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(a joint stock company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 0347)

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

This announcement is made by the Company pursuant to Rule 13.51(1) of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

To further enhance the Company's standard of corporate governance, optimise its corporate governance structure and improve governance efficiency, and to ensure alignment of the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles") with the latest laws and regulations, the Company proposes, in accordance with the Company Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國公司法》), the Guidelines on Articles of Association of Listed Companies (《上市公司章程指引》), and other applicable laws, regulations and regulatory documents, and having taken into account the actual circumstances of the Company, to abolish the supervisory committee (the "Supervisory Committee"). Upon such abolition, the duties and powers of the Supervisory Committee shall be assumed by the Audit and Risk Committee, and the rules of procedure of the Supervisory Committee and other relevant rules shall be repealed accordingly. Certain amendments to the Articles will also be made in connection with the foregoing (the "**Proposed Amendments**").

Details of the Proposed Amendments to the Articles are as follows:

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Chapter 1: GENERAL PROVISIONS	Chapter 1: GENERAL PROVISIONS
 Article 1 The Company is a joint-stock limited company established under "The Company Law of the People's Republic of China" (the "Company Law"), and other relevant laws and regulations of the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). The Company, having been approved by the State Commission for Restructuring the Economic System of the PRC (Ti Gai Sheng [1997] No. 62) and established by way of the promoter method on 7 May 1997, was registered with the State Administration for Industry and commerce on 8 May 1997 with a business license obtained. The business license number of the Company is 912100002426694799. The promoter of the Company is Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd. 	 Article 1 To safeguard the legitimate rights and interests of the Company, its shareholders, employees and creditors, and regulate the organization and activities of the Company, the Articles of Association (the "Articles") is formulated in accordance with the Company Law of the People's Republic of China (the "Company Law"), the Securities Law of the People's Republic of China (the "Securities Law") and other relevant regulations. The Company is a joint-stock limited company established under "The Company Law of the People's Republic of China" (the "Company Law"), and other relevant regulations of the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). The Company, having been approved by the State Commission for Restructuring the Economic System of the PRC (Ti Gai Sheng [1997] No. 62) and established by way of the promoter method on 7 May 1997, was registered with the State Administration for Industry and commerce on 8 May 1997 with a business license obtained. The business license number of the Company is 912100002426694799. The promoter of the Company is Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd.
Article 3 The Company's domicile is Anshan Iron and Steel Plant Area, Tiexi District, Anshan City, Liaoning Province, the People's Republic of China.	Article 3 The Company's domicile is Anshan Iron and Steel Plant Area, Tiexi District, Anshan City, Liaoning Province, the People's Republic of China.
Telephone: 0412-8417273	Telephone: 0412-8417273
Facsimile: 0412–6722093	Facsimile: 0412-6722093
Post Code: 114021	Post Code: 114021

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 4 The chairman of the board of directors is the legal representative of the Company.	Article 4 The chairman of the board of directors is the legal representative of the Company. <u>If</u> <u>the chairman of the board of director resigns,</u> <u>it shall be deemed that he/she also resigns the</u> <u>legal representative. If the legal representative</u> <u>resigns, the Company shall determine a new</u> <u>legal representative within 30 days from the date</u> <u>of resignation.</u>
	The legal consequences of civil activities conducted by the legal representative in the name of the Company shall be borne by the <u>Company.</u>
	The restrictions imposed by the Articles or the shareholders' meeting on the powers of the legal representative shall ot be used to challenge a bona fide counterparty.
	If the legal representative causes harm to others while performing their duties, the Company shall bear civil liability. After assuming civil liability, the Company may seek compensation from the faulty legal representative in accordance with the law or the provisions of the Articles.
Article 6 All the capital of the Company are divided into equal shares. The shareholders' liability toward the Company shall be limited to the extent of their subscribed shares. The Company is liable to the debts to the extent of all of its assets.	Article 6 All the capital of the Company are divided into equal shares. The shareholders' liability toward the Company shall be limited to the extent of their subscribed shares. The Company is liable to the debts to the extent of all of its assetsproperty.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 7 The Articles of Association (the "Articles") are formulated and amended by the Company in accordance with the Company Law, the Securities Law, and other relevant regulations and the resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting of the Company.	Article 7 The Articles of Association (the "Articles") are formulated and amended by the Company in accordance with the Company Law, the Securities Law, and other relevant regulations and the resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting of the Company.
Since the effective date of the Articles, the Articles shall immediately become a legally binding document to govern the organization and acts of the Company, the rights and obligations between the Company and the shareholders, and among shareholders.	Since the effective date of the Articles, the Articles shall immediately become a legally binding document to govern the organization and acts of the Company, the rights and obligations between the Company and the shareholders, and among shareholders.
 Article 8 The Articles shall be binding on the Company and its shareholders, directors, supervisors, general manager and other senior officers. These persons may, pursuant to the Articles, make claims relating to the affairs of the Company. Pursuant to the Articles, shareholders may file a suit against other shareholders, shareholders may file a suit against the Company, and shareholders may file a suit against the directors, supervisors, general manager and other senior officers of the Company, and the Company may file a suit against the shareholders, directors, supervisors, general manager and other senior officers. In this Article, "file a suit" includes commencement of arbitration proceedings. For the purpose of these Articles, the expression "other senior officers" shall refer to the deputy managers, the secretary to the board of directors and the person in charge of financial affairs of the Company. 	 Article 87 Since the effective date of the Articles, the Articles shall immediately become a legally binding document to govern the organization and acts of the Company, the rights and obligations between the Company and the shareholders, and among shareholders, and shall be binding on the Company and its shareholders, directors, supervisors, general manager and other senior officers. These persons may, pursuant to the Articles, make claims relating to the affairs of the Company. Pursuant to the Articles, shareholders may file a suit against other shareholders, shareholders may file a suit against the Company, and shareholders may file a suit against the directors, supervisors; general manager and other senior officers of the Company, and the Company may file a suit against the shareholders, directors, supervisors; general manager and other senior officers. In this Article, "file a suit" includes commencement of arbitration proceedings. For the purpose of these Articles, the expression "other senior officers" shall refer to the general manager, deputy general managers, the secretary to the board of directors and the person in charge of financial affairs of the Company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 9 The Company may invest in other limited liability companies or joint-stock limited companies and shall be liable for all companies to the extent of the investment amount.	Article 98 The Company may invest in other limited liability companies or joint-stock limited companies and shall be liable for all companies to the extent of the investment amount.
Article 10 The Company's employees may, in accordance with the Trade Union Law of the People's Republic of China, organize a trade union to carry out the trade union activities and protect the lawful rights and interests of the employees. The Company shall provide the trade union with the conditions necessary for the trade union to carry out its activities.	Article 910 The Company's employees may, in accordance with the Trade Union Law of the People's Republic of China, organize a trade union to carry out the trade union activities and protect the lawful rights and interests of the employees. The Company shall provide the trade union with the conditions necessary for the trade union to carry out its activities.
Article 11 The Company shall comply with national laws and administrative regulations regarding labor protection and production safety, and implement relevant policies promulgated by the State to protect the legitimate rights and interests of the employees. The Company shall develop labor, personnel and salary system in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and policies of the State regarding labor and personnel and based on the needs of production and operation. The Company shall establish a market-competitive salary allocation system for key core employees and flexibly carry out medium and long-term incentive plans through various means.	Article 101 The Company shall comply with national laws and administrative regulations regarding labor protection and production safety, and implement relevant policies promulgated by the State to protect the legitimate rights and interests of the employees. The Company shall develop labor, personnel and salary system in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and policies of the State regarding labor and personnel and based on the needs of production and operation. The Company shall establish a market-competitive salary allocation system for key core employees and flexibly carry out medium and long-term incentive plans through various means.
Article 12 In accordance with the relevant provisions under the Constitution of the Communist Party of China, the Company shall establish an organization of the Communist Party of China. The Party committee shall perform the leading functions, control the directions, manage the situation and ensure the implementation. The Company shall set up a working agency for the Party, allocate sufficient personnel to handle Party affairs and guarantee working funds for the Party organization.	Article 112 In accordance with the relevant provisions under the Constitution of the Communist Party of China and the Regulations on the Work of Basic Organizations of the State- owned Enterprises of the Communist Party of China (Trial), the Company shall establish an organization of the Communist Party of China, carry out the activities of the Party, The Party committee shall perform the leading functions, control the directions, manage the situation and ensure the implementation. The Company shall set up a working agency for the Party; and allocate sufficient competent personnel to handle Party affairs and guarantee working funds for the Party organization.

Chapter 2: OBJECTS AND SCOPE OF BUSINESS

Article 13 The aim of operation of the Company is to take the major business of steel production as principal, excellent business performance as basis and capital operation as means. By reasonably utilizing capital in the domestic and foreign capital markets, to promote the level of technical equipment and product competitiveness of the enterprise, and improve its independent innovation capabilities, thereby constantly adding value of capital, increasing the revenue of the enterprise year by year and taking excellent business performance as satisfactory return for the shareholders of the Company.

Article 14 As registered in accordance with the laws, the business scope of the Company is as follows: Primary business: ferrous metal metallurgy and steel rolling and processing. Secondary business: coking and production and sales of coked products and by-products, production and sales of by-products of steelrolling, the sales of coal, iron ore, waste steel, production and sales of pellet, electricity supply and distribution, production and sales of water for domestic and industrial use; production and sales of chemical fertilizer, industrial gas, medical oxygen (liquid) and commonly used spare parts, measuring appliances, meter examination, deep processing of steel products, metallurgical raw and fuel materials, ferroalloy processing, wholesale and retail (excluding licensed products) and commission agent (excluding auctioned products) of metallic materials, warehousing, technical consultancy, development, transfer and other services, standard materials and small machinery research and development, physical and chemical performance testing, inspection sample processing, maintenance of equipment for chemical inspection, freight forwarding agency services and loading and unloading services, lease of self-owned properties; sales of manganese iron ore, ilmenite, pig iron, ferroalloy and nonferrous metal; manufacturing of metal wire ropes and products thereof; importing of solid wastes that can be used as raw materials.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

Chapter 2: OBJECTS AND SCOPE OF BUSINESS

Article 132 The aim of operation of the Company is to take the major business of steel production as principal, excellent business performance as basis and capital operation as means. By reasonably utilizing capital in the domestic and foreign capital markets, to promote the level of technical equipment and product competitiveness of the enterprise, and improve its independent innovation capabilities, thereby constantly adding value of capital, increasing the revenue of the enterprise year by year and taking excellent business performance as satisfactory return for the shareholders of the Company.

Article 143 As registered in accordance with the laws, the business scope of the Company is as follows: Primary business: ferrous metal metallurgy and steel rolling and processing. Secondary business: coking and production and sales of coked products and by-products, production and sales of by-products of steelrolling, the sales of coal, iron ore, waste steel, production and sales of pellet, electricity supply and distribution, production and sales of water for domestic and industrial use; production and sales of chemical fertilizer, industrial gas, medical oxygen (liquid) and commonly used spare parts, measuring appliances, meter examination, deep processing of steel products, metallurgical raw and fuel materials, ferroalloy processing, wholesale and retail (excluding licensed products) and commission agent (excluding auctioned products) of metallic materials, warehousing, technical consultancy, development, transfer and other services, standard materials and small machinery research and development, physical and chemical performance testing, inspection sample processing, maintenance of equipment for chemical inspection, freight forwarding agency services and loading and unloading services, lease of self-owned properties; sales of manganese iron ore, ilmenite, pig iron, ferroalloy and nonferrous metal; manufacturing of metal wire ropes and products thereof; importing of solid wastes that can be used as raw materials.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Chapter 3: SHARES AND REGISTERED CAPITAL	Chapter 3: SHARES AND REGISTERED CAPITAL
Article 15 The stock shall represent the share of the Company.	Article 154 The stock shall represent the share of the Company.
Article 16 Shares issued by the Company shall be public, fair and justice. Each share with the same type enjoys equal rights.	Article 165 Shares issued by the Company shall be public, fair and justice. Each share with the same type enjoys equal rights.
For the shares with equal type issued in the same batch, the issued conditions and price of each share shall be the same. Any unit or individual shall purchase each share with the same price.	For the shares with equal type issued in the same batch, the issued conditions and price of each share shall be the same. Any unit or individual shall purchase each share with the same price.
Article 17 The Company shall have ordinary shares at all times. Upon obtaining approval from the examination and approval authorities for companies authorized by the State Council, the Company may issue other types of shares as it requires.	Article 176 The Company shall have ordinary shares at all times. Upon obtaining approval from the examination and approval authorities for companies authorized by the State Council, the Company may issue other types of shares as it requires.
Article 18 Shares issued by the Company shall have a par value of RMB1 each.	Article 187 Shares issued by the Company shall have a par value of RMB1 each.
Article 19 The Company may, upon obtaining approval from the State Council securities regulatory authorities, issue shares to domestic investors and overseas investors.	Article 198 The Company may, upon obtaining approval from the State Council securities regulatory authorities, issue shares to domestic investors and overseas investors.
In this Article, "overseas investors" means investors in foreign countries and in Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan who subscribe for shares issued by the Company, and "domestic investors" means investors in the PRC, other than the regions mentioned above who subscribe for shares issued by the Company.	In this Article, "overseas investors" means investors in foreign countries and in Hong Kong <u>Special Administrative Region</u> , Macao <u>Special</u> <u>Administrative Region</u> and Taiwan <u>Region of</u> <u>the PRC</u> who subscribe for shares issued by the Company, and "domestic investors" means investors in the PRC, other than the regions mentioned above who subscribe for shares issued by the Company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 20 Shares issued by the Company to	Article 2019 Shares issued by the Company to
domestic investors for subscription in Renminbi are	domestic investors for subscription in Renminbi are
referred to as "domestic invested shares". Shares	referred to as "domestic invested shares". Shares
issued by the Company to overseas investors for	issued by the Company to overseas investors for
subscription in foreign currencies are referred to as	subscription in foreign currencies are referred to as
"foreign invested shares". Foreign invested shares	"foreign invested shares". Foreign invested shares
which are listed outside the mainland are referred	which are listed outside the mainland are referred
to as "overseas listed foreign invested shares"	to as "overseas listed foreign invested shares"
(or if listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange	(or if listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange
as "H Shares"). Holders of domestic invested	as "H Shares"). Holders of domestic invested
shares and foreign invested shares are holders of	shares and foreign invested shares are holders of
ordinary shares of the Company and have the same	ordinary shares of the Company and have the same
obligations and rights, except as otherwise provided	obligations and rights, except as otherwise provided
in these Articles.	in these Articles.
Article 21 Upon approval by the regulatory	Article 21 Upon approval by the regulatory
authority for the examination and approval of	authority for the examination and approval
companies authorized by the State Council, the	of companies authorized by the State Council,
Company may issue up to a total amount of	the Company may issue up to a total amount of
9,369,221,258 shares (not including the shares that	9,369,221,258 shares (not including the shares
may be issued pursuant to the exercise of an over-	that may be issued pursuant to the exercise of an
allotment option).	over-allotment option).
Article 22 At the time of the Company's establishment, the promoter was issued 1,319,000,000 shares and representing 100% of the share capital of the Company.	Article 220 At the time of the Company's establishment, the promoter was issued 1,319,000,000 shares and representing 100% of the share capital of the Company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

The Company shall make an increase of capital after its establishment by issuing 890,000,000 (not including the shares that may be additionally issued pursuant to the exercise of an over-allotment option) overseas listed foreign invested shares in the form of H shares and 300,000,000 domestic invested shares in the form of A Shares. Upon the increase of capital by issuing overseas listed foreign invested shares and domestic invested shares as referred to in the preceding paragraph, the share structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 2,509,000,000 shares, of which 1,319,000,000 shares are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Complex in the form of state legal person shares, representing 52.6% of the total share capital of the Company; 890,000,000 shares are held by holders of overseas listed foreign invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 35.4% of the total share capital of the Company and 300,000,000 shares are held by holders of domestic invested shares representing 12% of the total share capital of the Company.

After the conversion of stock A of the Company to the bond, the share structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 2,962,985,697 shares, of which 1,319,000,000 shares are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Complex in the form of State shares, representing 44.5% of the total share capital of the Company; 890,000,000 shares are held by holders of overseas listed foreign invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 30.0% of the total share capital of the Company and 753,985,697 shares are held by holders of domestic invested shares, representing 25.5% of the total share capital of the Company. The Company shall make an increase of capital after its establishment by issuing 890,000,000 (not including the shares that may be additionally issued pursuant to the exercise of an over-allotment option) overseas listed foreign invested shares in the form of H shares and 300,000,000 domestic invested shares in the form of A Shares. Upon the increase of capital by issuing overseas listed foreign invested shares and domestic invested shares as referred to in the preceding paragraph, the share structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 2,509,000,000 shares, of which 1,319,000,000 shares are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Complex in the form of state legal person shares, representing 52.6% of the total share capital of the Company; 890,000,000 shares are held by holders of overseas listed foreign invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 35.4% of the total share capital of the Company and 300,000,000 shares are held by holders of domestic invested shares representing 12% of the total share capital of the Company.

After the conversion of stock A of the Company to the bond, the share structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 2,962,985,697 shares, of which 1,319,000,000 shares are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Complex in the form of State shares, representing 44.5% of the total share capital of the Company; 890,000,000 shares are held by holders of overseas listed foreign invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 30.0% of the total share capital of the Company and 753,985,697 shares are held by holders of domestic invested shares, representing 25.5% of the total share capital of the Company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

Following the completion of the non-tradable shares reform, the share structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 2,962,985,697 ordinary shares, of which 1,130,503,576 domestic invested shares are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Complex in the form of State shares, representing 38.2% of the total share capital of the Company; 942,482,121 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 31.8% of the total share capital of the Company and 890,000,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 30.0% of the total share capital of the Company.

Following the completion of the issue of new shares in 2006, the share structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 5,932,985,697 ordinary shares, of which 4,100,503,576 domestic invested shares are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Complex in the form of State shares, representing 69.1% of the share capital of the Company; 942,482,121 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 15.9% of the total share capital of the Company and 890,000,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.0% of the share capital of the Company.

Upon the exercise of the warrant granted by Angang Holding to the Domestic Shareholders under the non-tradable share reforms, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 5,932,985,697 shares, of which 3,989,901,910 domestic invested shares are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Complex in the form of State shares, representing 67.25% of the total share capital of the Company; 1,053,083,787 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 17.75% of the total share capital of the Company and 890,000,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.0% of the total share capital of the Company. Following the completion of the non-tradable shares reform, the share structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 2,962,985,697 ordinary shares, of which 1,130,503,576 domestic invested shares are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Complex in the form of State shares, representing 38.2% of the total share capital of the Company; 942,482,121 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 31.8% of the total share capital of the Company and 890,000,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 30.0% of the total share capital of the Company.

Following the completion of the issue of new shares in 2006, the share structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 5,932,985,697 ordinary shares, of which 4,100,503,576 domestic invested shares are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Complex in the form of State shares, representing 69.1% of the share capital of the Company; 942,482,121 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 15.9% of the total share capital of the Company and 890,000,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.0% of the share capital of the Company.

Upon the exercise of the warrant granted by Angang Holding to the Domestic Shareholders under the non-tradable share reforms, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 5,932,985,697 shares, of which 3,989,901,910 domestic invested shares are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Complex in the form of State shares, representing 67.25% of the total share capital of the Company; 1,053,083,787 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 17.75% of the total share capital of the Company and 890,000,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.0% of the total share capital of the Company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

In 2007, upon the completion of the pro rata issue of Rights Shares to all of the Shareholders, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 7,234,807,847 shares, of which 4,868,547,330 domestic invested shares are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Complex in the form of State shares, representing 67.29% of the share capital of the Company; 1,280,460,517 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 17.7% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,085,800,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.01% of the total share capital of the Company.

In 2017, as approved by the SASAC of the State Council, Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd. gratuitously transfer 650,000,000 A shares of the Company held by it to China National Petroleum Corporation. After the Gratuitous Transfer, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 7,234,807,847 ordinary shares, of which 4,218,547,330 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 58.31% of the total share capital of the Company; 650,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 8.98% of the total share capital of the Company; 1,280,460,517 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 17.7% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,085,800,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.01% of the total share capital of the Company.

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ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

In 2018, as approved by the SASAC of the State Council, Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd. gratuitously transfer 360,000,000 A shares of the Company held by it to Power Construction Corporation of China. After the Gratuitous Transfer, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 7,234,807,847 ordinary shares, of which 3,858,547,330 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.33% of the total share capital of the Company; 650,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 8.98% of the total share capital of the Company; 1,640,460,517 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.68% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,085,800,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.01% of the total share capital of the Company.

In 2019, upon capitalisation of the capital reserve, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 9,405,250,201 ordinary shares, of which 5,016,111,529 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.33% of the total share capital of the Company; 845,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 8.98% of the total share capital of the Company; 2,132,598,672 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.68% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,411,540,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.01% of the total share capital of the Company.

In 2018, as approved by the SASAC of the State Council, Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd. gratuitously transfer 360,000,000 A shares of the Company held by it to Power Construction Corporation of China. After the Gratuitous Transfer, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 7,234,807,847 ordinary shares, of which 3,858,547,330 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.33% of the total share capital of the Company; 650,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 8.98% of the total share capital of the Company; 1,640,460,517 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.68% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,085,800,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.01% of the total share capital of the Company.

In 2019, upon capitalisation of the capital reserve, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 9,405,250,201 ordinary shares, of which 5,016,111,529 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.33% of the total share capital of the Company; 845,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 8.98% of the total share capital of the Company; 2,132,598,672 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.68% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,411,540,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.01% of the total share capital of the Company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

In 2022, upon repurchase and cancellation of certain restricted shares, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 9,403,020,451 ordinary shares, of which 5,016,111,529 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.35% of the total share capital of the Company; 845,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 8.99% of the total share capital of the Company; 2,130,368,922 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.65% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,411,540,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.01% of the total share capital of the Company.

In 2023, upon repurchase and cancellation of certain restricted shares, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 9,400,979,520 ordinary shares, of which 5,016,111,529 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.36% of the total share capital of the Company; 845,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 8.99% of the total share capital of the Company; 2,128,327,991 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.64% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,411,540,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.01% of the total share capital of the Company.

In 2022, upon repurchase and cancellation of certain restricted shares, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 9,403,020,451 ordinary shares, of which 5,016,111,529 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.35% of the total share capital of the Company; 845,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 8.99% of the total share capital of the Company; 2,130,368,922 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.65% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,411,540,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.01% of the total share capital of the Company.

In 2023, upon the repurchase and cancellation of part of the restricted shares and the repurchase of treasury shares in the Company's designated security account, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 9,399,442,527 ordinary shares, of which 5,016,111,529 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.36% of the total share capital of the Company; 845,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 8.99% of the total share capital of the Company; 2,126,790,998 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.63% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,411,540,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.02% of the total share capital of the Company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

In 2023, upon the repurchase and cancellation of part of the restricted shares and the repurchase of treasury shares in the Company's designated security account, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 9,399,442,527 ordinary shares, of which 5,016,111,529 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.36% of the total share capital of the Company; 845,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 8.99% of the total share capital of the Company; 2,126,790,998 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.63% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,411,540,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.02% of the total share capital of the Company.

In 2023, upon the repurchase and cancellation of part of the restricted shares, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 9,383,851,972 ordinary shares, of which 5,016,111,529 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.45% of the total share capital of the Company; 845,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 9.00% of the total share capital of the Company; 2,111,200,443 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.51% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,411,540,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.04% of the total share capital of the Company.

In 2023, upon the repurchase and cancellation of part of the restricted shares and the repurchase of treasury shares in the Company's designated security account, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 9,399,442,527 ordinary shares, of which 5,016,111,529 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.36% of the total share capital of the Company; 845,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 8.99% of the total share capital of the Company; 2,126,790,998 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.63% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,411,540,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.02% of the total share capital of the Company.

In 2023, upon the repurchase and cancellation of part of the restricted shares, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 9,383,851,972 ordinary shares, of which 5,016,111,529 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.45% of the total share capital of the Company; 845,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 9.00% of the total share capital of the Company; 2,111,200,443 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.51% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,411,540,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.04% of the total share capital of the Company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

In 2024, upon repurchase and cancellation of certain restricted shares, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 9,383,401,306 ordinary shares, of which 5,016,111,529 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.46% of the total share capital of the Company; 845,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 9.01% of the total share capital of the Company; 2,110,749,777 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.49% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,411,540,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.04% of the total share capital of the Company.

In 2024, upon repurchase and cancellation of certain restricted shares, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 9,369,221,258 ordinary shares, of which 5,016,111,529 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.54% of the total share capital of the Company; 845,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 9.02% of the total share capital of the Company; 2,096,569,729 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.37% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,411,540,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.07% of the total share capital of the Company.

In 2024, upon repurchase and cancellation of certain restricted shares, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 9,383,401,306 ordinary shares, of which 5,016,111,529 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.46% of the total share capital of the Company; 845,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 9.01% of the total share capital of the Company; 2,110,749,777 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.49% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,411,540,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.04% of the total share capital of the Company.

In 20245, upon repurchase and cancellation of certain restricted shares, the shareholding structure of the Company shall be as follows: a total of 9,369,221,258 ordinary shares, of which 5,016,111,529 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd., representing 53.54% of the total share capital of the Company; 845,000,000 tradable A shares not subject to trading moratorium are held by China National Petroleum Corporation, representing 9.02% of the total share capital of the Company; 2,096,569,729 shares are held by other holders of domestic invested shares, representing 22.37% of the total share capital of the Company and 1,411,540,000 shares are held by holders of overseas invested shares in the form of H shares, representing 15.07% of the total share capital of the Company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 23 Where the Company's resolution for issuing overseas listed foreign invested shares or domestic invested shares has been approved by the securities regulatory authorities under the State Council, the board of directors may arrange for the shares to be issued separately.	Article 231 Where the Company's resolution for issuing overseas listed foreign invested shares or domestic invested shares has been approved by the securities regulatory authorities under the State Council, the board of directors may arrange for the shares to be issued separately.
Article 24 The registered capital of the Company shall be RMB9,369,221,258.	Article 242 The registered capital of the Company shall be RMB9,369,221,258.
Article 25 The Company may, in light of its business and development and subject to the shareholders' approval, increase its capital in accordance with the laws and regulations by way of:	Article 25 The Company may, in light of its business and development and subject to the shareholders' approval, increase its capital in accordance with the laws and regulations by way of:
(1) Public offer of shares;	(1) Public offer of shares;
(2) Non-public offer of shares;	(2) Non-public offer of shares;
(3) Issue of bonus shares to existing shareholders;	(1) offering of shares to unspecified targets;
 (4) Conversion of statutory reserve fund into share capital; and (5) Other methods provided for by the laws and administrative regulations and approved by China Securities Regulatory Commission (the "CSRC"). Where the Company proposes to increase its capital by issuing new shares, it shall seek approval under the provisions of the Articles, and then follow the procedures according to the relevant administrative rules and regulations of the PRC. 	 (2) offering of shares to specified targets; (3) Issue of bonus shares to existing shareholders; (4) Conversion of statutory reserve fund into share capital; and (5) Other methods provided for by the laws and administrative regulations and approved by China Securities Regulatory Commission (the "CSRC"). Where the Company proposes to increase its capital by issuing new shares, it shall seek approval under the provisions of the Articles, and then follow the procedures according to the relevant administrative rules and regulations of the PRC.
Article 26 Except it is otherwise provided for in any laws and administrative regulations, the shares of the Company may be transferred freely, clear of any lien.	Article 263 Except it is otherwise provided for in any laws and administrative regulations, the shares of the Company may be transferred freely, clear of any lien.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 27 The Company or its subsidiaries (including affiliates) shall not, at any time, provide any form of financial assistance, such as gift, advance, guarantee, compensation or loan, to the subscriber or potential subscriber of the Company's shares.	Article 274 The Company or its subsidiaries (including affiliates) shall not, at any time, provide any form of financial assistance, such as gift, advance, guarantee, compensation or loan, borrowing to the subscriber or potential subscriber of the Company's shares. to other persons who acquire the shares of the Company or its parent company, except for the implementation of the Company's employee share ownership plan.
	For the interests of the Company, upon a resolution of the shareholders' meeting, or a resolution of the board of directors in accordance with the Articles or the authorization of the shareholders' meeting, the Company may provide financial assistance to other persons for the acquisition of the shares of the Company or its parent company, provided that the cumulative total amount of the financial assistance shall not exceed 10 percent of the total issued share capital. Resolutions made by the board of directors shall be approved by more than two-thirds of all directors.
Chapter 4: REDUCTION OF CAPITAL AND REPURCHASES OF SHARES	Chapter 4: REDUCTION OF CAPITAL AND REPURCHASES OF SHARESINCREASE, DECREASE AND REPURCHASE OF SHARES
Article 28 The Company may reduce its registered capital. When the Company proposes to reduce its registered capital, it shall complete the formalities according to the Company Law, other relevant regulations, and the provisions of these Articles.	Article 286 The Company may reduce its registered capital. When the Company proposes to reduce its registered capital, it shall complete the formalities according to the Company Law, other relevant regulations, and the provisions of these Articles.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 29 When the Company needs to reduce its registered capital, it shall compile balance sheet and an inventory of assets.	Article 297 When the Company needs to reduces its registered capital, it shall compile balance sheet and an inventory of assets.
The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days from the date of the resolution authorizing the reduction of registered capital, and publish an announcement in newspapers within 30 days from such date. Creditors shall, within 30 days of receiving the notice or 45 days for the publication of the announcement (for those who have not received a notification) , have a right to require the Company to settle its debts or to offer corresponding guarantees for their settlement.	The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days from the date of the resolution authorizing the reduction of registered capital <u>at the shareholders'</u> <u>meeting</u> , and publish an announcement in newspapers <u>or on the National Enterprise</u> <u>Credit Information Publicity System</u> within 30 days from such date. Creditors shall, within 30 days of receiving the notice or 45 days for the publication of the announcement (for those who have not received a notification) , have a right to require the Company to settle its debts or to offer corresponding guarantees for their settlement. <u>Where the Company reduces its registered</u>
	capital, the amount of capital contribution or
	the number of shares held by shareholders shall be reduced in proportion to their capital contributions or shareholdings.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION		ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
its o	cle 30 The Company shall not purchase wn shares except for any of the following mstances:	Article 3028 The Company shall not purch its own shares except for any of the follow circumstances:	
(1)	To reduce the registered capital of the Company;	(1)	To reduce the registered capital of the Company;
(2)	To merge with another company which holds the shares of the Company;	(2)	To merge with another company which holds the shares of the Company;
(3)	Allocation of shares to employee share option scheme or share award scheme;	(3)	Allocation of shares to employee share option scheme or share award scheme;
(4)	If requested by any shareholder to purchase his/her/its shares as he/she/it objects to any proposal in relation to the resolution of merger or split-up of the Company which has been passed at the general meetings;	(4)	If requested by any shareholder to purchase his/her/its shares as he/she/it objects to any proposal in relation to the resolution of merger or split-up of the Company which has been passed at the <u>generalshareholders'</u> meetings;
(5)	Allocation of shares for conversion of corporate bonds issued by the Company;	(5)	Allocation of shares for conversion of corporate bonds issued by the Company;
(6)	Necessary to maintain the value of the Company and safeguard the shareholders' rights and interests;	(6)	Necessary to maintain the value of the Company and safeguard the shareholders' rights and interests;
(7)	Other circumstances permitted by laws and administrative regulations.	(7)	Other circumstances permitted by laws and administrative regulations.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 31 The Company acquires its own shares through public centralized trading or any other method recognized by laws, administrative regulations, and the CSRC.	Article 3129 The Company acquires its own shares through public centralized trading or any other method recognized by laws, administrative regulations, and the CSRC.
Where the Company intends to acquire its shares pursuant to items (3), (5) and (6) under paragraph 1 of Article 30 herein, it shall be conducted through public centralized trading.	Where the Company intends to acquire its shares pursuant to items (3), (5) and (6) under paragraph 1 of Article 3028 herein, it shall be conducted through public centralized trading.
Article 32 Where the Company proposes to repurchase its shares through an off-market agreement outside a stock exchange, it must seek the prior approval from the shareholders in a shareholders' general meeting according to the relevant provisions of the Articles. But the Company may rescind or vary a contract so entered into by the Company or waive any of its rights thereunder with the prior approval of the shareholders obtained in a shareholder's general meeting in the same manner.	Article 320 Where the Company proposes to repurchase its shares through an off-market agreement outside a stock exchange, it must seek the prior approval from the shareholders in a shareholders' general meeting according to the relevant provisions of the Articles. But the Company may rescind or vary a contract so entered into by the Company or waive any of its rights thereunder with the prior approval of the shareholders obtained in a shareholder's general meeting in the same manner.
In the preceding paragraph, a "contract for the repurchase of shares" includes (but without limitation to) an agreement to become obliged to repurchase the shares or to acquire the rights to repurchase shares.	In the preceding paragraph, a "contract for the repurchase of shares" includes (but without limitation to) an agreement to become obliged to repurchase the shares or to acquire the rights to repurchase shares.
The Company shall not assign a contract to repurchase its own shares or any rights provided for thereunder.	The Company shall not assign a contract to repurchase its own shares or any rights provided for thereunder.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 33 Any purchase of its own shares by	Article 331 Any purchase of its own shares by
the Company under any of the circumstances	the Company under any of the circumstances as
as mentioned in paragraphs (1) to (2) of	mentioned in paragraphs (1) to (2) of Article 30
Article 30 shall be subject to the shareholders'	shall be subject to the shareholders' resolution
resolution passed at the general meetings. If the	passed at the generalshareholders' meetings. If
Company intends to acquire its own shares due	the Company intends to acquire its own shares due
to circumstances specified in paragraphs (3), (5)	to circumstances specified in paragraphs (3), (5)
and (6) of Article 30 herein, a resolution shall be	and (6) of Article 3028 herein, a resolution shall
adopted in a board meeting with more than two	be adopted in a board meeting with more than two
thirds of directors attending.	thirds of directors attending.
In the event that the Company has acquired its	In the event that the Company has acquired its own
own shares under paragraph (1) of Article 30, the	shares under paragraph (1) of Article 3028 , the
acquired shares shall be cancelled within ten days	acquired shares shall be cancelled within ten days
of such acquisition; if the Company has acquired	of such acquisition; if the Company has acquired
its own shares under paragraphs (2) and (4) of	its own shares under paragraphs (2) and (4) of
Article 30 above, the acquired shares shall be	Article 3028 above, the acquired shares shall be
transferred or cancelled within six months from	transferred or cancelled within six months from
the said acquisition; if the Company has acquired	the said acquisition; if the Company has acquired
its own shares under paragraphs (3), (5) and (6) of	its own shares under paragraphs (3), (5) and (6) of
Article 30 above, the total number of shares of the	Article 3028 above, the total number of shares of
Company held by the Company shall not exceed	the Company held by the Company shall not exceed
10% of the total number of issued shares of the	10% of the total number of issued shares of the
Company and such shares shall be transferred or	Company and such shares shall be transferred or
cancelled within three years.	cancelled within three years.
The total amount of the Company's registered	The total amount of the Company's registered
capital shall be reduced by the par value of the	capital shall be reduced by the par value of the
shares cancelled and registered with the original	shares cancelled and registered with the original
company registration authority on such changes of	company registration authority on such changes of
registered capital.	registered capital.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Chapter 5: SHARE CERTIFICATES AND REGISTER OF SHAREHOLDERS	Chapter 5: SHARE CERTIFICATES AND REGISTER OF SHAREHOLDERS
Article 34 The Company shall have a complete register of shareholders. The branch register of shareholders in Hong Kong shall be open for inspection by shareholders but the register may be closed on terms equivalent to section 632 of the Companies Ordinance.	Article 342 The Company shall have a complete register of shareholders. The branch register of shareholders in Hong Kong shall be open for inspection by shareholders but the register may be closed on terms equivalent to section 632 of the Companies Ordinance.
The register of shareholders shall comprise the following parts:	The register of shareholders shall comprise the following parts:
 (1) The register of shareholders maintained at the Company's domicile consisting of portions other than that required under paragraphs (2) and (3) of this Article; 	 (1) The register of shareholders maintained at the Company's domicile consisting of portions other than that required under paragraphs (2) and (3) of this Article;
(2) The register(s) of holders of overseas listed foreign invested shares maintained at the place of the securities exchange(s) on which the shares are listed, it being required that where any such shares are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, the register of shareholders in relation to such listed shares shall be maintained in Hong Kong; and	where any such shares are listed on the
(3) The register of shareholders maintained at such other places as the board of directors may deem necessary for listing purposes.	(3) The register of shareholders maintained at such other places as the board of directors may deem necessary for listing purposes.
Article 35 Different parts of the register of shareholders shall not overlap. No transfer of any shares registered in any part of the register shall, during the continuance of that registration, be registered in any other part of the register.	Article 353 Different parts of the register of shareholders shall not overlap. No transfer of any shares registered in any part of the register shall, during the continuance of that registration, be registered in any other part of the register.
The alteration and rectification of each part of the share register shall be determined in accordance with the laws of its situs.	The alteration and rectification of each part of the share register shall be determined in accordance with the laws of its situs.
Article 36 The shares of the Company can be transferred according to the laws.	Article 364 The shares of the Company canshall be transferred according to the laws.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 37 The Company cannot accept the shares of the Company as the subject of hypothecation right.	Article 375 The Company cannot accept the shares of the Company as the subject of hypothecation right.
Article 38 The shares of the Company held by the promoter shall not be transferred within one year from the establishing date of the Company. The shares before the public issuance by the Company shall not be transferred within one year from the listing and transaction date of the shares in Securities Exchange.	Article 386 The shares of the Company held by the promoter shall not be transferred within one year from the establishing date of the Company. The shares before the public issuance by the Company shall not be transferred within one year from the listing and transaction date of the shares in Securities Exchange.
The Company's directors, supervisors and senior officers shall notify their shareholding of the Company and the changes thereof. During the period working for the Company, the shares transferred in each year shall not be more than 25% of the total shares held by them. The shares of the Company shall not be transferred within one year from the listing and transaction date of the Company's shares. The aforesaid persons shall not transfer their shares of the Company within half year from leaving their post.	The Company's directors, supervisors and senior officers shall notify their shareholding of the Company and the changes thereof. During the period working for the Company <u>as determined</u> <u>when he/she takes office</u> , the shares transferred in each year shall not be more than 25% of the total shares held by them. The shares of the Company shall not be transferred within one year from the listing and transaction date of the Company's shares. The aforesaid persons shall not transfer their shares of the Company within half year from leaving their post.
Article 39 The profit earned by shareholders holding more than 5 percent of the shares of the Company, the Company's directors, supervisors and senior officers shall belong to the Company, if such persons sell their shares or other securities with an equity nature within six months from the date of their purchase or purchase shares of the Company within six months from the date of sale of their shares. The board of directors of the Company shall retire their profits. However, if the Securities Company purchases the remaining shares after exclusive sales so as to hold five percent or more of the shares, as well as other circumstances stipulated by the CSRC are excluded.	Article 397 The profit earned by shareholders holding more than 5 percent of the shares of the Company, the Company's directors, supervisors and senior officers shall belong to the Company, if such persons sell their shares or other securities with an equity nature within six months from the date of their purchase or purchase shares of the Company within six months from the date of sale of their shares. The board of directors of the Company shall retire their profits. However, if the Securities Company purchases the remaining shares after exclusive sales so as to hold five percent or more of the shares, as well as other circumstances stipulated by the CSRC are excluded.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
The shares or other securities of the nature of equity	The shares or other securities of the nature of equity
held by directors, supervisors, senior management	held by directors, supervisors , senior management
personnel and individual shareholders as mentioned	personnel and individual shareholders as mentioned
in the preceding paragraph, include the shares or	in the preceding paragraph, include the shares or
other securities of the nature of equity held by their	other securities of the nature of equity held by their
spouses, parents, and children, or held through the	spouses, parents, and children, or held through the
accounts of others.	accounts of others.
Shareholders are entitled to request the board of directors to implement in accordance with the aforesaid provisions within 30 days if the board of directors of the Company fails to implement the same. If the board of directors of the Company fails to implemented within above-mentioned period, shareholders are entitled to directly initiate a public proceedings to the People's Court in his own name so as to protect the Company's interest.	Shareholders are entitled to request the board of directors to implement in accordance with the aforesaid provisions within 30 days if the board of directors of the Company fails to implement the same. If the board of directors of the Company fails to implemented within above-mentioned period, shareholders are entitled to directly initiate a public proceedings to the People's Court in his own name so as to protect the Company's interest.
If the board of directors of the Company fails to	If the board of directors of the Company fails to
implement according to the first paragraph above,	implement according to the first paragraph above,
the directors in charge shall bear the joint liability	the directors in charge shall bear the joint liability
in accordance with laws.	in accordance with laws.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)		
Article 40 The Company may refuse to register the transfer of a share unless:	Article 40 The Company may refuse to register the transfer of a share unless:		
 (1) The relevant fee for registering any transfer or other documents relating to or affecting the title to any shares (in the case of H Shares, such amount as approved by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange from time to time to be paid on the date on which the Articles have been adopted) is paid; 	(1) The relevant fee for registering any transfer or other documents relating to or affecting the title to any shares (in the case of H Shares, such amount as approved by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange from time to time to be paid on the date on which the Articles have been adopted) is paid;		
 In the case of a transfer of foreign invested shares, the instrument of transfer, which must be duly stamped, is accompanied by the share certificates to which it relates and such other evidence as may be reasonably necessary to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; 	(2) In the case of a transfer of foreign invested shares, the instrument of transfer, which must be duly stamped, is accompanied by the share certificates to which it relates and such other evidence as may be reasonably necessary to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer;		
(3) The instrument of transfer is applicable to one class of shares only; and	(3) The instrument of transfer is applicable to one class of shares only; and		
(4) The transfer is conducted in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations of the place at which the transferred shares are listed.	(4) The transfer is conducted in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations of the place at which the transferred shares are listed.		
If the Company refuses to register a transfer, it shall within 2 months after the date on which the transfer was formally lodged with the Company, send to the transferor and the transferee a notice of such refusal.	If the Company refuses to register a transfer, it shall within 2 months after the date on which the transfer was formally lodged with the Company, send to the transferor and the transferee a notice of such refusal.		
Article 41 Upon completion of transfer, the name of the transferee of the share shall be entered in the register of shareholders as the holder of such share(s). In the case of a transfer to joint transferees, the number of joint transferees shall not exceed 4.	Article 41 Upon completion of transfer, the name of the transferee of the share shall be entered in the register of shareholders as the holder of such share(s). In the case of a transfer to joint transferees, the number of joint transferees shall not exceed 4.		
Article 42 All issues or subsequent transfers of foreign invested shares shall be entered in the part of the register of shareholders maintained in Hong Kong pursuant to Article 34(2).	Article 42 <u>38</u> All issues or subsequent transfers of foreign invested shares shall be entered in the part of the register of shareholders maintained in Hong Kong pursuant to Article $342(2)$.		

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 43 Any holder of foreign invested shares may transfer all or any of such shares by written or signed or mechanically executed instrument of transfer in any form commonly in use at the place where such shares are listed.	Article 43 Any holder of foreign invested shares may transfer all or any of such shares by written or signed or mechanically executed instrument of transfer in any form commonly in use at the place where such shares are listed.
Article 44 Where PRC laws and regulations and the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited stipulate on the period of closure of the register of shareholders prior to a shareholders' general meeting or the record date set by the Company for the purpose of distribution of dividends, such provision shall prevail.	Article 4439 Where PRC laws and regulations and the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited stipulate on the period of closure of the register of shareholders prior to a shareholders' general meeting or the record date set by the Company for the purpose of distribution of dividends, such provision shall prevail.
Article 45 The record date in relation to the shareholders' general meeting, dividend distribution, liquidation or other activities of the Company requiring the determination of equity of shareholders, shall be determined by the board of directors or the person convening such meeting. The shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company as at the close of business on the record date shall be entitled to the relevant interests.	Article 451 The record date in relation to the shareholders' general meeting, dividend distribution, liquidation or other activities of the Company requiring the determination of equity of shareholders, shall be determined by the board of directors or the person convening such meeting. The shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company as at the close of business on the record date shall be entitled to the relevant interests.
Chapter 6: SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS	Chapter 6: SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS SHAREHOLDERS AND SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS
	Section 1: General Provisions for Shareholders
Article 46 The Company shall establish a register of shareholders with the information provided by the securities registration authority. The register of shareholders shall be sufficient evidence of the holding of the shares of the Company by the shareholders.	Article 460 The Company shall establish a register of shareholders with the information provided by the securities registration authority. The register of shareholders shall be sufficient evidence of the holding of the shares of the Company by the shareholders.
Shareholders enjoy rights and have obligations according to the class and amount of shares held by them. Shareholders holding shares of the same class shall enjoy equal rights and have equal obligations.	Shareholders enjoy rights and have obligations according to the class and amount of shares held by them. Shareholders holding shares of the same class shall enjoy equal rights and have equal obligations.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)		
	cle 47 Holders of ordinary shares of the pany shall enjoy the following rights:	Article 472 Holders of ordinary shares of the Company shall enjoy the following rights:		
(1)	To receive dividends and other distributions according to the number of shares held by them;	 To receive dividends and other distributions according to the number of shares held by them; 		
(2)	May request for, convene, chair, attend (in person or by proxy) general meetings and exercise his/her/its speech and voting rights according to the laws, unless individual shareholders are required by the Listing Rules to abstain from voting on individual matters. Where any shareholder is, under the Listing Rules, required to abstain from voting on any particular resolution or restricted to voting only for (or only against) any particular resolution, any votes cast by such shareholders (or their proxies) in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted;	(2) May request for, convene, chair, attend (in person or by proxy) generalshareholders' meetings and exercise his/her/its speech and voting rights according to the laws, unless individual shareholders are required by the Listing Rules to abstain from voting on individual matters. Where any shareholder is, under the Listing Rules, required to abstain from voting on any particular resolution or restricted to voting only for (or only against) any particular resolution, any votes cast by such shareholders (or their proxies) in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted;		
(3)	To supervise the management of the business operations of the Company and to make relevant recommendations or enquiries;	 (3) To supervise the management of the business operations of the Company and to make relevant recommendations or enquiries; 		
(4)	May transfer, give or pledge any of its shares according to the provisions of the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of the Company;	 (4) May transfer, give or pledge any of its shares according to the provisions of the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of the Company; 		

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION				AR	TICL	ES OF	ASS	OCIATION (AMENDED)
(5)	(5) To obtain relevant information in accordance with the provisions of the Articles, which shall include:			(5)	with		rovisi	nt information in accordance ons of the Articles, which	
	(i)	(i) The right to receive a copy of the Articles upon payment of the relevant costs; and				(i)	Artic	-	to receive a copy of the oon payment of the relevant
	(ii)	i) The right to inspect and copy the followings after payment of reasonable charges:				(ii)	follo	-	to inspect and copy the after payment of reasonable <u>nd</u>
		(1)		parts of the register of eholders;			(1)		parts of the register of eholders;
		 Personal particulars of directors, supervisors, general managers and other senior officers, including: 					(2)	supe and	onal particulars of directors, ervisors, general managers other senior officers, ading:
			(a)	present forename and surname and any former forename or surname and any aliases;				(a)	present forename and surname and any former forename or surname and any aliases;
			(b)	principal address (residence);				(b)	principal address (residence);
			(c)	nationality;				(c)	nationality;
			(d)	full-time and all other part-time occupations and duties;				(d)	full-time and all other part-time occupations and duties;
			(e)	identity documents and their relevant numbers;				(e)	identity documents and their relevant numbers;

ARTIC	LES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)			
(3)	state of the Company's share capital;		(3)	state of the Company's share capital;	
(4)	reports showing, in respect of each class of shares repurchased by the Company since the end of the last financial year, the aggregate par value, the number and the maximum and minimum prices, and all costs paid by the Company for such purpose; and		(4)	reports showing, in respect of each class of shares repurchased by the Company since the end of the last financial year, the aggregate par value, the number and the maximum and minimum prices, and all costs paid by the Company for such purpose; and	
(5)	minutes of shareholders' meetings;		(5)	minutes of shareholders' meetings;	
(6)	the Company's debenture counterfoil;		(6)	the Company's debenture counterfoil;	
(7)	the resolutions of the meeting of the board of directors;		(7)	the resolutions of the meeting of the board of directors;	
(8)	the resolutions of the meeting of the supervisory committee;		(8)	the resolutions of the meeting of the supervisory committee;	
(9)	financial and accounting reports.		(9)	financial and accounting reports.	
			requ Com	reholders who meet the legal uirements may inspect the pany's accounting books and unting vouchers;	

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
(6)	Upon termination or liquidation of the Company, the right to participation in the distribution of the Company's remaining properties in proportion to the shares held by them;	 (6) Upon termination or liquidation of the Company, the right to participation in the distribution of the Company's remaining properties in proportion to the shares held by them;
(7)	May request the Company to purchase its own shares if it opposes to any resolution in relation to the merger or split-up of the Company; and	(7) May request the Company to purchase its own shares if it opposes to any resolution in relation to the merger or split-up of the Company <u>at the shareholders' meeting</u> ; and
(8)	Other rights conferred by the laws, administrative rules and regulations and the Articles of the Company.	(8) Other rights conferred by the laws, administrative rules and regulations and the Articles of the Company.
afore docu of th verif	areholder, may request for accessing the esaid information or data, shall supply written ments showing the class and number of shares e Company held thereby. The Company, after ication of such capacity as a shareholder, shall ide such information as requested.	A shareholder, may request for accessing the aforesaid information or data, shall supply written documents showing the class and number of shares of the Company held thereby. The Company, after verification of such capacity as a shareholder, shall provide such information as requested.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 48 If a resolution of a shareholders' meeting or the meeting of the board of directors of the Company is in violation of any laws or administrative regulations, the shareholders shall be entitled to apply to the People's Court for a ruling that such resolution is null and void.	Article 483 If a resolution of a shareholders' meeting or the meeting of the board of directors of the Company is in violation of any laws or administrative regulations, the shareholders shall be entitled to apply to the People's Court for a ruling that such resolution is null and void.
If the procedures for convening and voting in a shareholders' meeting or meeting of the board of directors violate any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of the Company; or if any resolution passed at the such meeting breaches the Articles of the Company, the shareholders shall be entitled to, within 60 days from the day on which the resolution is passed, request the People's Court to revoke it.	If the procedures for convening and voting in a shareholders' meeting or meeting of the board of directors violate any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of the Company; or if any resolution passed at the such meeting breaches the Articles of the Company, the shareholders shall be entitled to, within 60 days from the day on which the resolution is passed, request the People's Court to revoke it. However, except that there are only minor defects in the procedure of convening or the method of voting at the shareholders' meeting or the meeting of the board of directors which has no substantive impact on the resolution. Where the board of directors, shareholders and other stakeholders have disputes over the validity of a resolution of a shareholders' meeting, they shall promptly file a lawsuit with the People's Court. Before the People's Court makes a judgement or ruling to revoke the resolution of the shareholders' meeting. The Company, directors and senior officers shall perform their duties diligently to ensure the normal operation of the Company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	Where the People's Court makes a judgement or ruling on the relevant matter, the Company shall fulfil its obligation to disclose information in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations, and the requirements of the CSRC and the stock exchanges to fully explain the impact, and actively co-operate with the enforcement of the judgement or ruling after it has come into effect. Where corrections to prior events are involved, they shall be handled in a timely manner and the corresponding information disclosure obligations shall be fulfilled.
	Article 44 Resolutions of a shareholders' meeting or a board meeting of the Company shall be invalid in any of the following circumstances:(1)the resolution was not made by a shareholders' meeting or a board meeting;(2)the resolution was not voted on at a shareholders' meeting or a board meeting;(3)the number of attendees of the meeting or their voting rights do not meet the quorum or the number of voting rights as required by the Company Law and the Articles;
	(4)the number of attendees voting in favor of the resolution or their voting rights do not meet the quorum or the number of voting rights as required by the Company Law and the Articles.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

Article 49 If any director, senior officer violates any provisions of any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of the Company during the course of discharging his/her duties, which has caused any damage to the Company, the shareholder(s) of the Company who has (have), individually or jointly, holding at least 1% of the total number of shares of the Company for 180 consecutive days may request, in writing, the supervisory committee of the Company to bring an action before the People's Court. If the supervisory committee of the Company violates any provisions of any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of the Company during the course of discharging its duties, which has caused any damage to the Company, the shareholder(s) as mentioned above may request, in writing, the board of directors of the Company to bring an action before the People's Court.

If the supervisory committee or board of directors of the Company refuses to bring an action as requested by the shareholders in writing as mentioned in the preceding paragraph or fails to bring such action within 30 days from the receipt of such request, or if under an urgent circumstance where the failure to bring an immediate action would cause irreparable damages to the Company, the shareholder(s) mentioned in the preceding paragraph may, for the benefits of the Company, bring an action before the People's Court on their own. Article 495 If any director, senior officer other than members of the audit committee violates any provisions of any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of the Company during the course of discharging his/her duties, which has caused any damage to the Company, the shareholder(s) of the Company who has (have), individually or jointly, holding at least 1% of the total number of shares of the Company for 180 consecutive days may request, in writing, the supervisory committee of the Company to bring an action before the People's Court. If the supervisory committee audit committee of the Company violates any provisions of any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of the Company during the course of discharging its duties, which has caused any damage to the Company, the shareholder(s) as mentioned above may request, in writing, the board of directors of the Company to bring an action before the People's Court.

If the supervisory committee audit committee or board of directors of the Company refuses to bring an action as requested by the shareholders in writing as mentioned in the preceding paragraph or fails to bring such action within 30 days from the receipt of such request, or if under an urgent circumstance where the failure to bring an immediate action would cause irreparable damages to the Company, the shareholder(s) mentioned in the preceding paragraph may, for the benefits of the Company, bring an action before the People's Court on their own.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
If any legitimate right or interest of the Company is infringed by any person, which has caused any damage to the Company, the shareholders mentioned in the first paragraph of this Article may bring an action against such person before the People's Court according to the provisions of the preceding two paragraphs.	If any legitimate right or interest of the Company is infringed by any person, which has caused any damage to the Company, the shareholders mentioned in the first paragraph of this Article may bring an action against such person before the People's Court according to the provisions of the preceding two paragraphs.
	Where the directors, supervisors or senior officers of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company violate the provisions of laws, administrative regulations or the Articles during the performance of their duties and cause losses to the Company, or if any third parties infringe upon the legitimate rights and interests of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and cause losses, the shareholders severally or jointly holding 1% or more of the Company's shares for a period of 180 consecutive days or longer, in accordance with the provisions of the first three paragraphs of Article 189 of the Company Law, are entitled to request the supervisory committee or board of directors of the wholly-owned subsidiary to initiate legal proceedings with the people's court in writing or directly initiate legal proceedings with the People's Court in its own name. The Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries that do not have the supervisory committee or supervisors, but have an audit committee, shall comply with the provisions of the first and
Article 50 If any director or senior officer violates any provisions of any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of the Company, which impairs the interests of the shareholders, the shareholders may bring an action before the People's Court.	second paragraphs of this article. Article 5046 If any director or senior officer violates any provisions of any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of the Company, which impairs the interests of the shareholders, the shareholders may bring an action before the People's Court.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION		ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
Article 51 A holder of the ordinary shares of the Company shall be obliged to:		Article 5147 A holder of the ordinary shares of the Company shall be obliged to:	
(1)	Abide by the provisions of the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of the Company;	(1)	Abide by the provisions of the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of the Company;
(2)	Make payment for the shares purchased by him/her/it according to the method of share purchase;	(2)	Make payment for the shares purchased by him/her/it according to the method of share purchase;
(3)	Not withdraw his/her/its share capital unless otherwise permitted by the laws and regulations;	(3)	Not withdraw his/her/its share capital unless otherwise permitted by the laws and regulations;
(4)	Neither abuse his/her/its shareholder's rights to impair the interests of the Company or other shareholders, nor abuse the independent status as a legal person of the Company and his/her/its limited liability as a shareholder to impair the interests of the creditors of the Company.	(4)	Neither abuse his/her/its shareholder's rights to impair the interests of the Company or other shareholders, nor abuse the independent status as a legal person of the Company and his/her/its limited liability as a shareholder to impair the interests of the creditors of the Company.
	If any shareholder of the Company abuses his/her/its shareholder's rights to cause any loss to the Company or other shareholders, such shareholder shall be liable for indemnification according to the laws and regulations.		If any shareholder of the Company abuses his/her/its shareholder's rights to cause any loss to the Company or other shareholders, such shareholder shall be liable for indemnification according to the laws and regulations.
	If any shareholder of the Company abuses the independent status as a legal person and his/her/its limited liability as a shareholder to evade from his/her/its debts, which has impaired seriously the interests of the creditors of the Company, he/she/it shall be jointly liable for the debts of the Company;		If any shareholder of the Company abuses the independent status as a legal person and his/her/its limited liability as a shareholder to evade from his/her/its debts, which has impaired seriously the interests of the creditors of the Company, he/she/it shall be jointly liable for the debts of the Company;
(5)	Fulfill any other obligations imposed on him/ her/it by the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of the Company.	(5)	Fulfill any other obligations imposed on him/ her/it by the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of the Company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 52 If any shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of the Company carrying voting rights pledges its shares, he/she/it shall report in writing to the Company on the day when he/she/it takes such action.	Article 5248 If any shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of the Company carrying voting rights pledges its shares, he/she/it shall report in writing to the Company on the day when he/she/it takes such action.
	Section 2: Controlling Shareholders and De Facto Controllers
Article 53 The controlling shareholder or any person who has actual control of the Company shall not take advantage of its connection with the Company to impair the interests of the Company and shall be liable for indemnification for any loss caused to the Company caused by his/her/its breach of such provisions.	Article 5349 The controlling shareholder or any person who has actual control of the Company shall not take advantage of its connection with the Company to impair the interests of the Company and shall be liable for indemnification for any loss caused to the Company caused by his/her/its breach of such provisions.
The controlling shareholder of or any person who has actual control of the Company shall act in good faith to the Company and the public shareholders of the Company. The controlling shareholder shall exercise its rights as a capital contributor strictly according to the laws and regulations and shall not take advantage of profit distribution, assets restructuring, external investment, possession of funds or creation of securities for any loans to impair the legitimate rights and interests of the Company and its public shareholders. The controlling shareholder shall not take advantage of his/her/its control of the Company to impair the interests of the Company and its public shareholders.	The controlling shareholder of or any person who has actual control of the Company shall act in good faith to the Company and the public shareholders of the Company. The controlling shareholder shall exercise its rights as a capital contributor strictly according to the laws and regulations and shall not take advantage of profit distribution, assets restructuring, external investment, possession of funds or creation of securities for any loans to impair the legitimate rights and interests of the Company and its public shareholders. The controlling shareholder shall not take advantage of his/her/its control of the Company to impair the interests of the Company and its public shareholders. The controlling shareholder and the de facto controller of the Company shall exercise his/ her/its rights and fulfill his/her/its obligations in accordance with the provisions of laws, administrative regulations, the CSRC and the stock exchange, in order to safeguard the interests of the listed company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	Article 50 The controlling shareholders and de facto controller of the Company shall comply with the following requirements:
	(1) to exercise their rights as shareholders in accordance with the law and not to abuse their control or use their related relationship to prejudice the legitimate interests of the Company or other shareholders;
	(2) to strictly fulfil their public statements and various undertakings and not to change or waive such statements and undertakings;
	(3) to fulfil their information disclosure obligations in strict accordance with relevant regulations, proactively cooperate with the Company in information disclosure and inform the Company in a timely manner of material events that have occurred or are intended to occur;
	(4) not to appropriate the Company's funds in any way;
	(5) not to order, instruct, or request the Company and its relevant personnel to provide guarantees in violation of laws and regulations;
	(6) not to make use of the Company's undisclosed material information to gain benefits, or disclose in any way undisclosed material information relating to the Company, or engage in insider trading, short-term trading, market manipulation or other illegal and unlawful acts;
	(7) not to prejudice the legitimate interests of the Company and other shareholders through unfair related transactions, profit distribution, asset restructuring, external investment or any other means;

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	(8) to ensure the integrity of the Company's assets, and the independence of its personnel, finance, organization and business, and not to affect the independence of the Company in any way;
	(9) to comply with laws, administrative regulations, and provisions of the CSRC, stock exchange business rules and other requirements of the Articles.
	The controlling shareholders and de facto controller of the Company who do not serve as directors of the Company but actually manage the Company's affairs shall be subject to the provisions of the Articles regarding the duties of loyalty and diligence of directors.
	Where a controlling shareholder or de facto controller of the Company instructs a director or senior officer to engage in an act that is detrimental to the interests of the Company or its shareholders, it shall bear joint and several liabilities with the director or senior officer.
	Article 51 Where a controlling shareholder or de facto controller pledges the shares of the Company that he/she/it holds or effectively controls, he/she/it shall maintain control of the Company and the stability of its production and operation.
	Article 52 Where a controlling shareholder or de facto controller transfers the shares of the Company held by him/her/it, he/she/it shall comply with the restrictive provisions on the transfer of shares set out in laws, administrative regulations, the regulations of the CSRC and stock exchanges, as well as its undertakings in respect of restrictions on the transfer of shares.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

Article 54 In addition to the obligations imposed by laws, administrative regulations or required by the listing rules of the securities exchange(s) on which shares of the Company are listed, a controlling shareholder (as defined in the following Article), in exercising the shareholder's power, shall not exercise his voting rights in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the shareholders as a whole or of some of the shareholders of the Company:

- To relieve a director or supervisor of his duty to act honestly in the best interests of the Company;
- (2) To approve the expropriation by a director or supervisor (for his/her own benefits or for the benefits of another persons), in any guise, of the Company's properties, including without limitation, any opportunities which are advantageous to the Company; or
- (3) To approve the expropriation by a director or supervisor (for his/her own benefit or for the benefit of another persons) of the individual rights of other shareholders, including without limitation, the rights to distributions and voting rights, save and except where it was done pursuant to a restructuring of the Company submitted for approval by the shareholders' general meeting in accordance with these Articles.

Article 54 In addition to the obligations imposed by laws, administrative regulations or required by the listing rules of the securities exchange(s) on which shares of the Company are listed, a controlling shareholder (as defined in the following Article), in exercising the shareholder's power, shall not exercise his voting rights in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the shareholders as a whole or of some of the shareholders of the Company:

- (1) To relieve a director or supervisor of his duty to act honestly in the best interests of the Company;
- (2) To approve the expropriation by a director or supervisor (for his/her own benefits or for the benefits of another persons), in any guise, of the Company's properties, including without limitation, any opportunities which are advantageous to the Company; or
- (3) To approve the expropriation by a director or supervisor (for his/her own benefit or for the benefit of another persons) of the individual rights of other shareholders, including without limitation, the rights to distributions and voting rights, save and except where it was done pursuant to a restructuring of the Company submitted for approval by the shareholders' general meeting in accordance with these Articles.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
share	cle 55 In the previous Article, "controlling eholder" means a person who satisfies any one e following conditions:	Article 55 In the previous Article, "controlling shareholder" means a person who satisfies any one of the following conditions:
(1)	He alone or acting in concert with others has the power to elect more than half of the board of directors;	(1) He alone or acting in concert with others has the power to elect more than half of the board of directors;
(2)	He alone or acting in concert with others has the power to exercise or to control the exercise of 30 percent or more of the voting rights in the Company;	(2) He alone or acting in concert with others has the power to exercise or to control the exercise of 30 percent or more of the voting rights in the Company;
(3)	He alone or acting in concert with others holds 30 percent or more of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company;	(3) He alone or acting in concert with others holds 30 percent or more of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company;
(4)	He alone or acting in concert with others controls in any other manner the Company in fact.	(4) He alone or acting in concert with others controls in any other manner the Company in fact.
C	hapter 7: SHAREHOLDERS' GENERAL MEETINGS	Chapter 7: SHAREHOLDERS' GENERAL MEETINGS Section 3: General Provisions for Shareholders' Meeting
is th exerc to la		Article 563 <u>The shareholders' meeting of the</u> <u>Company is composed of all shareholders.</u> The shareholders' general meeting is the authority of power of the Company. It shall exercise the following duties and powers according to law:
(1)	To decide on the Company's business policies and investment plans;	(1) To decide on the Company's business policies and investment plans;
(2)	To elect and replace directors and supervisors who are non-employee representatives and to determine the matters relating to remuneration of the directors and supervisors; To consider and approve reports of the board	(2) To elect and replace directors and supervisors who are non-employee representatives and to determine the matters relating to remuneration of the directors and supervisors;
	of directors;	(32) To consider and approve reports of the board of directors;

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTIC	CLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
(4)	To consider and approve reports of the supervisory committee;		consider and approve reports of the pervisory committee;
(5)	To consider and approve the Company's annual financial budget and final accounts;) consider and approve the Company's mual financial budget and final accounts;
(6)	To consider and approve the Company's profit distribution plans and plans for making up losses;	pro	o consider and approve the Company's ofit distribution plans and plans for making losses;
(7)	To resolve on the increase or reduction of the Company's registered capital;	· _/	o resolve on the increase or reduction of the ompany's registered capital;
(8)	To resolve on matters such as merger, division, dissolution, liquidation or change of the form of the Company;	div	o resolve on matters such as merger, vision, dissolution, liquidation or change of e form of the Company;
(9)	To resolve on the issuance of debentures by the Company;		o resolve on the issuance of <u>the Company's</u> bentures by the Company ;
(10)	To resolve on the appointment, removal or non-renewal of the services of an auditor for the Company;	no	o resolve on the appointment, removal or on-renewal of the services of an auditor for e Company <u>undertaking its audit work</u> ;
(11)	To amend the Articles;	(11 <u>8</u>) To	amend the Articles;
(12)	To consider any proposals made by shareholders representing five percent or more of the shares carrying the right to vote;	sh mo	o consider any proposals made by areholders representing five percent or ore of the shares carrying the right to te;
(13)	To consider and approve the matters of guarantee under Article 57;	(13 <u>9</u>) To	o consider and approve the matters of arantee under Article 57 <u>4;</u>
(14)	To consider and approve the Company's purchase or sale of any substantial assets within one year, which represents a value exceeding 30% of the latest total audited asset value of the Company;	(1 40) To pu wi ex	consider and approve the Company's archase or sale of any substantial assets thin one year, which represents a value ceeding 30% of the latest total audited asset lue of the Company;

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION		ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
(15)	To consider and approve any change to the use of raised funds;	(151) To consider and approve any change to the use of raised funds;	
(16)	To consider any share incentive scheme and employee share option scheme; and	(162) To consider any share incentive scheme and employee share option scheme; and	
(17)	To consider any other matters required to be determined by the shareholders' meeting under the relevant laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and the Articles.	 (173) To consider any other matters required to be determined by the shareholders' meeting under the relevant laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and the Articles. 	
		The shareholders' meeting may authorize the board of directors to make resolutions on the issuance of corporate bonds.	
to a	cle 57 Provision of the following security ny foreign party shall be subject to the eholders' review and approval at a general ing:	Article 574 Provision of the following security to any foreign party shall be subject to the shareholders' review and approval at a general shareholders' meeting:	
(1)	Any securities provided after the total amount of the securities provided by the Company and its subsidiaries to any foreign party has exceeded 50% of the latest audited net assets value of the Company;	 Any securities provided after the total amount of the securities provided by the Company and its subsidiaries to any foreign party has exceeded 50% of the latest audited net assets value of the Company; 	
(2)	Any securities provided after the total amount of the securities provided by the Company to any foreign party has exceeded 30% of the latest total assets value of the Company;	 Any securities provided after the total amount of the securities provided by the Company to any foreign party has exceeded 30% of the latest total assets value of the Company; 	
(3)	Any securities provided after the total amount of securities provide by the Company within one year has exceeded 30% of the Company's latest audited total assets;	 (3) Any securities provided after the total amount of securities provide by the Company within one year has exceeded 30% of the Company's latest audited total assets; 	
(4)	The securities provided to any party with equity-debt ratio exceeding 70%;	(4) The securities provided to any party with equity-debt ratio exceeding 70%;	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
 (5) Securities of a single secured amount	 (5) Securities of a single secured amount	
exceeding 10% of latest audited net assets	exceeding 10% of latest audited net assets	
value of the Company;	value of the Company;	
 (6) Any securities as provided to the shareholders, de facto controllers or their associates. 	(6) Any securities as provided to the shareholders, de facto controllers or their associates.	
Article 58 Unless in under critical and such	Article 585 Unless in under critical and such	
special circumstances, the Company shall not	special circumstances, the Company shall no	
enter into any contract with any person other	enter into any contract with any person othe	
than a director, manager or other senior officers	than a director, manager or other senior officer	
of the Company whereby the management and	of the Company whereby the management and	
administration of the whole or any substantial part	administration of the whole or any substantial par	
of any business of the Company is to be handed	of any business of the Company is to be handed	
over to such person without the prior approval	over to such person without the prior approva	
by special resolutions of a shareholders' general	by special resolutions of a shareholders' general	
meeting.	meeting.	
Article 59 Shareholders' general meetings can be	Article 596 Shareholders' general meetings	
annual general meetings or extraordinary general	can be annual generalshareholders' meetings or	
meetings. The annual general meeting shall be	extraordinary generalshareholders' meetings.	
convened once a year, and shall take place within 6	The annual generalshareholders' meeting shall be	
months from the end of the previous financial year.	convened once a year, and shall take place within 6	
The Company shall convene an extraordinary	months from the end of the previous financial year.	
general meeting within 2 months from the occurrence of any one of the following circumstances:	The Company shall convene an extraordinary generalshareholders' meeting within 2 months from the occurrence of any one of the following circumstances:	
 Where the number of directors is below	 Where the number of directors is below	
two-thirds of the number stipulated in the	two-thirds of the number stipulated in the	
Company Law or the number required by the	Company Law or the number required by the	
Articles;	Articles;	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION		ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
(2)	Where the losses of the Company not yet reconciled amount to one-third of its total share capital;	r	Where the losses of the Company not yet econciled amount to one-third of its total hare capital;
(3)	Where shareholders individually or aggregately holding ten percent or more of the Company's issued outstanding shares carrying the right to vote make a request in writing to convene an extraordinary general meeting;	a t c i	Where shareholders individually or aggregately holding ten percent or more of he Company's issued outstanding shares carrying the right to vote make a request n writing to convene an extraordinary generalshareholders' meeting;
(4)	Where the board of directors considers it necessary or where the supervisory committee proposes to convene such a meeting;	i c	Where the board of directors considers t necessary or where the supervisory committee proposes to convene such a neeting;
(5)	Where any independent director proposes to convene such a meeting;Other circumstances specified by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or the Articles of the Company.	(5) V <u>q</u> r	Where any independent director <u>the audit</u> <u>committee</u> proposes to convene such a neeting; Other circumstances specified by laws,
		а	administrative regulations, departmental rules or the Articles of the Company.
gene spec for t Com othe Any othe	Article 60 The Company shall hold shareholders' general meeting at its domicile or such other place as specified in the notice of the shareholders' general meeting. The Company shall provide a venue for the general meeting to be held on site. The Company shall also provide the shareholders with other convenient means, including online facilities. Any shareholder attends the meeting through such other facilities shall be deemed to have attended the general meeting.		le 6057 The Company shall hold olders' general meeting at its domicile or ther place as specified in the notice of the olders' general meeting. The Company shall e a venue for the generalshareholders' ng to be held on site. The Company llso provide the shareholders with other ient means, including online facilities. Any older attends the meeting through such other es shall be deemed to have attended the Ishareholders' meeting.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
Article 61 The Company will engage lawyers to issue legal opinions and make an announcement in relation to the following issues when a shareholders' general meeting is convened:	Article 6158 The Company will engage lawyer to issue legal opinions and make an announcement in relation to the following issues when shareholders' general meeting is convened:	
 Whether or not the meeting is convened and held in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles; 	 Whether or not the meeting is convened and held in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles; 	
 Whether or not the persons attending the meeting and the person convening the meeting have the valid qualifications as required under the laws and regulations; 	 Whether or not the persons attending the meeting and the person convening the meeting have the valid qualifications as required under the laws and regulations; 	
(3) Whether or not the voting procedures and results are legal and valid;	(3) Whether or not the voting procedures and results are legal and valid;	
(4) The legal opinions given on other matters as required by the Company.	(4) The legal opinions given on other matters as required by the Company.	
	Section 4: Convening of the Shareholders' <u>Meetings</u>	
Article 62 Any independent director of the Company shall be entitled to propose to the board of directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting. The board of directors shall reply in writing, within 10 days upon receipt of such proposal, whether or not it consents to the convening of extraordinary general meeting in accordance with the provisions of the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of the Company. The board of directors shall give the notice convening an extraordinary general meeting within 5 days after it has passed the relevant resolution; where the board of directors do not consent to convene such meeting, it shall publish an announcement with reasons given in this regard.	Article 6259 The board of directors shall convene a shareholders' meeting in a timely manner within the prescribed period. With the consent of a majority of all independent directors, Aany independent director of the Company shall be entitled to propose to the board of directors to convene an extraordinary generalshareholders' meeting. The board of directors shall reply in writing, within 10 days upon receipt of such proposal, whether or not it consents to the convening of extraordinary generalshareholders' meeting in accordance with the provisions of the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of the Company. The board of directors shall give the notice convening an extraordinary generalshareholders' meeting within 5 days after it has passed the relevant resolution; where the board of directors do not consent to convene such meeting, it shall publish an announcement with reasons given in this regard.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 63 The supervisory committee shall be entitled to propose in writing to the board of directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting. The board of directors shall reply, in writing within 10 days upon receipt of such proposal, whether or not it consents to the convening of extraordinary general meeting in accordance with the provisions of the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of the Company	Article 630 The supervisory committee audit committee shall be entitled to propose in writing to the board of directors to convene an extraordinary generalshareholders' meeting. The board of directors shall reply, in writing within 10 days upon receipt of such proposal, whether or not it consents to the convening of extraordinary generalshareholders' meeting in accordance with the provisions of the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of the Company
The board of directors shall give the notice convening an extraordinary general meeting within 5 days after it has passed the relevant resolution. Any change made to the original proposal in the notice shall be subject to the consent of the supervisory committee.	The board of directors shall give the notice convening an extraordinary generalshareholders' meeting within 5 days after it has passed the relevant resolution. Any change made to the original proposal in the notice shall be subject to the consent of the supervisory committee <u>audit</u> <u>committee</u> .
If the board of directors does not consent to convene such an extraordinary general meeting or does not reply within 10 days upon receipt of such proposal, it shall be deemed as being unable or having failed to perform its duties to convene general meetings, in which circumstances, the supervisory committee may convene and chair the meeting on its own.	If the board of directors does not consent to convene such an extraordinary generalshareholders' meeting or does not reply within 10 days upon receipt of such proposal, it shall be deemed as being unable or having failed to perform its duties to convene generalshareholders' meetings, in which circumstances, the supervisory committee audit <u>committee</u> may convene and chair the meeting on its own.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 64 Any shareholder(s) individually or	Article 64 <u>1</u> Any shareholder(s) individually or
aggregately holding more than 10% of the shares	aggregately holding more than 10% of the shares
of the Company shall be entitled to request in	of the Company shall be entitled to request in
writing to the board of directors to convene an	writing to the board of directors to convene an
extraordinary general meeting. The board of	extraordinary generalshareholders' meeting. The
directors shall reply, in writing, within 10 days	board of directors shall reply, in writing, within
upon receipt of such proposal, whether or not it	10 days upon receipt of such proposal, whether or
consents to the convening of extraordinary general	not it consents to the convening of extraordinary
meeting in accordance with the provisions of the	generalshareholders' meeting in accordance
laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of	with the provisions of the laws, administrative
the Company.	regulations and the Articles of the Company.
The board of directors shall give the notice	The board of directors shall give the notice
convening an extraordinary general meeting within	convening an extraordinary generalshareholders'
5 days after it has passed the relevant resolution.	meeting within 5 days after it has passed the
Any change made to the original request in the	relevant resolution. Any change made to the
notice shall be subject to the consent of such	original request in the notice shall be subject to the
shareholder(s).	consent of such shareholder(s).
If the board of directors does not consent to convene such an extraordinary general meeting or does not reply within 10 days upon receipt of such request, such shareholder(s) individually or aggregately more than 10% of the shares of the Company shall be entitled to request in writing to the supervisory committee to convene such an extraordinary general meeting. The supervisory committee shall give the notice convening an extraordinary general meeting within 5 days after it has passed the relevant resolution. Any change made to the original request in the notice shall be subject to the consent of such shareholder(s).	If the board of directors does not consent to convene such an extraordinary generalshareholders' meeting or does not reply within 10 days upon receipt of such request, such shareholder(s) individually or aggregately more than 10% of the shares of the Company shall be entitled to request in writing to the supervisory committee <u>audit</u> <u>committee</u> to convene such an extraordinary general shareholders' meeting.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
If the supervisory committee fails to give a notice convening a general meeting within the prescribed period of time, it shall be deemed as not to convene and hold such a general meeting, in which circumstance, shareholder(s) individually or aggregately holding more than 10% of the shares of the Company for over 90 consecutive days shall be entitled to convene and chair such a general meeting on its/their own.	The supervisory committee <u>audit committee</u> shall give the notice convening an extraordinary general <u>shareholders'</u> meeting within 5 days after it has passed the relevant resolution. Any change made to the original request in the notice shall be subject to the consent of such shareholder(s). If the supervisory committee <u>audit committee</u> fails to give a notice convening a general meeting within the prescribed period of time, it shall be deemed as not to convene and hold such a general <u>shareholder(s)</u> individually or aggregately holding more than 10% of the shares of the Company for over 90 consecutive days shall be entitled to convene and chair such a general meeting on its/ their own.
Article 65 If the supervisory committee or the shareholder(s) decides to convene and chair a shareholders' general meeting, the supervisory committee or the shareholder(s) shall notify the board of directors in writing and make filings with the relevant stock exchange.	Article 652 If the supervisory committee <u>audit</u> <u>committee</u> or the shareholder(s) decides to convene and chair a shareholders' <u>general</u> meeting, the supervisory committee or the shareholder(s) shall notify the board of directors in writing and make filings with the relevant stock exchange.
The shareholding of the shareholder(s) convening a general meeting shall be no less than 10% before the publication of the announcement of resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting	The shareholding of the shareholder(s) convening a general <u>shareholders'</u> meeting shall be no less than 10% before the publication of the announcement of resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting.
The shareholder(s) convening a general meeting shall, at the time of giving notice of the general meeting and publishing the announcement of resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting, submit the relevant evidential documents to the relevant stock exchange.	The <u>audit committee or</u> shareholder(s) convening a <u>general shareholders'</u> meeting shall, at the time of giving notice of the <u>general shareholders'</u> meeting and publishing the announcement of resolutions of the shareholders' <u>general</u> meeting, submit the relevant evidential documents to the relevant stock exchange.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
Article 66 The board of director and the secretary to the board shall give support to the shareholders' general meetings convened by the supervisory committee or the shareholder(s). The board of directors shall provide the register of the shareholders as at the record date.	Article 663 The board of director and the secretary to the board shall give support to the shareholders' general meetings convened by the supervisory committee audit committee or the shareholder(s). The board of directors shall provide the register of the shareholders as at the record date.	
Article 67 The Company shall bear the necessary costs incurred in the shareholders' general meetings convened by the supervisory committee or the shareholder(s).	Article 674 The Company shall bear the necessary costs incurred in the shareholders' general meetings convened by the supervisory committee audit committee or the shareholder(s).	
	Section 5: Proposals and Notices of Shareholders' Meetings	
Article 68 Where the convener convenes an annual shareholders' general meeting, a public announcement to notify all shareholders whose names appear in the share register must be given not less than 20 business days before the meeting; when the convener convenes an extraordinary general meeting, a public announcement to notify all registered shareholders must be given no later than 15 days before the meeting. Such announcement shall contain the matters to be considered at the meeting as well as the date and venue of the meeting. In the event that the Company has only one shareholder, a shareholders' general meeting may be convened with such shorter period of notice as the board of directors may in its discretion determine.	Article 685 Where the convener convenes an annual shareholders' general meeting, a public announcement to notify all shareholders whose names appear in the share register must be given not less than 20 business days before the meeting; when the convener convenes an extraordinary general shareholders' meeting, a public announcement to notify all registered shareholders must be given no later than 15 days before the meeting. Such announcement shall contain the matters to be considered at the meeting as well as the date and venue of the meeting. In the event that the Company has only one shareholder, a shareholders' general meeting may be convened with such shorter period of notice as the board of directors may in its discretion determine.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 69 The Board, the Supervisory Committee and the shareholder(s) individually or aggregately holding more than 3% of the shares of the Company may put forward proposals to the shareholders' general meeting.	Article 696 The Board, the Supervisory Committee audit committee and the shareholder(s) individually or aggregately holding more than 31% of the shares of the Company may put forward proposals to the shareholders' general meeting.
The contents of such proposals shall within the scope of the shareholders' general meeting and such proposals shall have clear and specific topics to be resolved and comply with the relevant provisions of the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles.	The contents of such proposals shall within the scope of the shareholders' general meeting and such proposals shall have clear and specific topics to be resolved and comply with the relevant provisions of the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles.
The shareholder(s) individually or aggregately holding more than 3% of the shares of the Company may put forward written additional proposals to the person convening shareholders' general meeting 10 days before the date of such meeting. The person convening such meeting shall give a supplemental notice of the shareholders' general meeting for announcement of the addition proposals within 2 days upon receipt of the same. Save for in the circumstances mentioned in the preceding paragraphs, no amendment to the proposals listed in the notice of the shareholders' general meeting or additional proposals shall be made after the notice of the shareholders' general meeting is issued by the convener. Any proposal which are not being set out in the notice of the shareholders' general meeting or which are not in compliance with the requirement under the second paragraph of this Article shall not be voted and resolved at the general meeting.	The shareholder(s) individually or aggregately holding more than 31% of the shares of the Company may put forward written additional proposals to the person convening shareholders' general meeting 10 days before the date of such meeting. The person convening such meeting shall give a supplemental notice of the shareholders' general meeting for announcement of the addition proposals within 2 days upon receipt of the same:, and submit the same to the shareholders' meeting for consideration, unless the additional proposals violate the laws, administrative regulations or provisions of the Articles, or do not fall within the terms of reference of the shareholders' meeting. Save for in the circumstances mentioned in the proposals listed in the notice of the shareholders' general meeting or additional proposals shall be made after the notice of the shareholders' general meeting is issued by the convener.
	Any proposal which are not being set out in the notice of the shareholders' general meeting or which are not in compliance with the requirement under <u>the Articles</u> the second paragraph of this Article shall not be voted and resolved at the general shareholders' meeting.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	cle 70 An extraordinary general meeting shall lecide on matters which are not specified in the e.	Article 7069 An extraordinary general meeting shall not decide on matters which are not specified in the notice.
		<u>Issues not specified in the notice shall not be</u> <u>resolved at the shareholders' meetings.</u>
	cle 71 The notice of the shareholders' general ing includes the following contents:	Article 7168 The notice of the shareholders' general meeting includes the following contents:
(1)	The place, the time and the time limit of the meeting;	(1) The place, the time and the time limit of the meeting;
(2)	The matters and motions submitted to the meeting for consideration;	(2) The matters and motions submitted to the meeting for consideration;
(3)	Set out clearly that all shareholders shall be entitled, and may appoint one or more proxies who may not be a shareholder, to attend and vote at the general meeting;	(3) Set out clearly that all shareholders shall be entitled, and may appoint one or more proxies who may not be a shareholder, to attend and vote at the general shareholders' meeting;
(4)	Specify the record date for the shareholders entitled to attend the general meeting;	(4) Specify the record date for the shareholders entitled to attend the general shareholders'
(5)	The name and telephone number of the contact person for the general meeting;	meeting;
(6)	The time and procedure of such online voting or other means of voting.	 (5) The name and telephone number of the contact person for the general shareholders' meeting;
		(6) The time and procedure of such online voting or other means of voting.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
supe share meet of th	icle 72 If the election of directors or ervisors is proposed to be discussed at eholders' general meetings, the notice of such ing shall fully disclose the detailed information e candidates of directors or supervisors, which at least include:	Article 7269 If the election of directors or supervisors is proposed to be discussed at shareholders' general meetings, the notice of such meeting shall fully disclose the detailed information of the candidates of directors or supervisors, which shall at least include:
(1)	Personal particulars, including educational background, working experiences, and concurrent positions;	 Personal particulars, including educational background, working experiences, and concurrent positions;
(2)	Whether one has any affiliated relationship with the Company or its controlling shareholders and actual controllers;	(2) Whether one has any affiliated relationship with the Company or its controlling shareholders and actual controllers;
(3)	The amount of shares of the Company such candidate holds;	(3) The amount of shares of the Company such candidate holds;
(4)	Whether such candidate has been subjected to the punishment of the CSRC or any other relevant departments or the reprimand of any stock exchange.	(4) Whether such candidate has been subjected to the punishment of the CSRC or any other relevant departments or the reprimand of any stock exchange.
elect sing	ept for the directors or supervisors who are ted by way of cumulative voting system, a le proposal shall be put forward for each idate of directors or supervisors.	Except for the directors or supervisors who are elected by way of cumulative voting system, a single proposal shall be put forward for each candidate of directors or supervisors .
share not l set o prop or ca mak there	icle 73 After giving the notice of eholders' general meeting, such meeting shall be postponed or cancelled and the proposal ut in the notice shall not be cancelled without er reasons. In the case of any postponement ancellation of the meeting, the convener shall e an announcement and give the reasons for at least 2 working days prior to the date on h the meeting is originally scheduled.	Article 730 After giving the notice of shareholders' general meeting, such meeting shall not be postponed or cancelled and the proposal set out in the notice shall not be cancelled without proper reasons. In the case of any postponement or cancellation of the meeting, the convener shall make an announcement and give the reasons therefor at least 2 working days prior to the date on which the meeting is originally scheduled.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	Section 6: Holding of the Shareholders' Meetings
Article 74 The board of directors or any other convener shall take necessary measures to ensure the proper order of the shareholders' general meeting, and shall take measures to deter any act of disturbing the shareholders' general meeting, provoking troubles or infringing the lawful rights and interests of any shareholder, and shall timely report same to the relevant department for investigation and punishment.	Article 741 The board of directors or any other convener shall take necessary measures to ensure the proper order of the shareholders' general meeting, and shall take measures to deter any act of disturbing the shareholders' general meeting, provoking troubles or infringing the lawful rights and interests of any shareholder, and shall timely report same to the relevant department for investigation and punishment.
Article 75 A shareholder whose name appears on the register of members of the Company as at the record date or his/her/its proxy shall be entitled to attend and exercise the right to vote at the general meetings in accordance with the relevant laws, regulations and the Articles.	Article 752 A shareholder whose name appears on the register of members of the Company as at the record date or his/her/its proxy shall be entitled to attend and exercise the right to vote at the general meetings in accordance with the relevant laws, regulations and the Articles.
Any shareholder may attend the shareholders' general meeting in person or may appoint another person as his proxy to attend and vote instead of him.	Any shareholder may attend the shareholders' general meeting in person or may appoint another person as his proxy to attend and vote instead of him.
An individual shareholder attending a shareholders' general meeting in person shall present his valid identity card or any other documentations or proof that can prove his identity, and stock account certificate. A proxy attending the meeting shall present his own valid identity card as well as the power of attorney issued by the shareholder.	An individual shareholder attending a shareholders' general meeting in person shall present his valid identity card or any other documentations or proof that can prove his identity, and stock account certificate. A proxy attending the meeting shall present his own valid identity card as well as the power of attorney issued by the shareholder.
A legal-person shareholder shall appoint a legal representative or the proxy of the legal representative to attend the shareholders' general meeting. A legal representative attending the meeting shall present his identity card and the valid documentation that can prove that he is qualified to be the legal representative. A proxy attending the meeting shall present his identity card and the power of attorney issued by the legal representative of the legal-person shareholder in accordance with law.	A legal-person shareholder shall appoint a legal representative or the proxy of the legal representative to attend the shareholders' general meeting. A legal representative attending the meeting shall present his identity card and the valid documentation that can prove that he is qualified to be the legal representative. A proxy attending the meeting shall present his identity card and the power of attorney issued by the legal representative of the legal-person shareholder in accordance with law.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 76 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the failure to receive the notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive such notice shall not invalidate the meeting and the resolutions adopted at the meeting.	Article 763 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the failure to receive the notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive such notice shall not invalidate the meeting and the resolutions adopted at the meeting.
Article 77 Any shareholder entitled to attend and vote at a shareholders' general meeting of the Company shall be entitled to appoint one or more persons (who may not be a shareholder) as his proxies to attend and vote on his behalf. A proxy so appointed shall enjoy the following rights pursuant to authorization by such shareholder:	Article 774 Any shareholder entitled to attend and vote at a shareholders' general meeting of the Company shall be entitled to appoint one or more persons (who may not be a shareholder) as his proxies to attend and vote on his behalf. A proxy so appointed shall enjoy the following rights pursuant to authorization by such shareholder:
(1) To have the same right as the shareholder to speak at the meeting;	(1) To have the same right as the shareholder to speak at the meeting;
(2) To have the authority to demand or join others in demanding a poll;	(2) To have the authority to demand or join others in demanding a poll;
(3) To have the right to vote by hand or on a poll, but a proxy of a shareholder who has appointed more than one proxy may only exercise voting right on a poll.	(3) To have the right to vote by hand or on a poll, but a proxy of a shareholder who has appointed more than one proxy may only exercise voting right on a poll.
Where such shareholder is a recognized clearing house within the meaning of the relevant regulations in force from time to time under the laws of Hong Kong, it may authorize such person(s) as it thinks fit to act as its or the Company's representative(s) at any shareholders' general meeting or any meeting of any class of shareholders or meeting of creditors, provided that, if more than one person is so authorized, the authorization shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person is so authorized. The person so authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same power on behalf of the recognized clearing house as that clearing house (or its nominees) could exercise as if such shareholder was an individual shareholder of the Company.	Where such shareholder is a recognized clearing house within the meaning of the relevant regulations in force from time to time under the laws of Hong Kong, it may authorize such person(s) as it thinks fit to act as its or the Company's representative(s) at any shareholders' general meeting or any meeting of any class of shareholders or meeting of creditors, provided that, if more than one person is so authorized, the authorization shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person is so authorized. The person so authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same power on behalf of the recognized clearing house as that clearing house (or its nominees) could exercise as if such shareholder was an individual shareholder of the Company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 78 The board of directors, independent directors and shareholders who have met certain conditions may collect the voting rights of shareholders of the Company for a shareholders' general meeting. Collecting the voting rights of the shareholders of the Company by a collector shall be carried out in accordance with the relevant implementation rules.	Article 78 The board of directors, independent directors and shareholders who have met certain conditions may collect the voting rights of shareholders of the Company for a shareholders' general meeting. Collecting the voting rights of the shareholders of the Company by a collector shall be carried out in accordance with the relevant implementation rules.
Article 79 The proxy forms issued in written form by shareholders for authorizing other persons to attend a shareholders' general meeting shall set forth the followings:	Article 795 The proxy forms issued in written form by shareholders for authorizing other persons to attend a shareholders' general meeting shall set forth the followings:
 (1) the name of the proxy; (2) whether the proxy has the voting right; 	(1) the name or title of the principal, and the category and quantity of shares held in the <u>Company;</u>
(3) the instruction for voting consent, objection or abstention for each item stated in the agenda of the general meeting;	 (12) the name <u>or title</u> of the proxy; (23) whether the proxy has the voting right <u>the</u> specific instructions from shareholders.
(4) the signing date of the proxy and the expiry date;	specific instructions from shareholders, including the instructions to vote in favor of or against, or to abstain from voting on each matter set out on the agenda of the
(5) the signature (or seal) of the appointor, or signature of proxy entrusted by appointor in writing. If the appointor is a corporate shareholder, the document shall be affixed with the seal of the corporate shareholder or signed by the director or formally appointed proxy of such shareholder;	 <u>general meeting and so on;</u> (3) the instruction for voting consent, objection or abstention for each item stated in the agenda of the general meeting; (4) the signing date of the proxy and the expiry date;
(6) The numbers of shares for which the proxy represents the appointor.	 (5) the signature (or seal) of the appointor, or signature of proxy entrusted by appointor in writing. If the appointor is a corporate shareholder, the document shall be affixed with the seal of the corporate shareholder or signed by the director or formally appointed proxy of such shareholder;
	(6) The numbers of shares for which the proxy represents the appointor.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 80 The instrument appointing a proxy for voting shall be deposited at the domicile of the Company or such other place specified for that purpose in the notice of meeting no later than 24 hours prior to the time of the meeting at which the proxy is authorized to vote or 24 hours before the time specified for voting. Where such an instrument is signed by a person authorized by the appointer, such power of attorney or other authorization documents shall be notarially certified. The notarially certified power of attorney and other authorization documents shall, together with the instrument appointing the proxy for voting, be deposited at the Company's domicile or such other place specified for that purpose in the notice of meeting. If the appointer is a legal person, its legal	 Article 8076 The instrument appointing a proxy for voting shall be deposited at the domicile of the Company or such other place specified for that purpose in the notice of meeting no later than 24 hours prior to the time of the meeting at which the proxy is authorized to vote or 24 hours before the time specified for voting. Where such an instrument is signed by a person authorized by the appointer, such power of attorney or other authorization documents shall be notarially certified. The notarially certified power of attorney and other authorization documents shall, together with the instrument appointing the proxy for voting, be deposited at the Company's domicile or such other place specified for that purpose in the notice of meeting.
representative or board of directors or a person authorized by resolutions passed by other decision- making bodies shall be entitled to attend the shareholders' meeting of the Company on behalf of the appointor as its proxy.	If the appointer is a legal person, its legal representative or board of directors or a person authorized by resolutions passed by other decision- making bodies shall be entitled to attend the shareholders' meeting of the Company on behalf of the appointor as its proxy.
The attendance or actions taken by the appointee at such meeting shall, for the purpose of the Articles, be deemed the attendance or (as the case may be) actions taken by the appointer.	The attendance or actions taken by the appointee at such meeting shall, for the purpose of the Articles, be deemed the attendance or (as the case may be) actions taken by the appointer.
Article 81 Any form of proxy issued to a shareholder by the directors for use by him for appointing a proxy shall be in such form as to enable the shareholder, according to his intention, to instruct the proxy to vote in favor of or against each resolution dealing with business to be transacted at the meeting. Such form shall contain a statement that in default of shareholder's instructions, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit.	Article 81 Any form of proxy issued to a shareholder by the directors for use by him for appointing a proxy shall be in such form as to enable the shareholder, according to his intention, to instruct the proxy to vote in favor of or against each resolution dealing with business to be transacted at the meeting. Such form shall contain a statement that in default of shareholder's instructions, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 82 A vote given by the proxy of a shareholder in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or disability or revocation of the proxy or of the authority for execution of the proxy, or the transfer of the share(s) in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no notice in writing of such death, disability, revocation or transfer has been received by the Company before the commencement of the relevant meeting.	Article 8277 A vote given by the proxy of a shareholder in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or disability or revocation of the proxy or of the authority for execution of the proxy, or the transfer of the share(s) in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no notice in writing of such death, disability, revocation or transfer has been received by the Company before the commencement of the relevant meeting.
Article 83 The attendance register for persons attending meetings shall be prepared by the Company. The register shall consist of the name (or the name of the corporation), identity card number, residential address, the number of shares with voting rights held or represented thereby and the name of the appointer (or the name of the corporation represented) and such other matters.	Article 8378 The attendance register for persons attending meetings shall be prepared by the Company. The register shall consist of the name (or the name of the corporation), identity card number, residential address, the number of shares with voting rights held or represented thereby and the name of the appointer (or the name of the corporation represented) and such other matters.
Article 84 The convener and the lawyer engaged by the Company shall jointly verify the legality of the shareholders' qualifications based on the register of shareholders provided by the securities registration and clearing authority, and shall register the names of the shareholders as well as the number of the voting shares held thereby. The registration of shareholders for a meeting shall be terminated before the chairman of the meeting announces the number of shareholders and proxies attending the meeting and the total number of the voting shares held thereby.	Article 8479 The convener and the lawyer engaged by the Company shall jointly verify the legality of the shareholders' qualifications based on the register of shareholders provided by the securities registration and clearing authority, and shall register the names of the shareholders as well as the number of the voting shares held thereby. The registration of shareholders for a meeting shall be terminated before the chairman of the meeting announces the number of shareholders and proxies attending the meeting and the total number of the voting shares held thereby.
Article 85 Where a shareholders' general meeting is convened, all the directors, supervisors and the secretary of the board of directors shall attend the meeting, and the managers and other senior officers shall be present at the meeting.	Article 850 Where a shareholders' general meeting is convened, all the directors, supervisors and the secretary of the board of directors shall attend the meeting, and the managers and other senior officers shall be present at the meeting. If the shareholders' meeting requires a director and senior officer to attend the meeting, he/she shall attend and answer shareholder inquiries.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

Article 86 The Company shall formulate the rules of procedure for shareholders' general meeting, stating in details the procedures for convening a shareholders' general meeting and the voting procedures, including, among others, the procedures for giving notices, registration, consideration and discussion of proposals, voting, counting of ballots, declaration of voting results, adoption of resolutions at the meeting, minutes and the signature thereon and public announcements, as well as the principles on which the mandates given to the board of directors at shareholders' general meetings are based. Such mandates shall be specific and clear. The rules of procedure for shareholders' general meeting shall be attached hereto as an exhibit, which will be prepared by the board of directors and approved at a shareholders' general meeting.	Article 861 The Company shall formulate the rules of procedure for shareholders' general meeting, stating in details the procedures for holding, convening a shareholders' general meeting and the voting procedures, including, among others, the procedures for giving notices, registration, consideration and discussion of proposals, voting, counting of ballots, declaration of voting results, adoption of resolutions at the meeting, minutes and the signature thereon and public announcements, as well as the principles on which the mandates given to the board of directors at shareholders' general meetings are based. Such mandates shall be specific and clear. The rules of procedure for shareholders' general meeting shall be attached hereto as an exhibit, which will be prepared by the board of directors at shareholders' general meeting.
Article 87 At an annual general meeting, the board of directors and the supervisory committee shall report their respective work of the previous year to the shareholders' general meeting, and each independent director shall also make his duty report accordingly.	Article 872 At an annual general shareholders' meeting, the board of directors and the supervisory committee shall report their respective work of the previous year to the shareholders' general meeting, and each independent director shall also make his duty report accordingly.
Article 88 The directors, supervisors and senior officers shall give explanations and statements on the inquiries and suggestions of shareholders at the shareholders' general meeting.	Article 883 The directors, supervisors and senior officers shall give explanations and statements on the inquiries and suggestions of shareholders at the shareholders' general meeting.
Article 89 The chairman of a meeting shall, prior to voting, declare the number of shareholders and their proxies attending the meeting as well as the total number of the voting shares held thereby, and the number of shareholders and their proxies attending the meeting or the total number of the voting shares held thereby shall be those indicated in the meeting's register.	Article 894 The chairman of a meeting shall, prior to voting, declare the number of shareholders and their proxies attending the meeting as well as the total number of the voting shares held thereby, and the number of shareholders and their proxies attending the meeting or the total number of the voting shares held thereby shall be those indicated in the meeting's register.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	Section 7: Voting and Resolutions of General Meeting
Article 90 Resolutions of a shareholders' general meeting can be ordinary resolutions or special resolutions.	Article 9085 Resolutions of a shareholders' general meeting can be ordinary resolutions or special resolutions.
An ordinary resolution of the shareholders' general	An ordinary resolution of the shareholders' general
meeting shall be passed by an affirmative vote of	meeting shall be passed by an affirmative vote of
more than half of the Company's total voting shares	more than half <u>a majority</u> of the Company's total
being held by the shareholders who are present at	voting shares being held by the shareholders who
the meeting (including proxies).	are present at the meeting (including proxies).
A special resolution of the shareholders' general	A special resolution of the shareholders' general
meeting shall be passed by an affirmative vote of	meeting shall be passed by an affirmative vote of
more than two-thirds of the Company's total voting	more than two-thirds of the Company's total voting
shares being held by the shareholders who are	shares being held by the shareholders who are
present at the meeting (including proxies).	present at the meeting (including proxies).
The shareholders (including proxies) attending	The shareholders (including proxies) attending
the meeting shall explicitly express consent or	the meeting shall explicitly express consent or
objection in respect of each matter put forward for	objection in respect of each matter put forward for
voting; any ballot paper which is for abstention or	voting; any ballot paper which is for abstention or
giving up voting shall be treated as the vote with	giving up voting shall be treated as the vote with
voting rights when the Company calculates the poll	voting rights when the Company calculates the poll
results for each matter.	results for each matter.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 91 Shareholders (including proxies) who vote at the shareholders' general meeting shall exercise their voting rights in relation to the amount of voting shares they represent. Each share shall carry the right to one vote.	Article 9186 Shareholders (including proxies) who vote at the shareholders' general meeting shall exercise their voting rights in relation to the amount of voting shares they represent. Each share shall carry the right to one vote.
When the shareholders' general meeting considers	When the shareholders' general meeting considers
matters that could materially affect the interest of	matters that could materially affect the interest of
medium and small investors, the votes by medium	medium and small investors, the votes by medium
and small investors shall be counted separately, and	and small investors shall be counted separately, and
the results of such separate vote counting shall be	the results of such separate vote counting shall be
disclosed promptly.	disclosed promptly.
The Company holding the shares of the Company	The Company holding the shares of the Company
shall not have any voting rights. And such shares	shall not have any voting rights. And such shares
shall not be counted as part of the total number	shall not be counted as part of the total number
of shares with voting rights for attending the	of shares with voting rights for attending the
shareholders' general meeting.	shareholders' general meeting.
Shareholders who purchase the shares with voting rights of the Company in violation of Article 63 (1) and (2) of the Securities Law shall not exercise the voting rights of the shares that exceed the prescribed proportion within 36 months after purchasing such shares, and such shares shall not be counted in the total number of voting shares represented by shareholders present at a shareholders' general meeting.	Shareholders who purchase the shares with voting rights of the Company in violation of Article 63 (1) and (2) of the Securities Law shall not exercise the voting rights of the shares that exceed the prescribed proportion within 36 months after purchasing such shares, and such shares shall not be counted in the total number of voting shares represented by shareholders present at a shareholders' general meeting.
The Board, independent directors, and shareholders	The Board, independent directors, and shareholders
holding more than 1% of voting shares or investor	holding more than 1% of voting shares or investor
protection institutions established in accordance	protection institutions established in accordance
with the laws, administrative regulations or	with the laws, administrative regulations or
provisions of the CSRC may collect voting rights	provisions of the CSRC may collect voting rights
from other shareholders. Information including the	from other shareholders. Information including the
specific voting intention shall be fully disclosed to	specific voting intention shall be fully disclosed to
the shareholders from whom voting rights are being	the shareholders from whom voting rights are being
collected. Consideration or de facto consideration	collected. Consideration or de facto consideration
for collecting shareholders' voting rights is	for collecting shareholders' voting rights is
prohibited. Save for the statutory conditions,	prohibited. Save for the statutory conditions,
the Company shall not impose any minimum	the Company shall not impose any minimum
shareholding limitation for collecting voting rights.	shareholding limitation for collecting voting rights.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION		ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
When the shareholders' general meeting reviews matters in relation to connected transaction, the connected shareholders shall not participate in voting of the resolution. The number of shares with voting rights as represented by such shareholders shall not be counted as part of the total number of valid voting shares. The public announcement of the resolution of the shareholders' general meeting shall fully disclose the votes of non-connected shareholders.		When the shareholders' general meeting reviews matters in relation to connected transaction, the connected shareholders shall not participate in voting of the resolution. The number of shares with voting rights as represented by such shareholders shall not be counted as part of the total number of valid voting shares. The public announcement of the resolution of the shareholders' general meeting shall fully disclose the votes of non-connected shareholders.	
Article 92 On a poll taken at a meeting, a shareholder (including his proxies) entitled to two or more votes need not cast all his votes in the same way.		share	cle 9287 On a poll taken at a meeting, a holder (including his proxies) entitled to two ore votes need not cast all his votes in the same
Article 93 The following matters shall be resolved by way of ordinary resolution of a shareholders' general meeting:		Article 9388 The following matters shall be resolved by way of ordinary resolution of a shareholders' general meeting:	
(1)	work reports of the board of directors and the supervisory committee;	(1)	work reports of the board of directors and the supervisory committee ;
(2)	profit distribution plans and plans for making up losses formulated by the board of directors;	(2)	profit distribution plans and plans for making up losses formulated by the board of directors;
(3)	appointment and removal of members of the board of directors and the supervisory committee and their remuneration and methods of payment;	(3)	appointment and removal of members of the board of directors and the supervisory committee and their remuneration and methods of payment;
(4)	the Company's annual financial budget, final accounts, balance sheet, profit and loss account and other financial statements;	(4)	the Company's annual financial budget, final accounts, balance sheet, profit and loss account and other financial statements the Company's annual financial report;
(5)	the annual report of the Company; and		and
(6)	such matters other than those which are required by laws, administrative regulations or the Articles to be adopted by way of special resolutions.	(5) (6)	the annual report of the Company; and such matters other than those which are required by laws, administrative regulations or the Articles to be adopted by way of special resolutions.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
Article 94 The following matters shall be resolved by way of special resolutions of a shareholders' general meeting:	Article 9489 The following matters shall be resolved by way of special resolutions of a shareholders' general meeting:	
(1) increase or reduction of the Company' registered capital;	(1) increase or reduction of the Company' registered capital;	
 division, spin-off, merger, dissolution, liquidation of the Company and material acquisition or sales; 	 division, spin-off, merger, dissolution, liquidation of the Company and material acquisition or sales; 	
(3) amendment of the Articles;	(3) amendment of the Articles;	
 (4) acquisition or sale of major assets or guarantees with an amount exceeding 30% of the most recent total audited assets of the Company; (5) share incentive schemes; 	 (4) acquisition or sale of major assets or guarantees with an amount exceeding 30% of the most recent total audited assets of the Company; 	
 (6) adjustment or modification of profit distribution policy; (7) such other matters which are required by laws, administrative regulations or the Articles, and, according to an ordinary resolution of the shareholders' general meeting, may have a significant impact on the Company and require adoption by way of a special resolution. 	 (5) share incentive schemes; (6) adjustment or modification of profit distribution policy; (7) such other matters which are required by laws, administrative regulations or the Articles, and, according to an ordinary resolution of the shareholders' general meeting, may have a significant impact on 	
Article 95 Any reasonable expenses incurred by the supervisory committee or shareholders according to the Articles shall be borne by the	 the Company and require adoption by way of a special resolution. Article 95 Any reasonable expenses incurred by the supervisory committee or shareholders according to the Articles shall be borne by the 	
Company.	Company.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

Article 96 A shareholders' general meeting shall be presided over by the chairman of the board. Where the chairman of the board is unable or fails to perform his duty, the shareholders' general meeting shall be presided over by the vice chairman; where the vice chairman is unable or fails to perform his duty, the shareholders' general meeting shall be presided over by a director jointly elected by no less than one half of the members of the board of directors.

A shareholders' general meeting convened by the board of directors on its own shall be presided by the chairman of the supervisory committee. If the chairman of the supervisory committee cannot perform or fails to perform his duties, the vicechairman of the supervisory committee shall preside at the meeting. If the vicechairman cannot perform or fails to perform his duties, a supervisor elected by the majority of the supervisors jointly shall chair the meeting.

A shareholders' general meeting convened by the shareholders shall be presided by a representative elected by the convener.

When a shareholders' general meeting is held and the chairman of the meeting violates the rules of proceedings which makes the shareholders' general meeting fail to continue, a person may be elected at the shareholders' general meeting to act as the chairman of the meeting to continue with the meeting, subject to the approval of more than half of the shareholders having the voting rights who are present at the meeting.

Article 960 A shareholders' general meeting shall be presided over by the chairman of the board. Where the chairman of the board is unable or fails to perform his duty, the shareholders' general meeting shall be presided over by the vice chairman (If the Company has two or more vice chairmen, the vice chairman elected by a majority of the directors shall preside over the meeting); where the vice chairman is unable or fails to perform his duty, the shareholders' general meeting shall be presided over by a director jointly elected by no less than one half a majority of the members of the board of directors.

A shareholders' **general** meeting convened by the board of directors on its own shall be presided by the chairman of the **supervisory committee audit** <u>committee</u>. If the chairman of the **supervisory** committee <u>audit committee</u> cannot perform or fails to perform his duties, the vicechairman of the supervisory committee shall preside at the meeting. If the vicechairman cannot perform or fails to perform his duties, a supervisor <u>member</u> elected by the majority of the supervisors <u>members of the audit committee</u> jointly shall chair the meeting.

A shareholders' **general** meeting convened by the shareholders shall be presided by **a representative elected** by the convener **or his/her appointed representative**.

When a shareholders' **general** meeting is held and the chairman of the meeting violates the rules of proceedings which makes the shareholders' **general** meeting fail to continue, a person may be elected at the shareholders' **general** meeting to act as the chairman of the meeting to continue with the meeting, subject to the approval of more than half of the shareholders having the voting rights who are present at the meeting.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 97 Where the chairperson of the meeting has doubts about the results of the resolution tabled for voting, he may organize a counting of the number of votes casted. If no counting is made by the chairperson of the meeting, any shareholder or proxy objects to the results announced by the chairperson shall have the right to immediately demand a counting of votes upon the announcement of voting results. The chairperson shall immediately organize a counting of votes.	Article 971 Where the chairperson of the meeting has doubts about the results of the resolution tabled for voting, he may organize a counting of the number of votes casted. If no counting is made by the chairperson of the meeting, any shareholder or proxy objects to the results announced by the chairperson shall have the right to immediately demand a counting of votes upon the announcement of voting results. The chairperson shall immediately organize a counting of votes.
Article 98 Where a counting of votes has been conducted at a shareholders' general meeting, the results shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.	Article 982 Where a counting of votes has been conducted at a shareholders' general meeting, the results shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.
The minutes of meeting, together with the book for signatures of shareholders attending the meeting and the power of attorney for proxies attending the meeting, shall be kept at the domicile of the Company.	The minutes of meeting, together with the book for signatures of shareholders attending the meeting and the power of attorney for proxies attending the meeting, shall be kept at the domicile of the Company.
	Article 93 The list of candidates for directors shall be proposed to the shareholders' meetings for voting in the form of proposals.
	When shareholders vote on the election of directors at shareholders' meetings, cumulative voting may be implemented in accordance with the provisions of the Articles or the resolution of the shareholders' meeting.
	<u>Cumulative voting shall be implemented for the election of two or more independent directors at the shareholders' meeting of the Company.</u>
Article 99 Except for the cumulative voting system, a separate voting on all the proposals shall be made at the shareholders' general meeting. In the event of different proposals for the same matter, voting on the proposals shall be made in the order of the time when the proposals are put forward. Unless the shareholders' general meeting is adjourned or no resolution can be made therein due to special reasons such as force majeure, voting for such proposals shall neither be put on hold nor refused by the shareholders' general meeting.	Article 994 Except for the cumulative voting system, a separate voting on all the proposals shall be made at the shareholders' general meeting. In the event of different proposals for the same matter, voting on the proposals shall be made in the order of the time when the proposals are put forward. Unless the shareholders' general meeting is adjourned or no resolution can be made therein due to special reasons such as force majeure, voting for such proposals shall neither be put on hold nor refused by the shareholders' general meeting.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 100 When a proposal is considered at a shareholders' general meeting, no amendment shall be made to it. Otherwise, the relevant amendment shall be regarded as a new proposal and shall not be voted at such shareholders' general meeting.	Article 10095 When a proposal is considered at a shareholders' general meeting, no amendment shall be made to it. Otherwise, If the relevant amendment shall be regarded as a new proposal and shall not be voted at such shareholders' general meeting.
Article 101 A same voting right can only be exercised on-site, online or by any other means of voting. The first voting result shall prevail where one voting right has been repeatedly exercised.	Article 10196 A same voting right can only be exercised on-site, online or by any other means of voting. The first voting result shall prevail where one voting right has been repeatedly exercised.
Article 102 Vote by open ballot shall be adopted at shareholders' general meetings.	Article 10297 Vote by open ballot shall be adopted at shareholders' general meetings.
Article 103 Before a voting on proposals is made at a shareholders' general meeting, two shareholders acting as representatives shall be recommended to take part in the counting and monitoring of the ballots. If a shareholder is a connected party in any matter to be considered, such shareholder and his proxy shall not take part in the counting and monitoring of the ballots.	Article 10398 Before a voting on proposals is made at a shareholders' general meeting, two shareholders acting as representatives shall be recommended to take part in the counting and monitoring of the ballots. If a shareholder is a connected party in any matter to be considered, such shareholder and his proxy shall not take part in the counting and monitoring of the ballots.
When voting on the proposals is made at the shareholders' general meeting, the lawyer, representatives of both shareholders and supervisors shall be jointly responsible for the counting and monitoring of the ballots, and shall announce the voting results on the spot.	When voting on the proposals is made at the shareholders' general meeting, the lawyer, representatives of both shareholders and supervisors shall be jointly responsible for the counting and monitoring of the ballots, and shall announce the voting results on the spot.
The voting results of resolutions shall be recorded into the minutes of the meeting. The shareholders or their proxies of a company who vote online or by any other means shall have the right to check their own voting results through the corresponding voting system.	The voting results of resolutions shall be recorded into the minutes of the meeting. The shareholders or their proxies of a company who vote online or by any other means shall have the right to check their own voting results through the corresponding voting system.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 104 The on-site shareholders' general meetings shall not end earlier than the time when the voting online or by any other means is completed. The chairman of the meeting shall declare the voting and result of each proposal at the meeting, and announce that whether or not the proposal has been adopted in light of the voting result.	Article 10499 The on-site shareholders' general meetings shall not end earlier than the time when the voting online or by any other means is completed. The chairman of the meeting shall declare the voting and result of each proposal at the meeting, and announce that whether or not the proposal has been adopted in light of the voting result.
Before the voting result is formally announced, the parties involved in the shareholders' general meeting on-site, online or by other means, such as the listed company, vote counting officer, monitoring officer, substantial shareholders and the network service provider shall be under an obligation to keep the voting information confidential.	Before the voting result is formally announced, the parties involved in the shareholders' general meeting on-site, online or by other means, such as the listed company, vote counting officer, monitoring officer, substantial shareholders and the network service provider shall be under an obligation to keep the voting information confidential.
Article 105 Shareholders attending a shareholders' general meeting shall express any of the following opinions in respect of the proposals put forward for voting: for, against or abstention. Except for the securities registration and settlement institutions which, being the nominal holders of shares subject to the interconnection mechanism of the Mainland and Hong Kong stock market transactions, shall make declaration according to the intentions of actual holders.	Article 1050 Shareholders attending a shareholders' general meeting shall express any of the following opinions in respect of the proposals put forward for voting: for, against or abstention. Except for the securities registration and settlement institutions which, being the nominal holders of shares subject to the interconnection mechanism of the Mainland and Hong Kong stock market transactions, shall make declaration according to the intentions of actual holders.
Any ballot paper which is left blank or not duly completed or the handwriting thereon is found to be illegible or which is not casted shall deemed to be an abstention of voting by the voters and the poll results of the related number of shares shall be regarded as "abstention".	Any ballot paper which is left blank or not duly completed or the handwriting thereon is found to be illegible or which is not casted shall deemed to be an abstention of voting by the voters and the poll results of the related number of shares shall be regarded as "abstention".

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 106 The resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting shall be publicly announced in a timely manner. The number of shareholders and their proxies attending the meeting, the total number of voting shares held thereby and the proportion of such shares to the total number of the voting shares of the Company, the voting method, the results of the polls for each proposal and the details of each resolutions passed shall be stated clearly in the announcement. The Company shall make statistics and an announcement respectively of the holders of domestic invested shares and foreign invested shares attending the meeting and their respective voting results.	Article 1061 The resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting shall be publicly announced in a timely manner. The number of shareholders and their proxies attending the meeting, the total number of voting shares held thereby and the proportion of such shares to the total number of the voting shares of the Company, the voting method, the results of the polls for each proposal and the details of each resolutions passed shall be stated clearly in the announcement. The Company shall make statistics and an announcement respectively of the holders of domestic invested shares and foreign invested shares attending the meeting and their respective voting results.
Article 107 In the event that a proposal has not been adopted or the resolutions of the preceding shareholders' general meeting have been changed at the current shareholders' general meeting, special indications shall be made in the announcement of the resolutions of the shareholders' general meeting.	Article 1072 In the event that a proposal has not been adopted or the resolutions of the preceding shareholders' general meeting have been changed at the current shareholders' general meeting, special indications shall be made in the announcement of the resolutions of the shareholders'- general meeting.
Article 108 Where a proposal on the election of directors or supervisors is adopted at a shareholders' general meeting, the newly appointed directors or supervisors shall take up their positions on the date on which the proposal is adopted at the shareholders' general meeting.	Article 1083 Where a proposal on the election of directors or supervisors is adopted at a shareholders' general meeting, the newly appointed directors or supervisors shall take up their positions on the date on which the proposal is adopted at the shareholders' general meeting.
Article 109 Where a proposal on cash dividends, bonus shares or increase of share capital by way of transfer from capital reserves has been adopted, the Company shall implement the specific scheme(s) within 2 months upon conclusion of the shareholders' general meeting.	Article 1094 Where a proposal on cash dividends, bonus shares or increase of share capital by way of transfer from capital reserves has been adopted, the Company shall implement the specific scheme(s) within 2 months upon conclusion of the shareholders' general meeting.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION		ART	FICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 110 Minutes of shareholders' general meetings shall be recorded, and the secretary of the board of directors shall be responsible for it. The minutes shall set out the followings:		meetin board	le 1H05 Minutes of shareholders' general ngs shall be recorded, and the secretary of the of directors shall be responsible for it. The es shall set out the followings:
(1)	The date, place and agenda of the meeting, and the name of the convener;	(1)	The date, place and agenda of the meeting, and the name of the convener;
(2)	The name of the chairman of the meeting, and the names of the directors, supervisors, managers, and other senior officers of the Company attending or present at the meeting;	(2)	The name of the chairman of the meeting, and the names of the directors , supervisors, managers, and other senior officers of the Company attending or present at the meeting;
(3)	The number of shareholders and proxies attending the meeting, the total number of voting shares held thereby and the proportion of such shares to the total number of shares of the Company;	(3)	The number of shareholders and proxies attending the meeting, the total number of voting shares held thereby and the proportion of such shares to the total number of shares of the Company;
(4)	The process of discussion in respect of each proposal, highlights of the proposals considered by the persons who speak at the meeting and results of voting;		The process of discussion in respect of each proposal, highlights of the proposals considered by the persons who speak at the meeting and results of voting;
(5)	Details of the inquiries or recommendations of the shareholders, and the corresponding responses or explanations;		Details of the inquiries or recommendations of the shareholders, and the corresponding responses or explanations;
(6)	The name of the lawyer, counting officer and monitoring officer; (7) Other matters which shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting as prescribed by the Articles.	(6)	The name of the lawyer, counting officer and monitoring officer; (7) Other matters which shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting as prescribed by the Articles.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 111 The convener of a shareholders' general meeting shall guarantee the truthfulness, accuracy and completeness of the minutes of the meeting. Directors, supervisors attending the meeting, the secretary to the board of directors, the convener or their representatives, and the chairman of the meeting shall sign the minutes. The minutes of the meeting and the signed attendance record of the shareholders attending the meeting in person and the powers of attorney of the shareholders attending to the voting online and by other means shall be kept together for no less than 10 years.	Article 111106 The convener of a shareholders' general meeting shall guarantee the truthfulness, accuracy and completeness of the minutes of the meeting. Directors, supervisors attending or being present the meeting, the secretary to the board of directors, the convener or their representatives, and the chairman of the meeting shall sign the minutes. The minutes of the meeting and the signed attendance record of the shareholders attending the meeting in person and the powers of attorney of the shareholders attending to the voting online and by other means shall be kept together for no less than 10 years.
Article 112 The convener shall ensure that the shareholders' general meeting is held continuously until the final resolutions have been reached. In the event that the shareholders' general meeting is suspended or fails to adopt any resolution due to special reasons such as force majeure, the convener shall take necessary measures to resume or directly suspend the shareholders' general meeting as soon as possible, and make an announcement of the same in a timely manner. The convener shall, at the same time, report the same to the agency of the CSRC and the Securities Exchange at the place where the Company is located.	Article 11207 The convener shall ensure that the shareholders' general meeting is held continuously until the final resolutions have been reached. In the event that the shareholders' general meeting is suspended or fails to adopt any resolution due to special reasons such as force majeure, the convener shall take necessary measures to resume or directly suspend the shareholders' general meeting as soon as possible, and make an announcement of the same in a timely manner. The convener shall, at the same time, report the same to the agency of the CSRC and the Securities Exchange at the place where the Company is located.
Article 113 When the general meeting examines matters in relation to connected transactions, the connected shareholders shall not participate in voting of the resolutions. The shares representing his voting rights shall not be counted as part of the total valid voting shares. The public announcement of the resolution of general meeting shall fully disclose the voting of non-connected shareholders.	Article 113 When the general meeting examines matters in relation to connected transactions, the connected shareholders shall not participate in voting of the resolutions. The shares representing his voting rights shall not be counted as part of the total valid voting shares. The public announcement of the resolution of general meeting shall fully disclose the voting of non-connected shareholders.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
Chapter 8: SPECIAL PROCEDURES FOR	Chapter 87: SPECIAL PROCEDURES FOR	
VOTING BY CLASS SHAREHOLDERS	VOTING BY CLASS SHAREHOLDERS	
Article 114 Holders of various classes of shares are class shareholders.	Article 11408 Holders of various classes of shares are class shareholders.	
Class shareholders shall enjoy rights and assume	Class shareholders shall enjoy rights and assume	
obligations in accordance with laws, administrative	obligations in accordance with laws, administrative	
regulations and the Articles.	regulations and the Articles.	
Article 115 Any proposal by the Company	Article 11509 Any proposal by the Company	
to vary or abrogate the rights conferred on any	to vary or abrogate the rights conferred on any	
class shareholders shall be approved by a special	class shareholders shall be approved by a special	
resolution of the shareholders' general meeting and	resolution of the shareholders' general meeting and	
by the class shareholders affected at a shareholders'	by the class shareholders affected at a shareholders'	
meeting otherwise convened in accordance with	meeting otherwise convened in accordance with	
Articles 116 to 120.	Articles 1160 to 12014.	
Article 116 The rights of class shareholders are deemed to be varied or abrogated under the following circumstances:	Article 1160 The rights of class shareholders are deemed to be varied or abrogated under the following circumstances:	
 The increase or decrease of the number	(1) The increase or decrease of the number	
of shares of such class, or the increase or	of shares of such class, or the increase or	
decrease of the number of shares of a class	decrease of the number of shares of a class	
having voting or equity rights or rights to	having voting or equity rights or rights to	
distribution equal or superior to the shares of	distribution equal or superior to the shares of	
such class;	such class;	
(2) The exchange of all or part of the shares of	(2) The exchange of all or part of the shares of	
such class into shares of another class, or	such class into shares of another class, or	
the exchange of all or part of the shares of	the exchange of all or part of the shares of	
another class into the shares of such class or	another class into the shares of such class or	
conferring such rights of exchange;	conferring such rights of exchange;	
 (3) The removal or reduction of rights to receive	(3) The removal or reduction of rights to receive	
accrued dividends or cumulative dividends	accrued dividends or cumulative dividends	
attached to shares of such class;	attached to shares of such class;	
 (4) The reduction or removal of rights of priority	 (4) The reduction or removal of rights of priority	
to receive dividend or receive properties in	to receive dividend or receive properties in	
liquidation attached to shares of such class;	liquidation attached to shares of such class;	

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	AR'	TICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
(5)	The increase, removal or reduction of share conversion rights, options, voting rights, transfer or pre-emptive placement rights or rights to acquire securities of the Company attached to shares of such class;	(5)	The increase, removal or reduction of share conversion rights, options, voting rights, transfer or pre-emptive placement rights or rights to acquire securities of the Company attached to shares of such class;
(6)	The removal or reduction of rights to receive amounts payable by the Company in particular currencies attached to shares of such class; (7) The creation of a new class of shares having voting or equity rights or other privileges equal or superior to the shares of such class;	(6)	The removal or reduction of rights to receive amounts payable by the Company in particular currencies attached to shares of such class; (7) The creation of a new class of shares having voting or equity rights or other privileges equal or superior to the shares of such class;
(8)	The imposition of restrictions or additional restrictions on the transfer of ownership of the shares of such class;	(8)	The imposition of restrictions or additional restrictions on the transfer of ownership of the shares of such class;
(9)	The issue of rights to subscribe for, or convert into, shares of such class or another class;	(9)	The issue of rights to subscribe for, or convert into, shares of such class or another class;
(10)	The increase in rights or privileges of shares of another class; (11) The restructuring of the Company which will result in shareholders of different classes bearing a disproportionate liabilities in such proposed restructuring; and	(10)	The increase in rights or privileges of shares of another class; (11) The restructuring of the Company which will result in shareholders of different classes bearing \mathbf{a} disproportionate liabilities in such proposed restructuring; and
(12)	The variation or abrogation of the provisions of the Articles of the Company.	(12)	The variation or abrogation of the provisions of the Articles of the Company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 117 Shareholders of the affected class, whether or not otherwise having the right to vote at general meetings, shall nevertheless have the right to vote at class meetings in respect of matters concerning Articles 116(2) to (8) and (11) to (12), but interested shareholder(s) shall not be entitled to vote at class meetings.	Article 117 <u>1</u> Shareholders of the affected class, whether or not otherwise having the right to vote at general shareholders' meetings, shall nevertheless have the right to vote at class meetings in respect of matters concerning Articles $1160(2)$ to (8) and (11) to (12), but interested shareholder(s) shall not be entitled to vote at class meetings.
In this Article, an "interested shareholder" shall have the following meanings:	In this Article, an "interested shareholder" shall have the following meanings:
 (1) In the case of a repurchase by a general offer made to all shareholders in equal proportions or through open transactions on a stock exchange under Article 28 hereof, a controlling shareholder within the meaning of Article 55 shall be an interested shareholder; 	 In the case of a repurchase by a general offer made to all shareholders in equal proportions or through open transactions on a stock exchange under Article 28 hereof, a controlling shareholder within the meaning of Article 55 the Articles shall be an interested shareholder;
 (2) In the case of a repurchase of shares by contract made outside the stock exchange under Article 28 hereof, a holder of the shares to which such contract relates shall be an interested shareholder; 	(2) In the case of a repurchase of shares by contract made outside the stock exchange under Article 28 hereof, a holder of the shares to which such contract relates shall be an interested shareholder;
 (3) In the case of a restructuring of the Company, a shareholder within a class who bears less than a proportionate burden imposed on that class under the proposed restructuring or who has an interest in the proposed restructuring different from the interest of shareholders of that class is an Interested Shareholder. 	(3) In the case of a restructuring of the Company, a shareholder within a class who bears less than a proportionate burden imposed on that class under the proposed restructuring or who has an interest in the proposed restructuring different from the interest of shareholders of that class is an Interested Shareholder.
Article 118 Resolutions of any class of shareholders shall be passed by votes of not less than two-thirds of the voting rights of shareholders of that class attending such meeting according to Article 117 hereof.	Article 1182 Resolutions of any class of shareholders shall be passed by votes of not less than two-thirds of the voting rights of shareholders of that class attending such meeting according to Article 1171 hereof.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 119 Where the Company convenes a class meeting of shareholders, it shall issue written notices in accordance with the time limit for notice specified under Article 68 hereof to notify all respective shareholders of that class whose names appear in the share register of the items to be considered and the date and venue of the meeting.	Article 1193 Where the Company convenes a class meeting of shareholders, it shall issue written notices in accordance with the time limit for notice specified under Article 685 hereof to notify all respective shareholders of that class whose names appear in the share register of the items to be considered and the date and venue of the meeting.
Article 120 Notice of class meetings need only be served on shareholders entitled to vote thereat. Meeting of any class of shareholders shall be conducted in the procedures as nearly as possible as shareholders' general meetings. Provisions in these Articles which relate to the procedures for shareholders' general meetings shall apply to any meeting of a class of shareholders.	Article 12014 Notice of class meetings need only be served on shareholders entitled to vote thereat. Meeting of any class of shareholders shall be conducted in the procedures as nearly as possible as shareholders' general meetings. Provisions in these Articles which relate to the procedures for shareholders' general meetings shall apply to any meeting of a class of shareholders.
Article 121 In addition to holders of other classes of shares, holders of domestic invested shares and overseas listed foreign invested shares are deemed to be shareholders of different classes.	Article 1215 In addition to holders of other classes of shares, holders of domestic invested shares and overseas listed foreign invested shares are deemed to be shareholders of different classes.
The special procedures for voting by class shareholders shall not apply to:	The special procedures for voting by class shareholders shall not apply to:
 Where the Company issues in every 12 months, either separately or concurrently, domestic invested shares and overseas listed foreign invested shares in numbers not exceeding 20 percent of the number of domestic invested shares and overseas listed foreign invested shares then in issue respectively as approved by a special resolution of a shareholders' general meeting; and 	(1) Where the Company issues in every 12 months, either separately or concurrently, domestic invested shares and overseas listed foreign invested shares in numbers not exceeding 20 percent of the number of domestic invested shares and overseas listed foreign invested shares then in issue respectively as approved by a special resolution of a shareholders' general meeting; and
(2) Where the Company's plan for issuing domestic invested shares and overseas listed foreign invested shares upon its establishment has been implemented within 15 months from the date of approval by the Securities Committee under the State Council.	(2) Where the Company's plan for issuing domestic invested shares and overseas listed foreign invested shares upon its establishment has been implemented within 15 months from the date of approval by the Securities Committee under the State Council.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Chapter 9: PARTY COMMITTEE OF THE COMPANY

Article 122 The Party committee of the Company is comprised of one secretary and several members. The positions of Chairman and the Party secretary shall be assumed by the same individual in principle and a full-time deputy Party secretary shall be appointed to take charge of matters relating to the Party construction of the Company. The deputy Party secretary and the members shall be elected or appointed according to the Constitution of the Communist Party of China and other relevant regulations. Eligible members of the Party committee are entitled to be admitted to the Board, Supervisory Committee, and the management according to legal provisions and procedures and eligible Party members from the Board, Supervisory Committee, and the management are entitled to be admitted to the Party committee according to legal provisions and procedures.

Meanwhile, the Company shall also set up a Commission for Discipline Inspection. The secretary, deputy secretary and members of the Commission for Discipline Inspection shall be elected or appointed according to the Constitution of the Communist Party of China and other relevant regulations.

Article 123 The Company shall include the establishment of Party organization and staffing of Party members into the Company's management organization and staffing, and include the Party organization's work funding into the Company's budget which is charged to the Company's management costs.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

Chapter 98: PARTY COMMITTEE OF THE COMPANY

Article 12216 The Party committee of the Company is comprised of one secretary and several members. The positions of Chairman and the Party secretary shall be assumed by the same individual in principle and a full-time deputy Party secretary shall be appointed to take charge of matters relating to the Party construction of the Company. The deputy Party secretary and the members shall be elected or appointed according to the Constitution of the Communist Party of China and other relevant regulations. Eligible members of the Party committee are entitled to be admitted to the Board, Supervisory Committee, and the management according to legal provisions and procedures and eligible Party members from the Board, Supervisory Committee, and the management are entitled to be admitted to the Party committee according to legal provisions and procedures.

Meanwhile, the Company shall also set up a Commission for Discipline Inspection. The secretary, deputy secretary and members of the Commission for Discipline Inspection shall be elected or appointed according to the Constitution of the Communist Party of China and other relevant regulations.

Article 123<u>17</u> The Company shall include the establishment of Party organization and staffing of Party members into the Company's management organization and staffing, and include the Party organization's work funding into the Company's budget which is charged to the Company's management costs.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
shall with of C	cle 124 The Party committee of the Company discharge its following duties in accordance the Constitution of the Communist Party hina as well as other intraParty laws and ations:	Article 12418 The Party committee of the Company shall discharge its following duties in accordance with the Constitution of the Communist Party of China as well as other intraParty laws and regulations:
(I)	To guarantee and supervise the implementation of policies and guidelines of the Party and state in the Company, implement material strategic decisions of the Party Central Committee and the State Council and make deployment for the relevant material works of the Party committee of the SASAC and the superior Party organization.	(I) To guarantee and supervise the implementation of policies and guidelines of the Party and state in the Company, implement material strategic decisions of the Party Central Committee and the State Council and make deployment for the relevant material works of the Party committee of the SASAC <u>under the State</u> <u>Council</u> and the superior Party organization.
(II)	To insist on the combination of the principles of management of cadres by the Party and the selection of operation managers by the Board according to laws and execution of the right of employment by the operation managers. The Party committee shall consider and propose opinions and suggestions on the candidates as nominated by the Board or general manager, or nominate candidates to the Board or general manager; and, together with the Board, conduct investigation on the candidates to be appointed and collective research to raise opinions and suggestions.	(II) To insist on the combination of the principles of management of cadres by the Party and the selection of operation managers by the Board according to laws and execution of the right of employment by the operation managers. The Party committee shall consider and propose opinions and suggestions on the candidates as nominated by the Board or general manager, or nominate candidates to the Board or general manager; and, together with the Board, conduct investigation on the candidates to be appointed and collective research to raise opinions and suggestions.
(III)	To study and discuss reform, development and stability, material operation and management issues and other material issues involving staff's immediate interests of the Company, and propose opinions and suggestions thereon.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
(IV) To shoulder the main responsibility for the overall strictness in administering the Party, lead the Company in terms of ideological and political work, united front work, spiritual civilization construction, enterprise cultural construction and the work of labor union, the Communist Youth League and others, and lead the construction of the Party conduct and of an honest and clean government and support the Commission for Discipline Inspection in practical performance of oversight responsibility.	 (III) To study and discuss reform, development and stability, material operation and management issues and other material issues involving staff's immediate interests of the Company, and propose opinions and suggestions thereon. (IV) To shoulder the main responsibility for the overall strictness in administering the Party, lead the Company in terms of ideological and political work, united front work, spiritual civilization construction, enterprise cultural construction and the work of labor union, the Communist Youth League and others, and lead the construction of the Party conduct and of an honest and clean government and support the Commission for Discipline Inspection in practical performance of oversight responsibility.
Article 125 Work of the Party organization and construction of the Party shall be carried out in accordance with the Constitution of the Communist Party of China as well as other relevant provisions.	Article 12519 Work of the Party organization and construction of the Party shall be carried out in accordance with the Constitution of the Communist Party of China as well as other relevant provisions.
Chapter 10: BOARD OF DIRECTORS	Chapter 109: <u>DIRECTORS AND</u> BOARD OF DIRECTORS
	Section 2: Board of Directors
Article 126 The Company establishes the Board which is comprised of seven to ten directors. The specific number of directors shall be within this range and as determined by the general meeting. The Board includes one chairman and at most three deputy chairmen.	Article 126 The Company establishes the Board which is comprised of seven to ten directors. The specific number of directors shall be within this range and as determined by the general meeting. The Board includes one chairman and at most three deputy chairmen, and 1 employee director. The chairman and deputy chairman are elected by the board of directors with a majority vote of all directors.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	Section 1: General Provisions for Directors
 Article 127 Directors are elected or changed by the shareholders' general meeting. Directors shall serve a term of 3 years, and can be removed before the expiration of his term by a general meeting. Upon the expiration of his term and if re-elected, a director may serve consecutive terms. The directors shall be elected at a meeting of shareholders from candidates nominated by the board of directors or shareholders representing 5% or more of the issued shares of the Company. Nomination of candidates for directors shall be delivered in writing to the Company not earlier 	Article 1270 Directors are elected or changed by the shareholders' general meeting. Directors shall serve a term of 3 years, and can be removed before the expiration of his term by a general shareholders' meeting. Employee representatives of the board of directors shall be elected by the Company's employees through the employee representative meeting, employee meeting, or other forms of democratic election. Upon the expiration of his term and if re- elected, a director may serve consecutive terms. The directors shall be elected at a meeting of shareholders from candidates nominated by the
than the date the notice convening the meeting is issued and not later than 7 days prior to the date the meeting is to be held. Candidates shall serve notices to the Company expressing their intention to participate in election 7 days prior to the date the meeting is held.	board of directors or shareholders representing 5% or more of the issued shares of the Company. Nomination of candidates for directors shall be delivered in writing to the Company not earlier than the date the notice convening the meeting is issued and not later than 7 days prior to the
The chairman of the board is elected and removed by a majority of all the directors. The chairman of the board shall serve a term of 3 years, and may serve consecutive terms if re-elected. Directors may not hold shares in the Company.	is issued and not later than 7 days prior to the date the meeting is to be held. Candidates shall serve notices to the Company expressing their intention to participate in election 7 days prior to the date the meeting is held.
The board of directors shall be entitled to temporarily increase the number of or add new directors. But such directors shall only serve a term until the next shareholders' general meeting and be	The chairman of the board is elected and removed by a majority of all the directors. The chairman of the board shall serve a term of 3 years, and may serve consecutive terms if re-elected. Directors may not hold shares in the Company.
entitled to be re-elected and serve consecutive terms upon the approval of the general meeting.	The board of directors shall be entitled to temporarily increase the number of or add new directors. But such directors shall only serve a term until the next shareholders' general meeting and be entitled to be re-elected and serve consecutive terms upon the approval of the general meeting.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Subject to the stipulations of relevant laws and	Subject to the stipulations of relevant laws and
regulations, the shareholders' general meeting may	regulations, the shareholders' general meeting
remove any director by ordinary resolution prior to	may remove any director by ordinary resolution
the expiration of such directors' term, but without	prior to the expiration of such directors' term,
prejudice to any claim for damages which may be	but without prejudice to any claim for damages
raised under any contract.	which may be raised under any contract.
The term of office of a director shall commence	The term of office of a director shall commence
on the date when he takes up the position until the	on the date when he takes up the position until the
expiry of the current term of the board of directors	expiry of the current term of the board of directors
of which he is a member. If new directors fail to be	of which he is a member. If new directors fail to be
elected in a timely manner upon expiry of the term	elected in a timely manner upon expiry of the term
of directors, the original directors shall continue to	of directors, the original directors shall continue to
perform the duty of directors in accordance with	perform the duty of directors in accordance with
laws, administrative regulations and the Articles	laws, administrative regulations and the Articles
before the newly elected directors take up the	before the newly elected directors take up the
position.	position.
The general manager or other senior officers	The general manager or other senior officers
may concurrently serve as directors. However,	may concurrently serve as directors. However,
the number of directors who serve concurrently	the number of directors who serve concurrently
as the general manager or other senior officers	as the general manager or other senior officers
and the number of directors who are the staff	and the number of directors who are the staff
representatives shall not in aggregate exceed 50%	representatives shall not in aggregate exceed 50%
of the total number of the directors of the Company.	of the total number of the directors of the Company.
	Article 121 The removal of a director may be resolved at the shareholders' meetings, which shall take effect on the date of the resolution. A director who is removed before the expiration of the term of office without just cause may request compensation from the Company.
Article 128 A director will be deemed to have failed to perform his duties if he cannot attend the meetings of the board of directors in person twice consecutively nor appointed other directors to attend the meetings on his behalf. The board of directors shall make recommendations to shareholders' general meetings to replace such director.	Article 1282 A director will be deemed to have failed to perform his duties if he cannot attend the meetings of the board of directors in person twice consecutively nor appointed other directors to attend the meetings on his behalf. The board of directors shall make recommendations to shareholders' general meetings to replace such director.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
 Article 129 Directors may resign prior to the expiry of their term. Any director tendering his resignation shall submit a written report in connection with his resignation to the board of directors. The board of directors shall make the disclosure in relation thereto within 2 days of the receipt of the report. If the number of members of the board of directors falls below the minimum quorum due to the resignation of directors, the original directors in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and the Articles before the newly elected directors take up the position. Save for the circumstances described in the preceding paragraphs, the resignation report has been served to the board of directors. 	Article 1293 Directors may resign prior to the expiry of their term. Any director tendering his resignation shall submit a written report in connection with his resignation to the board of directors Company. The board of directors resignation shall take effect on the date the Company receives the resignation report, and the Company shall make the disclosure in relation thereto within 2 trading days of the receipt of the report. If the number of members of the board of directors shall continue to perform the duties of directors in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and the Articles before the newly elected directors take up the position. Save for the circumstances described in the preceding paragraphs, the resignation of directors after the resignation report has been served to the board of directors.
Article 130 A director shall complete all the formalities relating to the handover with the board of directors after his resignation has taken effect and his term of office has expired. His obligation to remain loyal to the Company and its shareholders shall not be discharged after the end of his term of office and shall continue to be effective within the reasonable period of time stipulated by the Articles.	Article 13024 A director shall complete all the formalities relating to the handover with the board of directors after his resignation has taken effect and his term of office has expired. His obligation to remain loyal to the Company and its shareholders shall not be discharged after the end of his term of office and shall continue to be effective within the reasonable period of time stipulated by the Articles. The responsibilities that a director shall bear during his/her term of office due to his/ her execution of duties shall not be exempted or terminated due to resignation from office.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 131 Where it is not prescribed by the Articles or without the lawful authorization of the board of directors, no director shall act for the Company or the board of directors in his own name. When a director acts in his own name, which would make a third party reasonably believe that such director acts for the Company or the board of directors, he shall declare his position and identity in advance.	Article 13125 Where it is not prescribed by the Articles or without the lawful authorization of the board of directors, no director shall act for the Company or the board of directors in his own name. When a director acts in his own name, which would make a third party reasonably believe that such director acts for the Company or the board of directors, he shall declare his position and identity in advance.
	Section 3: Independent Directors
Article 132 An independent director shall perform his duties in accordance with the relevant requirements of laws, administrative regulations, the CSRC and the relevant stock exchanges.	Article 13241 An independent director shall perform his duties in accordance with the relevant requirements of laws, administrative regulations, the CSRC and the relevant stock exchanges and the Articles, and shall play roles in decision- making participation, oversight and balance, and professional consultation in the board of directors, maintain overall interest of the Company, and protect legitimate rights of minority shareholders.
Article 133 The Company shall establish the independent director system. Independent director shall refer to a director who does not take any position of a listed company other than the director, and such director has no any direct or indirect relationship of interest with the list company in which he/she is employed, its substantial shareholders and de facto controller, or any other relationships that may affect his/her independent and objective judgment.	Article 133 The Company shall establish the independent director system. Independent director shall refer to a director who does not take any position of a listed company other than the director, and such director has no any direct or indirect relationship of interest with the list company in which he/she is employed, its substantial shareholders and de facto controller, or any other relationships that may affect his/her independent and objective judgment.
Article 134 The board of directors of the Company shall appoint independent directors in accordance with the relevant regulations. Articles 135 to 148 hereof are applicable to independent directors, unless it is otherwise prescribed in these Articles.	Article 134 The board of directors of the Company shall appoint independent directors in accordance with the relevant regulations. Articles 135 to 148 hereof are applicable to independent directors, unless it is otherwise prescribed in these Articles.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ART	FICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	cle 135 An independent director shall have ollowing qualifications:	Article 135 <u>42</u> An independent director shall have the following qualifications:	
(1)	Be qualified as a director of a listed company in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and other relevant regulations;	(1)	Be qualified as a director of a listed company in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and other relevant regulations;
(2)	Comply with the requirement of the independence nature prescribed by Article 136 hereof;	(2)	Comply with the requirement of the independence nature prescribed by Article 136 hereof;
(3)	Has the basic knowledge for the operation of a listed company and be familiar with the relevant laws, administrative regulations and rules;	(3)	Has the basic knowledge for the operation of a listed company and be familiar with the relevant laws, administrative regulations and rules;
(4)	Has more than five years' working experience in legal, accounting or, economics sector or other working experiences necessary for the performance of duties as an independent director;	(4)	Has more than five years' working experience in legal, accounting or, economics sector or other working experiences necessary for the performance of duties as an independent director;
(5)	Has good personal integrity, no major breach of trust and other adverse records;	(5)	Has good personal integrity, no major breach of trust and other adverse records;
(6)	meets other conditions prescribed by laws, administrative regulations, rules of the CSRC and business rules of stock exchanges.	(6)	meets other conditions prescribed by laws, administrative regulations, rules of the CSRC and business rules of stock exchanges

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
inde	cle 136 An independent director shall have pendence nature. The following persons shall be independent directors:	Article 13643 An independent director shall have independence nature. The following persons shall not be independent directors:
(1)	The personnel of the Company or its affiliated enterprises and his/her spouse, parents, children, major social relations;	 (1) The personnel of the Company or its affiliated enterprises and his/her spouse, parents, children, major social relations;
(2)	The person directly or indirectly holds more than 1% shares of the Company or the natural person shareholders among the top 10 shareholders of the Company and their spouses, parents and children; (3) The corporate shareholders directly or indirectly holds more than 5% issued shares of the Company or the personnel working at the top 5 corporate shareholders of the Company and their spouses, parents and children;	(2) The person directly or indirectly holds more than 1% shares of the Company or the natural person shareholders among the top 10 shareholders of the Company and their spouses, parents and children; (3) The corporate shareholders directly or indirectly holds more than 5% issued shares of the Company or the personnel working at the top 5 corporate shareholders of the Company and their spouses, parents and children;
(4)	The person who holds a position in a subsidiary of the controlling shareholder or de facto controller of the Company and his/ her spouse, parents, children;	 (4) The person who holds a position in a subsidiary of the controlling shareholder or de facto controller of the Company and his/ her spouse, parents, children;
(5)	The person who has significant business dealings with the Company and its controlling shareholder, de facto controller or their respective subsidiaries, or who holds a position in a unit with which the Company has major business dealings and its controlling shareholder or de facto controller;	(5) The person who has significant business dealings with the Company and its controlling shareholder, de facto controller or their respective subsidiaries, or who holds a position in a unit with which the Company has major business dealings and its controlling shareholder or de facto controller;
(6)	The person who provides financial, legal, consulting and sponsoring services to the Company, its controlling shareholder, de facto controller or their respective subsidiaries, including, but not limited to, all members of the project team, reviewers at all levels, persons signing on the report, partners, directors, senior management and key persons in charge of the intermediary institution providing the services;	(6) The person who provides financial, legal, consulting and sponsoring services to the Company, its controlling shareholder, de facto controller or their respective subsidiaries, including, but not limited to, all members of the project team, reviewers at all levels, persons signing on the report, partners, directors, senior management and key persons in charge of the intermediary institution providing the services;

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
(7)	The person who has had any of the circumstances as set forth in the preceding six paragraphs within the last 12 months;	 (7) The person who has had any of the circumstances as set forth in the preceding six paragraphs within the last 12 months;
(8)	Other persons who are not independent as recognized by the CSRC, the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, the Hong Kong Stock Exchange or as stipulated in the Articles.	(8) Other persons who are not independent as recognized by the CSRC, the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, the Hong Kong Stock Exchange or as stipulated in the Articles.
		Subsidiaries of the Company's controlling shareholders, de facto controller in the preceding (4) to (6) shall not include those under the control of the same state asset management institution as the Company and not forming a relationship as per related regulations.
		Independent directors shall conduct self-checks on their independence annually and submit the self-check results to the board of directors. The board of directors shall annually evaluate the independence of the incumbent independent directors (and issue a special opinion, which shall be disclosed simultaneously with the annual report.
supe indiv share for a	cle 137 The Company's board of directors, ervisory committee, the shareholders ridually or jointly holding 1% or more of issued es of the Company may nominate the candidate n independent director which shall be elected he shareholders' general meeting.	Article 137 The Company's board of directors, supervisory committee, the shareholders individually or jointly holding 1% or more of issued shares of the Company may nominate the candidate for an independent director which shall be elected by the shareholders' general meeting.
may exerc	nvestor protection agency established by law publicly request shareholders to entrust it to cise the right to nominate independent directors heir behalf.	An investor protection agency established by law may publicly request shareholders to entrust it to exercise the right to nominate independent directors on their behalf.
who: relat	nominator shall not nominate persons with m he or she has interested or other close cionships that may affect the independent prmance of duties as candidates for independent tors.	The nominator shall not nominate persons with whom he or she has interested or other close relationships that may affect the independent performance of duties as candidates for independent directors.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 138 The nominator of the independent director shall obtain the consent of the nominee before the nomination. The nominator shall fully understand the occupation, education, title, detailed working experiences and all part-time jobs, and whether he or she has any major breach of trust and other adverse records, etc. of the nominee and opine on the qualifications of such candidate to be an independent director and his/her independence. The nominee shall make a public statement that he or she meets the independence requirement and other conditions for serving as an independent director. The Nomination Committee of the Company shall examine the qualifications of the nominee for the position and form a clear opinion on the examination.	Article 138 The nominator of the independent director shall obtain the consent of the nominee before the nomination. The nominator shall fully understand the occupation, education, title, detailed working experiences and all part- time jobs, and whether he or she has any major breach of trust and other adverse records, etc. of the nominee and opine on the qualifications of such candidate to be an independent director and his/her independence. The nominee shall make a public statement that he or she meets the independence requirement and other conditions for serving as an independent director. The Nomination Committee of the Company shall examine the qualifications of the nominee for the position and form a clear opinion on the examination.
Article 139 Before the shareholders' general meeting for electing independent directors, the Company shall submit to the stock exchange the relevant materials of all independent director candidates, and the relevant submitted materials shall be true, accurate and complete. Where the stock exchange raises objections, the Company shall not submit them to the shareholders' general meeting for election.	Article 139 Before the shareholders' general meeting for electing independent directors, the Company shall submit to the stock exchange the relevant materials of all independent director candidates, and the relevant submitted materials shall be true, accurate and complete. Where the stock exchange raises objections, the Company shall not submit them to the shareholders' general meeting for election.
Article 140 Each term of an independent director will be the same as other directors. Upon the expiration of the term, he/she is eligible to be reelected and serve consecutive terms. However, the consecutive terms shall not exceed six years.	Article 140 Each term of an independent director will be the same as other directors. Upon the expiration of the term, he/she is eligible to be re-elected and serve consecutive terms. However, the consecutive terms shall not exceed six years.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 141 The independent directors shall attend the meeting of the board of directors in person. If, for any reason, he or she is unable to attend the meeting in person, he or she shall review the materials of the meeting in advance, form a clear opinion thereon, and delegate in writing other independent directors to attend the meeting on his or her behalf.	Article 141 The independent directors shall attend the meeting of the board of directors in person. If, for any reason, he or she is unable to attend the meeting in person, he or she shall review the materials of the meeting in advance, form a clear opinion thereon, and delegate in writing other independent directors to attend the meeting on his or her behalf.
If an independent director fails to attend the meeting of the board of directors in person twice consecutively, and does not delegate another independent director to attend the meeting on his/ her behalf, the board of directors shall, within thirty days from the occurrence of such fact, propose to convene a shareholders' general meeting to terminate the position of such independent director.	If an independent director fails to attend the meeting of the board of directors in person twice consecutively, and does not delegate another independent director to attend the meeting on his/her behalf, the board of directors shall, within thirty days from the occurrence of such fact, propose to convene a shareholders' general meeting to terminate the position of such independent director.
Article 142 The independent director may resign prior to the expiry of his/her term. Any independent director tendering his/her resignation shall submit a written notice of resignation to the board of directors and make a statement on any conditions related to his resignation or conditions, which he considers, be necessary for the awareness by the shareholders and creditors of the Company. The Company shall make the disclosure on the reasons and concerns for the resignation of the independent director. If the number of independent directors in the board of directors of the Company falls below one-third of	Article 142 The independent director may resign prior to the expiry of his/her term. Any independent director tendering his/her resignation shall submit a written notice of resignation to the board of directors and make a statement on any conditions related to his resignation or conditions, which he considers, be necessary for the awareness by the shareholders and creditors of the Company. The Company shall make the disclosure on the reasons and concerns for the resignation of the independent director.
the members of the board of the directors due to the resignation of an independent director, or if there is a shortage of accounting professionals among the independent directors, the independent director who intends to resign shall continue to perform his or her duties until the date on which a new independent director is appointed. The Company shall complete the by-election of independent directors within sixty days from the date of their resignation.	If the number of independent directors in the board of directors of the Company falls below one-third of the members of the board of the directors due to the resignation of an independent director, or if there is a shortage of accounting professionals among the independent directors, the independent director who intends to resign shall continue to perform his or her duties until the date on which a new independent director is appointed. The Company shall complete the by- election of independent directors within sixty days from the date of their resignation.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION			ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)		
Article 143 An independent director exercises the following duties and powers:			Article 1434 An independent director exercises the following duties and powers:		
(1)	instituti	ndently appoint an intermediary on to audit, consult or verify specific of the Company;	(1)	independently appoint an intermediary institution to audit, consult or verify specific matters of the Company;	
(2)		and the board of directors to convene dinary general meetings;	(2)	recommend the board of directors to convene extraordinary general shareholders' meetings;	
(3)	board of	hend the convening of meeting of the f directors;	(3)	recommend the convening of meeting of the board of directors;	
(4)	• •	blicly collect shareholder's rights hareholders in accordance with the	(4)	may publicly collect shareholder's rights from shareholders in accordance with the law;	
(5)	may pre	independent opinions on matters that ejudice the rights and interests of the ny or minority shareholders;	(5)		
(6)	meet w directo	airman of the board of directors shall with the independent non-executive fors without the presence of other rs at least once a year;	(6)	The chairman of the board of directors shall meet with the independent non-executive directors without the presence of other directors at least once a year;	
(7)	shall att	tend shareholders' general meeting;	(7)	shall attend shareholders' general meeting;	
(8)	policy a others d and su about a Compar designa	npany should have a whistleblowing and system whereby employees and lealing with the issuer (e.g. customers ppliers) can raise their concerns my possible improprieties about the ny with the Audit Committee (or any ated committee with a majority of ndent directors), both covertly and hously;	(8)		

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
 (9) other duties and powers prescribed by laws, administrative regulations, the regulations of the CSRC and the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. 	(9) other duties and powers prescribed by laws, administrative regulations, the regulations of the CSRC and the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.	
With the consent of more than half of all independent directors, an independent director may exercise duties and powers listed in the first to third subparagraphs of the preceding article.	With the consent of more than half of all independent directors, an independent director may exercise duties and powers listed in the first to third subparagraphs of the preceding article.	
The Company shall disclose in a timely manner if an independent director exercises the duties and powers listed in the first paragraph. If the above duties and powers cannot be exercised normally, the Company shall disclose the details and reasons.	The Company shall disclose in a timely manner if an independent director exercises the duties and powers listed in the first paragraph. If the above duties and powers cannot be exercised normally, the Company shall disclose the details and reasons.	
	Article 145 The following matters shall be submitted to the board of directors for consideration after obtaining approval from a majority of all independent directors of the <u>Company:</u>	
	(1) related party transactions that shall be disclosed;	
	(2) plans for changes or exemptions to commitments made by the Company and related parties;	
	(3) decisions and measures taken by the board of directors of the acquired listed company in relation to the acquisition;	
	(4) other matters specified by laws, administrative regulations, the CSRC, and the Articles.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	Article 146 The Company shall establish a special meeting mechanism attended by all independent directors. Where the board of directors considers related party transactions and other matters, they shall be approved in advance by the special meeting of the independent directors.
	The Company shall hold regular or irregular special meetings of independent directors. The matters listed in (1) to (3) of the first paragraph of Article 144 and Article 145 of the Articles shall be considered by the independent directors at a special meeting.
	The special meetings of independent directors may study and discuss other matters of the Company as needed.
	A special meeting of independent directors shall be convened and chaired by an independent director jointly elected by more than half of the independent directors; if the convenor fails to perform his/her duties or is unable to perform his/her duties, two or more independent directors may convene such meeting and elect a representative to preside.
	The minutes of special meetings of independent directors shall be prepared in accordance with the requirements, and the opinions of the independent directors shall be set out in the minutes. The independent directors shall sign to confirm the minutes.
	<u>The Company shall facilitate and support for the convening of the special meetings of independent directors.</u>

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	opinions to the board of directors or the	
inde opii	icle 144 Save for the aforesaid duties, pendent director shall express independent nions to the board of directors or the eholders' general meeting for the following ers:		
(1)	to nominate, invite and dismiss directors;	(1) to nominate, invite and dismiss directors;	
(2)	to appoint or remove senior officers;	(2) to appoint or remove senior officers;	
(3)(5)(6)	the remuneration of the Company's directors and senior officers; (4) the loans or other fund transactions which the Company enters into with the Company's shareholders, actual controllers and their connected enterprises for an amount more than Renminbi 3,000,000 or 5% of the Company's latest audited net asset value or reaches the threshold specified by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited for making announcement and the approval by the independent directors, and whether the Company takes effective measures to recover the outstanding amounts; the board of directors of the Company has not made the proposal for cash profit distributions;	 (3) the remuneration of the Company's directors and senior officers; (4) the loans or other fund transactions which the Company enters into with the Company's shareholders, actual controllers and their connected enterprises for an amount more than Renminbi 3,000,000 or 5% of the Company's latest audited net asset value or reaches the threshold specified by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited for making announcement and the approval by the independent directors, and whether the Company takes effective measures to recover the outstanding amounts; (5) the board of directors of the Company has not made the proposal for cash profit distributions; 	
	consider may prejudice the rights and interests of the small and medium shareholders;	(6) the matters which independent directors consider may prejudice the rights and interests of the small and medium	
(7)	such other matters specified by the Articles.	shareholders;	
		(7) such other matters specified by the Articles.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
The independent directors shall express any of	The independent directors shall express any of
the following opinions in respect of the aforesaid	the following opinions in respect of the aforesaid
paragraphs: consent, reserve opinions and reasons,	paragraphs: consent, reserve opinions and
objection and reasons and failure in giving opinions	reasons, objection and reasons and failure in
and the obstacles therefor;	giving opinions and the obstacles therefor;
If the relevant matters need to be disclosed, the	If the relevant matters need to be disclosed,
Company shall make announcement on the opinions	the Company shall make announcement on the
of independent directors. Where the independent	opinions of independent directors. Where the
directors have different views and fail to reach	independent directors have different views and
unanimous decision, the board of directors shall	fail to reach unanimous decision, the board of
make disclosure of the opinion of each independent	directors shall make disclosure of the opinion of
director.	each independent director.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
Article 145 To ensure that the independent directors can effectively perform duties, the Company shall provide all the necessary conditions to the independent directors:	Article 145 To ensure that the independen directors can effectively perform duties, the Company shall provide all the necessary conditions to the independent directors:	
(1) The Company shall guarantee that the independent director has the same right of knowledge as the other directors. The Company shall inform the independent directors in advance about the matters which shall be determined by the board of directors in accordance with statutory time requirement and provide sufficient information at the same time. Independent directors may request for supplemental information if they considers that the information is not sufficient. When two or more independent directors consider that the information is not sufficient or the argument is not clear, they can jointly request the board of directors or delay the review and discussion of the matter. The board of directors shall accept such request. The Company shall provide the independent directors' performance of their duties. The secretary of the board of directors shall actively provide assistance for the independent directors' performance of duties. For the independent opinions, proposals and written descriptions made by independent directors which shall be announced, the secretary of the board of directors shall complete the formalities for the announcement with the Stock Exchange in time.	(1) The Company shall guarantee that the independent director has the same righ of knowledge as the other directors. The Company shall inform the independen directors in advance about the matters which shall be determined by the board of directors in accordance with statutory time requirement and provide sufficien information at the same time. Independen directors may request for supplementa information if they considers that the information is not sufficient. When two or more independent directors consider that the information is not sufficien or the argument is not clear, they can jointly request the board of directors in writing to postpone the meeting of the board of directors or delay the review and discussion of the matter. The board o directors shall accept such request. The Company shall provide the independen directors' performance of duties. For the board of directors shall actively provide assistance for the independen directors' performance of duties. For the independent opinions, proposals and written descriptions made by independen directors which shall be announced the secretary of the board of directors shall complete the formalities for the announcement with the Stock Exchange in time.	

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
(2)	When independent directors perform their duties, the relevant officers of the Company shall actively cooperate with them and cannot reject, obstruct, conceal, or interfere with the exercise of powers by the independent directors.	(2) When independent directors perform their duties, the relevant officers of the Company shall actively cooperate with them and cannot reject, obstruct, conceal, or interfere with the exercise of powers by the independent directors.	
(3)	The fee for appointment of intermediary institution by independent directors and other expenses incurred in the performance of duties shall be borne by the Company.	(3) The fee for appointment of intermediary institution by independent directors and other expenses incurred in the performance of duties shall be borne by the Company.	
(4)	The Company shall give independent directors an appropriate allowance and make disclosure of the same in the annual report of the Company.	(4) The Company shall give independent directors an appropriate allowance and make disclosure of the same in the annual report of the Company.	
(5)	Save for the allowance mentioned above, independent directors shall not obtain any other additional benefits not yet disclosed from the Company and its substantial shareholders or any institution or person with conflict of interest.	(5) Save for the allowance mentioned above, independent directors shall not obtain any other additional benefits not yet disclosed from the Company and its substantial shareholders or any institution or person with conflict of interest.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
Article 146 Independent directors shall discharge his duties of fidelity and diligence to the Company and all shareholders.	Article 1467 Independent directors shall discharge his duties of fidelity and diligence to the Company and all shareholders., and shall prudently perform the following duties:	
	(1) to participate in the decision-making of the board of directors and express clear opinions on the items discussed;	
	(2) to supervise the potential major conflicts of interest between the Company and its controlling shareholders, de facto controllers, directors and senior managers, and to protect the legitimate rights and interests of minority shareholders;	
	(3) to provide professional and objective advice on the Company's operation and development, and promote the improvement of the decision-making level of the board of directors;	
	(4) Other duties as prescribed by laws, administrative regulations, regulations of the CSRC and the Articles.	
Article 147 Independent director shall, pursuant to the requirements of the relevant laws, regulations, normative documents and these Articles, seriously perform their duties and protect the interest of the Company as a whole, in particular concerning about the lawful rights and interests of the small and medium shareholders not to be prejudiced.	Article 1478 Independent director shall, pursuant to the requirements of the relevant laws, regulations, normative documents and these Articles, seriously perform their duties and protect the interest of the Company as a whole, in particular concerning about the lawful rights and interests of the small and medium shareholders not to be prejudiced.	
Article 148 Independent directors shall perform his duties independently and not to be influenced by the Company's substantial shareholders, actual controller or other units or persons with conflict of interest with the Company.	d perform his duties independently and not al be influenced by the Company's substanti	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION		ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
		Section 2: Board of Directors	
Article 149 The board of directors shall be accountable to the shareholders' general meeting, which is the Company's management decision- making body, to discharge its duties of formulating strategies, making decisions and preventing risks, and shall exercise the following functions and powers:		Article 14927 The board of directors shall be accountable to the shareholders' general meeting, which is the Company's management decision- making body, to discharge its duties of formulating strategies, making decisions and preventing risks, and shall exercise the following functions and powers:	
(1)	To formulate proposals for implementing the decisions and arrangement of the Party Central Committee and the State Council and major national development strategy initiatives;	(1) To formulate proposals for implementing the decisions and arrangement of the Party Central Committee and the State Council and major national development strategy initiatives;	
(2)	To be responsible for convening shareholders' general meetings and to report on its work to the shareholders' general meeting;	 To be responsible for convening shareholders' general meetings and to report on its work to the shareholders' general meeting; 	
(3)	To implement resolutions of the shareholders' general meetings;	 (3) To implement resolutions of the shareholders' general meetings; 	
(4)	To decide on the Company's business plans and investment proposals;	(4) To decide on the Company's business plans and investment proposals;	
(5)	To formulate the Company's annual financial budget and final accounts;	(5) To formulate the Company's annual financial budget and final accounts;	
(6)	To formulate the Company's profit distribution plans and plans for making up losses;	 (65) To formulate the Company's profit distribution plans and plans for making up losses; 	
(7)	To formulate proposals for the increase or reduction of the registered capital of the Company, proposals for the issuance of debentures or other securities of the Company and proposals for the listing of the Company;	 (76) To formulate proposals for the increase or reduction of the registered capital of the Company, proposals for the issuance of debentures or other securities of the Company and proposals for the listing of the Company; 	

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)		
(8)	To draft proposals for major acquisitions or the purchase of the Company's shares, or proposals for the merger, division, dissolution or change of the form of the Company;	 (87) To draft proposals for major acquisitions of the purchase of the Company's shares, of proposals for the merger, division, dissolution or change of the form of the Company; 		
(9)	Within the terms of reference prescribed by the laws, rules and regulations, and the listing rules of the place where the Company is listed and the scope of authorization of the shareholders' general meeting, to determine matters relating to the foreign investment, acquisition and sale of assets, mortgage of assets, matters of foreign guarantees, entrustment for financial management and connected transactions of the Company and such other matters;	(98) Within the terms of reference prescribe by the laws, rules and regulations, and the listing rules of the place where the Compar- is listed and the scope of authorization of the shareholders' general meeting, to determine matters relating to the foreign investment acquisition and sale of assets, mortgage of assets, matters of foreign guarantee entrustment for financial management are connected transactions of the Company are such other matters;		
(10)	To decide on the establishment of the Company's internal management organization;	(109) To decide on the establishment of the Company's internal management organization;		
(11) (12)	To appoint or remove the manager and secretary of the board of the Company, and to appoint or remove senior officers such as the deputy managers and person-incharge of financial affairs of the Company based on the recommendations of the manager, and to decide on their remunerations, rewards and punishments; To formulate the Company's basic	(1110) To appoint or remove decide on the appointment or removal of the manage and, secretary of the board and other senice officers of the Company, and to appoint or remove senior officers such as the deput general managers and person-incharge of financial affairs of the Company based on the recommendations of the general manage and to decide on their remunerations, reward and punishments;		
(13)	management system; To formulate proposals for any amendment of the Articles;	(121) To formulate the Company's basi management system;		

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION		ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
(14)	To administer matters relating to the disclosure of information of the Company;	(132) To formulate proposals for any amendment of the Articles;	
(15)	To propose to the shareholders' general meeting the appointment or removal of an accounting firm as the auditor of the Company;	 (143) To administer matters relating to the disclosure of information of the Company; (154) To propose to the shareholders' general meeting the appointment or removal of 	
(16)	To listen to the manager of the Company reporting his work and inspect his work;	an accounting firm as the auditor of the Company;	
(17)	Other functions and powers conferred by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or the Articles.	 (165) To listen to the manager of the Company reporting his work and inspect his work; (176) Other functions and newsra conformed. 	
matte above of the other	ept the board resolutions in respect of the ers specified in paragraphs (7), (8) and (13) e, which shall be passed by two-thirds or more e directors, board resolutions in respect of all matters may be passed by more than one half	 (176) Other functions and powers conferred by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or the Articles. Except the board resolutions in respect of the matters specified in paragraphs (7), (8) and 	
of the	e directors.	(13) above, which shall be passed by two-thirds or more of the directors, board resolutions in respect of all other matters may be passed by more than one half of the directors.	
Article 150 The Board shall exercise its functions and powers in combination with the role of leadership of the Party committee of the Company. Major operational and management issues must be studied and discussed by the Party committee of the Company before the Board makes decisions in accordance with the terms of reference and prescribed procedures.		Article 15028 The Board shall exercise its functions and powers in combination with the role of leadership of the Party committee of the Company. Major operational and management issues must be studied and discussed by the Party committee of the Company before the Board makes decisions in accordance with the terms of reference and prescribed procedures.	
Article 151 The board of directors shall make explanation to the shareholders' general meeting for the non-standard auditing comments about the Company's financial report made by the certified public accountant.		Article 15129 The board of directors shall make explanation to the shareholders' general meeting for the non-standard auditing comments about the Company's financial report made by the certified public accountant.	

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)		
Article 152 The board of directors shall formulate the rules of procedure for the board's meetings to ensure that the board of directors shall implement the resolutions of shareholders' general meetings, improve work efficiency and make decisions in a scientific manner.			Article 15230 The board of directors shall formulate the rules of procedure for the board's meetings to ensure that the board of directors shall implement the resolutions of shareholders' general meetings, improve work efficiency and make decisions in a scientific manner.	
The board of directors shall set up the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee, and may set up other committees such as Strategic Committee in due course. All members of committees shall be directors, among which, the convenor and the majority of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee shall be independent non-executive directors. At least one independent director of the Audit Committee shall be an accounting professional.			The board of directors shall set up the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee, and may set up other committees such as Strategic Committee in due course. All members of committees shall be directors, among which, the convenor and the majority of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee shall be independent non-executive directors. At least one independent director of the Audit Committee shall be an accounting professional.	
	Article 153 The chairman of the board shall exercise the following functions and powers:		Article 1531 The chairman of the board shall exercise the following functions and powers:	
(1)	to preside at shareholders' general meetings and to convene and preside at meetings of the board of directors;	aı	o preside at shareholders' general meetings nd to convene and preside at meetings of the oard of directors;	
(2)	to urge and examine the implementation of resolutions of the board of directors;		o urge and examine the implementation of esolutions of the board of directors;	
(3)	to sign securities issued by the Company;	(3) t a) sign securities issued by the Company;	
(4)	other functions and powers conferred by the board of directors.		ther functions and powers conferred by the oard of directors.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
The vice-chairman of the Company shall assist the chairman of the board in carrying on the relevant work. Where the chairman of the board is unable to perform his/her duties, a vice-chairman elected by more than half of the directors shall perform the duties on his behalf. Where the chairman and the vice-chairman are unable to perform their duties, a director shall be jointly elected by the majority of the directors to perform the duties.	The vice-chairman of the Company shall assist the chairman of the board in carrying on the relevant work. Where the chairman of the board is unable to perform his/her duties, a vice-chairman elected by more than half of the directors shall perform the duties on his behalf. Where the chairman and the vice-chairman are unable to perform their duties, a director shall be jointly elected by the majority of the directors to perform the duties. or fails to perform his/her duties, the vice chairman shall perform his/her duties (If the Company has two or more vice chairmen, the vice chairman elected by a majority of the directors shall perform his/her duties); where the vice chairman is unable or fails to perform his/her duties, a director shall perform his/her duties jointly elected by a majority of directors.
Article 154 Meetings of the board of directors shall be convened at least four times in each year on a quarterly basis. Such meetings shall be convened by the chairman of the board. Regular meetings (four times in each year) shall be convened by giving notice to all the directors and supervisors not less than 14 days before the date of the meeting. Other meetings shall be convened by giving notice to all the directors not less than 3 days before the date of the meeting.	Article 154 <u>32</u> Meetings of the board of directors shall be convened at least four times in each year on a quarterly basis. Such meetings shall be convened by the chairman of the board. Regular meetings (four times in each year) shall be convened by giving notice to all the directors and supervisors not less than 14 days before the date of the meeting. Other meetings shall be convened by giving notice to all the directors not less than 3 days before the date of the meeting.
An extraordinary meeting of the board of the directors may be convened:	An extraordinary meeting of the board of the directors may be convened:
 if proposed by shareholders holding ten percent or more of the Company's issued shares carrying the right to vote; if proposed by more than 1/3 of the directors 	 (1) if proposed by shareholders holding representing ten percent or more of the Company's issued shares carrying the right to vote, or the audit committee.;
if proposed by the supervisory committee;	(2) if proposed by more than 1/3 of the directors jointly;
(4) if proposed by the general manager;	 (3) if proposed by the supervisory committee; (4) if proposed by the general manager;

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
(5) if proposed by the independent directors.	(5) if proposed by the independent directors.
The chairman of the board of directors shall convene and preside at the board meeting within 10 days of the receipt of the proposal.	The chairman of the board of directors shall convene and preside at the board meeting within 10 days of the receipt of the proposal.
Article 155 The method for convening board meetings and extraordinary board meetings shall be by written notice sent to each director by personal delivery, facsimile, courier, registered airmail or other forms of electronic communication.	Article 15533 The method for convening board meetings and extraordinary board meetings shall be by written notice sent to each director by personal delivery, facsimile, courier, registered airmail or other forms of electronic communication.
The notice of board meetings shall include:	The notice of board meetings shall include:
(1) the date and venue of the meeting;	(1) the date and venue of the meeting;
(2) the duration of the meeting;	(2) the duration of the meeting;
(3) the matter and its subject;	(3) the matter and its subject;
(4) the date of giving the notice.	(4) the date of giving the notice.
Article 156 Notice of a meeting shall be deemed to have been given to any director who has attended the meeting without protesting, before or at its commencement, failure to receive such notice.	Article 15634 Notice of a meeting shall be deemed to have been given to any director who has attended the meeting without protesting, before or at its commencement, failure to receive such notice.
Article 157 Any regular or extraordinary meeting of the board may be held by conference telephone or similar communication equipment so long as all directors participating in the meeting can hear and communicate with one another, and all such directors shall be deemed to be present in person at the meeting.	Article 157 <u>35</u> Any regular or extraordinary meeting of the board may be held by conference telephone or similar communication equipment so long as all directors participating in the meeting can hear and communicate with one another, and all such directors shall be deemed to be present in person at the meeting.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 158 Unless otherwise required by the Company Law and the Articles, meetings of the board of directors shall be held only if half or more of the directors or their proxies are in attendance.	Article 15836 Unless otherwise required by the Company Law and the Articles, mMeetings of the board of directors shall be held only if half or more of the directors or their proxies are in attendance.
Unless otherwise required by the Articles, the board may pass resolutions only upon a majority vote. One director shall have one vote on resolutions proposed at the meetings of the board of directors.	Unless otherwise required by the Articles, \underline{tT} he board may pass resolutions only upon a majority vote. One director shall have one vote on resolutions proposed at the meetings of the board of directors.
Any director who has connected relationship with the enterprises involved in the resolutions of the meetings of the board of directors shall not vote for such resolutions and shall not vote as a proxy of other directors. The meeting of the board of directors shall be held only with more than half of all non-connected directors attending. The resolutions made by the meeting of the board of directors shall be passed by more than half of all the non-connected directors. When the number of non- connected directors attending the board of directors are less than three, the matters shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for approval.	Any director who has connected relationship with the enterprises <u>or individuals</u> involved in the resolutions of the meetings of the board of directors <u>shall promptly report in writing to the board of</u> <u>directors, and</u> shall not vote for such resolutions and shall not vote as a proxy of other directors. The meeting of the board of directors shall be held only with more than half of all non-connected directors attending. The resolutions made by the meeting of the board of directors shall be passed by more than half of all the non-connected directors. When the number of non-connected directors attending the board of directors are less than three, the matters shall be submitted to the shareholders' general meeting for approval.
Article 159 Meetings of the board of directors shall be attended by the directors in person. If a director fails to attend for any reason, he may authorize another director in writing to represent him to attend the board meeting. The proxy form shall state the name of the proxy, matter represented for, the scope of authority and valid period, and shall be signed and sealed by the appointor.	Article 15937 Meetings of the board of directors shall be attended by the directors in person. If a director fails to attend for any reason, he may authorize another director in writing to represent him to attend the board meeting. The proxy form shall state the name of the proxy, matter represented for, the scope of authority and valid period, and shall be signed and sealed by the appointor.
A director who attends a board meeting on behalf of another director shall exercise the rights of a director within the scope of authority given in the authorization letter. A director who fails to attend a particular board meeting and who has not appointed a representative to do so shall be deemed to have waived his voting rights in respect of that meeting.	A director who attends a board meeting on behalf of another director shall exercise the rights of a director within the scope of authority given in the authorization letter. A director who fails to attend a particular board meeting and who has not appointed a representative to do so shall be deemed to have waived his voting rights in respect of that meeting.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
need meet such the b the n a dec	cle 160 For matters which would otherwise to be approved at an extraordinary board ing, a written resolution may be adopted if resolution has been sent to all members of oard and affirmatively signed and adopted by number of directors necessary to make such cision as stipulated in Article 158 above. No I meeting shall be convened.	Article 16038 For matters which would otherwise need to be approved at an extraordinary board meeting, a written resolution may be adopted if such resolution has been sent to all members of the board and affirmatively signed and adopted by the number of directors necessary to make such a decision as stipulated in Article 15836 above. No board meeting shall be convened.
	cle 161 The minutes of a board meeting shall ut the followings:	Article 16139 The minutes of a board meeting shall set out the followings:
(1)	the date, time, place of the meeting, and the name of the convener;	(1) the date, time, place of the meeting, and the name of the convener;
(2)	the name of the directors attending the meeting, and the name of the directors (proxies) authorized by others to attend the meeting;	(2) the name of the directors attending the meeting, and the name of the directors (proxies) authorized by others to attend the meeting;
(3)	the agenda of the meeting;	(3) the agenda of the meeting;
(4)	highlights of the proposals put forward by the directors who speak at the meeting;	(4) highlights of the proposals put forward by the directors who speak at the meeting;
(5)	the voting method and result for each of the resolutions (the voting result shall state the number of votes in favor of or against the resolutions or abstention votes).	(5) the voting method and result for each of the resolutions (the voting result shall state the number of votes in favor of or against the resolutions or abstention votes).
	meeting records of the board of directors shall ept as files of the Company for no less than 10	The meeting records of the board of directors shall be kept as files of the Company for no less than 10 years.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 162 The board of directors shall keep	Article 16240 The board of directors shall keep
minutes of its decisions on all matters under their	minutes of its decisions on all matters under their
consideration. Directors attending the meeting	consideration. Directors attending the meeting
and the person taking minutes shall sign on the	and the person taking minutes shall sign on the
minutes of that meeting. Directors shall be liable	minutes of that meeting. Directors shall be liable
for the resolutions of the board of directors.	for the resolutions of the board of directors.
Where a resolution of the board of directors is in	Where a resolution of the board of directors is in
violation of the laws and administrative regulations	violation of the laws and administrative regulations
or the Articles, thereby causing serious losses	or the Articles, thereby causing serious losses
to the Company, the directors who took part in	to the Company, the directors who took part in
such resolution shall be liable to indemnify the	such resolution shall be liable to indemnify the
Company. However, if a director can prove that	Company. However, if a director can prove that
he had expressed his opposition to such resolution	he had expressed his opposition to such resolution
when it was put to the vote, and such opposition	when it was put to the vote, and such opposition
is recorded in the minutes of the meeting, such	is recorded in the minutes of the meeting, such
director may be relieved of such liability.	director may be relieved of such liability.
Chapter 11: SECRETARY OF THE BOARD OF	Chapter 1 <u>+0</u> : SECRETARY OF THE BOARD
DIRECTORS	OF DIRECTORS
Article 163 The company shall have a secretary of the board of directors, who shall be a senior officer of the Company and account to the board of the directors.	Article 16356 The company shall have a secretary of the board of directors, who shall be a senior officer of the Company and account to the board of the directors, and shall be responsible for preparing shareholders' meetings and board meetings, document storage, managing shareholder information, and handling information disclosure matters. The secretary of the board of directors shall comply with the relevant provisions of laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and regulations, and the Articles.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
shal expe	cle 164 The secretary of the board of directors l be a natural person who has the requisite rtise and experience, and shall be appointed by board of directors with main responsibilities:	Article 16457 The secretary of the board of directors shall be a natural person who has the requisite expertise and experience, and shall be appointed by the board of directors with main responsibilities:
(1) (2)	to ensure the completeness of the Company's organizational papers and records; to ensure that the requisite reports and documentation are prepared and submitted to	(1) to ensure the completeness of the Company's organizational papers and records;
(3)	the competent authorities in accordance with law;to ensure the proper maintenance of the	(2) to ensure that the requisite reports and documentation are prepared and submitted to the competent authorities in accordance with law;
	company's register of shareholders and ensure that persons entitled to the relevant records and documents of the Company are furnished with such records and documents on time.	(3) to ensure the proper maintenance of the company's register of shareholders and ensure that persons entitled to the relevant records and documents of the Company are furnished with such records and documents on time.
		The secretary of the board of directors shall be responsible to the Company and the board of directors and perform the following duties:
		(1) to be responsible for the Company 's information disclosure affairs, coordinating the Company 's information disclosure works, organizing the formulation of the Company 's information disclosure management system, and supervising listed companies and relevant information disclosure obligors to comply with relevant information disclosure regulations.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	(2) to be responsible for organizing and coordinating the Company 's investor relations management, coordinating information communication between the Company and securities regulatory authorities, shareholders and de facto controllers, intermediaries, media, etc.
	(3) to organize and prepare for board meetings and shareholders' meetings, to attend shareholders' meetings, board meetings, and meetings related to senior officers, and to be responsible for recording and signing the minutes of board meetings.
	(4)to be responsible for the confidentiality of the Company's information disclosure, and to promptly report it to the Stock Exchange and make an announcement in the event of a leak of unpublished material information.
	(5) to focus on rumors about the Company, actively verify the facts, and urge the board of directors and other relevant entities to respond to the Stock Exchange 's inquiries in a timely manner.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	(6) to organize training for directors and senior officers on relevant laws and regulations, the Articles, and other requirements of the Stock Exchange, and assist him/her in understanding his/her respective responsibilities in information disclosure.
	(7) to urge directors and senior officers to comply with laws and regulations, these rules, other provisions of the Stock Exchange, and the Articles, and to fulfill the commitments they have made; and to issue a warning and immediately report the matter truthfully to the Stock Exchange when it is aware that the Company, directors, or senior officers have made or may make resolutions that violate relevant regulations.
	 (8) to be in charge of managing matters related to changes in the Company's stocks and derivative products. (9) Other duties required by laws and regulations.
Article 165 A director or other senior officer of the Company may be appointed to be the secretary of the board of directors. No accountant of the firm being the auditor appointed by the Company shall serve concurrently as the secretary of the board of directors.	Article 165 A director or other senior officer of the Company may be appointed to be the secretary of the board of directors. No accountant of the firm being the auditor appointed by the Company shall serve concurrently as the secretary of the board of directors.
When the board secretary is also a director and a certain act is required to be done by a director and the secretary respectively, such person who is concurrently the board secretary and a director may not perform the act in both capacities.	When the board secretary is also a director and a certain act is required to be done by a director and the secretary respectively, such person who is concurrently the board secretary and a director may not perform the act in both capacities.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Chapter 12: GENERAL MANAGER OF THE COMPANY	Chapter 12 <u>1</u> : GENERAL MANAGER OF THE COMPANY
Article 166 A Company shall have a general manager, who shall be appointed or removed by the board of directors.	Article 16658 AThe Company shall have a general manager, who shall be appointed or removed by the board of directors.
	The Company shall have deputy general managers, who shall be be appointed or dismissed based on the decision of the board of directors.
Article 167 Any personnel who takes up the administrative position other than a director or a supervisor in the controlling shareholder or actual controller of the Company shall not serve as the senior officer of the Company.	Article 16759 Any personnel who takes up the administrative position other than a director or a supervisor in the controlling shareholder or actual controller of the Company shall not serve as the senior officer of the Company.
The senior officers of the Company shall only receive salaries paid by the Company. The controlling shareholders shall not pay the salaries on behalf of the Company.	The senior officers of the Company shall only receive salaries paid by the Company. The controlling shareholders shall not pay the salaries on behalf of the Company.
Article 168 The term of office of the general manager shall be three years, renewable upon reappointment.	Article 1680 The term of office of the general manager shall be three years, renewable upon reappointment.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION		ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
acco	icle 169 The general manage shall be ountable to the board of directors and shall cise the following functions and powers:	Article 1691 The general manage shall be accountable to the board of directors and shall exercise the following functions and powers:
(1)	to be in charge of production, operation and management of the Company, organize the implementation of resolutions of board of directors and report his/her work to the board of directors;	 to be in charge of production, operation and management of the Company, organize the implementation of resolutions of board of directors and report his/her work to the board of directors;
(2)	to organize the implementation of the Company's annual business plans and investment plans;	 to organize the implementation of the Company's annual business plans and investment plans;
(3)	to draft the plan for establishment of the Company's internal management organization;	 (3) to draft the plan for establishment of the Company's internal management organization;
(4)	to draft the Company's basic management system;	(4) to draft the Company's basic <u>detailed</u> management system;
(5)	to formulate the basic rules and regulations of the Company;	(5) to formulate the basic rules and regulations of the Company;
(6)	to request the appointment or dismissal of the Company's deputy general manager(s) and other senior officers (including the chief financial officer(s));	(6) to request <u>the board of directors for</u> the appointment or dismissal of the Company's deputy general manager(s) and other senior officers (including the chief financial officer(s));
(7)	to appoint or dismiss management personnel other than those to be appointed or dismissed by the board of directors; and	(7) to appoint or dismiss management personnel other than those to be appointed or dismissed by the board of directors; and
(8)	other functions and powers conferred by the Articles and the board of directors.	(8) other functions and powers conferred by the Articles and the board of directors.
		The general manger shall attend the board meeting.
mee man	cle 170 The general manager may attend tings of the board of directors; a general ager who is not a director shall not have the to vote at such meetings.	Article 170 The general manager may attend meetings of the board of directors; a general manager who is not a director shall not have the right to vote at such meetings.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION		ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
his/h laws	cle 171 The general manager shall exercise her functions and powers in accordance with , administrative regulations and the Articles, shall discharge his duties of fidelity and ence.	Article 171 The general manager shall exercise his/her functions and powers in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and the Articles, and shall discharge his duties of fidelity and diligence.
his/h the r the C comr on m the C	cle 172 The general manager shall exercise er functions and powers in combination with ole of leadership of the Party committee of Company and solicit opinions from the Party nittee of the Company before making decisions naterial production and operational matters of Company and appointing managers within his/ erm of reference.	Article 1762 The general manager shall exercise his/her functions and powers in combination with the role of leadership of the Party committee of the Company and solicit opinions from the Party committee of the Company before making decisions on material production and operational matters of the Company and appointing managers within his/ her term of reference.
the v imple	cle 173 The general manager shall formulate working rules of general manager and shall ement the same upon approval is given by the d of directors.	Article 1763 The general manager shall formulate the working rules of general manager and shall implement the same upon approval is given by the board of directors.
	cle 174 The working rules of general manager set out:	Article 1764 The working rules of general manager shall set out:
(1)	the conditions and procedures for convening the meetings of general manager and the personnel who participate in the meetings;	(1) the conditions and procedures for convening the meetings of general manager and the personnel who participate in the meetings;
(2)	the respective duties and responsibilities of the general manager and other senior officers and their division of labor;	(2) the respective duties and responsibilities of the general manager and other senior officers and their division of labor;
(3)	the terms of reference in connection with the utilization of the capital and assets of the Company, and the execution of material contracts, as well as the systems for reporting to the board of directors and supervisory committee;	 (3) the terms of reference in connection with the utilization of the capital and assets of the Company, and the execution of material contracts, as well as the systems for reporting to the board of directors and supervisory committee;
(4)	such other matters deemed necessary by the board of directors.	(4) such other matters deemed necessary by the board of directors.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 175 The general manager may resign prior to the expiry of his/her term. The specific procedures and measures in connection with the resignation of the general manager shall be provided for in the labor contract between the general manager and the Company.	Article 1765 The general manager may resign prior to the expiry of his/her term. The specific procedures and measures in connection with the resignation of the general manager shall be provided for in the labor contract between the general manager and the Company.
Chapter 13: SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE	Chapter 13: SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE Chapter 9: DIRECTORS AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS <u>Section 4: Special Committees</u> <u>under the Board of Directors</u>
Article 176 The Company shall have a supervisory committee.	Article 17649 The Company shall have a supervisory committee. The Company's board of directors shall establish an audit committee to exercise the powers of the supervisory committee as stipulated in the Company Law.
	Article 150 The audit committee shall consist of more than three members who shall be directors not serving as senior officers of the Company, and shall be non-executive directors. Independent directors shall constitute a majority of the members, with an accounting professional among the independent directors acting as the convenor.
comprise three (3) members, one of which shall act as chairman of the supervisory committee. The term of a supervisor shall be three (3) years. A supervisor may serve consecutive terms if re-elected.	Article 177 The supervisory committee shall comprise three (3) members, one of which shall act as chairman of the supervisory committee. The term of a supervisor shall be three (3) years. A supervisor may serve consecutive terms if re- elected.
The election or removal of the chairman of the supervisory committee shall be passed by two-thirds or more of the supervisors.	The election or removal of the chairman of the supervisory committee shall be passed by two-thirds or more of the supervisors.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 178 If the Company fails to re-elect new supervisors in a timely manner upon expiry of the term of supervisors, or the supervisors tender their resignation during their term of office which would give rise to the effect that the number of the supervisors falls below the quorum required, the original supervisors shall continue to perform the duties of supervisor in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and the Articles before the newly elected supervisors take up the position.	Article 178 If the Company fails to re-elect new supervisors in a timely manner upon expiry of the term of supervisors, or the supervisors tender their resignation during their term of office which would give rise to the effect that the number of the supervisors falls below the quorum required, the original supervisors shall continue to perform the duties of supervisor in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and the Articles before the newly elected supervisors take up the position.
Article 179 The supervisory committee shall	Article 179 The supervisory committee shall
comprise two shareholder representatives and	comprise two shareholder representatives and
one staff representative of the Company. The	one staff representative of the Company. The
shareholder representatives shall be elected or	shareholder representatives shall be elected or
removed at the shareholders meeting. The staff	removed at the shareholders meeting. The staff
representatives shall be elected and removed	representatives shall be elected and removed
through congress of staff and workers, staff	through congress of staff and workers, staff
meetings or by other democratic means.	meetings or by other democratic means.
Article 180 The Company's directors managers,	Article 180 The Company's directors
and other senior officers shall not serve	managers, and other senior officers shall not
concurrently as supervisors.	serve concurrently as supervisors.
Article 181 The supervisory committee shall	Article 181 The supervisory committee shall
convene at least two meetings a year on a half-	convene at least two meetings a year on a half-
yearly basis. The chairman of the supervisory	yearly basis. The chairman of the supervisory
committee shall convene and preside at meetings	committee shall convene and preside at meetings
of the Committee. Where the chairman of the	of the Committee. Where the chairman of
Committee is unable to perform or fails to perform	the Committee is unable to perform or fails
his/her duties, a supervisor shall be jointly elected	to perform his/her duties, a supervisor shall
by more than half of the supervisors to convene and	be jointly elected by more than half of the
preside the meetings.	supervisors to convene and preside the meetings.
A supervisor will be deemed to have failed to	A supervisor will be deemed to have failed
perform his duties if he cannot attend the meetings	to perform his duties if he cannot attend the
of the supervisory committee in person twice	meetings of the supervisory committee in person
consecutively. The shareholders' general meeting or	twice consecutively. The shareholders' general
the congress of staff and workers shall replace such	meeting or the congress of staff and workers
supervisor.	shall replace such supervisor.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
acco and	cle 182 The supervisory committee shall be untable to the shareholders in general meeting shall exercise the following functions and ers according to law:	Article 182 The supervisory committee shall be accountable to the shareholders in general meeting and shall exercise the following functions and powers according to law:
(1)	to examine the Company's financial affairs;	(1) to examine the Company's financial affairs;
(2)	to supervise the Company's directors, manager and other senior officers on their acts in violation of any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles in performing their duties of the Company;	(2) to supervise the Company's directors, manager and other senior officers on their acts in violation of any laws, administrative regulations or the Articles in performing their duties of the Company;
(3)	if an act of the Company's directors, general manager and other senior officers is harmful to the Company's interest, to require them to correct such act;	(3) if an act of the Company's directors, general manager and other senior officers is harmful to the Company's interest, to require them to correct such act;
(4)	to verify the accounting reports, business operation reports, profit distribution plans and such other financial information to be tabled at the shareholders' general meeting by the board of directors and, if in doubt, any certified public accountant or practicing auditor may be appointed in the name of the Company to assist in a second review;	(4) to verify the accounting reports, business operation reports, profit distribution plans and such other financial information to be tabled at the shareholders' general meeting by the board of directors and, if in doubt, any certified public accountant or practicing auditor may be appointed in the name of the Company to assist in a second
(5)	to propose to convene an extraordinary general meetings and meetings of the board of directors;	review; (5) to propose to convene an extraordinary general meetings and meetings of the
(6)	to represent the Company in negotiations with directors or in initiating legal proceedings against a director;	 (6) to represent the Company in negotiations with directors or in initiating legal proceedings against a director;

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
(7)	to review the regular reports of the Company prepared by the board of directors, and to provide written comments in respect thereof;	(7) to review the regular reports of the Company prepared by the board of directors, and to provide written comments in respect thereof;
(8)	to conduct an investigation if an unusual practice in the operation of the Company is found; to retain professional bodies such as accounting firms or law firms to assist its work at the expenses of the Company where necessary;	(8) to conduct an investigation if an unusual practice in the operation of the Company is found; to retain professional bodies such as accounting firms or law firms to assist its work at the expenses of the Company where necessary;
(9)	other functions and powers specified in the Articles and the shareholders' general meetings.	(9) other functions and powers specified in the Articles and the shareholders' general meetings.
of d	ervisors may attend meetings of the board irectors, and make a proposal or inquiry erning the resolutions of the board of directors.	Supervisors may attend meetings of the board of directors, and make a proposal or inquiry concerning the resolutions of the board of directors.
	cle 183 Three (3) or more of the members of upervisory committee must be present to hold a ing.	Article 183 Three (3) or more of the members of the supervisory committee must be present to hold a meeting.
made	olutions of the supervisory committee shall be e by the affirmative vote of two-thirds or more e supervisors.	Resolutions of the supervisory committee shall be made by the affirmative vote of two-thirds or more of the supervisors.
the s exerce such	cle 184 All reasonable expenses incurred by upervisory committee in the appointment of, in cising its functions and powers, professionals as lawyers, registered accountants or practicing tors shall be borne by the Company.	Article 184 All reasonable expenses incurred by the supervisory committee in the appointment of, in exercising its functions and powers, professionals such as lawyers, registered accountants or practicing auditors shall be borne by the Company.
the in the in	cle 185 Supervisors shall not cause harm to nterest of the Company by taking advantage of connected relationship, and shall be liable to pensate for any loss incurred by the Company, y.	Article 185 Supervisors shall not cause harm to the interest of the Company by taking advantage of their connected relationship, and shall be liable to compensate for any loss incurred by the Company, if any.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 186 Supervisors shall be liable to compensate for any loss incurred by the Company, if any, in connection with the violation of laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or the Articles in performing their duties.	Article 186 Supervisors shall be liable to compensate for any loss incurred by the Company, if any, in connection with the violation of laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or the Articles in performing their duties.
Article 187 Supervisors shall faithfully perform their supervisors' responsibilities in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and the Articles.	Article 187 Supervisors shall faithfully perform their supervisors' responsibilities in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and the Articles.
Article 188 The supervisory committee shall formulate the rules of procedure for the meetings of the supervisory committee to specify the procedures for discussion of and voting on the matters to be discussed at the meetings so as to ensure that the supervisory committee can work efficiently and make decisions in a scientific manner.	Article 188 The supervisory committee shall formulate the rules of procedure for the meetings of the supervisory committee to specify the procedures for discussion of and voting on the matters to be discussed at the meetings so as to ensure that the supervisory committee can work efficiently and make decisions in a scientific manner.
Article 189 The supervisory committee shall keep minutes of its decisions on all matters under their consideration in the meeting. Supervisors attending the meeting shall sign on the minutes of that meeting.	Article 189 The supervisory committee shall keep minutes of its decisions on all matters under their consideration in the meeting. Supervisors attending the meeting shall sign on the minutes of that meeting.
Supervisors shall have the right to request for certain explanatory notes in respect of their opinions expressed at the meeting to be included in the minutes. The minutes of meetings of the supervisory committee shall be kept as the files of the Company for at least 10 years.	Supervisors shall have the right to request for certain explanatory notes in respect of their opinions expressed at the meeting to be included in the minutes. The minutes of meetings of the supervisory committee shall be kept as the files of the Company for at least 10 years.
Article 190 A notice of the meeting of the supervisory committee shall set out the followings:	Article 190 A notice of the meeting of the supervisory committee shall set out the followings:
 (1) the date, time, venue and term for convening the meeting; (2) and the date data and the data	(1) the date, time, venue and term for convening the meeting;
(2) matters and its subjects;	(2) matters and its subjects;
(3) date of the notice.	(3) date of the notice.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	Article 151 The audit committee shall hold at least one meeting each quarter. An extraordinary meeting may be convened upon proposal by two or more members or when deemed necessary by the convenor. The audit committee meetings may only be convened if more than two thirds of members are present.
	Resolutions of the audit committee shall be passed by more than half of its members.
	Voting on resolutions of the audit committee shall follow the principle of one person, one vote.
	The audit committee's resolutions shall be recorded in meeting minutes as per regulations, and attending Audit Committee members shall sign the minutes.
	The working procedures of the audit committee are formulated by the board of directors.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	Article 152 The audit committee shall be responsible for auditing the Company's financial information and its disclosure, and supervising and evaluating internal and external audit and internal control. The following matters shall be submitted to the board of directors for review after obtaining approval from more than half of all members of the audit committee:
	(1) disclosure of financial information in financial accounting reports and periodic reports, and internal control evaluation reports;
	(2) appointment or dismissal of accounting firms handling the audit business of the listed company;
	(3) appointment or dismissal of the chief financial officer of the listed Company;
	(4) changes in accounting policies, accounting estimates or major corrections of accounting errors for reasons other than changes in accounting standards;
	(5) other matters stipulated by the applicable laws, regulations, the provisions of CSRC, and the Articles.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	Article 153 The Company's board of directors shall establish an audit committee, a nomination committee, and a remuneration committee, and may establish strategic and other committees as appropriate, which shall perform their duties according to the Articles and the authorization granted by the board of directors. Proposals from special committees shall be submitted to the board of directors for consideration and decision. The working procedures for special committees shall be formulated by the board of directors.
	All members of the committees shall be directors. <u>Among them, independent directors shall</u> <u>constitute a majority of the audit committee,</u> <u>nomination committee, and remuneration</u> <u>Committee and shall serve as conveners. At least</u> <u>one independent director on the audit committee</u> <u>shall be an accounting professional</u> .
	Article 154 The nomination committee shall be responsible for establishing the selection criteria and procedures for directors and senior officers, selecting and reviewing candidates and their qualifications, and making recommendations to the board of directors on the following matters:
	 (1) nomination or removal of directors; (2) appointment or dismissal of senior officers;
	(3) Other matters stipulated by the applicable laws, regulations, provisions of CSRC, and these Articles.
	If the board of directors does not adopt or fully adopt the recommendations of the nomination committee, the opinions of the nomination committee and specific reasons for non-adoption shall be recorded in the resolution of the board of directors and disclosed.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	Article 155 The remuneration and appraisal committee shall be responsible for the formulation of the appraisal criteria, carrying out of the appraisal for the directors and senior officers, for formulation and examination of the remuneration policy and proposal such as the remuneration determination mechanism, decision-making process, payment, suspension of payment and recourse arrangements for the directors and senior officers, and make recommendations to the board of directors in the following matters:
	(1) remuneration of directors and senior officers;
	(2) formulation or change of the equity incentive scheme, employee stock ownership plan, granting of rights and interests to scheme participants, and fulfilment of the conditions for exercising the rights and interests;
	(3) arrangement of stock ownership plans by directors and senior management in the subsidiaries to be spun off;
	(4) other matters stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, requirements of the CSRC and the Articles.
	If the board of directors does not adopt or fully adopt the recommendations of the remuneration and appraisal committee, the opinions of the remuneration and appraisal committee and specific reasons for non-adoption shall be recorded in the resolution of the board of directors and disclosed.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Chapter 14: QUALIFICATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS, MANAGERS AND OTHER SENIOR OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY	Chapter 14 <u>2</u> : QUALIFICATIONS AND OBLIGATIONS OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS, MANAGERS AND OTHER SENIOR OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY
 Article 191 None of the following persons may serve as a director, supervisor, general manager or any other senior officer of the Company: (1) a person without or with limited capacity for civil acts; (2) a person who was punished for the crime of corruption, bribery, expropriation or misappropriation of property or disrupting the social and economic order, and a period of 5 years has not elapsed since the punishment was completed, or who was deprived of his political rights as punishment for a criminal offence and a period of 5 years has not elapsed since such deprivation was completed; (3) a person, who was director, factory chief or general manager of a company or enterprise which entered into insolvent liquidation due to mismanagement, and who was personally liable for such insolvency, and a period of 3 years from the date of completion of such liquidation proceedings, has not elapsed; (4) a person, who was the legal representative of a company or enterprise the business license of which has been revoked for violating the law, and who was personally liable for such revocation of 3 years form the date of completion such revocation and a period of 3 years form the date of revocation and a period of 3 years form the date of revocation and a period of 3 years form the date of revocation and a period of 3 years form the date of revocation and a period of 3 years form the date of revocation and a period of 3 years form the date of revocation of such business license has not elapsed; 	 SERIOR OFFICERS OF THE CONTACT Article 19166 The directors and senior officers of the Company shall be natural persons, and Nnone of the following persons may shall serve as a director, supervisor, general manager or any other senior officer of the Company: (1) a person without or with limited capacity for civil acts; (2) a person who was punished for the crime of corruption, bribery, expropriation or misappropriation of property or disrupting the social and economic order, and a period of 5 years has not elapsed since the punishment was completed, or who was deprived of his political rights as punishment for a criminal offence and a period of 5 years has not elapsed since such deprivation was completed, or who was declared on probation and a period of 2 years has not elapsed since the expiry date of the probation period; (3) a person, who was director, factory chief or general manager of a company or enterprise which entered into insolvent liquidation due to mismanagement, and who was personally liable for such insolvency, and a period of 3 years from the date of completion of such liquidation proceedings, has not elapsed; (4) a person, who was the legal representative of a company or enterprise the business license of which has been revoked <u>or ordered to close</u> for violating the law, and who was personally liable for such revocation and a period of 3 years form the date of revocation of such business license <u>or order to close</u>

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
(5)	a person with comparatively large amount of individual debts that have fallen due but not yet settled;	 a person who was classified by the People's Court as a dishonest person, with comparatively large amount of individual debts that have fallen due but not yet settled;
(6)	a person who is under a penalty of prohibited access to the securities market imposed by the CSRC, which penalty is still effective;	(6) a person who is under a penalty of prohibited access to the securities market imposed by the CSRC, which penalty is still effective;
(7)	other circumstances specified by laws, administrative regulations or departmental rules.	(7) <u>a person who was publicly deemed by</u> <u>a stock exchange as unsuitable to serve</u> as a director or senior officer of a listed
of th assig any occu	e director is elected or appointed in violation ne provisions of this article, the election, gnment or appointment shall be invalid. If of the circumstances mentioned in this article rs during the term of office of the director, the pany shall remove him or her from office.	 <u>company, with the term not yet expired;</u> (8) other circumstances specified by laws, administrative regulations or departmental rules.
		If the director <u>or senior officer</u> is elected or appointed in violation of the provisions of this article, the election, assignment or appointment shall be invalid. If any of the circumstances mentioned in this article occurs during the term of office of the director <u>or senior officer</u> , the Company shall remove him or her from office.
mana beha party his/h	cle 192 The validity of an act of a director, ager or other senior officer of the Company on lf of the Company vis-à-vis a bona fide third y shall not be affected by any irregularity of the acts or any defect in his/her qualification in lection or appointment.	Article 192 The validity of an act of a director, manager or other senior officer of the Company on behalf of the Company vis-à-vis a bona fide third party shall not be affected by any irregularity of his/her acts or any defect in his/ her qualification in his election or appointment.

G OF ASSOCIATION ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDE	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	
 ative regulations or rules of nge(s) on which shares of the d, each director, supervisor, c other senior officers of the following duties for the exercise of the functions by laws, administrative regulations or rule the securities exchange(s) on which shares of Company are listed, each director, supervisor general manager or other senior officers of Company shall perform the following duties each shareholder in the exercise of the functions 	93 In addition to obligations import administrative regulations or rules ities exchange(s) on which shares of are listed, each director, supervision nanager or other senior officers of a shall perform the following duties reholder in the exercise of the function rs conferred by the Company:	by la the s Com gene Com each
	to cause the Company to exceed the sc pusiness stipulated in its business licen	(1)
(2) to act in good faith to the best interest the Company;	act in good faith to the best interests of mpany;	(2)
cluding but not limited to (3) not to expropriate in any way ities which may benefit the Company's property, including but	to expropriate in any way the Compar operty, including but not limited opportunities which may benefit mpany; and	(3)
 nareholders, including but not not to expropriate the individ rights to distribution and except a restructuring of the nitted to shareholders' general not to expropriate the individ rights and interests of sharehold including but not limited to) the right distribution and voting rights, exception 	to expropriate the individual rights erests of shareholders, including but hited to) the rights to distribution ing rights, except a restructuring of mpany submitted to shareholders' gen eting for approval in accordance with icles.	(4)
fficer of the Company shall, in owers or in the discharge of his the care, diligence and skills rudent person would exercise	94 Each director, supervisor, generation officer of the Company shall se of his powers or in the discharge of his, exercise the care, diligence and sk asonably prudent person would exercise parable circumstances.	mana the e oblig that

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
other to ac	cle 195 Each director, supervisor, manager or r senior officer of the Company shall be obliged et honestly for the Company in accordance with , administrative regulations and the Articles as ws:	Article 19567 Each director, supervisor, manager or other senior officer of the Company shall be obliged to act honestly for the Company in accordance with <u>the requirements of</u> laws, administrative regulations and the Articles. <u>He/She</u> shall take measures to prevent conflicts between	
(1)	not to make use of his functions and powers as a means to accept bribes or any other unlawful income, and not to expropriate the Company's property;	his/her own interests and the Company's interests and shall not use his/her powers to obtain undue benefits. He/She shall be obliged to act honestly for the Company as follows:	
(2) (3)	not to misappropriate the Company's funds; not to deposit the Company's assets or funds in accounts opened in his own name or any other persons' names;	 not to make use of his functions and powers as a means to accept bribes or any other unlawful income, and not to expropriate the Company's property; 	
(4)	not to lend the Company's funds to others or not to use the Company's property as security for other personal debts in violation of the Articles or without the consent of shareholders' general meeting or meeting of	 (2) not to misappropriate the Company's funds; (3) not to deposit the Company's assets or funds in accounts opened in his own name or any other persons' names; 	
(5)	the board; not to enter into a contract or transaction with the Company in violation of the Articles or without the consent of shareholders' general meeting;	(4) not to lend the Company's funds to others or not to use the Company's property as security for other personal debts in violation of the Articles or without the consent of shareholders' generalshareholders' meeting or meeting of the board;	
		(5) not to <u>directly or indirectly</u> enter into a contract or transaction with the Company in violation of the Articles or without the consent of shareholders' general meeting without reporting to the board of directors or the shareholders' meeting or obtaining approval through the resolution of the board of directors or the shareholders' meeting according to the Articles;	

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
(6)	without the consent of shareholders' general meeting, not to make use of his position, functions and powers in the Company to seek business opportunities which would otherwise belong to the Company for himself or others, and not to operate any business which is of the same kind of business of the Company on his own or for others;	 (6) without the consent of shareholders' general meeting, not to make use of his position, functions and powers in the Company to seek business opportunities which would otherwise belong to the Company for himself or others, except where such use is reported to the board of directors or the shareholders' meeting
(7)	not to accept commissions in connection with the Company's transactions;	and approved by the resolution of the shareholders' meeting, or the Company cannot utilize the business opportunity
(8)	not to disclose any secret of the Company without authorization;	in accordance with laws, administrative regulations or the Articles, and not to operate any business which is of the same kind of business of the Company on his own
(9)	not to cause harm to the interests of the Company by taking advantage of his connected relationships;	or for others <u>without reporting to the board</u> <u>of directors or shareholders' meeting and</u> <u>obtaining approval through a resolution of</u> <u>the shareholders' meeting;</u>
(10)	other obligations to act honestly as required by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and the Articles.	(7) not to accept commissions in connection with the Company's transactions;
belor for i	gain from the breach of this Article shall ng to the Company. Directors shall be liable ndemnification for any loss suffered by the pany, if any, in connection with such violation.	 (8) not to disclose any secret of the Company without authorization; (9) not to cause harm to the interests of the Company by taking advantage of his connected relationships;
		 (10) other obligations to act honestly as required by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and the Artic<u>les.</u>
		Any gain from the breach of this Article shall belong to the Company. Directors shall be liable for indemnification for any loss suffered by the Company, if any, in connection with such violation.
		The close relatives of directors and senior officers, enterprises directly or indirectly controlled by directors, senior officers or their close relatives, and the affiliates with other relationships with the directors and senior officers, shall comply with item (6) of the paragraph 2 of this Article when entering into contracts or transactions with the Company.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
or o discl not p her i shall	cle 196 Each director, supervisor, manager ther senior officer of the Company shall harge his/her duties in good faith, and shall place himself/herself in a position where his/ nterest and duties may conflict. This principle l include, but not limited to, discharging the wing obligations:	Article 196 Each director, supervisor, manager or other senior officer of the Company shall discharge his/her duties in good faith, and shall not place himself/herself in a position where his/her interest and duties may conflict. This principle shall include, but not limited to, discharging the following obligations:
(1)	to act honestly in the best interests of the Company;	(1) to act honestly in the best interests of the Company;
(2)	to exercise powers within the scope of his powers and not to exceed those powers;	(2) to exercise powers within the scope of his powers and not to exceed those powers;
(3)	to exercise the discretion vested in him/her and not allow himself/herself to act under the control of another and, unless and to the extent permitted by laws and administrative regulations or with the informed consent of informed shareholders in general meeting, not to delegate the exercise of such discretion;	(3) to exercise the discretion vested in him/ her and not allow himself/herself to act under the control of another and, unless and to the extent permitted by laws and administrative regulations or with the informed consent of informed shareholders in general meeting, not to delegate the exercise of such discretion;
(4)	to treat shareholders of the same class equally and to treat shareholders of different classes fairly;	(4) to treat shareholders of the same class equally and to treat shareholders of different classes fairly;
(5)	except as otherwise provided for in the Articles or with the informed consent of shareholders in a general meeting, not to enter into a contract, transaction or arrangement with the Company;	(5) except as otherwise provided for in the Articles or with the informed consent of shareholders in a general meeting, not to enter into a contract, transaction or arrangement with the Company;
(6)	without the informed consent of shareholders in a general meeting, not to use the Company's property for his own benefit;	(6) without the informed consent of shareholders in a general meeting, not to use the Company's property for his own benefit;

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
(7)	not to use his functions and powers as a means to accept bribes or any other unlawful income, not to expropriate in any way the Company's property, including (but not limited to) opportunities that may benefit the Company;	(7) not to use his functions and powers as a means to accept bribes or any other unlawful income, not to expropriate in any way the Company's property, including (but not limited to) opportunities that may benefit the Company;
(8)	without the informed consent of shareholders in a general meeting, not to accept commissions in connection with the Company's transactions;	(8) without the informed consent of shareholders in a general meeting, not to accept commissions in connection with the Company's transactions;
(9)	to observe the Articles, to discharge his responsibilities faithfully, to protect the Company's interest, and not to make use of his position, functions and powers in the Company to seek personal gains;	(9) to observe the Articles, to discharge his responsibilities faithfully, to protect the Company's interest, and not to make use of his position, functions and powers in the Company to seek personal gains;
(10)	without the informed consent of shareholders in a general meeting, not to compete with the Company in any way;	(10) without the informed consent of shareholders in a general meeting, not to compete with the Company in any way;
(11)	not to misappropriate the Company's funds or lend such funds to others, not to deposit the Company's assets in accounts opened in his/her own name or in any other persons' names and not to use the Company's assets as security for the debts of the Company's shareholders or other individuals; and	(11) not to misappropriate the Company's funds or lend such funds to others, not to deposit the Company's assets in accounts opened in his/her own name or in any other persons' names and not to use the Company's assets as security for the debts of the Company's shareholders or other individuals; and

	AI	RTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
(12)	in a conf Com her c	out the informed consent of shareholders general meeting, not to disclose any idential information relating to the pany that has been acquired by him/ luring his tenure at the Company, and	(12) Without the informed consent of shareholders in a general meeting, not to disclose any confidential information relating to the Company that has been acquired by him/her during his tenure
		to use the information except where losure of such information is in the	at the Company, and not to use the information except where disclosure of
	furth How the c autho	erance of the interests of the Company. ever, disclosure of such information to court or other governmental competent prities is permitted under the following mstances :	such information is in the furtherance of the interests of the Company. However, disclosure of such information to the court or other governmental competent authorities is permitted under the following circumstances :
	(i)	disclosure is made under compulsion of law;	(i) disclosure is made under compulsion of law;
	(ii) (iii)	as required for the interests of the public to disclose; or as required for the interests of such	(ii) as required for the interests of the public to disclose; or
	(111)	director, supervisor, general manager or other senior officers to disclose.	(iii) as required for the interests of such director, supervisor, general manager or other senior officers to disclose.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 197 Each director, manager or other senior officer of the Company shall act diligently to the Company in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and the Articles as follows:		Article 197 <u>68</u> Each director, manager or other senior officer of the Company shall act diligently to the Company, and shall exercise the reasonable <u>care normally expected of a manager in the best</u> interests of the Company in the performance of
(1)	to exercise the rights conferred by the Company in a prudent, serious, honest and diligent manner so as to ensure that the business activities of the Company are in compliance with the requirements of laws, administrative regulations and various economic policies of the State and do not fall outside the business scope of the Company as stated in the business license;	 their duties in accordance with the requirements of laws, administrative regulations and the Articles. Each director or senior officer shall act diligently to the Company as follows: (1) to exercise the rights conferred by the Company in a prudent, serious, honest and diligent manner so as to ensure that the business activities of the Company are in
(2) (3)	to treat all the shareholders in a fair manner; to understand the business operation and management of the Company in a timely manner;	compliance with the requirements of laws, administrative regulations and various economic policies of the State and do not fall outside the business scope of the Company as stated in the business license;
(4)	to sign a written confirmation in respect of regular reports of the Company, and to ensure the truthfulness, accuracy and completeness of the information disclosed by the Company;	 (2) to treat all the shareholders in a fair manner; (3) to understand the business operation and management of the Company in a timely manner;
(5)	to update the supervisory committee with relevant development and information according to facts, and not to hinder the supervisory committee or supervisors to exercise its/their functions and powers;	 (4) to sign a written confirmation in respect of regular reports of the Company, and to ensure the truthfulness, accuracy and completeness of the information disclosed by the Company; (5) to update the supervisory committee audit
(6)	other obligations to act diligently as required by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and the Articles.	(5) to update the supervisory committee <u>addit</u> <u>committee</u> with relevant development and information according to facts, and not to hinder the <u>supervisory committee</u> <u>audit</u> <u>committee</u> <u>or supervisors</u> to exercise its/ their functions and powers;
		 (6) other obligations to act diligently as required by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and the Articles.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 198 A director, supervisor, manager or other senior officer of the Company shall not cause the persons or organizations (herein referred to as "connected persons") set out below to do what he/ her is prohibited from doing:		Article 198 A director, supervisor, manager or other senior officer of the Company shall not cause the persons or organizations (herein referred to as "connected persons") set out below to do what he/her is prohibited from doing:
(1)	the spouse or minor children of such director, supervisor general manager or other senior officers of the Company;	(1) the spouse or minor children of such director, supervisor general manager or other senior officers of the Company;
(2)	a person acting in the capacity of trustee of such director, supervisor, manager or other senior officers of the Company or any person referred to in paragraphs (1) above;	(2) a person acting in the capacity of trustee of such director, supervisor, manager or other senior officers of the Company or any person referred to in paragraphs (1) above;
(3)	a person acting in the capacity of partner of such director, supervisor, manager or other senior officers of the Company or any person referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) above;	(3) a person acting in the capacity of partner of such director, supervisor, manager or other senior officers of the Company or any person referred to in paragraphs (1)
(4)	a company in which such director, supervisor, manager or other senior officers of the Company, alone or jointly with the persons referred to in paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) or other directors, supervisors, general managers and other senior officers of the Company, has de facto control;	 and (2) above; (4) a company in which such director, supervisor, manager or other senior officers of the Company, alone or jointly with the persons referred to in paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) or other directors, supervisors, general managers and other
(5)	a director, supervisor, general manager or other senior officers of the company being controlled as referred to in paragraph (4);	senior officers of the Company, has de facto control;
(6)	any person being considered as a connected person of the directors, supervisors, managers or other senior officers in accordance with	(5) a director, supervisor, general manager or other senior officers of the company being controlled as referred to in paragraph (4);
	Listing Rules.	(6) any person being considered as a connected person of the directors, supervisors, managers or other senior officers in accordance with Listing Rules.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 199 The duties of fidelity which the directors, supervisors, managers and other senior officers of the Company should discharge do not necessarily cease on the termination of their tenure. Other duties may continue for such period as fairness may require, depending on the time lapse between the termination and the act concerned and the circumstances and conditions under which the relationship with the Company terminated.	Article 1969 The duties of fidelity which the directors, supervisors, managers and other senior officers of the Company should discharge do not necessarily cease on the termination of their tenure. Other duties may continue for such period as fairness may require, depending on the time lapse between the termination and the act concerned and the circumstances and conditions under which the relationship with the Company terminated.
Article 200 Subject to the Article 55 of the Company, a director, supervisor, general manager or other senior officers of the Company may be relieved of liability for specific breaches of his/her duties by the informed consent of shareholders in general meeting.	Article 200 Subject to the Article 55 of the Company, a director, supervisor, general manager or other senior officers of the Company may be relieved of liability for specific breaches of his/her duties by the informed consent of shareholders in general meeting.
	Article 170 Where a director or senior officer causes any damage to others in the course of performing his/her duties, the Company shall be liable for compensation; where there is any intentionality or gross negligence, he/she shall also be liable for compensation.
	A director or senior officer shall be liable for any loss incurred by the Company due to his/her violation of the laws, administrative regulations, department rules and the Articles in the course of performing his/her duties.
	Article 171 The senior officer of the Company shall faithfully perform his/her duties and act in the best interests of the Company and all shareholders.
	Where any senior officer of the Company fails to faithfully perform his/her duties or breaches his/ her obligation of good faith and thereby causes damage to the interest of the Company and public shareholders, he/she shall be liable for compensation according to the laws.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 201 The external guarantee provided by the Company shall be in compliance with the following provisions:	Article 201 The external guarantee provided by the Company shall be in compliance with the following provisions:
(1) The Company shall not provide any guarantee for holding shareholders and other connected parties, any entity without legal personality or individuals who holds less than 50% of shares in the Company.	(1) The Company shall not provide any guarantee for holding shareholders and other connected parties, any entity without legal personality or individuals who holds less than 50% of shares in the Company.
(2) A Company shall not directly or indirectly make a loan to or provide any guarantee in connection with a loan made by the directors, supervisors, managers and other senior officers of its own or of its holding company, or make a loan or provide any guarantee in connection with any loan to a connected person of such director, supervisor, general manager or senior officer.	(2) A Company shall not directly or indirectly make a loan to or provide any guarantee in connection with a loan made by the directors, supervisors, managers and other senior officers of its own or of its holding company, or make a loan or provide any guarantee in connection with any loan to a connected person of such director, supervisor, general manager or senior officer.
 The preceding provision shall not be applicable to the following circumstances: (i) the provision of a loan or a guarantee for a loan by the Company to a subsidiary of Company; 	The preceding provision shall not be applicable to the following circumstances: (i) the provision of a loan or a guarantee for a loan by the Company to a subsidiary of Company;

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
(3)	 (ii) the provision of a loan or a guarantee for a loan or other sums by the Company under an employment contract which has been approved by shareholders in general meeting to provide funds by the Company to any of its directors, supervisors, general managers and other senior officers for the payment of the costs incurred by him/her for the purposes of the Company or his/her performance of duties in the Company. Upon providing external guarantee to a party, 	(ii) the provision of a loan or a guarantee for a loan or other sums by the Company under an employment contract which has been approved by shareholders in general meeting to provide funds by the Company to any of its directors, supervisors, general managers and other senior officers for the payment of the costs incurred by him/her for the purposes of the Company or his/ her performance of duties in the Company.
	the Company shall require such party to provide counter guarantee and such provider of the counter guarantee shall have the actual undertaking capacity.	(3) Upon providing external guarantee to a party, the Company shall require such party to provide counter guarantee and such provider of the counter guarantee shall have the actual undertaking capacity.
exter	cle 202 When the Company provides an rnal guarantee, the vouchee shall meet the wing standards of creditworthiness:	Article 202 When the Company provides an external guarantee, the vouchee shall meet the following standards of creditworthiness:
(1)	The enterprise with good operation with promising development prospects and profit;	(1) The enterprise with good operation with promising development prospects and profit;
(2)	The vouchee has good integrity and reputation; The vouchee has no delay in payment and	(2) The vouchee has good integrity and reputation;
	default interest owed to the bank in last guarantee provided by the Company.	(3) The vouchee has no delay in payment and default interest owed to the bank in last guarantee provided by the Company.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	icle 203 The approval procedures for the appany to provide external guarantees are as bws:	Article 203 The approval procedures for the Company to provide external guarantees are as follows:
(1)	The vouchee shall make a written application to the Company;	(1) The vouchee shall make a written application to the Company;
(2)	The financial department shall investigate into the creditworthiness information of the vouchee. The officer in charge of finance of the Company shall review the investigation report and express his/her opinions;	(2) The financial department shall investigate into the creditworthiness information of the vouchee. The officer in charge of finance of the Company shall review the investigation report and express his/her opinions;
(3)	The general manager shall review the opinions, investigation reports and relevant information submitted by the officer in charge of finance. If the general manager thinks that the vouchee complies with the creditworthiness standard prescribed by the Articles and it is necessary to provide guarantee therefor, such external guarantee item shall be submitted to the board of directors for review. If the general manager thinks that the vouchee does not comply with the creditworthiness standard prescribed by the Articles or it is not necessary to provide guarantee therefor, the general manager may reject the external guarantee or request for supplemental investigation.	(3) The general manager shall review the opinions, investigation reports and relevant information submitted by the officer in charge of finance. If the general manager thinks that the vouchee complies with the creditworthiness standard prescribed by the Articles and it is necessary to provide guarantee therefor, such external guarantee item shall be submitted to the board of directors for review. If the general manager thinks that the vouchee does not comply with the creditworthiness standard prescribed by the Articles or it is not necessary to provide guarantee therefor, the general manager may reject the external guarantee or request for
(4)	The board of directors or shareholders' general meeting shall review, approve and make public announcement.	 (4) The board of directors or shareholders' general meeting shall review, approve and make public announcement.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 204 The Company shall perform the obligations of making disclosure of the information of providing external guarantee in accordance with the Listing Rules and the relevant provisions of the Articles in a strict manner, and shall provide all external guarantee matters of the Company to the certified public accountant according to the regulations. The independent directors of the Company shall specifically state in the annual reports the accrual and current external guarantee of the Company and the implementation of such provisions and express their independent opinions therein.	Article 204 The Company shall perform the obligations of making disclosure of the information of providing external guarantee in accordance with the Listing Rules and the relevant provisions of the Articles in a strict manner, and shall provide all external guarantee matters of the Company to the certified public accountant according to the regulations. The independent directors of the Company shall specifically state in the annual reports the accrual and current external guarantee of the Company and the implementation of such provisions and express their independent opinions therein.
Article 205 A loan made by the Company in breach of the preceding Article shall be forthwith repayable by the recipient of the loan regardless of the terms of the loan.	Article 205 A loan made by the Company in breach of the preceding Article shall be forthwith repayable by the recipient of the loan regardless of the terms of the loan.
Chapter 15: FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING SYSTEM, PROFIT DISTRIBUTION AND INTERNAL AUDITING	Chapter 15 <u>3</u> : FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING SYSTEM, PROFIT DISTRIBUTION AND INTERNAL AUDITING
	Section 1: Financial and Accounting System
Article 206 The Company shall establish its own financial and accounting system in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and provisions of the relevant departments of the State.	Article 206172 The Company shall establish its own financial and accounting system in accordance with the laws, administrative regulations and provisions of the relevant departments of the State.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 207 The Company shall prepare financial reports at the end of each fiscal year. Such reports shall be examined and verified according to law.	Article 207173 The Company shall prepare financial reports at the end of each fiscal year. Such reports shall be examined and verified according to law. The Company shall submit and disclose its annual reports to the delegated authorities of CSRC, stock exchange and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange within four months from the end of each fiscal year, submit and disclose its interim reports to the delegated authorities of CSRC, stock exchange and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange within two months from the end of each fiscal year, submit and disclose its interim reports to the delegated authorities of CSRC, stock exchange and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange within two months from the end of the first half of each fiscal year, as well as submit quarterly reports to the delegated authorities of CSRC, stock exchange and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange within one month from the end of the first three months and the first nine months of each fiscal year. The aforementioned annual reports, interim reports, and quarterly reports are prepared in accordance with relevant laws, administrative regulations, and the provisions of the CSRC, the stock exchange and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.
Article 208 The board of directors of the Company shall place before the shareholders at each annual general meeting such financial reports as are required by relevant laws, administrative regulations and normative documents promulgated by the local government and the competent authorities to be prepared by the Company.	Article 208174 The board of directors of the Company shall place before the shareholders at each annual general shareholders' meeting such financial reports as are required by relevant laws, administrative regulations and normative documents promulgated by the local government and the competent authorities to be prepared by the Company.
Article 209 The financial reports of the Company shall be made available at the Company for inspection by shareholders at least 20 days prior to the date of the annual general meeting. Each shareholder of the Company shall be entitled to have access to the financial reports referred to in this Chapter.	Article 209 <u>175</u> The financial reports of the Company shall be made available at the Company for inspection by shareholders at least 20 days prior to the date of the annual general shareholders' meeting. Each shareholder of the Company shall be entitled to have access to the financial reports referred to in this Chapter.
Article 210 The Company's financial statements shall be prepared under the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises in the PRC.	Article 210 176 The Company's financial statements shall be prepared under the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises in the PRC.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 211 Any interim results or financial information published or disclosed by the Company shall be prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises in the PRC.	Article 211 Any interim results or financial information published or disclosed by the Company shall be prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises in the PRC.
Article 212 The Company shall submit to the CSRC and the relevant stock exchanges and publish the annual financial and accounting report within 4 months after the end of each accounting year; and submit to relevant agency of the CSRC and the relevant stock exchanges and publish an interim financial and accounting report within 2 months after the end of the first six months of each accounting year, and a quarterly financial statement within 1 months after the end of first three months and first nine months of each fiscal year.	Article 212 The Company shall submit to the CSRC and the relevant stock exchanges and publish the annual financial and accounting report within 4 months after the end of each accounting year; and submit to relevant agency of the CSRC and the relevant stock exchanges and publish an interim financial and accounting report within 2 months after the end of the first six months of each accounting year, and a quarterly financial statement within 1 months after the end of first three months and first nine months of each fiscal year.
Article 213 No books of account other than statutory accounting books may be established by the Company. The Company's assets shall not be deposited in any accounts opened in an individual's name.	Article 213177 No books of account other than statutory accounting books may be established by the Company. The Company's assets <u>funds</u> shall not be deposited in any accounts opened in an individual's name.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 214 The Company shall allocate 10% of the after-tax profit to the statutory common reserve of the Company when it distributes the after- tax profits of the current year, provided that the Company shall not be required to make any further allocation to the reserve fund once the accrued amount allocated has reached an amount equivalent to 50% of the registered capital of the Company.	Article 214178 The Company shall allocate 10% of the after-tax profit to the statutory common reserve of the Company when it distributes the after-tax profits of the current year, provided that the Company shall not be required to make any further allocation to the reserve fund once the accrued amount allocated has reached an amount equivalent to 50% of the registered capital of the Company.
If the Company's statutory common reserve is not enough to make up for the losses of the Company of the previous years, the current year's profits shall firstly be used for making up the losses before the statutory common reserve is drawn therefrom according to the provisions of the preceding paragraph.	If the Company's statutory common reserve is not enough to make up for the losses of the Company of the previous years, the current year's profits shall firstly be used for making up the losses before the statutory common reserve is drawn therefrom according to the provisions of the preceding paragraph.
After the allocation of an amount to the statutory common reserve from the after-tax profits, the Company may, by resolution of the general meeting, also allocate an amount to the other reserves from the after-tax profits.	After the allocation of an amount to the statutory common reserve from the after-tax profits, the Company may, by resolution of the general <u>shareholders</u> ' meeting, also allocate an amount to the other reserves from the after-tax profits.
After the losses have been made up and the common reserves have been drawn, the Company shall distribute the remaining after-tax profits in light of the proportions of shares held by shareholders. If the general meeting, in violation of the provisions	After the losses have been made up and the common reserves have been drawn, the Company shall distribute the remaining after-tax profits in light of the proportions of shares held by shareholders.
of the preceding paragraph, distributes the profits of shareholders before the losses are made up and the statutory common reserves are drawn, the profits distributed shall be refunded by shareholders to the Company.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
No profit distribution shall be made in respect of the shares held by the Company.	If the general shareholders' meeting, in violation of the Company Law provisions of the preceding paragraph, distributes the profits of shareholders before the losses are made up and the statutory common reserves are drawn, the profits distributed shall be refunded by shareholders to the Company:; if losses are caused to the Company, the shareholders and responsible directors and senior officers shall be liable for compensation. No profit distribution shall be made in respect of the shares held by the Company.
Article 215 Capital common reserve shall include the following amounts:	Article 215 <u>179</u> Capital common reserve shall include the following amounts:
(1) premium amount in excess of the par value of shares which have been issued;	(1) premium amount in excess of the par value of shares which have been issued;
(2) other sums required to be included in the capital common reserves by the finance competent authority of State Council.	(2) other sums required to be included in the capital common reserves by the finance competent authority of State Council.
	The premium received by the Company from the issuance of shares at a price exceeding the par value of the shares, the amount received from the issuance of no-par value shares that is not included in the registered capital, and other items that are required by the financial department of the State Council to be included in the capital reserve fund shall be included in the capital reserve fund of the Company.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	cle 216 The common reserves of the Company only be used for the following purposes:	Article 216180 The common reserves of the Company shall only be used for the following purposes:
(1)	Making up the losses, save that the capital reserve shall not be used to make up the loss of the Company.	(1) Making up the losses, save that the capital reserve shall not be used to make up the loss of the Company.
(2)	Increase of capital by conversion: The Company may, subject to a resolution of a general meeting, convert the common reserves into share capital by issuing new shares or increasing the par value of each share in proportion to the shareholders' existing shareholding. However, when the statutory common reserve is converted to increase share capital, the remaining statutory common reserve after such conversion shall be no less than twenty five (25%) percent of the registered capital;	 (2) Increase of capital by conversion: The Company may, subject to a resolution of a general meeting, convert the common reserves into share capital by issuing new shares or increasing the par value of each share in proportion to the shareholders' existing shareholding. However, when the statutory common reserve is converted to increase share capital, the remaining statutory common reserve after such conversion shall be no less than twenty_five (25%) percent of the registered capital;
(3)	Expansion in the scale of production and operation of the Company.	(3) Expansion in the scale of production and operation of the Company.
		The Company's common reserves shall be used to make up the Company's losses, expand the Company's business or increase the Company's registered capital.
		Where common reserves are used to make up for the Company's losses, the discretionary common reserves and statutory common reserves fund shall be used first; if the losses still cannot be made up, the capital common reserves fund may be used in accordance with the requirements.
		When statutory common reserves are converted into increased registered capital, the remaining of such statutory common reserves shall not be less than 25% of the Company's registered capital prior to such conversion.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 217 Unless otherwise approved by a special resolution of the general meeting, the Company shall only distribute dividends once a year. The distribution shall be carried out before June 30 of the next year. Upon consideration of the financial position of the Company by the board of directors, shareholders may, by an ordinary resolution, authorize the board of directors to declare and pay an interim dividend, subject to all relevant laws and administrative regulations.	Article 217 <u>181</u> Unless otherwise approved by a special resolution of the general meeting, the Company shall only distribute dividends once a year. The distribution shall be carried out before June 30 of the next year. Upon consideration of the financial position of the Company by the board of directors, shareholders may, by an ordinary resolution, authorize the board of directors to declare and pay an interim dividend, subject to all relevant laws and administrative regulations. After the profit distribution proposal was resolved at the Company's shareholders' meeting, or after the Company's board of directors formulated a specific plan in accordance with the conditions and upper limit of the next year's interim dividend distribution as considered and approved at the annual shareholders' meeting, the distribution of dividends (or shares) shall be completed within two months.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
proa	cle 218 The Company shall implement a ctive and stable profit distribution policy and ply with the following provisions:	Article 218182 The Company shall implement a proactive and stable profit distribution policy and comply with the following provisions:
(1)	Basic principle of the Company's profit distribution policy: The Company's profit distribution plan shall remain consistent and stable, whilst giving equal consideration to the Company's long-term interests, all shareholders' overall interests and satisfaction of the Company's needs of sustainable development. If a shareholder of the Company misappropriates any fund, the Company shall make a deduction from the cash dividend that the shareholder is entitled to receive, in order to reimburse the fund misappropriated by him/her.	(1) Basic principle of the Company's profit distribution policy: The Company's profit distribution plan shall remain consistent and stable, whilst giving equal consideration to the Company's long-term interests, all shareholders' overall interests and satisfaction of the Company's needs of sustainable development. If a shareholder of the Company misappropriates any fund, the Company shall make a deduction from the cash dividend that the shareholder is entitled to receive, in order to reimburse the fund misappropriated by him/her.
(2)	Particular contents of the Company's profit distribution policy: The Company shall distribute dividends in cash, shares or a combination of both, and when conditions for cash dividends are met, cash dividends take precedence over stock dividends. If the Company has sufficient resources, it may distribute interim profit.	(2) Particular contents of the Company's profit distribution policy: The Company shall distribute dividends in cash, shares or a combination of both, and when conditions for cash dividends are met, cash dividends take precedence over stock dividends. If the Company has sufficient resources, it may distribute interim profit.
durin payn Artio	shareholder does not collect his/her dividends ng the fixed period of time after the dividend nent date has been announced pursuant to these cles, the shareholder shall be deemed to have eited his/her entitlement to such dividends.	If a shareholder does not collect his/her dividends during the fixed period of time after the dividend payment date has been announced pursuant to these Articles, the shareholder shall be deemed to have forfeited his/her entitlement to such dividends.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Particular conditions for and percentage of the	Particular conditions for and percentage of the
Company's cash dividend distribution: Except	Company's cash dividend distribution: Except
under special circumstance, if the Company	under special circumstance, if the Company
makes profit and its accumulated undistributed	makes profit and its accumulated undistributed
profit is a positive figure in a year, the Company	profit is a positive figure in a year, the Company
shall distribute dividends in cash, and the profit	shall distribute dividends in cash, and the profit
distributed in cash each year shall not be less than	distributed in cash each year shall not be less than
10% of the distributable profit realized by the	10% of the distributable profit realized by the
holding company in that year.	holding company in that year.
The special circumstance means: The aggregate value of external investments, assets acquisitions or equipment purchases made by the Company in a particular year reaches or exceeds 10% of the Company's audited net assets for the most recent period.	The special circumstance means: The aggregate value of external investments, assets acquisitions or equipment purchases made by the Company in a particular year reaches or exceeds 10% of the Company's audited net assets for the most recent period.
Particular conditions for the Company's distribution	Particular conditions for the Company's distribution
of dividend in shares: When the Company's	of dividend in shares: When the Company's
operating condition is good and distributing	operating condition is good and distributing
dividends in shares is beneficial to the overall	dividends in shares is beneficial to the overall
interests of all shareholders of the Company, a	interests of all shareholders of the Company, a
proposal for distribution in shares can be made if	proposal for distribution in shares can be made if
the above conditions for cash dividend distribution	the above conditions for cash dividend distribution
can be satisfied.	can be satisfied.

ARTICLES C	OF ASSOCIATION
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- (3) Review procedure for the Company's profit distribution plan: The Company's profit distribution plan will be submitted to the Company's Board for review after being reviewed by the management. The Board will conduct sufficient discussion in respect of the rationality of the profit distribution plan and submit a resolution accordingly to the shareholders' general meeting for approval; where no distribution of cash dividends is made by the Company due to the special circumstance as prescribed in paragraph (2) of this Article, the Board will specifically provide explanations for not distributing cash dividends, particular purposes of the retained earnings of the Company, estimated income on investment and other matters, such explanatory statement will, after being reviewed by the independent director(s), be submitted to a shareholders' general meeting for review and will be disclosed on the media designated by the Company.
- (4) Adjustment or modification to the profit distribution policy of the Company: In the event that significant changes occur in the external operating environment or the Company's operating conditions, the Company may adjust or modify its profit distribution policy; the Board shall conduct detail discussion about the Company's adjustment or modification to the profit distribution policy and illustrate the reasons behind the adjustment in detail and prepare a report in writing, which will be submitted to a shareholders' general meeting for approval as a special resolution after been reviewed by the independent director(s). Online voting will be offered by the Company to the shareholders to vote on matters relating to adjustment or modification to the profit distribution policy.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

- (3)Review procedure for the Company's profit distribution plan: The Company's profit distribution plan will be submitted to the Company's Board for review after being reviewed by the management. The Board will conduct sufficient discussion in respect of the rationality of the profit distribution plan and submit a resolution accordingly to the shareholders' general meeting for approval; where no distribution of cash dividends is made by the Company due to the special circumstance as prescribed in paragraph (2) of this Article, the Board will specifically provide explanations for not distributing cash dividends, particular purposes of the retained earnings of the Company, estimated income on investment and other matters, such explanatory statement will, after being reviewed by the independent director(s), be submitted to a shareholders' general meeting for review and will be disclosed on the media designated by the Company.
- (4) Adjustment or modification to the profit distribution policy of the Company: In the event that significant changes occur in the external operating environment or the Company's operating conditions, the Company may adjust or modify its profit distribution policy; the Board shall conduct detail discussion about the Company's adjustment or modification to the profit distribution policy and illustrate the reasons behind the adjustment in detail and prepare a report in writing, which will be submitted to a shareholders' general meeting for approval as a special resolution after been reviewed by the independent director(s). Online voting will be offered by the Company to the shareholders to vote on matters relating to adjustment or modification to the profit distribution policy.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 219 Dividends of domestic invested shares shall be paid in Renminbi. Dividends or other distributions payable on foreign invested shares shall be denominated and declared in Renminbi, and paid in the currency of the place where such foreign invested shares are listed or in Renminbi. The Company may offer holders of foreign invested shares the option to receive dividends or other distributions in the currency of the place where the foreign invested shares are listed or in Renminbi.	Article 219183 Dividends of domestic invested shares shall be paid in Renminbi. Dividends or other distributions payable on foreign invested shares shall be denominated and declared in Renminbi, and paid in the currency of the place where such foreign invested shares are listed or in Renminbi. The Company may offer holders of foreign invested shares the option to receive dividends or other distributions in the currency of the place where the foreign invested shares are listed or in Renminbi.
Article 220 A Company shall appoint receiving agents on behalf of holders of overseas listed foreign invested shares to receive on behalf of such shareholders the dividends and all other payables distributed by the Company in respect of overseas listed foreign invested shares.	Article 220184 A Company shall appoint receiving agents on behalf of holders of overseas listed foreign invested shares to receive on behalf of such shareholders the dividends and all other payables distributed by the Company in respect of overseas listed foreign invested shares.
The receiving agents appointed by the Company shall meet the requirement of the local laws or the relevant rules of the stock exchange where such shares in the Company are listed.	The receiving agents appointed by the Company shall meet the requirement of the local laws or the relevant rules of the stock exchange where such shares in the Company are listed.
The receiving agents appointed by the Company in respect of overseas listed foreign invested shares listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange shall be a trust company registered under the Trustee Ordinance of Hong Kong.	The receiving agents appointed by the Company in respect of overseas listed foreign invested shares listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange shall be a trust company registered under the Trustee Ordinance of Hong Kong.
	Section 2: Internal Audit
Article 221 The Company shall implement internal auditing system and appoint professional auditing personnel for conducting internal auditing for and supervision of the financial revenues and expenditures and economic activities of the Company.	Article 221185 The Company shall implement internal auditing system and appoint professional auditing personnel for conducting internal auditing for and supervision of the financial revenues and expenditures and economic activities of the Company., which specifies the leadership system, responsibilities and authorization, staffing, funding guarantee, application of audit results and accountability for internal audit work.
	The internal audit system shall be implemented upon approval by the board of directors and shall be disclosed to the public.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 222 The internal auditing system and the duties of the auditing personnel of the Company shall be implemented upon approval of the board of directors. The person in charge of the audit shall account to and report the work to the board of directors.	Article 222 <u>186</u> The internal auditing system and the duties of the auditing personnel of the Company shall be implemented upon approval of the board of directors. The person in charge of the audit shall account to and report the work to the board of directors. The internal audit department of the Company shall supervise and inspect the Company's business activities, risk management, internal control, financial information and other matters.
	Article 187 The internal audit department is accountable to the board of directors. The internal audit department shall be subject to the supervision and guidance of the audit committee in the course of its supervision and inspection of the Company's business activities,
	risk management, internal control and financial information. The internal audit department shall immediately report directly to the audit committee when relevant major issues or clues are found.
	Article 188 The internal audit department shall be responsible for the specific organization and implementation of the Company's internal control evaluation. Based on the evaluation report issued by the internal audit department and reviewed by the audit committee, as well as relevant materials, the Company shall issue its annual internal control evaluation report.
	Article 189 When the audit committee communicates with external audit units such as accounting firms and national audit institution, the internal audit department shall actively cooperate and provide necessary support and collaboration.
	Article 190 The audit committee shall participate in the appraisal of the head of internal audit.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Chapter 16: APPOINTMENT OF AUDITOR	Chapter 16 APPOINTMENT OF AUDITOR Section 3: Appointment of Auditor
Article 223 The Company shall appoint an independent accounting firm which is in compliance with the relevant requirements of the PRC to audit the Company's annual financial reports and to review other financial reports of the Company, net assets verification and provide other relevant consultancy services.	Article 191223 The Company shall appoint an independent accounting firm which is in compliance with the relevant requirements of the PRC to audit the Company's annual financial reports and to review other financial reports of the Company, net assets verification and provide other relevant consultancy services.
For the purpose of the Articles of the Company, the accounting firm appointed by the Company shall be the auditor of the Company.	For the purpose of the Articles of the Company, the accounting firm appointed by the Company shall be the auditor of the Company.
The first accounting firm of the Company may be appointed at the inaugural meeting before the first annual general meeting. Such accounting firm so appointed shall hold office until the conclusion of the first annual general meeting. If the inaugural does not exercise its right under the preceding paragraph, it may be exercised by the board of directors.	The first accounting firm of the Company may be appointed at the inaugural meeting before the first annual general meeting. Such accounting firm so appointed shall hold office until the conclusion of the first annual general meeting. If the inaugural does not exercise its right under the preceding paragraph, it may be exercised by the board of directors.
Article 224 The term for the appointment of an auditor by the Company shall be from the end of the current general meeting to the end of the next general meeting, and such appointment may be renewed.	Article 224 <u>191</u> The term for the appointment of an auditor by the Company shall be from the end of the current general meeting to the end of the next general meeting, and such appointment The Company shall appoint an accounting firm that complies with the provisions of the Securities Law to conduct audits of financial statements, verification of net assets, and other related consulting services. The term of such appointment shall be one year and may be renewed.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 225 An auditor appointed by the Company shall have the following rights:	Article 225 An auditor appointed by the Company shall have the following rights:
 (1) the right of access at all times to the books,	(1) the right of access at all times to the books,
records or vouchers of the Company, and	records or vouchers of the Company,
the right to require the directors, general	and the right to require the directors,
manager or other senior officers of the	general manager or other senior officers
Company to provide any relevant information	of the Company to provide any relevant
and explanations;	information and explanations;
 (2) the right to require the Company to	(2) the right to require the Company to
take all reasonable steps to obtain from	take all reasonable steps to obtain from
its subsidiaries such information and	its subsidiaries such information and
explanations as are necessary for such	explanations as are necessary for such
accounting firm to perform its duties;	accounting firm to perform its duties;
 (3) the right to attend any shareholders' meetings	(3) the right to attend any shareholders'
and to receive all notices which shall be	meetings and to receive all notices which
received by any shareholders or other	shall be received by any shareholders or
communications relating to such meetings	other communications relating to such
and to be heard at such meetings on any	meetings and to be heard at such meetings
matter relating to its being the auditor of the	on any matter relating to its being the
Company.	auditor of the Company.
Article 226 The board of directors may appoint	Article 226 The board of directors may appoint
an accounting firm to fill any casual vacancy in	an accounting firm to fill any casual vacancy in
the office of an accounting firm before a general	the office of an accounting firm before a general
meeting is convened. But while such vacancy	meeting is convened. But while such vacancy
continues to exist, other surviving accounting firms	continues to exist, other surviving accounting
of the Company, if any, may still act.	firms of the Company, if any, may still act.
Article 227 The general meeting may by ordinary resolution dismiss any accounting firm before the expiration of its term of office, notwithstanding any agreement between the Company and the accounting firm, but without prejudice to its claims, if any, for compensation in respect of such dismissal.	Article 227 The general meeting may by ordinary resolution dismiss any accounting firm before the expiration of its term of office, notwithstanding any agreement between the Company and the accounting firm, but without prejudice to its claims, if any, for compensation in respect of such dismissal.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 228 The remuneration of an accounting firm or method of determination thereof shall be fixed by the shareholders' meeting through an ordinary resolution.	Article 228 The remuneration of an accounting firm or method of determination thereof shall be fixed by the shareholders' meeting through an ordinary resolution. The audit fee of an accounting firm shall be determined by the shareholders' meeting.
Article 229 Decisions to appoint, dismiss or not to renew the services of an accounting firm shall be made by the general meeting through an ordinary resolution.	Article 229192 Decisions to appoint; or dismiss or not to renew the services of an accounting firm shall be made by the general shareholders' meeting through an ordinary resolution. The board of directors shall not appoint an accounting firm prior to the decision of the shareholders' meeting.
Article 230 A Company which decides to dismiss or not to renew the services of an accounting firm shall give notice to such accounting firm seven days in advance. The accounting firm shall have the right to express its views at the general meeting. Where an accounting firm proposes termination of appointment thereof, it shall be under an obligation to inform the general meeting as to whether or not there is any irregularities of the Company.	Article 230193 A Company which decides to dismiss or not to renew the services of an accounting firm shall give notice to such accounting firm seven days in advance. The accounting firm shall have the right to express its views at the general meeting. The accounting firm shall be allowed to express its opinions during the voting on its dismissal at the Company's shareholders' meeting. Where an accounting firm proposes termination of appointment thereof, it shall be under an obligation to inform the general shareholders' meeting as to whether or not there is any irregularities of the Company.

	Al	RTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	AR	FICLI	ES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 231 Where a resolution at a general meeting is passed to appoint as accounting firm which is not being appointed currently, to fill any casual vacancy in the office of an accounting firm, to reappoint an accounting firm which was appointed by the board of directors to fill a casual vacancy, or to dismiss an accounting firm before the expiration of its term of office, the following provisions shall apply:		shar accor curre of an firm to fill firm	ehold unting ntly, t accou which a case before	H194 Where a resolution at a general ers' meeting is passed to appoint as g firm which is not being appointed to fill any casual vacancy in the office anting firm, to reappoint an accounting was appointed by the board of directors ual vacancy, or to dismiss an accounting the expiration of its term of office, the rovisions shall apply:	
(1)	notic share to be or ha firm	by of the proposal shall be sent before ce of general meeting is given to the cholders to the accounting firm proposed appointed or proposing to leave the post as left the post (including accounting s under dismissal, resignation and ement);	(1)	notic share to be or ha firm	by of the proposal shall be sent before ce of general meeting is given to the cholders to the accounting firm proposed appointed or proposing to leave the post as left the post (including accounting s under dismissal, resignation and ement);
(2)	repre notif share repre the fe	the accounting firm leaving makes esentations in writing and requests the fication thereof by the Company to the cholders, the Company shall (unless the esentations are received too late) adopt collowing measures:	(2)	repre notif share repre the fo	the accounting firm leaving makes esentations in writing and requests the ication thereof by the Company to the cholders, the Company shall (unless the esentations are received too late) adopt bollowing measures:
	(i)	in any notice of the resolution given to shareholders, state the fact of the representations made by the accounting firm leaving; and		(i)	in any notice of the resolution given to shareholders, state the fact of the representations made by the accounting firm leaving; and
	(ii)	send a copy of the representations as attached to notice of general meetings to each shareholder by the way prescribed by the Articles;		(ii)	send a copy of the representations as attached to notice of general meetings to each shareholder by the way prescribed by the Articles;

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION		AR	TICL	ES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
(3)	not l such repre	e accounting firm's representations have been sent under paragraph (2) above, accounting firm may request that the esentations be read out at the meeting may make further claims;	 (3) if the accounting firm's representations have not been sent under paragraph (2) above such accounting firm may request that the representations be read out at the meeting and may make further claims; 		
(4)		aditor who is leaving his post shall be ed to attend:	(4) an auditor who is leaving his post shall be entitled to attend:		č
	(i)	the general meeting at which its term of office would have expired;		(i)	the general meeting at which its term of office would have expired;
	(ii)	any general meeting at which the vacancy caused by its dismissal is to be filled; and		(ii)	any general meeting at which the vacancy caused by its dismissal is to be filled; and
	(iii)	any general meeting convened on its proposal of termination of appointment;		(iii)	any general meeting convened on its proposal of termination of appointment;
com and relat	and to receive all notices of, and other communications relating to, any such meeting, and may speak at any such meeting on any matter relating to its being the former public accounting firm of the Company.		comp and p relat	munic may sp ing to	ecceive all notices of, and other ations relating to, any such meeting, beak at any such meeting on any matter its being the former public accounting Company.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION		CLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
its p regis	Article 232 An accounting firm may resign from its position by depositing a written notice at the registered office of the Company. Such notice shall make representation of any of the following:		232195 An accounting firm may resign a position by depositing a written notice at stered office of the Company. Such notice ake representation of any of the following:
(1)	a statement to the effect that there are no circumstances relating to its resignation which it considers should be brought to the notice of the shareholders or creditors of the Company;	ci w	statement to the effect that there are no ircumstances relating to its resignation hich it considers should be brought to the otice of the shareholders or creditors of the ompany;
(2)	a statement of any such circumstances which shall be explained. Any such notice shall become effective on the date on which it is deposited at the domicile of the Company or on such later date as may be specified therein.	sł be de	statement of any such circumstances which hall be explained. Any such notice shall ecome effective on the date on which it is eposited at the domicile of the Company r on such later date as may be specified herein.
(3)	The Company shall, within 14 days upon receipt of a notice referred to in the preceding paragraph, send a copy of such notice to the relevant competent authority. If the notice contains a statement under paragraph (2) above, a copy of such notice shall be sent to the shareholders entitled to obtain a copy of the Company's financial report;	re pa re co at th	he Company shall, within 14 days upon ecceipt of a notice referred to in the preceding aragraph, send a copy of such notice to the elevant competent authority. If the notice ontains a statement under paragraph (2) pove, a copy of such notice shall be sent to be shareholders entitled to obtain a copy of the Company's financial report;
(4)	where the accounting firm's notice of resignation contains a statement under paragraph (2) above, it may, require the board of directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting for the purpose of such accounting firm's explanation of the circumstances relating to its termination of appointment.	re p th ey fc	there the accounting firm's notice of esignation contains a statement under aragraph (2) above, it may, require ne board of directors to convene an extraordinary general <u>shareholders'</u> meeting for the purpose of such accounting firm's explanation of the circumstances relating to s termination of appointment.
		it shall and cor books, account	e 196 The Company guarantees that provide the accounting firm with true nplete accounting vouchers, accounting financial accounting reports and other ting information without any objection, n or falsehood.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Chapter 17: MERGER AND DIVISION OF THE COMPANY	Chapter 17 <u>4</u> : MERGER AND DIVISION MERGER, DIVISION, CAPITAL INCREASE, CAPITAL REDUCTION, DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION OF THE COMPANY
	Section 1: Merger, Division, Capital Increase and Capital Reduction
Article 233 A merger of the Company may be effected through merger by absorption or merger by new establishment.	Article 233197 A merger of the Company may be effected through merger by absorption or merger by new establishment.
One company absorbing another company is a merger by absorption, and the company being absorbed shall be dissolved. Merger of two or more companies to establish a new company is a merger by new establishment, and the companies being consolidated shall be dissolved.	One company absorbing another company is a merger by absorption, and the company being absorbed shall be dissolved. Merger of two or more companies to establish a new company is a merger by new establishment, and the companies being consolidated shall be dissolved.
A proposal for the merger or division of the Company shall be proposed by the board of directors, and after such proposal has been approved in accordance with the procedures provided for in the Articles, it shall be submitted for examination and approval according to law. Shareholders who oppose the merger or division of the Company shall have the right to require the Company or the shareholders who are in favor of such proposal to purchase their shares at a fair price. The resolution approving the merger or division shall be compiled into a special document for inspection by shareholders.	A proposal for the merger or division of the Company shall be proposed by the board of directors, and after such proposal has been approved in accordance with the procedures provided for in the Articles, it shall be submitted for examination and approval according to law. Shareholders who oppose the merger or division of the Company shall have the right to require the Company or the shareholders who are in favor of such proposal to purchase their shares at a fair price. The resolution approving the merger or division shall be compiled into a special document for inspection by shareholders.
Copies of the document referred to above shall also be delivered by post or electronic means to the holders of overseas listed foreign invested shares.	Copies of the document referred to above shall also be delivered by post or electronic means to the holders of overseas listed foreign invested shares.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	Article 198 If the payment for a merger to be made by the Company does not exceed 10% of its net assets, a resolution of the shareholders' meeting is not required for the merger except as otherwise provided in the Articles. In cases where the Company's merger is not subject to a resolution of the shareholders' meeting according to the preceding paragraph, it shall be subject to a resolution of the board of directors.
Article 234 Where there is a company merger, the parties to the merger shall enter into a merger agreement, and prepare balance sheets and lists of property. The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days from the date of the resolution approving the merger and make announcements on newspaper(s) of the merger within 30 days of that date. The creditors may request the Company to settle liabilities or provide guarantees in respect thereof within 30 days from the receipt of the above notice or within 45 days after the announcements are made if no such notice is received. After the merger, the company which survives or is newly established shall succeed to the claims and obligations of all the parties to the merger.	 Article 234<u>199</u> Where there is a company merger, the parties to the merger shall enter into a merger agreement, and prepare balance sheets and lists of property. The Company shall notify its creditors within 10 days from the date of the resolution approving the merger and make announcements on newspaper(s) or the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System of the merger within 30 days of that date. The creditors may request the Company to settle liabilities or provide guarantees in respect thereof within 30 days from the receipt of the above notice or within 45 days after the announcements are made if no such notice is received. After During the merger, the eCompany which survives or is newly established shall succeed to the claims and obligations of all the parties to the merger.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 235 Where there is a company division, its property shall be divided accordingly.	Article 23500 Where there is a company division, its property shall be divided accordingly.
Where there is a company division, the parties to the division shall prepare balance sheets and lists of property. The Company shall notify its creditors within ten (10) days from the date of the resolution approving the division, and make announcements on newspaper(s) of the division within thirty (30) days from that date.	Where there is a company division, the parties to the division shall prepare balance sheets and lists of property. The Company shall notify its creditors within ten (10) days from the date of the resolution approving the division, and make announcements on newspaper(s) or the National Enterprise <u>Credit Information Publicity System</u> of the division within thirty (30) days from that date.
Unless otherwise agreed in writing between the Company and its creditors in relation to the repayment of debts before the division, the surviving companies after the division shall jointly assume the indebtedness of the Company which has been incurred before such division.	Unless otherwise agreed in writing between the Company and its creditors in relation to the repayment of debts before the division, the surviving companies after the division shall jointly assume the indebtedness of the Company which has been incurred before such division.
	Article 201 When the Company reduces its registered capital, it shall prepare a balance sheet and an inventory of assets.
	The Company shall notify creditors within ten days after adopting the resolution to reduce registered capital at the shareholders' meeting and publish an announcement in newspaper or National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System within thirty days. A creditor shall be entitled to, within thirty days after the receipt of written notice or, for those who have not received a written notice, within forty-five days after the date of first announcement, request the Company to repay its debts or provide a corresponding debt repaying guarantee.
	When the Company reduces its registered capital, it shall reduce the amount of capital contribution or shares in proportion to the shareholders' capital contribution or shareholding, unless otherwise provided by law or the Articles.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	Article 202 If the Company remains in a loss position after making up for its losses in accordance with the provisions of the second paragraph of Article 180 under the Articles hereof, it may reduce its registered capital to make up for the losses. If the registered capital is reduced to make up for the losses, the Company shall not make any distribution to the shareholders; nor shall the shareholders be exempted from the obligation to make capital contribution or payment for the shares.
	Where the registered capital is reduced in accordance with the preceding paragraph, the second paragraph of the Article 201 under the Articles shall not apply, but an announcement shall be made in a newspaper or on the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System within thirty (30) days from the date of the resolution on reduction of registered capital being made at the shareholders' meeting.
	After reducing its registered capital in accordance with the provisions of the preceding two paragraphs, the Company shall not distribute profits until the accumulated amount of the statutory common reserves and discretionary common reserves reaches 50% of the Company's registered capital.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	Article 203 In case of reduction of registered capital in violation of the Company Law and other relevant provisions, the shareholders shall return the funds so received, and the reduced capital contribution of the shareholders shall be restored to its original amount; in case of losses caused to the Company, the shareholders and the responsible directors and senior officers shall be liable for compensation.
	Article 204 Where an increase in registered capital of the Company is made by means of issue of new shares, the shareholders do not have any pre-emptive right unless the Articles provides otherwise or the shareholders' meeting resolves that the shareholders shall have pre-emptive right.
Article 236 Where the merger or division of the Company involves changes in its registered particulars, such changes shall be registered with the company registration authority according to law. Where the Company is dissolved, it shall cancel its registration according to law. Where a new company is established, its establishment shall be registered according to law.	Article 23605 Where the merger or division of the Company involves changes in its registered particulars, such changes shall be registered with the company registration authority according to law. Where the Company is dissolved, it shall cancel its registration according to law. Where a new company is established, its establishment shall be registered according to law.
	The increase or decrease in the registered capital of the Company shall be registered with the Company's registration authority according to law.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
Chapter 18: DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION OF THE COMPANY		Chapter 18: DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION OF THE COMPANY Section 2: Dissolution and Liquidation	
	cle 237 The Company shall be dissolved due e following reasons:	Article 23706 The Company shall be dissolved due to the following reasons:	
(1)	the operation term of the Company stipulated by the Articles expires or the occurrence of other events for the dissolution of the Company stipulated by the Articles;	 (1) the operation term of the Company stipulated by the Articles expires or the occurrence of other events for the dissolution of the Company stipulated by the Articles; 	
(2)	the shareholders' meeting resolves to dissolve the Company;	(2) the shareholders' meeting resolves to dissolve the Company;	
(3)	dissolution of the Company is necessary as a result of a merger or division thereof;	(3) dissolution of the Company is necessary as a result of a merger or division thereof;	
(4)	the Company has its business license revoked according to laws, or is lawfully ordered to close down or revoked;	(4) the Company has its business license revoked according to laws, or is lawfully ordered to close down or revoked;	
(5)	the Company has experienced major difficulties in business operation and management, and the continuous operation thereof would cause substantial loss to the interest of its shareholders. In the event that the same cannot be solved by other means, shareholders representing 10% or more of all shareholder voting rights of the Company may request the People's Court to dissolve the Company.	(5) the Company has experienced major difficulties in business operation and management, and the continuous operation thereof would cause substantial loss to the interest of its shareholders. In the event that the same cannot be solved by other means, shareholders representing 10% or more of all shareholder voting rights of the Company may request the People's Court to dissolve the Company.	
		The Company shall, within ten (10) days of the occurrence of the reasons for dissolution as stipulated in the preceding paragraph, disclose the reasons for dissolution on the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 238 Where the Company falls within the circumstances set forth in paragraph (1) of the preceding Article, it shall continue to exist by making amendments to the Articles.The amendments to the Articles in accordance with the preceding paragraph shall be approved by two thirds or more of the voting rights held by the shareholders attending the general meeting.	Article 23807 Where the Company falls within the circumstances set forth in paragraph (1) or (2) of the preceding Article and has not distributed any property to shareholders, it shall continue to exist by making amendments to the Articles or by resolution of the shareholders' meeting. The amendments to the Articles or resolutions made at the shareholders' meeting in accordance with the preceding paragraph shall be approved by two thirds or more of the voting rights held by the shareholders attending the general shareholders' meeting.
Article 239 Where the Company is to be dissolved pursuant to paragraphs (1), (2), (4) and (5) of Article 237 of the Articles, it shall establish a liquidation committee within 15 days after the occurrence of the cause(s) of dissolution to commence the liquidation. The liquidation committee shall compose of the personnel determined by directors or the shareholders' general meeting. If the Company fails to establish the liquidation committee within the given period of time to conduct the liquidation, the creditors may apply to the People's Court to designate the relevant personnel to form a liquidation committee for liquidation.	Article 23908 Where the Company is to be dissolved pursuant to paragraphs (1), (2), (4) and (5) of Article 237 of the Articles, it shall be liquidated. The directors shall be the liquidators of the Company, it they shall establish a liquidation committee within 15 days after the occurrence of the cause(s) of dissolution to commence the liquidation. The liquidation committee shall compose of the personnel determined by directors or the shareholders' general meeting. If the Company fails to establish the liquidation committee within the given period of time to conduct the liquidation, the creditors may apply to the People's Court to designate the relevant personnel to form a liquidation committee for liquidation. o

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
 Article 240 Where the board of directors proposes to liquidate the Company (other than because of a declaration of bankruptcy), the board shall, in the notice convening a general meeting to consider the proposal, include a statement to the effect that a thorough investigation has been made into the affairs of the Company by the board of directors, and the board is of the opinion that the Company shall be able to settle its debts in full within twelve (12) months from the commencement of the liquidation. Upon the passing of a resolution on the liquidation of the Company by the shareholders in general meeting, all functions and powers of the board of directors of the Company shall cease. The liquidation committee shall take instructions 	Article 240 Where the board of directors proposes to liquidate the Company (other than because of a declaration of bankruptcy), the board shall, in the notice convening a general meeting to consider the proposal, include a statement to the effect that a thorough investigation has been made into the affairs of the Company by the board of directors, and the board is of the opinion that the Company shall be able to settle its debts in full within twelve (12) months from the commencement of the liquidation. Upon the passing of a resolution on the liquidation of the Company by the shareholders in general meeting, all functions and powers of the board of directors of the Company shall cease.
from the general meeting, and shall make a report at least once a year to the general meeting on the committee's receipts and payments, the business of the Company and the progress of liquidation. It shall also make a final report to the general meeting upon completion of the liquidation.	The liquidation committee shall take instructions from the general meeting, and shall make a report at least once a year to the general meeting on the committee's receipts and payments, the business of the Company and the progress of liquidation. It shall also make a final report to the general meeting upon completion of the liquidation.
Article 241 A liquidation committee shall notify creditors within 10 days from the date of its establishment and make announcements on newspaper(s) of liquidation within 60 days from such establishment date.	Article 24109 A liquidation committee shall notify creditors within 10 days from the date of its establishment and make announcements on newspaper(s) or the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System of liquidation within 60 days from such establishment date.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION		AR	FICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
their recei anno	cle 242 Creditors are entitled to declare creditors' claim within 30 days from the pt of the notice, or within 45 days from the suncement date if such creditors have not ved the notice.	their receij anno	le 24210 Creditors are entitled to declare creditors' claim within 30 days from the pt of the notice, or within 45 days from the uncement date if such creditors have not yed the notice.
speci prod	n creditors declare their claims, they shall ify the items to which their rights relate and uce evidence to such effect. Claims shall be tered by the liquidation committee.	When creditors declare their claims, they shall specify the items to which their rights relate an produce evidence to such effect. Claims shall b registered by the liquidation committee.	
	ing the period of declaring claims, the dation committee shall not settle any claims to tors.	During the period of declaring claims, the liquidation committee shall not settle any claims to creditors.	
exerc	cle 243 A liquidation committee shall sise the following functions and powers during quidation:	Article 243 <u>11</u> A liquidation committee sha exercise the following functions and powers durin the liquidation:	
(1)	to sort out the property of the Company, and prepare balance sheets and lists of property respectively;	(1)	to sort out the property of the Company, and prepare balance sheets and lists of property respectively;
(2)	to notify creditors by notice or public announcement;	(2)	to notify creditors by notice or public announcement;
(3)	to dispose of and liquidate any relevant unfinished business of the Company;	(3)	to dispose of and liquidate any relevant unfinished business of the Company;
(4)	to pay all outstanding taxes and the taxes incurred in the process of liquidation;	(4)	to pay all outstanding taxes and the taxes incurred in the process of liquidation;
(5)	to sort out all claims and debts;	(5)	to sort out all claims and debts;
(6)	to dispose of the Company's residual property after full payment of its debts; and	(6)	to dispose of the Company's residual property after full payment of its debts; and
(7)	to take part in civil litigations on behalf of the Company.	(7)	to take part in civil litigations on behalf of the Company.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 244 fter a liquidation committee has sorted out the Company's property and prepared balance sheets and lists of property, it shall formulate a liquidation plan to be submitted for confirmation by the general meeting or the relevant competent authority.	Article 244 <u>12</u> After a liquidation committee has sorted out the Company's property and prepared balance sheets and lists of property, it shall formulate a liquidation plan to be submitted for confirmation by the general shareholders' meeting or the relevant competent authority People's Court.
Payment of debts out of the Company's property	Payment of debts out of the Company's property
shall be made in the order (paying off the	shall be made in the order (paying off the
liquidation expenses, wages of employees, social	liquidation expenses, wages of employees, social
insurance premiums and statutory compensation,	insurance premiums and statutory compensation,
payment of outstanding taxes and payment of the	payment of outstanding taxes and payment of the
company debts) of priority prescribed by applicable	company debts) of priority prescribed by applicable
laws, rules and regulations or, where no such law	laws, rules and regulations or, where no such law
exists, as the liquidation committee considers fair	exists, as the liquidation committee considers fair
and proper.	and proper.
The remaining property of the Company after	The remaining property of the Company after
payments have been made according the previous	payments have been made according the previous
paragraph shall be distributed to its shareholders	paragraph shall be distributed to its shareholders
according to the class and proportion of their	according to the class and proportion of their
shareholdings.	shareholdings.
During the term of liquidation, the company	During the term of liquidation, the company
continues to exist, but may not carry out any	continues to exist, but may not carry out any
business operation that is unrelated to the	business operation that is unrelated to the
liquidation. None of the properties of the company	liquidation. None of the properties of the company
may be distributed to any shareholder before being	may be distributed to any shareholder before being
applied in clearing off as stated in the preceding	applied in clearing off as stated in the preceding
paragraph.	paragraph.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 245 If a Company is liquidated for the reason of dissolution and the liquidation committee finds, having sorted out the Company's property and prepared balance sheets and lists of property, that the Company's property is insufficient to pay its debts in full, the committee shall immediately apply to the People's Court for a declaration of bankruptcy.	Article 24513 If a Company is liquidated for the reason of dissolution and the liquidation committee finds, having sorted out the Company's property and prepared balance sheets and lists of property, that the Company's property is insufficient to pay its debts in full, the committee shall immediately apply to the People's Court for a declaration of bankruptcy.
After the People's Court has ruled that a declaration of bankruptcy to be made in respect of the Company, the liquidation committee shall turn over the affairs of the liquidation to the People's Court.	After the People's Court has ruled that a declaration of bankruptcy to be made in respect of the Company, the liquidation committee shall turn over the affairs of the liquidation to <u>the bankruptcy</u> <u>administrator designated by</u> the People's Court.
Article 246 Following the completion of liquidation of the Company, the liquidation committee shall formulate a liquidation report, report it to the general meeting or the People's Court for confirmation and submit it to the Company's registration authority, apply for cancellation of the Company's registration and publicly announce the termination of the Company.	Article 24614 Following the completion of liquidation of the Company, the liquidation committee shall formulate a liquidation report, report it to the general shareholders' meeting or the People's Court for confirmation and submit it to the Company's registration authority, apply for cancellation of the Company's registration and publicly announce the termination of the Company.
Article 247 The members of the liquidation committee shall be loyal in discharge of their duties and shall perform their liquidation obligations according to the laws.	Article 247 <u>15</u> The members of the liquidation committee shall be loyal in discharge of their duties and shall perform their liquidation obligations according to the laws.
Members of a liquidation committee shall not take advantage of their official positions to accept bribes or other illegal income, and shall not expropriate the property of the Company.	Members of a liquidation committee shall not take advantage of their official positions to accept bribes or other illegal income, and shall not expropriate the property of the Company.
If a member of the liquidation committee willfully or through gross misconduct causes loss to the Company or its creditors, he/she shall be liable for indemnification.	If a member of the liquidation committee failing to perform his/her liquidation duties causes losses to the Companys, he/she shall be liable for indemnification; and Hif a member of the liquidation committee willfully or through gross misconduct causes loss to the Company or its creditors, he/she shall be liable for indemnification.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 248 When a company is adjudged bankrupt in accordance with the law, bankruptcy liquidation shall be conducted according to the relevant enterprise bankrupt laws.	Article 248 <u>16</u> When a company is adjudged bankrupt in accordance with the law, bankruptcy liquidation shall be conducted according to the relevant enterprise bankrupt laws.
Chapter 19: PROCEDURES FOR MAKING AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES	Chapter 19 <u>5</u> : PROCEDURES FOR MAKING AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES
Article 249 The Company may amend the Articles according to laws, administrative regulations and the requirements of the Articles.	Article 249 <u>1</u> 7 The Company may amend the Articles according to laws, administrative regulations and the requirements of the Articles.
	<u>Under any of the following circumstances, the</u> <u>Company shall amend the Articles:</u>
	(1) after amendment has been made to the <u>Company Law or relevant laws and</u> administrative regulations, the contents of the Article are in conflict with the amended <u>laws or administrative regulations;</u>
	(2) the changes that the Company have undergone are inconsistent with the records made in the Articles;
	(3) the shareholders' meeting has resolved to amend the Articles.
Article 250 Amendments to the Articles passed by resolutions at the shareholders' general meeting shall be subject to the approval of the competent authorities, and shall be submitted to the competent authorities for approval; Where the amendments relate to registered particulars of the Company, those particulars shall be amended according to law.	Article 25018 Amendments to the Articles passed by resolutions at the shareholders' general meeting shall be subject to the approval of the competent authorities, and shall be submitted to the competent authorities for approval; Where the amendments relate to registered particulars of the Company, those particulars shall be amended according to law.
Article 251 The board of directors shall amend the Articles in accordance with the resolutions of the general meeting for amendments made to the Articles and the opinions of examination and approval of the competent authorities.	Article 25119 The board of directors shall amend the Articles in accordance with the resolutions of the general shareholders' meeting for amendments made to the Articles and the opinions of examination and approval of the competent authorities.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 252 The amendments of the Articles which shall be subject to disclosure as required by the laws, rules and regulations shall be disclosed accordingly.	Article 25220 The amendments of the Articles which shall be subject to disclosure as required by the laws, rules and regulations shall be disclosed accordingly.
Chapter 20: SPECIAL PROVISIONS	Chapter 2016: SPECIAL PROVISIONS
Article 253 The Company accepts orders from the State for military products, and ensures that the national military scientific research and production tasks are completed in accordance with the required schedule, quality and quantity.	Article 25321 The Company accepts orders from the State for military products, and ensures that the national military scientific research and production tasks are completed in accordance with the required schedule, quality and quantity.
Article 254 The Company strictly implements laws and regulations on national security and confidentiality, practicably defines the confidentiality responsibilities of involved shareholders, directors, supervisors, senior management and intermediary agencies through the establishment of a confidential work system, a confidentiality accountability system, and a military products information disclosure review system, and accepts the supervision and inspection of relevant security and confidential departments, ensuring the security of national secrets.	Article 25422 The Company strictly implements laws and regulations on national security and confidentiality, practicably defines the confidentiality responsibilities of involved shareholders, directors, supervisors, senior management and intermediary agencies through the establishment of a confidential work system, a confidentiality accountability system, and a military products information disclosure review system, and accepts the supervision and inspection of relevant security and confidential departments, ensuring the security of national secrets.
Article 255 The Company strictly abides by the administration regulations governing the key equipment and facilities of the military industry, and strengthens the registration and disposal management of key military equipment and facilities, to ensure the safe, complete and effective utilization of key military equipment and facilities.	Article 25523 The Company strictly abides by the administration regulations governing the key equipment and facilities of the military industry, and strengthens the registration and disposal management of key military equipment and facilities, to ensure the safe, complete and effective utilization of key military equipment and facilities.
Article 256 The Company strictly abides by the administration regulations governing the scientific research and production of weaponry.	Article 25624 The Company strictly abides by the administration regulations governing <u>the</u> <u>filing management of</u> the scientific research and production of weaponry.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 257 The Company adopts review and approval procedures for matters such as the application, enforcement, transfer, confidentiality, and decryption of national defense patents pursuant to the provisions concerning national defense patents to protect the same.	Article 25725 The Company adopts review and approval procedures for matters such as the application, enforcement, transfer, confidentiality, and decryption of national defense patents pursuant to the provisions concerning national defense patents to protect the same.
Article 258 When the amendment or approval of new Articles of Association involves special provisions, relevant legal procedures shall be performed upon approval by relevant authorities of science, technology and industry for national defense of the State Council.	Article 25826 When the amendment or approval of new Articles of Association involves special provisions, relevant legal procedures shall be performed upon approval by relevant authorities of science, technology and industry for national defense of the State Council. 第
Article 259 The Company abides by the provisions of the Law of the People's Republic of China on National Defense and the Law of National Defense Mobilization of the People's Republic of China, completes the mobilization task as required by the order of national mobilization issued by the State; accepts the requisition of relevant assets according to the law.	Article 25927 The Company abides by the provisions of the Law of the People's Republic of China on National Defense and the Law of National Defense Mobilization of the People's Republic of China, completes the mobilization task as required by the order of national mobilization issued by the State; accepts the requisition of relevant assets according to the law.
Article 260 Prior to the change of the controlling shareholder, the Company, the former controlling shareholder and the new controlling shareholder shall respectively apply to the authorities of science, technology and industry for national defense of the State Council for the execution of the review and approval procedures; the Company shall file with the authorities of science, technology and industry for national defense of the State Council for the change of chairman and general manager, the dismissal and re-designation of key military industry scientific research professionals and experts; the engagement of overseas independent directors or employment of foreigners by the Company shall be reported to the authorities of science, technology and industry for national defense of the State Council for consideration and approval in advance; in case the acquirer of a material acquisition gets hold of over 5% (including 5%) independently or jointly with other parties acting in concert, the acquirer must file with the authorities of science, technology and industry for national defense of the State Council.	Article 26028 Prior to the change of the controlling shareholder, the Company, the former controlling shareholder and the new controlling shareholder shall respectively apply to the authorities of science, technology and industry for national defense of the State Council for the execution of the review and approval procedures; the Company shall file with the authorities of science, technology and industry for national defense of the State Council for the change of chairman and general manager, the dismissal and re-designation of key military industry scientific research professionals and experts; the engagement of overseas independent directors or employment of foreigners by the Company shall be reported to the authorities of science, technology and industry for national defense of the State Council for consideration and approval in advance; in case the acquirer of a material acquisition gets hold of over 5% (including 5%) independently or jointly with other parties acting in concert, the acquirer must file with the authorities of science, technology and industry for national defense of the State Council.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Article 261 The assets formed by investment in military fixed asset by the State by way of capital contribution will be held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd. in the form of state-owned equity, state-owned bonds or solely state-owned capital reserve.	Article 26129 The assets formed by investment in military fixed asset by the State by way of capital contribution will be held by Anshan Iron & Steel Group Co. Ltd. in the form of state-owned equity, state-owned bonds or solely state-owned capital reserve.
Chapter 21: RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES	Chapter 217: RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES
Article 262 (1) Whenever any disputes or claims concerning the affairs of the Company arise from the rights and obligations under the Articles, the Company Law and the Special Regulations and any other relevant laws and administrative regulations; (a) between a holder of overseas listed foreign invested shares and the Company, (b) between a holder of overseas listed foreign invested shares and a director, supervisor, general manager or other senior management personnel of the Company; or (c) between a holder of overseas listed foreign invested shares and a holder of domestic invested shares, the parties concerned shall refer such disputes or claims to arbitration.	Article 26230 (1) Whenever any disputes or claims concerning the affairs of the Company arise from the rights and obligations under the Articles, the Company Law and the Special Regulations and any other relevant laws and administrative regulations; (a) between a holder of overseas listed foreign invested shares and the Company, (b) between a holder of overseas listed foreign invested shares and a director, supervisor, general manager or other senior management personnel of the Company; or (c) between a holder of overseas listed foreign invested shares and a holder of overseas listed regulation invested shares and a holder of overseas listed foreign invested shares and a holder of overseas listed foreign invested shares and a holder of overseas listed foreign invested shares and a holder of overseas listed foreign invested shares and a holder of domestic invested shares, the parties concerned shall refer such disputes or claims to arbitration.
Where such dispute or claim is referred to arbitration, the entire dispute or claim shall be referred to. All persons (being the Company or the shareholders, directors, supervisors, general manager or other senior, management personnel of the Company) who have a cause of action based on the same facts giving rise to the dispute or claim or whose participation is necessary for resolving such dispute or claim shall submit to the arbitration.	Where such dispute or claim is referred to arbitration, the entire dispute or claim shall be referred to. All persons (being the Company or the shareholders, directors, supervisors, general manager or other senior, management personnel of the Company) who have a cause of action based on the same facts giving rise to the dispute or claim or whose participation is necessary for resolving such dispute or claim shall submit to the arbitration.
Disputes regarding the definition of shareholders and the register of shareholders need not be resolved by arbitration.	Disputes regarding the definition of shareholders and the register of shareholders need not be resolved by arbitration.

	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)	
(2)	Disputes or claims referred to arbitration may be heard, at the option of the claimant, at the China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Centre in accordance with its rules or the Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre in accordance with its Securities Arbitration Rules. Once the claimant refers a dispute or claim to arbitration, the other party must submit to the arbitral body chosen by the claimant.	(2) Disputes or claims referred to arbitration may be heard, at the option of the claimant, at the China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Centre in accordance with its rules or the Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre in accordance with its Securities Arbitration Rules. Once the claimant refers a dispute or claim to arbitration, the other party must submit to the arbitral body chosen by the claimant.	
claim Arbi such the S	e claimant chooses to refer the dispute or n to arbitration at the Hong Kong International tration Centre, either party may apply for hearing to be conducted in Shenzhen under Securities Arbitration Rules of the Hong Kong national Arbitration Centre.	If the claimant chooses to refer the dispute of claim to arbitration at the Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre, either party may apply for such hearing to be conducted in Shenzhen unde the Securities Arbitration Rules of the Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre.	
(3)	Unless it is otherwise provided for by laws and administrative regulations, laws of the PRC shall apply to the resolution of any dispute or claim mentioned in item (1) above by arbitration.	 Unless it is otherwise provided for by laws and administrative regulations, laws of the PRC shall apply to the resolution of any dispute or claim mentioned in item (1) above by arbitration. 	
(4)	Awards made by an arbitral body shall be final and binding on all parties.	(4) Awards made by an arbitral body shall be final and binding on all parties.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Chapter 22: NOTICES AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

Article 263 Unless otherwise provided by the relevant laws and regulations, the listing rules of the place where the Company is listed and the Articles in respect of the means of receipt of corporate communication, notices, communications or other written documents of the Company (including but not limited to annual reports, interim reports, quarterly reports, notices of meetings, listing documents, circulars, proxy forms and interim announcements) shall be sent by the following means:

- (1) by hand;
- (2) by mail;
- (3) by fax, email or other electronic form or information carriers;
- subject to laws, administrative regulations and relevant provisions of securities regulatory authority of the place where the Company is listed, by publishing on the website designated by the Company and the stock exchange;
- (5) by announcement on one national newspaper which has been approved by the State Council Securities Policy Committee and other designated media;
- (6) by other means acceptable to securities regulatory authority of the place where the Company is listed.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)

Chapter 22<u>18</u>: NOTICES AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

Article 2631 Unless otherwise provided by the relevant laws and regulations, the listing rules of the place where the Company is listed and the Articles in respect of the means of receipt of corporate communication, notices, communications or other written documents of the Company (including but not limited to annual reports, interim reports, quarterly reports, notices of meetings, listing documents, circulars, proxy forms and interim announcements) shall be sent by the following means:

- (1) by hand;
- (2) by mail;
- (3) by fax, email or other electronic form or information carriers;
- subject to laws, administrative regulations and relevant provisions of securities regulatory authority of the place where the Company is listed, by publishing on the website designated by the Company and the stock exchange;
- (5) by announcement on one national newspaper which has been approved by the State Council Securities Policy Committee and other designated media;
- (6) by other means acceptable to securities regulatory authority of the place where the Company is listed.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
Notwithstanding the requirements in relation to the means of sending notice, communications or othe documents set out in this Articles, the Company may use the means set out in sub-section (4) of this article to replace the use of personal deliver or prepaid airmail to holders of overseas liste foreign invested shares, provided that the listin rules issued at the listing place of the Company is complied with. However, the holders of overseas listed foreign invested shares of the Company may also choose in writing to receive a printed copy of the Company's communications by mail.	means of sending notice, communications or other documents set out in this Articles, the Company may use the means set out in sub-section (4) of this article to replace the use of personal delivery or prepaid airmail to holders of overseas listed foreign invested shares, provided that the listing rules issued at the listing place of the Company is complied with. However, the holders of overseas listed foreign invested shares of the Company may
Chapter 23: MISCELLANEOUS	Chapter 2319: MISCELLANEOUS
 Article 264 Definitions (1) The controlling shareholder shall refer t a shareholder who holds ordinary share (including preferred shares with votin) rights restored)representing 50% or more o the total share capital of the Company, or shareholder having sufficient voting righ in respect of the shares who holds to pos a significant influence on the resolutions o the shareholders' general meetings despit holding less than 50% of the total shar capital of the Company. (2) The actual controller shall refer to anyon 	a shareholder who holds ordinary shares (including preferred shares with voting rights restored) representing 50% or more of the total share capital of the Company, or a shareholder having sufficient voting right in respect of the shares who holds to pose a significant influence on the resolutions of the shareholders' general meetings despite holding less than 50% of the total share capital of the Company.
 (2) The actual controller shall refer to anyon who is not a shareholder but is able to hol- actual control of the acts of the Company b means of investment relations, agreements of any other arrangements. 	who is not a shareholder but is able to hold actual control of the acts of the Company by
(3) The connected relationship shall refer to the relationship between the controlling shareholder, actual controller, director supervisor, or senior officers of the Company and the enterprise directly or indirectly controlled thereby, and other relationship that may lead to the transfer of interest of the Company. However, the enterprise controlled by the State do not incur connection relationship only for their bein under common control by the State.	the relationship between the controlling shareholder, actual controller, director, supervisor, or senior officers of the Company and the enterprise directly or indirectly controlled thereby, and other relationships that may lead to the transfer of interests of the Company. However, the enterprises controlled by the State do not

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION (AMENDED)
	(4) Where laws, administrative regulations, the Listing Rules of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, etc. provide otherwise for the above interpretations, such provisions shall prevail.
Article 265 These Articles are written in Chinese and English. Both versions shall be equally valid; in case of any discrepancy, the latest Chinese version of the Articles as verified and registered by Angang Steel Co., Ltd. shall prevail.	Article 26533 These Articles are written in Chinese and English. Both versions shall be equally valid; in case of any discrepancy, the latest Chinese version of the Articles as verified and registered by Angang Steel Co., Ltd. shall prevail.
Article 266 "More than", "within", "less than" in these Articles shall include the mentioned number; "under", "apart from", "below" and "above" shall exclude the mentioned number. 第	Article 26634 "More than", "within", "less than" in these Articles shall include the mentioned number; "under", "apart from", "below" and "above" shall exclude the mentioned number.
Article 267 These Articles shall be interpreted by the board of directors of the Company.	Article 267 <u>35</u> These Articles shall be interpreted by the board of directors of the Company.
Article 268 The appendix to these Articles shall include rules of shareholders' meetings, board meetings and supervisory committee meetings.	Article 268 <u>36</u> The appendix to these Articles shall include rules of shareholders' meetings; and board meetings and supervisory committee meetings.
Article 269 These Articles shall be implemented from the date of issuance.	Article 26937 These Articles shall be implemented from the date of issuance.

In line with the above proposed amendments to the Articles of Association, the Company proposes to amend both the Rules of Procedure of General Meetings and the Rules of Procedure of the Board of Directors.

Except for the Proposed Amendments, other provisions of the Articles remain unchanged. The Articles is prepared in Chinese with no official English version. In the event of any inconsistency, the Chinese version of the Articles shall prevail. The above Proposed Amendments have been approved by the board of the Company and are subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company by way of a special resolution at the second extraordinary general meeting of the Company in 2025 (the "**EGM**"). A circular containing, among other things, details of the Proposed Amendments together with the notice of the EGM will be published in due course. Shareholders are advised that both Chinese and English versions of the Articles are available, but the English version is for reference only. In case of any discrepancy between the Chinese and English versions, the Chinese version shall prevail.

> By Order of the Board **ANGANG STEEL COMPANY LIMITED* Wang Jun** Executive Director and Chairman of the Board

Anshan City, Liaoning Province, the PRC 30 June 2025

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises of the following directors:

Executive Directors Wang Jun Zhang Hongjun Wang Baojun Deng Qiang Independent Non-executive Directors Wang Jianhua Wang Wanglin Zhu Keshi Hu Caimei

Non-executive Directors Tan Yuhai

* For identification purpose only