of Association.	regulations, rules of relevant authorities
	Independent directors shall constitute	and the Articles of Association.
	half or more of the members of the	Independent directors shall constitute
	specialised remuneration, audit and	half or more of the members of the
	nomination committees.	specialised remuneration, audit and
		nomination committees.
	In addition to the powers of the directors	
	stipulated by the Articles of Association,	In addition to the powers of the directors
	the independent directors may also	stipulated by the Articles of Association,
	exercise the following special powers:	the independent directors may also
		exercise the following special powers:
	1. To independently engage external	
	audit institutions or advisory	1. To independently engage
	institutions;	intermediaries to conduct audits,
		consultancy or verification on
	2. To propose to the board of directors	specific matters of the
	the convening of an extraordinary	Companyexternal audit institutions
	general meeting;	or advisory institutions;
	3. To propose the convening of a	2. To propose to the board of directors
	meeting of the board of directors;	the convening of an extraordinary
		general meeting;
	4. To lawfully solicit shareholders'	
	rights from shareholders in an open	3. To propose the convening of a
	manner;	meeting of the board of directors;
	5 T	4 75 1 6 11 11 11 1
	5. To express independent opinions on	4. To lawfully solicit shareholders'
	matters that may harm the interests	rights from shareholders in an open
	of the Company or its minority	manner;
	shareholders;	5 To average independent suiting
	6 To evening other reserve	5. To express independent opinions on
	6. To exercise other powers as	matters that may harm the interests
	prescribed by laws, administrative	of the Company or its minority
	regulations, the CSRC, the stock	shareholders;
	exchange and the Articles of	
	Association.	

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
	Where an independent director exercises	6. To exercise other powers as
	any of the powers listed in items (1) to	prescribed by laws, administrative
	(3) of the preceding paragraph, such	regulations, the CSRC, the stock
	exercise shall be subject to the consent of	exchange and the Articles of
	more than half of all independent	Association.
	directors.	
		Where an independent director exercises
	Where an independent director exercises	any of the powers listed in items (1) to
	the powers set out in the preceding	(3) of the preceding paragraph, such
	paragraph, the Company shall make	exercise shall be subject to the consent of
	timely disclosures. If such powers cannot	more than half of all independent
	be exercised as intended, the Company	directors.
	shall disclose the specific circumstances	
	and reasons.	Where an independent director exercises
		the powers set out in the preceding
	The expenses needed for hiring	paragraph, the Company shall make
	intermediaries and the exercise of other	timely disclosures. If such powers cannot
	powers by the independent directors shall	be exercised as intended, the Company
	be borne by the Company.	shall disclose the specific circumstances
		and reasons.
		The expenses needed for hiring
		intermediaries and the exercise of other
		powers by the independent directors shall
		be borne by the Company.
		be borne by the company.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
17	<u> </u>	Rule 32 Special meeting of independent
		directors
		The Company shall establish a special meeting mechanism attended by
		independent directors. For matters such
		as related party transactions to be considered by the board of directors,
		prior approval shall be obtained from the special meeting of independent directors.
		The Company shall convene special meetings of independent directors on a regular or ad hoc basis. The matters set out in items (1) to (3) of the first paragraph of Article 114 and those listed in Article 115 of the Articles of Association shall be considered by the special meeting of independent directors.
		The special meeting of independent directors may study and discuss other matters concerning the Company as necessary.
		The special meeting of independent directors shall be convened and presided over by an independent director jointly elected by more than half of all independent directors. Where the convener fails or is unable to perform such duties, two or more independent directors may convene the meeting themselves and elect one among them to preside.
		Minutes shall be prepared for special meetings of independent directors in accordance with the prescribed procedures, and the opinions of the independent directors shall be recorded in the minutes. Independent directors shall sign the minutes for confirmation.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
18	Rule 33 Independent directors' right of	Rule 33 Independent directors' right of
	privy	privy
	The Company shall provide information	Prior to the convening of a Board
	to the independent directors regarding	meeting, Tthe Company shall provide
	those matters requiring discussion by the	information to the independent directors
	Board in accordance with the laws,	regarding those matters requiring
	administrative regulations, other	consideration discussion by the Board in
	regulatory documents and the	accordance with the laws, administrative
	requirements of the Articles of	regulations, other regulatory documents
	Association. If an independent director is	and the requirements of the Articles of
	of the opinion that the information is	Association. If an independent Director
	insufficient, he/she may ask for	is of the opinion that the information is
	supplementary information. If two or	insufficient, he/she may ask for
	more than two independent directors are	supplementary information. The
	of the opinion that the materials are	independent directors may
	incomplete, or the arguments are not	communicate with the secretary to the
	insufficient or are not provided in time,	Board to ask questions, request for
	they can jointly propose to the board of	supplementary materials, and offer
	directors to postpone the convening of	opinions and suggestions on matters to
	the meeting of the board of directors, or	be considered. The board of directors
	postpone the review of that matter. The	and relevant personnel shall seriously
	Board shall adopt such proposal.	study the questions, requests and opinions raised by the independent
	The information provided by the	directors and provide timely feedback
	Company to the independent directors	to the independent directors on the
	shall be retained by the Company and by	implementation of the amendments to
	the independent directors themselves for	the motions, etc. If two or more than two
	at least 10 years.	independent directors are of the opinion
	at reast to years.	that the materials are incomplete, or the
		arguments are not insufficient or are not
		provided in time, they can jointly
		propose to the Board to postpone the
		convening of the meeting of the board of
		directors, or postpone the review of that
		matter. The Board shall adopt such
		proposal.
		The information provided by the
		Company to the independent directors
		shall be retained by the Company and by
		the independent directors themselves for
		at least 10 years.

No.	Before amendments	After amendments
19	_	Rule 34 Voting by independent directors
		If independent directors vote against or abstain from voting on Board meeting resolutions, they must specify the specific reasons and basis for their decision, the legality and compliance of the matters involved in the proposal, potential risks, and the impact on the rights of the Company and minority shareholders. When disclosing Board meeting resolutions, the Company should simultaneously disclose the dissenting opinions of independent directors and include them in the Board meeting resolutions and meeting records.
20	Rule 34 Retention of meeting files  The meeting files of the meeting of the board of directors include the notice of meeting, meeting materials, meeting sign-in log book, letters of appointment authorising directors authorised to attend as proxies, audio recording information of the meeting, ballot papers, minutes of meeting with the attending directors' confirmation signatures, summary of meeting, records resolutions, public announcement on the resolutions passed, etc shall be retained by the secretary to the Board.	Rule 345 Retention of meeting files  The meeting files of the meeting of the board of directors include the notice of meeting, meeting materials, meeting sign-in log book, letters of appointment authorising directors authorised to attend as proxies, audio recording information of the meeting, ballot papers, minutes of meeting with the attending directors' confirmation signatures, resolutions summary of meeting, records resolutions, public announcement on the resolutions passed, etc shall be retained by the secretary to the Board.
	The retention period of the meeting files of the meeting of the board of directors shall be over ten years.	The retention period of the meeting files of the meeting of the board of directors shall be over ten years.
21		In these rules, references to "shareholders' general meeting" and "manager" have been changed to "general meeting" and "general manager", respectively.

#### Notes:

- Save as the table above, if the serial numbering of the articles is changed due to the addition, deletion or rearrangement of certain articles, the serial numbering of the articles of the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Directors as so amended shall be changed accordingly, including those referred to in cross references.
- 2. The proposed amendments to the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Directors are prepared in Chinese and the English version is therefore a translation only. In the event of any discrepancy between the English translation and the Chinese version of the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Directors, the Chinese version shall prevail.